### **Land North East of Culcheth**

**Technical Appendix** 

## Peel Holdings (Management) Ltd

June 2019







# LAND NORTHEAST OF CULCHETH WARRINGTON PRELIMINARY ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

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#### **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A: Proposed Development

APPENDIX B: Desk Study
APPENDIX C: Target Notes

#### **DRAWING**

G6929.01.009 Phase 1 Habitat Plan



#### **Executive Summary**

- 1.1 TEP was commissioned by Peel Land and Property (Peel) in May 2018 to carry out an ecological assessment of Land north east of Culcheth, Warrington, to inform release of this site for development as part of the new Warrington Local Plan.
- 1.2 The site is located off Warrington road, Culcheth and is composed of large arable fields separated by hedgerows, ditches and tree lines. There are also areas of tall ruderal vegetation, dense scrub and two farmyards present on site. Hitchfield Wood Local Wildlife Site is also present in the north east of site. The site has good connectivity to the wider area along the surrounding tree lines and hedgerows.
- 1.3 A constraints and opportunities report was produced by TEP for this site in September 2017 and also included an extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and desktop assessment. This Ecological Assessment is based on the findings of those surveys.
- 1.4 Based on the desktop assessment and site surveys described in the sections below, TEP's assessment indicates that there are no overriding ecological constraints which preclude sustainable development of land north east of Culcheth.
- 1.5 Hitchfield Wood LWS lies within the east of the site. Measures will be implemented as part of a Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) to ensure there are no direct or indirect impacts on this site.
- 1.6 An Arboricultural Report has been produced by TEP. All recommendations made in this report will be adhered to in order to ensure any retained trees and woodland are suitably protected during development. Woodland, ponds, hedgerows and mature trees will be retained where possible but, any losses will be mitigated through the creation of replacement habitat on site.
- 1.7 New crossings through hedgerows, treelines and across watercourses are to be created. These will be designed so as to minimise impacts on protected species and habitats. Any losses will be mitigated within the two new country parks proposed for the site.
- 1.8 Himalayan balsam is present in the east of site. A management plan will be produced detailing measures required to prevent its spread during development. The management plan will be informed by an updated survey for invasive species.
- 1.9 There are trees and buildings on site which may support roosting bats, and the site boundaries and internal linear features offer foraging and commuting potential to local bat species. Further survey will be undertaken to determine the bat species assemblage present and the use of the site by foraging, commuting and roosting bats. Should bats be identified and are likely to be impacted by development, mitigation measures and/or a licence from Natural England may be required.
- 1.10 Two ponds are present on site with a further eight within 500m. These will be subject to further detailed survey to confirm the presence or absence of great crested newts. If great crested newts are identified on site it is likely a licence will be required from Natural England.



- 1.11 Water vole surveys will be undertaken to inform any development within close proximity to the banks of the watercourses running across the site. Should water vole be present, suitable mitigation measures will be required and a licence may be needed from Natural England.
- 1.12 Further survey will be undertaken to confirm the presence or absence of badger prior to submittal of a detailed planning application.
- 1.13 The habitats present on site are suitable to support nesting birds. If vegetation clearance cannot be undertaken outside the nesting bird season (March August inclusive) checks must first be undertaken by a suitably qualified ecologist. Surveys to confirm the value of the site to wintering birds will also be undertaken, and appropriate mitigation designed, if required.
- 1.14 A Reasonable Avoidance Method Statement will be produced detailing how harm to both brown hare and hedgehog will be avoided during works.
- 1.15 Biodiversity enhancement measures suitable for this site are set out in section 7.35.



#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 TEP was commissioned by Peel in May 2018 to carry out a preliminary ecological assessment of Land northeast of Culcheth, to inform potential future residential development of the site.
- 1.2 Warrington Council is currently undertaking a review of their local plan. As part of this there has been a call for sites which are capable of supporting new residential development. Peel considers that this site would represent a sustainable location for residential development, capable of making a very significant contribution to meeting the housing needs of Warrington over the emerging plan period.
- 1.3 TEP undertook a constraints and opportunities assessment for this site in September 2017 (Ref: 6612.03.002). This included an extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and desk based assessment. An Arboricultural Constraints report has also been produced for the site (TEP Ref: 6929.02.006) and should be read in conjunction with this report. Site proposals are included at Appendix A.
- 1.4 The assessment has been informed by the following surveys:
  - Desk study;
  - Extended Phase 1 habitat survey; and
  - Ground-based inspection of trees for bat roost potential.
- 1.5 The objectives of this assessment are to:
  - Describe the existing vegetation and give an overview of the habitats present;
  - Identify any features of conservation value such as designated sites and protected or notable habitats and species within the site or the wider zone of influence;
  - Advise on further survey or mitigation requirements that may be needed to inform the evolving proposal; and
  - Outline opportunities for biodiversity enhancement in line with the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework.



#### 2.0 Site Overview

- 2.1 The site is located off Warrington Road, Culcheth and is composed of large arable fields separated by hedgerows, ditches and tree lines. There are also areas of tall ruderal vegetation, dense scrub and two farm yards present on site. Hitchfield Wood Local Wildlife Site is also present in the north east of site.
- 2.2 The site is located directly north east of the village of Culcheth and is bounded to the north by a train line and open farmland, to the east by further open farmland, to the south by residential development and Culcheth high school and to the west by residential development. The wider area is made up of residential development and farmland.

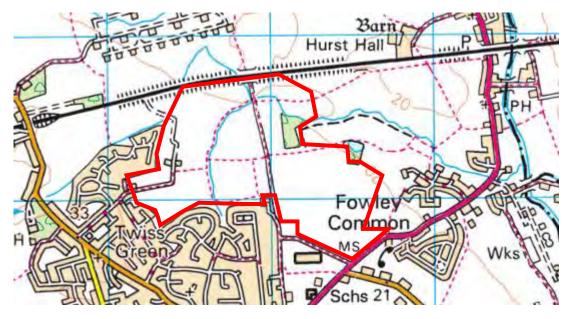


Figure 1. Site Location Plan (Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2018.



#### 3.0 Methods

#### **Desk Study**

3.1 Information regarding designated sites, notable habitats and existing protected and notable species records of the past decade, within a 1km minimum radius of the site (distances as specified in table), was gathered from the sources listed in Table 1. Relevant policies from the local plan(s) relating to biodiversity were also identified (Table 1).

Table 1. Desk Study Information Sources

Source	Nature of Information
MAGIC Map <sup>1</sup>	Statutory protected sites and priority habitats to 1km from the site boundary, with international sites to 10km.
Local Environmental Records Centre	Local wildlife sites and citations, species records to 1km from the site boundary.
Local Plan	Any planning policy allocations on the site. Relevant biodiversity policies, local wildlife site designations, wildlife corridors.
Local Biodiversity Action Plan	Local habitat and species action plans

#### **Limitations**

3.2 Species records can provide a useful indication of the species present within the search area, although the absence of a given species from the dataset cannot be taken to represent actual absence.

#### **Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey**

3.3 A Phase 1 Habitat survey was completed by TEP ecologist Phil Askew in September 2017 using the standard JNCC Phase 1 habitat assessment method (2010)<sup>2</sup>. This method records the habitat types present in and immediately surrounding the site, based on the JNCC descriptions. Plant species are identified in accordance with Stace (2010)<sup>3</sup> and recorded as target notes using the DAFOR<sup>4</sup> scale.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Multi-Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside - Searchable mapping website

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> JNCC (2010) Handbook for Phase 1 Habitat Survey: A technique for environmental audit. Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Stace, C. (2010) New Flora of the British Isles. 3rd Ed. Cambridge University Press

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> DAFOR = Dominant, Abundant, Frequent, Occasional & Rare



3.4 The survey method was extended through the additional recording of specific features indicating the presence, or potential presence, of protected species or other species of nature conservation significance, including invasive species, in accordance with Guidelines for Preliminary Baseline Ecological Appraisal (CIEEM, 2013<sup>5</sup>).

#### **Limitations**

3.5 The site survey was undertaken during the optimum time period of April to October and the whole site could be accessed, there are therefore no limitations to the survey.

#### **Bats**

#### **Ground-based Inspection of Trees**

- 3.6 A ground-based inspection of trees was carried out alongside the Phase 1 Habitat Survey, looking for signs of bat activity and features suitable for roosting in accordance with Bat Surveys for Professional Ecologists: Good Practice Guidelines (3rd edition) (Collins, 2016)<sup>6</sup>.
- 3.7 Potential roost features (PRF) include rot holes, splits, snags and flaking or lifted bark. Ivy cover can be suitable for roosting, for example, where the stems are overlapping and matted to form a crevice feature beneath. Ivy cover that is not sufficiently established to offer roosting opportunities, but which may mask other suitable features on a tree, is noted separately as a potential constraint.
- 3.8 Each tree was then categorised, based on the findings of the inspection. In parallel with this, the proposed working areas were considered for their value to support foraging and dispersal by bats, taking into account the habitats present, their position in the wider landscape of the estate and connectivity to surrounding habitat features. The categories used are as listed in Table 2 (based on Collins, 2016, Table 4.1).
- 3.9 The findings of the daytime inspections are used to determine the scope of any further nocturnal surveys to ascertain whether a roost is present and, if so, the species and status.

#### **Limitations**

3.10 The survey was undertaken in September when the trees were still in leaf, this limits the surveyor's ability to see small cracks and crevices within the tree canopy.

Table 2. Categorisation of Trees and Habitats for Bats

Category of Suitability	Description of Roosting Habitat	Description of Habitat for Foraging & Dispersal
Confirmed roost	Roosting bats or evidence thereof identified.	Habitats known to be used by bats entering or exiting the roost, or which support associated foraging or commuting behaviour.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management. Guidelines for Preliminary Ecological Appraisal. (CIEEM http://www.cieem.net/), 2013.

<sup>6</sup> Collins, J. (ed.) (2016). Bat Surveys for Professional Ecologists: Good Practice Guidelines (3rd edition)

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Category of Suitability	Description of Roosting Habitat	Description of Habitat for Foraging & Dispersal
High suitability	A tree possessing potential roost features (PRF) that is/are suitable for use by larger numbers of bats on a regular basis and potentially for longer periods of time, due to their size, shelter, protection and surrounding habitat.	Continuous high quality habitat that is strongly connected with the wider landscape and is likely to be used regularly by commuting or dispersing bats (e.g. river valley, vegetated stream, woodland edge, hedgerows with trees), or by foraging bats (e.g. broadleaved woodland, grazed parkland, treelined watercourses or ponds).
Moderate suitability	A tree with PRF that could be used by bats but which is unlikely to support a roost of high conservation status with respect to roost type i.e. maternity or hibernation.  Note: Roosts of high conservation status with respect to species can only be determined once presence is confirmed.	Continuous habitat connected to the wider landscape that could be used by bats for commuting (e.g. lines of trees or scrub or linked back gardens), or foraging bats (e.g. trees, scrub, water, grassland).
Low suitability	A tree with PRF that could be used by individual bats on an opportunistic basis, but which do not offer sufficient space, shelter, appropriate conditions and/or suitable surrounding habitat to be used on a regular basis or by larger numbers of bats.	Habitat that could be used by small numbers of commuting bats (e.g. a gappy hedgerow or unvegetated stream) or foraging bats (e.g. a lone tree or small patch of scrub) but which is not well connected to the surrounding countryside.
Negligible suitability	Inspected tree with no/exceptionally poor suitability PRF.	No, or exceptionally poor quality, habitat features on site that likely to be used by foraging, commuting or dispersing bats. A general lack of linear features and low habitat, structural or floristic diversity.

#### Water Vole/ Otter

3.11 No detailed survey for water vole and otter was undertaken, however, any watercourses present on site were subject to a visual assessment from the banks of the watercourse for their potential to support these species.



#### **Badger**

- 3.12 A detailed badger survey was undertaken alongside the Phase 1 Habitat Survey. The standard methodology as recommended by Harris, Cresswell and Jefferies (1989) was followed to complete a thorough search for evidence which would indicate the presence of badgers both on the site and locally. Evidence of badger occupation and activity sought included:
  - Setts: including earth mounds, evidence of bedding and pathways between setts:
  - Latrines: often located close to setts, at territory boundaries or adjacent to favoured feeding areas;
  - Prints and paths or trackways;
  - Hairs caught on rough wood or fencing;
  - Other evidence: including snuffle holes, feeding and playing areas and scratching posts.

#### **Limitations**

3.13 All areas of the site could be suitably accessed during the survey. There were no specific limitations.



#### 4.0 Results

#### **Planning Context**

- 4.1 Relevant extracts of local planning policy are provided in the desk study (Appendix B). In summary, the site lies within the greenbelt in the Warrington Borough Council Local Plan Core Strategy (adopted July 2014).
- 4.2 Ecological policies relevant to the site include Policy QE5 'Biodiversity and Geodiversity', which sets out the council's aim to protect and, where, possible enhance sites of recognised nature and geological value, and Policy QE6 'Environment and Amenity Protection' which states that the council will only support development which would not lead to an adverse impact on the environment or amenity of future occupiers or those currently occupying adjoining or nearby properties, or does not have an unacceptable impact on the surrounding area.

#### **Designated Sites**

- 4.3 There are two European protected sites within 10km. These are Manchester Mosses Special Area of Conservation (SAC), which is composed of a number of different sites and is designated for its degraded raised bog habitat which is still capable of natural regeneration. The closest part of this lies approximately 2.5km north east of the site. The other site is Rixton Clay Pits SAC which lies approximately 5.3km to the south east and is designated for its populations of great crested newt. Due to their distance from the Culcheth site and reasons for designation, no impacts are anticipated on either site.
- 4.4 There are no nationally designated sites within 1km.
- 4.5 Two Local Wildlife Sites (LWS) were identified in the desktop data provided by rECOrd. The first of these is Hitchfield Wood LWS which is located within the north east of the site. The second LWS is Eleven Acre Common LWS located approximately 800m south west of the proposed development site.
- 4.6 The site falls within two SSSI Impact Risk Zones (IRZ), but it is not clear exactly which site these are for as there are a number within close proximity. IRZs highlight the potential for effects on a SSSI if certain types of development are planned within a specified radius of it. Potentially relevant categories include:
  - Discharges any discharge of water or liquid waste over 20m³/day to ground or to surface water.

#### **Habitats and Flora**

- 4.7 The desk study (Appendix B) identified the following notable habitats and flora. Notable habitats identified on the MAGIC Map dataset on or adjacent to site are as follows:
  - Deciduous woodland is present in the north east of site and directly adjacent to the eastern boundary.
- 4.8 Records of the following flora were also returned within 1km of the site:



- Protected species: Cornflower Centaurea cyanus (S41),
- Non-native invasive species: Himalayan cotoneaster Cotoneaster simonsii, hollyberry cotoneaster Cotoneaster bullatus, Montbretia Crocosmia x crocosmifolia, Himalayan balsam Impatiens glandulifera and Japanese knotweed Fallopia japonica.
- 4.9 Habitats present in and around the site are described below and illustrated in TEP drawing G6929.01.009. Target notes are provided in Appendix C.

#### Trees and Scrub Habitats

- 4.10 There are six distinct areas of semi natural broadleaved woodland on site. Two small parcels are present along the northern site boundary with a further small parcel present in the eastern extent of the site and another small copse surrounded by arable land in the north of site. These are dominated by English oak *Quercus robur*.
- 4.11 The most significant areas of woodland are Wellfield Wood which runs north south through the centre of the site and Hitchfield Wood which is located in the north east of site. Wellfield wood (TN9) is dominated by English oak with other tree species present including frequent sycamore *Acer pseudoplatanus*, beech *Fagus sylvatica*, ash *Fraxinus excelsior* and hawthorn *Crataegus monogyna*. The understory is dominated by Yorkshire fog *Holcus lanatus* and pendulous sedge *Carex pendula*.
- 4.12 Hitchfield Wood (TN4) is a mature broadleaved woodland with areas of standing water and is generally wet throughout. It is dominated by both beech and English oak. Its understory contains abundant Yorkshire fog, bramble *Rubus fruticosus agg* and red campion *Silene dioca*.
- 4.13 Beyond the woodland trees there are a number of mature trees scattered across the site, largely around field boundaries with the exception of a small number of trees within the northern most field. These scattered trees are dominated by English oak.
- 4.14 In the east of site is an unmanaged field which contains large expanses of bramble dominated scrub and occasional scattered scrub is present across the site.
- 4.15 Hedgerows are present across the site and incorporate species poor intact and defunct hedgerows dominated by hawthorn and species poor hedgerows with trees.
- 4.16 The woodland and hedgerows will qualify as important habitats under Section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities (NERC) Act 2006. There are also several areas within the site which are covered by Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs).

#### **Grassland Habitats**

- 4.17 A field to the south west of site has been set aside and has become covered by modified neutral grassland (TN10) with another small strip present along the southern boundary (TN1). This grassland contains abundant false oat grass *Arrhenatherum elatius*, cocks foot *Dactylis glomerata*, common couch *Elytrigia repens* and Yorkshire fog.
- 4.18 In the north east of site is another grassland field which had been recently cut at the time of survey. This is species poor semi improved and contains abundant greater plantain *Plantago major* and meadow buttercup *Ranunculus acris*.



#### Tall ruderal Habitats

4.19 There are two extensive areas of tall ruderal vegetation on site, one to the north (TN5 and TN6) and one to the south east. These are both areas of arable land which have been unmanaged and allowed to become rank. The tall ruderal vegetation is dominated by broad leaved dock *Rumex obtusifolius*, common ragwort *Senecio jacobaea* and dandelion *Taraxacum officinale agg*. Within the tall ruderal vegetation at TN5 is a small area of marshy grassland containing both soft rush *Juncus effusus* and hard rush *Juncus inflexus*.

#### Wetland Habitats

- 4.20 There are two ponds on site, one is a small woodland pond present in the north east corner of the site and the other is located within Hitchfield Wood. A number of wet pools are also present in Hitchfield Wood.
- 4.21 There are two wet ditches on site, one runs south to north through the site along Wellfield Wood and is part of Jibcroft Brook. This was flowing at the time of survey and is heavily shaded by woodland along the majority of its route. The other watercourse is located in the centre of the site and is a narrow field drain which empties into Hitchfield Wood.

#### Other Habitats

- 4.22 There are two farms present within the site boundary, Tanner's Farm and Leatherbarrow Farm. These consist of farm buildings and associated barns with hardstanding yards and roads between.
- 4.23 The remainder of the fields on site are covered by arable crops which look to be well managed.

#### Protected and Invasive Flora

4.24 Himalayan balsam, an invasive species listed on Schedule 9 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, has been identified in several places within the site. The exact locations are shown in the Phase 1 Habitat plan (G6929.01.009)

#### Connectivity with the Wider Landscape

4.25 The site has good connectivity to the wider area along the treelines and hedgerows which border the site and along the railway line at the northern boundary.

#### **Fauna**

#### Bats

4.26 Common pipistrelle *Pipistrellus pipistrellus* and soprano pipistrelle *Pipistrellus pygmaeus* have been recorded within 1km. The closest record for both is immediately outside the western boundary.



- 4.27 Trees on site were subject to a ground based inspection for their potential to support roosting bats. The results of this survey are shown in the Phase 1 habitat drawing (Ref: 6929.01.009). In summary there are a number of trees spread across the site with roosting bat potential, the majority of these are English oak. Two trees were found with low potential to support roosting bats, two with moderate potential and one with high potential.
- 4.28 It is likely that the farm buildings on site will also offer roosting potential to local bat species.
- 4.29 The site offers roosting potential in trees and buildings, and foraging and commuting potential along the site boundaries and internal linear features.

#### **Amphibians**

- 4.30 No records of protected amphibian species were recorded on or within 1km of the site boundary.
- 4.31 There are two ponds present on site and several within 500m. These ponds may be suitable to support breeding amphibians. There is also suitable habitat present which offers foraging and hibernation potential.

#### Otter and water vole

- 4.32 No records of otter *Lutra lutra* or water vole *Arvicola amphibius* have been returned within 1km.
- 4.33 The watercourses running across the site contain habitat suitable to support water vole with running water and vegetated banks. They are unlikely, given their size and adjacent habitats, to support otter.

#### Badger

- 4.34 No records of badger *Meles meles* have been returned within 1km.
- 4.35 No evidence of badger was found on site such as snuffle holes, latrines or setts. However, there is habitat suitable to support this species on and directly adjacent to site, primarily the areas of semi natural broadleaved woodland.

#### **Birds**

- 4.36 Extensive bird records have been recorded within 1km of site including birds listed under Birds of Conservation Concern, S41 priority species and those listed under Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Schedule 1 birds include brambling *Fringilla montifringilla*, fieldfare *Turdus pilaris*, peregrine *Falco peregrinus* and redwing *turdus iliacus*.
- 4.37 Of the Schedule 1 species listed fieldfare, redwing and brambling have been identified closest to site (250m west).
- 4.38 The site has potential to support wintering birds given its large size, open flight lines and arable crops. Pink footed geese *Anser brachyrhynchus* have been recorded within 1km of the site.



#### Other Fauna

- 4.39 No significant records of invertebrates were returned within 1km. The site lacks any significant areas of flowering plants suitable to support an important invertebrate population, so invertebrates are not considered further in this report.
- 4.40 No records of reptiles were returned and the site contains little suitable habitat to support reptiles. This group is therefore not considered further in this report.
- 4.41 The site has potential to support both brown hare *Lepus europaeus* and hedgehog *Erinaceus europaeus*, both have previously been recorded on site.



#### 5.0 Discussion and Conclusions

- This section discusses the potential impacts on ecological receptors associated with the proposed development plan (Appendix A). Consideration is given to the 'mitigation hierarchy', i.e. that impacts are first avoided or, where this is not practicable, mitigated and as a final resort, compensated (off-set).
- 5.2 The proposed development, as shown in the conceptual masterplan (Ref: 630DC-20) includes areas of residential development within the centre of the site and two new country parks, one to the north and one to the east.

#### Designated Sites

- 5.3 Hitchfield Wood LWS is located within the north east of the site. The proposals at Appendix A show this site is to be retained and separated from the proposed development by green open space. However there is some potential for indirect negative impacts on this LWS from both air and waterborne pollution, damage to tree roots and from increased public pressure on the site. Mitigation measures to avoid negative impacts are discussed in Section 7.0.
- 5.4 All other protected sites lack connectivity to the site or are of a distance where direct or indirect impacts are unlikely to occur.
- The site lies within two SSSI IRZs. Although residential development is not identified as of concern, if run off of surface water to ground or nearby watercourses exceeds 20m3 per day the council should consult with Natural England to discuss the potential impacts.

#### **Habitats and Flora**

- The habitats of highest importance on site are the ponds, woodland blocks and the hedgerows. These are S41 habitats of principal importance. However, all ponds and woodland blocks are to be retained throughout development as shown in the proposals at Appendix A, although a single crossing through Wellfield Wood may be required which will need to be carefully designed to minimise impacts on ecology. This woodland is also covered by a TPO so permission will be sought from the Council if tree removal is required. Hedgerows will be lost to development but will be suitably mitigated for on site in the final design.
- 5.7 There is adequate space for creation of any new habitats required for mitigation within the two new proposed country parks within the site boundary.
- 5.8 The watercourses and mature tree lines crossing the site are also of high ecological value as they offer foraging, commuting and breeding opportunity for a range of species. These watercourses and tree lines are to be retained. However, road and bridge crossing points will be required. These will be carefully designed and microsited to minimise impacts on features of ecological value and any losses will be mitigated within the new country parks as discussed in Section 7.0.
- 5.9 The areas of grassland and arable crops across the site are to be lost to development, however these are of little ecological value.



- 5.10 Himalayan balsam has been recorded on site. A management plan for removal of this species will be produced to support the development.
- 5.11 No protected plant species were recorded on site.

#### Fauna

#### Bats

- 5.12 All British bats are European protected species, afforded full protection under the Conservation of Habitats & Species Regulations 2010 (as amended) and partial protection under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981(as amended). Bats are protected from killing or injury, and from disturbance at the place of rest. Bat roosts are also protected from obstruction, damage or destruction (whether or not a bat is in occupation at the time).
- 5.13 There are a number of trees on site with low, moderate and high potential to support roosting bats. Further survey of these trees will be undertaken as detailed in Section 7.0.
- 5.14 There are a number of farm buildings associated with the two farms on site which will require further survey to determine their potential to support roosting bats. Surveys recommended to support development and a future planning application are discussed in Section 7.0.
- 5.15 The trees, hedgerows and woodland within the site and along the boundaries offer foraging and commuting potential for bats. Bat activity surveys will be undertaken to determine the use of the site by the local bat population as discussed in Section 7.0.
- 5.16 Should roosting bats be identified and unavoidably impacted there is suitable habitat on site for mitigation for the loss of bat roosts. New roost boxes can be installed within retained trees across the site.

#### **Amphibians**

- 5.17 Great crested newts (GCN) and their habitats are protected under the Conservation of Habitats & Species Regulations 2010 (as amended) and the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended).
- 5.18 Two ponds are present on site with another eight present within 500m with direct connectivity to site. Further survey of these ponds will be undertaken to determine the presence or absence of GCN as discussed in Section 7.0.
- 5.19 Should GCN be confirmed on site, any required mitigation, such as the creation of new ponds, will be included within the two new country parks on site.

#### Water vole

- 5.20 The water vole is fully protected under Schedule 5 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 and is a priority conservation species.
- 5.21 The watercourses running across the site have potential to support breeding water vole. Further survey for this species will be undertaken as detailed in Section 7.0.



5.22 If mitigation is required for this species, there is adequate space for mitigation within the two new country parks present on site.

#### <u>Badger</u>

5.23 Badgers are fully protected under 'The Protection of Badgers Act 1992'. No evidence of badger was identified on site, however habitats present are capable of supporting badger and have sett building potential. Further survey for this species will be undertaken prior to development as detailed in Section 7.0.

#### <u>Birds</u>

- 5.24 Native nesting birds, their nests and eggs are protected under the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) from damage and destruction, from the time of nest construction to fledging of the young. This is a risk if vegetation clearance or lopping of trees is carried out in the nesting period (generally considered to be between March to August inclusive, although some species nest outside this period).
- 5.25 The site also has potential to support protected wintering bird species. Further survey for wintering birds will be undertaken as detailed in Section 7.0.

#### **Other**

5.26 The site has suitability to support both brown hare and hedgehog and records of both species have been returned on site. A Reasonable Avoidance Method Statement (RAMS) will be produced to ensure there are no negative effects on these species.



#### 6.0 Recommendations

- 6.1 This section sets out appropriate recommendations for impact avoidance, mitigation and enhancement. Any requirement for further surveys is also described, where relevant.
- The site is currently being considered for release in the new Warrington Local Plan. This information relates to further survey, mitigation, avoidance and enhancement measures required should the site be taken forward for a detailed planning application.
- 6.3 The proposed development, as shown in the conceptual masterplan (Ref: 630DC-20) includes areas of residential development within the centre of the site, a new country park to the north of site and a large area of POS to the east. These areas provide significant opportunity for ecological enhancement on site and can be used for mitigation of species impacts if required.

#### **Designated Sites**

- 6.4 Hitchfield Wood LWS lies in the east of site. Measures will be detailed within a Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) to ensure there are no impacts from wind or waterborne pollution. Measures will also be included to ensure there is no accidental encroachment into the LWS, or tree root protection zones, during development. Measures detailing protection of retained trees within Hitchfield Wood LWS are included within the Arboricultural Report produced by TEP and will be adhered to throughout the development.
- There may be increased public pressure on the site for amenity use and for dog walking. This is to be mitigated through the creation of a new country park in the north of site and a large area of Public Open Space (POS) in the east of site which will provide a significant amount of publically accessible land for recreational use.

#### Habitats and Flora

- The habitats of highest importance on site are the ponds, hedgerows and the woodland blocks present across site. The ponds and woodland blocks are to be retained, with the exception of a single crossing of Wellfield Wood which may be required and will entail removal of approximately 5m of woodland belt. The crossing point will be informed by detailed ecological and arboricultural survey to identify the location with the lowest ecological impact, and to address the issues relating to TPO loss. The loss of woodland will be offset within the newly created country parks.
- 6.7 An Arboricultural Report has been produced by TEP. The recommendations made in this report will be adhered to throughout the development to ensure all retained trees are suitably protected during development.
- 6.8 Mature hedgerows are to be lost during development. These hedgerows are S41 habitats of principal importance and their loss will be mitigated for by the creation of new species rich native hedgerows within the country parks.



- 6.9 A number of mature trees may also be affected by development. Replacement native tree planting will be undertaken to mitigate for the loss of any trees on site at a rate of two for one within the new country parks.
- 6.10 New bridge and road crossings will be required across the watercourses on site. These will be designed with wildlife in mind, avoiding mature trees and other features of ecological value where possible. Their placement will also take into account the results of the water vole survey as discussed below.

#### **Invasive Species**

6.11 Himalayan balsam is present within the south of site. This is listed under Schedule 9 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as amended, which makes it an offence to grow or otherwise cause this species to spread in the wild. A site specific management plan will be produced detailing the management and removal of this species prior to development and this will be included within the CEMP. There are also records of several other non-native invasive species within 1km of the site. To ensure there has been no spread of invasive species on to site, an updated survey will be undertaken to map all invasive species prior to works commencing.

#### **Bats**

- There are a number of trees with bat roosting potential on site. Prior to submission of a detailed planning application an updated ground based assessment of trees with bat potential will be undertaken to identify any change in the trees since the last survey.
- 6.13 Trees with moderate or high potential should ideally be retained. However if removal is necessary these will first be climbed, if possible, under supervision of a licensed bat consultant, to further investigate potential roosting features using an endoscope.
- 6.14 If aerial survey is inconclusive, or not feasible, or trees are confirmed as having moderate or high potential to support roosting bats, dusk emergence or dawn re-entry surveys will be undertaken. Trees with moderate potential will require two surveys and those with high potential will require three surveys in line with advice provided in the Bat Conservation Trust Guidelines 2016. Should dusk emergence or dawn reentry surveys be required these can only be undertaken between May and August.
- 6.15 If roosting bats are confirmed, and a tree requires removal, a licence would first be gained from Natural England. Should mitigation for loss of roosts be required, there is adequate space for this to be undertaken within the two proposed country parks.
- 6.16 Any trees identified as containing low potential to support roosting bats, can be felled under the supervision of a licensed bat consultant.
- 6.17 The buildings on site associated with Tanner's Farm and Leatherbarrow Farm will, prior to submittal of a detailed planning application, be subject to a detailed internal and external bat survey, by a licensed bat surveyor, to confirm their potential to support roosting bats. If the buildings are found to have potential to support roosting bats further survey will be required.



- 6.18 Buildings with low potential will be subject to one dusk emergence or dawn re-entry survey, those with moderate potential will be subject to two surveys and those with high potential will be subject to three surveys. If roosting is confirmed in any buildings to be lost a licence will be required from Natural England.
- 6.19 Should mitigation be required for loss of building roosts mitigation will be undertaken through creation of replacement features within the new areas of proposed housing.
- 6.20 There are a number of tree lines and waterways across the site and site boundaries. Further survey will be undertaken prior to development to determine if these are important foraging or commuting routes for bats.
- 6.21 The habitats on site have moderate suitability to support bats. Therefore, one dusk or dawn transect survey visit per month will be undertaken (April to October) including at least one survey incorporating both dusk and dawn within a 24hr period. Static monitoring will also be required at two locations per transect and must be left on site for five consecutive nights in suitable weather conditions.
- 6.22 If important bat foraging and commuting routes are identified on site a detailed mitigation strategy will be produced prior to development. This will include details on retention of important habitats, creation of suitable mitigation measures and details on a suitable lighting strategy for the site.

#### **Great Crested Newt**

- 6.23 Two ponds are present on site with a further eight located within 500m. These will be subject to further survey prior to development. Initially eDNA assessment of any of the ponds within influencing distance of the site will be undertaken. This involves water samples being collected from the pond by a suitably licensed ecologist and sent to a lab for testing. This survey would confirm the presence or absence of GCN only. This survey can be undertaken between 15th April and 30th June only.
- 6.24 Should the eDNA analysis confirm the presence of GCN then traditional surveys involving bottle trapping, egg searching and torchlight survey would be undertaken. A total of six surveys are required across March to June to confirm the population size with three surveys during the peak season of mid-April to mid-May.
- 6.25 If GCN are found to be present on site a licence would be required from Natural England to enable works. There have recently been a number of new policies introduced by Natural England in relation to GCN mitigation. The most appropriate method for mitigating newts on site should be reviewed at the time of submittal for planning.
- 6.26 If on-site mitigation is required, there is adequate space within the new country parks for mitigation to be undertaken including the construction of new ponds.
- 6.27 It is also likely that common toad and other common amphibians will be present on site. As part of the CEMP an Amphibian Reasonable Avoidance Method Statement will be produced to prevent harm to amphibians during site clearance works.



#### Water vole

- 6.28 The majority of development on site will contain at least a 5m buffer between the banks of the watercourses and closest development, avoiding any potential impacts. However, road and bridge crossings are required across the water courses on site to allow connection of new roads. To ensure there are no adverse impacts on water vole detailed survey of the watercourses will be undertaken to inform siting of the new crossings.
- 6.29 Water vole surveys, which require two site visits, should be undertaken one between mid-April and June and the other between July and September with the surveys undertaken at least two months apart.
- 6.30 If any evidence of water vole is found, the first step should be to adjust the crossing location to avoid any impacts. The bridge would also need to be designed in such a way as to not limit commuting for water vole along the watercourse. If this is not possible and this species is to be directly impacted by development, a licence may be required from Natural England.

#### **Badger**

- 6.31 No evidence of badger was recorded on site, however, badgers are highly transient. Therefore, prior to submittal of a detailed planning application, an updated survey for presence of badger activity on site will be undertaken.
- 6.32 No development should take place within 30m of a badger sett. Where this is not possible the activity status of each sett entrance must first be established. The activity survey involves monitoring each hole identified on site for a period of four weeks using sand traps, hair traps and camera traps to determine if the holes are in use. If holes are found to be present within 30m of development, and are found to be active during the monitoring period, they may then need to be closed under licence from Natural England.
- 6.33 Should a replacement sett be required there is adequate space within the new country parks for creation of an artificial sett and other mitigation required for badgers.

#### **Birds**

6.34 To avoid adverse impact on birds, any vegetation clearance, or lopping of trees, should be completed outside of the nesting period (typically taken to be March to August inclusive). Where this is not practicable, a nesting bird check must be carried out by a suitably qualified ecologist a maximum of 24 hours in advance of works to confirm no active nests are present. In the event that an active nest is identified, works within the surrounding area (radius dependent on species and context) must halt until the chicks have fledged.



- 6.35 Given the size of the site, the habitats present and the clear flight lines, the site is considered suitable for supporting wintering bird species. A full winter bird survey will be undertaken prior to submittal of a detailed planning application. Winter bird surveys involve a total of five surveys across September to April. Surveys will cover the entire site as well as land within 100m of the site boundary. Each survey will take place for one hour either side of high tide, when birds are more likely to be feeding/roosting on farmland.
- 6.36 Should an important population of wintering birds be identified on site then mitigation will be required. Details of suitable mitigation can only be provided following completion of the surveys and identification of the species using the site.

#### Hedgehog and Brown hare

6.37 There is potential for both brown hare and hedgehog to use this site. A Reasonable Avoidance Method Statement (RAMS) will be produced to ensure that there are no negative impacts on either of these species during site clearance works. This will be included within the CEMP for the site.

#### **Biodiversity Enhancement**

- 6.38 Potential biodiversity enhancement measures which could be implemented on the site include:
  - Installing a selection of bird boxes on the site will enhance nesting opportunities for a range of birds.
  - Enhancement of roosting opportunities could be provided via the installation of bat boxes around the site. A range of bat boxes could be installed on retained trees or, where feasible, within the structure of the new build.
  - Landscaping proposals should consider provision of pockets of wildflower/grassland planting. The new planting mix should include an appropriate native grassland/wildflower seed mix which should enhance the ecological value of the site.
  - Within the proposed country parks provision should be made to expand the amount of woodland present on site through inclusion of new native broadleaf woodland blocks.
  - New hedgerow planting should be included within the country park to maintain connectivity across the site. Hedgerows should be mixed native double hedgerows to offer maximum value to local wildlife.
  - Consideration should be given for the inclusion of new ponds or wetland habitats within the proposed country parks.
  - Any ornamental/landscape planting should aim to include berry-bearing and nectar rich species which are native or of known wildlife value. These can provide a foraging resource for a range of wildlife species including invertebrates, and will also provide a foraging resource for birds and bats.



**APPENDIX A: Proposed Development** 



LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING MASTERPLANNING URBAN DESIGN



Canada House, 3 Chepstow Street, Manchester M1 5FW 0161 228 7721 mail@randallthorp.co.uk www.randallthorp.co.uk

#### Key

Proposed site boundary

Proposed Green Belt boundary

1 Toposed Green Belt Bounda

Existing vegetation

Existing watercourses and waterbodies

Proposed tree and woodland planting

Proposed development cell

Proposed Culcheth Country Park (retained within Green Belt)

Proposed open space

Potential school extension

Sites with planning applications /

recently developed

Proposed new sports pitches

Retained PRoWs

Proposed pedestrian links

Proposed primary road

Proposed secondary road

Proposed car parks

Proposed car parks

Proposed vehicular access from Warrington Road (priority junction or roundabout)

Proposed vehicular access from

Twiss Green Lane

Proposed access to Culcheth High School

Potential emergency link

Proposed allotments

1 Toposed unotifients

Proposed SuDS

Proposed NEAP/LEAP

NB: Masterplan subject to change following detailed survey work.



Scale: NTS

#### **Warrington Local Plan Sites**

North East Culcheth Post Plan Period Illustra e Masterplan

Drwg No: 630DC-21D Date: 07.06.19
Drawn by: SR Checker: SR
Rev by: SR Rev checker: SR
QM Status: Checked Product Status:

Issue



APPENDIX B: Desk Study



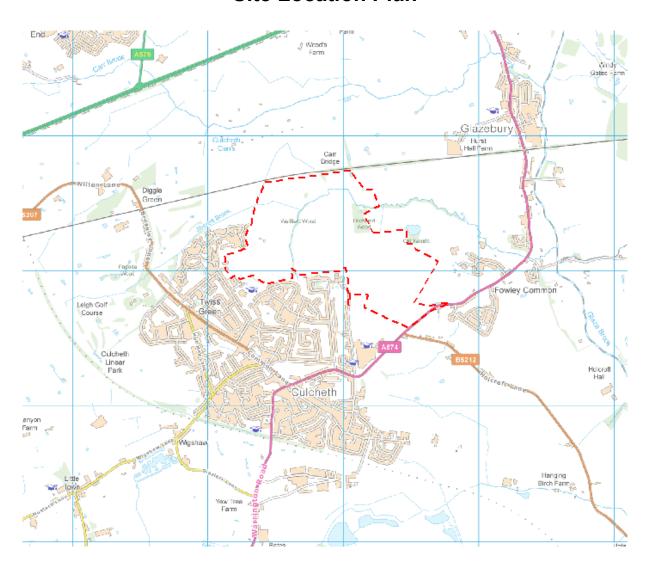
## Desk Based Ecology Assessment Land NE of Culcheth Approximate Central Grid Reference: SJ6598296090

#### **Contents**

- Site Location Plan
- Extract from Local Plan
- Extracts of Relevant Planning Policies
- SSSI Impact Risk Zones
- International Site Designations
- National Site Designations
- Habitat Inventory Records
- Local Site Designations
- Local Species Records
- Wildlife Site Citations



#### **Site Location Plan**



Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2017



## Extract of Warrington Borough Council Local Plan (adopted 2014) and Supporting Key

The site is within the local authority area of Warrington Borough Council, however approximately 1.6km to the north east is Wigan Metropolitan Borough Council and approximately 1.3km to the south east is Salford City Council.

The Warrington Borough Council Core Strategy was adopted in July 2014. Warrington BC are currently undertaking a review on the adopted Local Plan Core Strategy. Consultation on the Local Plan Preferred Development Option is running from 18<sup>th</sup> July 2017 to 12<sup>th</sup> September 2017, which sets out the proposed approach to meeting Warrington's needs.

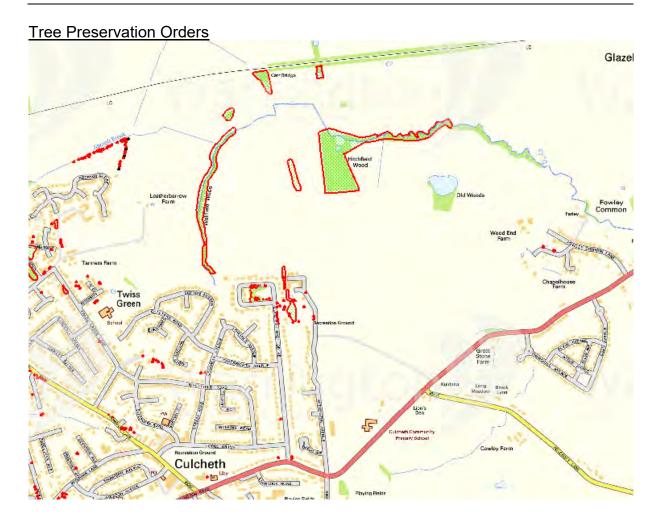
#### Warrington Borough Council - Core Strategy Policies Map



#### Designations

- Green Belt (Policy CS5)
- Overall Spatial Strategy Green Belt (Policy CS5)
- Local Wildlife Site Hitchfield Wood (Policy QE5)
- Active Travel Greenway Network (Policy MP3)





#### Core Strategy Planning Policies

#### Policy CS 1 - Overall Spatial Strategy - Delivering Sustainable Development

Throughout the borough, development proposals that are sustainable will be welcomed and approved without delay.

To be sustainable, development must accord with national and local planning policy frameworks, taking into account other material considerations, and must, in no particular order, have regard to:

- the planned provision made for economic and housing growth;
- the requirement to provide for recognised and identified development needs;
- the priority afforded to the protection of the Green Belt and the character of the countryside;
- the priority afforded to accommodating growth in Inner Warrington through the use of previously developed land;
- the importance of sustaining and enhancing the vitality and viability of the Town Centre and
  other designated centres that act as community hubs; the need to develop sites, services and
  facilities in appropriate locations accessible by public transport, walking and cycling;
- the need to make the best use of existing transport, utility, social and environmental
  infrastructure within existing settlements, and ensure additional provision where needed to
  support development;
- the need to address the causes of and be resilient to the effects of climate change;
- the need to sustain and enhance the borough's built heritage, biodiversity and geodiversity;



- the importance of prudently using resources and maximising re-use, recovery and recycling where possible;
- the need to safeguard environmental standards, public safety, and residential amenity;
- the delivery of high standards of design and construction, that have regard to local distinctiveness and energy efficiency; and
- The need to improve equality of access and opportunity.

The Council's approach will always be to work proactively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals can accord with the development plan and be approved without delay wherever possible, and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area.

Where there are no policies relevant to the application or relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the decision then the Council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into account whether:

 Any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework taken as a whole; or

Specific policies in that Framework indicate that development should be restricted.

#### Policy CS 5 - Overall Spatial Strategy - Green Belt

The Council will maintain the general extent of the Green Belt for as far as can be seen ahead and at least until 2032, in recognition of its purposes:

- to check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas;
- to prevent neighbouring towns from merging into one another;
- to assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment; and
- to assist in urban regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.

The boundaries of the Green Belt in Warrington, which is contiguous with the Green Belt in Merseyside, Greater Manchester, and North Cheshire, are shown on the Policies Map.

The strategic locations and proposals set out in Policy CS2 - Quantity and Distribution of Development provide for significant growth throughout and beyond the plan period. There is therefore no need to review Strategic Green Belt boundaries during the plan period.

A minor detailed change to the approved Green Belt boundary in the Warrington Unitary Development Plan has been made at Bents Garden Centre, Glazebury.

Development Proposals within the Green Belt will be approved where they accord with relevant national policy.

#### Policy CS 6 Overall Spatial Strategy - Strategic Green Links

The Council will work with partners to develop and adopt a strategic approach to the care and management of the borough's Green Infrastructure. A key focus of these efforts will be on reinforcing, and maximising the environmental and socio-economic benefits from, those Strategic Green Links which connect the borough to the wider sub-region such as:

- The Bridgewater Canal
- The Mersey Valley;
- The River Bollin;
- Sankey Valley Park and St. Helens Canal;
- The Transpennine Trail; and
- Bold Forest Park



The Council is committed to supporting wider programmes and initiatives which seek to connect the borough's Strategic Green Links with employment areas, residential communities, and Green Infrastructure Assets including the Manchester Mosses, Mersey Forest, Walton Hall Estate and the potential significant country park in the Arpley area when landfill operations have finished and restoration is complete. In accordance with Policy QE3 the Development Management Process will contribute to the objectives of this Policy.

#### Policy QE 3 Green Infrastructure

The Council will work with partners to develop and adopt an integrated approach to the provision, care and management of the borough's Green Infrastructure. Joint working and the assessment of applications will be focussed on:

- protecting existing provision and the functions this performs;
- increasing the functionality of existing and planned provision especially where this helps to mitigate the causes of and addresses the impacts of climate change;
- improving the quality of existing provision, including local networks and corridors, specifically
  to increase its attractiveness as a sport, leisure and recreation opportunity and its value as a
  habitat for biodiversity;
- protecting and improving access to and connectivity between existing and planned provision to develop a continuous right of way and greenway network and integrated ecological system;
- securing new provision in order to cater for anticipated increases in demand arising from development particularly in areas where there are existing deficiencies assessed against standards set by the Council.

#### Policy QE 5 Biodiversity and Geodiversity

The Council will work with partners to protect and where possible enhance sites of recognised nature and geological value. These efforts will be guided by the principles set out in National Planning Policy and those which underpin the strategic approach to the care and management of the borough's Green Infrastructure in its widest sense.

Sites and areas recognised for their nature and geological value are shown on the Policies Map and include:

- European Sites of International Importance
- Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- Regionally Important Geological Sites
- Local Nature Reserves
- Local Wildlife Sites
- Wildlife Corridors

The specific sites covered by the above designations at the time of publication are detailed in Appendix 3.

Proposals for development which may affect **European Sites of International Importance** will be subject to the most rigorous examination in accordance with the Habitats Directive. Development or land use change not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site and which is likely to have significant effects on the site (either individually or in combination with other plans or projects) and which would affect the integrity of the site, will not be permitted unless the Council is satisfied that;

- there is no alternative solution; and
- there are imperative reasons of over-riding public interest for the development or land use change.

Proposals for development in or likely to affect **Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)** will be subject to special scrutiny. Where such development may have an adverse effect, directly or indirectly, on the SSSI it will not be permitted unless the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the nature conservation value of the site itself and the national policy to safeguard the national network of such sites.



Proposals for development likely to have an adverse effect on **regionally and locally designated sites** will not be permitted unless it can be clearly demonstrated that there are reasons for the development which outweigh the need to safeguard the substantive nature conservation value of the site or feature.

Proposals for development which may adversely affect the integrity or continuity of **UK Key habitats** or other habitats of local importance, or adversely affect **EU Protected Species**, **UK Priority Species or other species of local importance**, or which are the subject of **Local Biodiversity Action Plans** will only be permitted if it can be shown that the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the need to retain the habitats or species affected and that mitigating measures can be provided which would reinstate the habitats or provide equally viable alternative refuge sites for the species affected.

All development proposals affecting protected sites, wildlife corridors, key habitats or priority species (as identified in Local Biodiversity Action Plans) should be accompanied by information proportionate to their nature conservation value including;

- a site survey where necessary to identify features of nature and geological conservation importance; an assessment of the likely impacts of the proposed development proposals for the protection and management of features identified for retention;
- an assessment of whether the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the nature conservation value of the site, area or species; and
- proposals for compensating for features damaged or destroyed during the development process

Where development is permitted, the Council will consider the use of conditions or planning obligations to ensure the protection and enhancement of the site's nature conservation interest and/or to provide appropriate compensatory measures.

#### Policy QE 6 Environment and Amenity Protection

The Council, in consultation with other Agencies, will only support development which would not lead to an adverse impact on the environment or amenity of future occupiers or those currently occupying adjoining or nearby properties, or does not have an unacceptable impact on the surrounding area. The Council will take into consideration the following:

- The integrity and continuity of tidal and fluvial flood defences;
- The quality of water bodies, including canals, rivers, ponds and lakes;
- Groundwater resources in terms of their quantity, quality and the ecological features they support;
- Land quality;
- Air quality;
- Noise and vibration levels and times when such disturbances are likely to occur;
- · Levels of light pollution and impacts on the night sky;
- Levels of odours, fumes, dust, litter accumulation and refuse collection / storage.
- The need to respect the living conditions of existing neighbouring residential occupiers and future occupiers of new housing schemes in relation to overlooking/loss of privacy, outlook, sunlight, daylight, overshadowing, noise and disturbance;
- The effect and timing of traffic movement to, from and within the site and car parking including impacts on highway safety;
- The ability and the effect of using permitted development rights to change use within the same
  Use Class (as set out in the in the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted
  Development Order) without the need to obtain planning consent.

Proposals may be required to submit detailed assessments in relation to any of the above criteria to the Council for approval. Where development is permitted which may have an impact on such



considerations, the Council will consider the use of conditions or planning obligations to ensure any appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures are secured.

Development proposals on land that is (or is suspected to be) affected by contamination or ground instability or has a sensitive end use must include an assessment of the extent of the issues and any possible risks. Development will only be permitted where the land is, or is made, suitable for the proposed use.

Additional guidance to support the implementation of this policy is provided in the Design and Construction and Environmental Protection Supplementary Planning Documents.

#### Policy CC 2 Protecting the Countryside

Development proposals in the countryside which accord with Green Belt policies set out in national planning policy will be supported provided that;

- the detailed siting and design of the development relates satisfactorily to its rural setting, in terms of its scale, layout and use of materials;
- they respect local landscape character, both in terms of immediate impact, or from distant views:
- unobtrusive provision can be made for any associated servicing and parking facilities or plant, equipment and storage;
- they relate to local enterprise and farm diversification; and it can be demonstrated that there would be no detrimental impact on agricultural interests

## Extracts of Relevant Planning Policies and Supplementary Planning Guidance

Design and Construction SPD (2016)

#### Landscaping and the Environment

Almost all development sites will have some existing or potential value as wildlife habitat or public open space. The retention, protection and extension of areas of wildlife habitat will help conserve and enhance biological diversity and the richness of the natural environment. Good quality landscaping also helps make a development attractive and maintain its desirability and use.

- Existing attractive or valuable natural features must be retained and protected on a site and be the starting point for the development of building design and landscaping proposals. These could include trees, hedges, ponds or streams. They may be valuable because of their visual amenity or their wildlife or biodiversity value. The Council has identified significant areas for nature conservation within the borough. Development proposals on or close to designated wildlife sites will warrant special scrutiny and those that will have an adverse effect on these sites will not be permitted without mitigation to reduce the damage.
- Planting that enhances nature conservation, wildlife habitat and diversity will be encouraged, particularly on sites that are close to existing wildlife areas or enhance and expand "green corridors".
- New landscaping should be designed for easy maintenance to ensure that the visual amenity
  continues into the long term and that the plants will thrive. Factors to consider include the
  appropriateness of species for the local climate, topography and soil; the landscape mix;



- ensuring that there is sufficient space for plants to thrive without constant maintenance and attention; and minimising the requirement for importing topsoil and using artificial irrigation.
- New development should be designed to harvest rainwater which can be used for irrigation of the site's landscaping.
- New development with flat roofs can also be designed to be "green roofs" such as sedum roofs.
- These will help improve biodiversity and provide extra insulation to buildings without needing irrigation or significant maintenance.
- Hard landscaping should also be designed and constructed with thought to future
  maintenance and ensuring a long life. This includes considering the durability of materials, the
  ease and cost of providing and installing replacements and the route of underground services
  and access to repair and renewal.

#### Environmental Protection SPD (2010)

Section 4.6.4 Japanese Knotweed – "Neither the EA nor the Council are responsible for controlling Japanese knotweed, other than that growing on Council-owned land. Managing knotweed is the responsibility of the landowner of a site"

Desk Based Ecology Appendix



### MAGIC Map search for SSSI Impact Risk Zones for Site Only

Site Check Report Report generated on Tue Aug 29 2017 You selected the location: Centroid Grid Ref: SJ658961 The following features have been found in your search area:

SSSI Impact Risk Zones - to assess planning applications for likely impacts on SSSIs/SACs/SPAs & Ramsar sites (England)

1. DOES PLANNING PROPOSAL FALL INTO ONE OR MORE OF 2. IF YES, CHECK THE CORRESPONDING DESCRIPTION(S) BELOW. LPA SHOULD CONSULT THE CATEGORIES BELOW?

NATURAL ENGLAND ON LIKELY RISKS FROM THE FOLLOWING:

All Planning Applications

Infrastructure Airports, helipads and other aviation proposals.

Wind & Solar Energy

Minerals, Oil & Gas Planning applications for quarries, including: new proposals, Review of Minerals Permissions

(ROMP), extensions, variations to conditions etc. Oil & gas exploration/extraction

Rural Non Residential Residential

Rural Residential

Any industrial/agricultural development that could cause AIR POLLUTION (incl: industrial processes, pig & poultry units, slurry lagoons > 750m² & manure stores > 3500t). Air Pollution

General combustion processes >50MW energy input. Incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion. Combustion

Waste Composting

Any discharge of water or liquid waste of more than  $20m^3$ /day to ground (ie to seep away) or to surface water, such as a beck or stream (NB This does not include discharges to mains sewer which Discharges

are unlikely to pose a risk at this location).

Water Supply

GUIDANCE - How to use the Impact Risk Zones /Metadata for magic/SSSI IRZ User Guidance MAGIC.pdf

1. DOES PLANNING PROPOSAL FALL INTO ONE OR MORE OF 2. IF YES, CHECK THE CORRESPONDING DESCRIPTION(S) BELOW. LPA SHOULD CONSULT

THE CATEGORIES BELOW? NATURAL ENGLAND ON LIKELY RISKS FROM THE FOLLOWING:

All Planning Applications

Infrastructure Airports, helipads and other aviation proposals.

Wind & Solar Energy Minerals, Oil & Gas Rural Non Residential Residential Rural Residential

Air Pollution Any industrial/agricultural development that could cause AIR POLLUTION (incl: industrial processes,

pig & poultry units, slurry lagoons > 750m² & manure stores > 3500t).

General combustion processes >50MW energy input. Incl: energy from waste incineration, other Combustion

incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage

treatment works, other incineration/ combustion.

Waste Composting

Any discharge of water or liquid waste of more than 20m³/day to ground (ie to seep away) or to Discharges

surface water, such as a beck or stream (NB This does not include discharges to mains sewer which

are unlikely to pose a risk at this location).

Water Supply

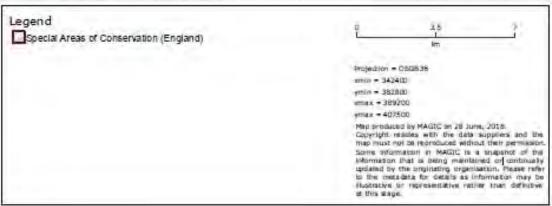
/Metadata\_for\_magic/SSSI IRZ User Guidance MAGIC.pdf GUIDANCE - How to use the Impact Risk Zones



## MAGIC Map 10km Search Zone for Internationally Designated Wildlife Sites – Map

## MAGIC International Designations







## MAGIC Map 10km Search Zone for Internationally Designated Wildlife Sites – Report

Special Areas of Conservation (England) - points

Name

RIXTON CLAY PITS

Reference

UK0030265

Hectares

13.5

Hyperlink

http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/protectedsites/sacselection/sac.asp?eucode=UK0030265

Name

MANCHESTER MOSSES

Reference

UK0030200

Hectares

171.52

Hyperlink

http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/protectedsites/sacselection/sac.asp?eucode=UK0030200

Special Areas of Conservation (England)

Name

RIXTON CLAY PITS

Reference

UK0030265

Hectares

13.5

Hyperlink

http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/protectedsites/sacselection/sac.asp?eucode=UK0030265

Name

MANCHESTER MOSSES

Reference

UK0030200

Hectares

171.52

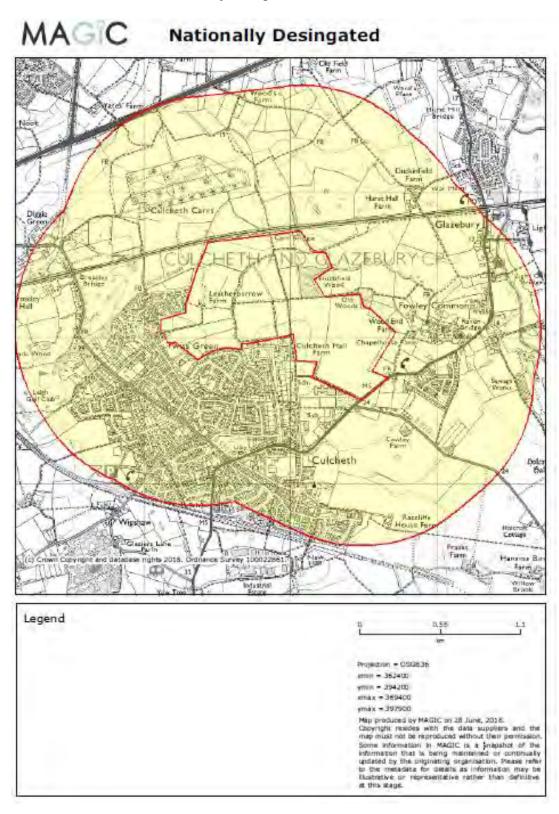
Hyperlink

http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/protectedsites/sacselection/sac.asp?eucode=UK0030200



# MAGIC Map 1km Search Zone for Nationally Designated Wildlife Sites – Map

There are no nationally designated sites within 1km of the Site



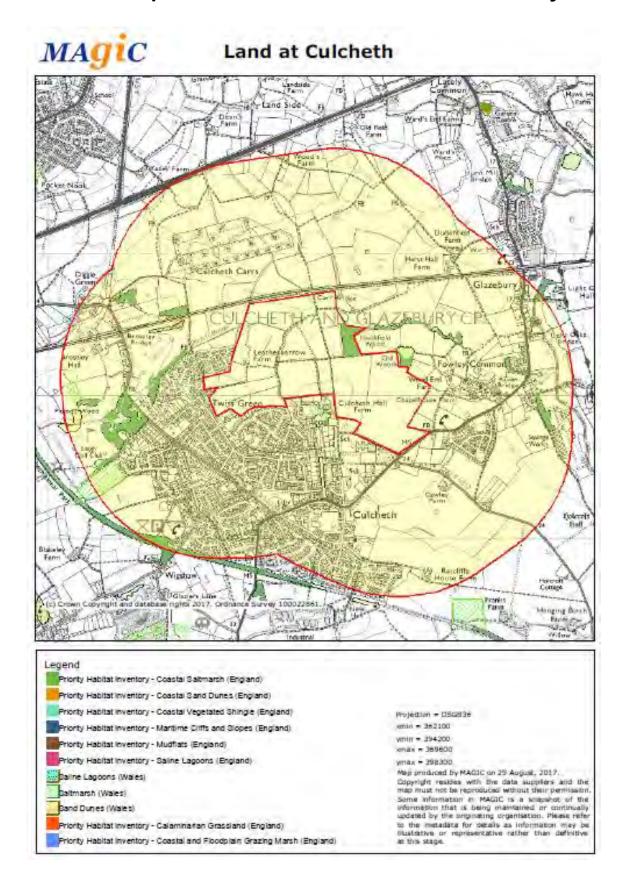


# MAGIC Map 1km Search Zone for Nationally Designated Wildlife Sites – Report

There are no nationally designated sites within 1km of the Site



### MAGIC Map 1km Search Zone for Habitat Inventory Data





### **Extract of Species Data Provided by RECORD within 1km**

#### **Designated Species Summary**

Taxa	Designation Name	Occurrence in Cheshire tetrads between 2006-2017 (%)	Occurrence in Cheshire tetrads all years (%)
Brambling (Fringilla nontifringilla)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 1	9%	23%
drown Hare (Lepus europaeus)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	21%	80%
Bullfinch (Pyrrhula pyrrhula)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber, NERC S41.	20%	70%
Canada Goose (Branta Canadensis)	Invasive Non-Native Species, Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	26%	53%
Common Frog (Rana temporaria)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 5	33%	63%
Common Pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pipistrellus)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 5, NERC 541, Conservation (Habs and Sp) Regulations 2010 - Schedule 2	39%	42%
Corn Bunting (Emberiza calandra)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41	2%	38%
Cornflower (Centaurea cyanus)	NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	3%	6%
Fieldfare (Turdus pilaris)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 1, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red	19%	39%
Grey Partridge (Perdix perdix)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	8%	60%
Grey Wagtail (Motacilla cinerea)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	14%	45%
Himalayan Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster simonsii)	Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	1%	3%
Hollyberry Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster bullatus)	Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	<1%	1%
House Martin (Delichon urbicum)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	23%	67%
House Sparrow (Passer domesticus)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	35%	84%
ndian Balsam (Impatiens glandulifera)	Invasive Non-Native Species, Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	24%	36%
lapanese Knotweed (Fallopia aponica)	Invasive Non-Native Species, Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	18%	31%
Kestrel (Falco tinnunculus)	Birds of Conservation Concern	35%	80%



	[RSPB] - Amber		
Lapwing (Vaneilus vaneilus)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	28%	79%
Little Grebe (Tachybaptus ruficollis)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	11%	29%
Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	42%	82%
Meadow Pipit (Anthus pratensis)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	13%	45%.
Mistle Thrush (Turdus viscivorus)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	23%	82%
Montbretia (Crocosmia pottsii x aurea = C. x crocosmiiflora)	Invasive Non-Native Species, Wildlife and Countryside Act Schedule 9	6%	14%
Palmate Newt (Lissotriton helveticus)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 5	2%	4%
Peregrine (Falco peregrinus)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 1	11%	19%
Pink-footed Goose (Anser brachyrhynchus)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	8%	15%
Pochard (Aythya ferina)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	6%	19%
Redwing (Turdus iliacus)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 1, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red	18%	38%
Reed Bunting (Emberiza schoenicius)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	19%	73%
Scots Pine (Pinus sylvestris)	Nationally Scarce	24%	45%
Skylark (Alauda arvensis)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41	20%	85%
Smooth Newt (Lissotriton vulgaris)	Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 5	14%	35%
Snipe (Gallinago gallinago)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	13%	54%
Song Thrush (Turdus philomelos)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red	33%	87%
Soprano Pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pygmaeus)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Wildlife and Countryside Act - Schedule 5, NERC 541, Conservation (Habs and Sp) Regulations 2010 - Schedule 2, UK BAP Priority Species	29%	32%
Starling (Sturnus vulgaris)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41	30%	86%
Swallow (Hirundo rustica)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	44%	87%



Swift (Apus apus)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	22%	81%
Tree Sparrow (Passer montanus)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	10%	72%
Tufted Duck (Aythya fuligula)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	13%	31%
West European Hedgehog (Erinaceus europaeus)	NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	24%	44%
Whitethroat (Sylvia communis)	Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Amber	17%	70%
Yellowhammer (Emberiza citrinella)	Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species, Birds of Conservation Concern [RSPB] - Red, NERC S41, UK BAP Priority Species	14%	77%



#### **Species Report**

#### **AMPHIBIAN**

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#### Common Frog (Rana temporaria) (1,2)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grld ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ659947	1	24/03/2011	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ65959588	2	02/07/2014	Juvenile	1	Field Record

#### Smooth Newt (Lissotriton vulgaris) (2)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ65959588	2	02/07/2014	None	Present	Field Record

#### Palmate Newt (Lissotriton helveticus) (2)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ65959588	2	02/07/2014	None	Present	Field Record



# BIRD Мар 9 2 16 15 Twiss Green Lodge Drive Culcheth 200 m 1000 ft



#### Fieldfare (Turdus pilaris) (1,5,13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ655955	5	13/02/2007	None	40	Field Record
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP, N. of Linear Park	SJ646951	1	14/01/2012	Adult	2	Field Record
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	12	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	20/12/2009	None	5	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	23/10/2010	None	30	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	05/01/2009	None	6	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	28/10/2009	None	100	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	20/10/2010	None	70	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	25/12/2010	None	8	Field Record

#### House Martin (Delichon urbicum) (5)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ655955	5	10/09/2007	None	100	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	30/08/2006	None	20	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	02/09/2010	None	5	Field Record

#### Canada Goose (Branta canadensis) (5,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	11	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	11/09/2006	None	15	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	11/09/2006	Adult	15	Field Record

#### Kestrel (Falco tinnunculus) (5,13,18,19,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP,	SJ672951	18	12/2012-12/2012	None	Present	Field Record



Culceth ( just outside).						
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	1	Field Record
	SJ672952	19	23/11/2011	Adult	1	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	28/12/2006	Female	1	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	18/02/2007	None	1	Field Record
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	2	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult	1	Field Record

#### Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos) (10,13,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult Female	10	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult Female	10	Field Record
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	32	Field Record
Culcheth Linear Line	SJ6594	10	27/05/2009	None	Present	Field Record

#### Grey Wagtail (Motacilla cinerea) (5,6)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ655955	5	15/08/2006	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655956	6	27/12/2008	None	1	Field Record
	SJ655955	5	15/08/2006	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	18/12/2010	None	1	Field Record

#### Bullfinch (Pyrrhula pyrrhula) (5,17)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	11/01/2009	None	1Pr	Field Record
Hebden Avenue	SJ669960	17	24/05/2010	Adult Male	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	19/12/2009	Male	1	Field Record

Grey Partridge (Perdix perdix) (5,9,11)

RECORD



Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	18/02/2007	Adult	3	Field Record
	SJ6561997467	9	2007	None	4	Field Record
	SJ6609795856	11	2007	None	5	Field Record

#### Lapwing (Vanellus vanellus) (2,4,12,13,15)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
field north of railway	SJ65209665	4	13/03/2012	None	2	Field Record
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	27	Field Record
	SJ6647495626	12	2007	None	2	Field Record
	SJ6505997306	2	2007	None	11	Field Record
	SJ6683496581	15	2007	None	100	Field Record

#### Little Grebe (Tachybaptus ruficollis) (13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	1	Field Record

#### Meadow Pipit (Anthus pratensis) (13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	1	Field Record

#### Corn Bunting (Emberiza calandra) (20)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Holcroft Lane, Culcheth	SJ673951	20	09/07/2010	None	4	Field Record
Holcroft Lane, Culcheth	SJ673951	20	05/06/2010	Male	3	Field Record
Holcroft Lane, Culcheth	SJ673951	20	01/05/2009	None	3	Field Record

#### Mistle Thrush (Turdus viscivorus) (21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult	Occasional	Field Record

House Sparrow (Passer domesticus) (3,5)

RECORD



Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	01/01/2009	None	20	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	01/02/2009	None	20	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	18/12/2010	None	20+	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	29/12/2009	None	35	Field Record
birchall street	SJ651953	3	19/06/2012	Summer	Present	Field Record

#### Brambling (Fringilla montifringilla) (5)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grld ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	18/12/2010	Female	2	Field Record

#### Tufted Duck (Aythya fuligula) (13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	Adult Male	2	Field Record

#### Yellowhammer (Emberiza citrinella) (5,6,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	1	Field Record
	SJ655956	6	24/04/2008	Male	1	Field Record
	SJ655955	5	23/03/2008	None	3	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	10/05/2010	None	3	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	12/04/2010	Male	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	03/03/2010	Male	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	03/12/2010	None	4 3M/1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	30/11/2010	Male	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	16/04/2009	Male	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	27/12/2010	None	5	Field Record
Culcheth.	SJ655955	5	18/12/2010	None	9	Field Record



Warrington						
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	04/12/2010	None	9	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	14/02/2010	Male	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	01/01/2010	Male	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	22/12/2009	Female	1	Field Record

#### Pink-footed Goose (Anser brachyrhynchus) (5,6,7,8)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ655955	5	27/10/2008	None	54	Field Record
	SJ655955	5	28/10/2008	None	200	Field Record
	SJ655956	6	16/11/2008	None	500+	Field Record
	SJ655957	7	21/12/2008	None	200	Field Record
	SJ655958	8	27/12/2008	None	180	Field Record
	SJ655955	5	12/10/2008	None	92	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	18/02/2006	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	12/10/2006	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	25/11/2006	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	28/11/2006	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	\$3655955	5	05/10/2007	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	10/10/2007	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	26/11/2007	None	Present	Field Record

#### Pochard (Aythya ferina) (13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	8	Field Record

#### Starling (Sturnus vulgaris) (5,16,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ6680197004	16	2007	None	20	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult	Occasional	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	27/12/2010	None	15	Field Record
Culcheth,	SJ655955	5	24/12/2010	None	500	Field Record



#### Warrington

#### Redwing (Turdus iliacus) (1,5,13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	5ex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP, N. of Linear Park	5J646951	1	14/01/2012	Adult	30	Field Record
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	6	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	5J655955	5	25/10/2009	None	50	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	26/12/2010	None	6	Field Record

#### Peregrine (Falco peregrinus) (6)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ655956	6	21/12/2008	Female	1	Field Record

#### Snipe (Gallinago gallinago) (13)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ665945	13	18/01/2013	None	8	Field Record

#### Swallow (Hirundo rustica) (5)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	30/08/2006	None	10	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	04/10/2010	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	02/09/2010	None	20+	Field Record

#### Song Thrush (Turdus philomelos) (5,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
	SJ655955	5	29/08/2006	None	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	4	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	27/12/2010	None	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	19/04/2009	None	1	Field Record



#### Swift (Apus apus) (5,6,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	15/08/2006	None	50	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	22/08/2006	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth	SJ655955	5	13/08/2006	None	12	Field Record
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	Occasional	Field Record
	SJ655956	6	26/06/2008	None	100	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult	Occasional	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	.5	07/05/2010	None	6	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	26/06/2008	None	100	Field Record

#### Whitethroat (Sylvia communis) (21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	1	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	21	12/07/2011	Adult	1	Field Record

#### Reed Bunting (Emberiza schoeniclus) (5,21)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	21	26/06/2012	Adult	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	03/12/2010	Female	4	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	20/12/2009	Female	1	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	10/01/2009	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	12/04/2010	None	5	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	23/02/2010	None	7	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	02/12/2010	None	3	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	30/11/2010	Male	1	Field Record



Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	18/04/2009	None	3	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	18/12/2010	None	13	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	21/02/2010	None	5	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	23/12/2009	Female	2	Field Record

#### Tree Sparrow (Passer montanus) (14,17)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
hebden avenue	SJ669960	17	20/05/2010	Adult Male	t	Field Record
	SJ6677996801	14	2007	None	Present	Field Record

#### Skylark (Alauda arvensis) (5)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	23/10/2010	None	40	Field Record
Culcheth, Warrington	SJ655955	5	10/11/2010	None	25	Field Record



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#### Scots Pine (Pinus sylvestris) (1)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	1	26/06/2012	Inleaf	Occasional	Field Record



#### FLOWERING PLANT

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Desk Based Appendix



6612.03



#### Indian Balsam (Impatiens glandulifera) (1,4,5,6,7,8,9,11)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP	SJ6796	11	26/06/2012	Flowering	Occasional	Field Record
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ65969588	4	02/07/2014	None	Small Amount	Field Record
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ660959	6	02/07/2014	None	Small Amount	Field Record
	SJ659966	5	09/08/2009	Flowering	Dominant	Field Record
Field edge	SJ661964	7	09/08/2009	Flowering	Dominant	Field Record
	SJ6702096287	9	2007	None	Present	Field Record
	SJ6691996381	8	2007	None	Present	Field Record
Windy Bank Wood	SJ6796	11	12/07/2011	Flowering	Occasional	Field Record
	SJ643954	1	21/07/2010	Flowering	Locally Dominant	Field Record

#### Montbretia (Crocosmia pottsii x aurea = C. x crocosmiiflora) (2,3)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth Linear Park.	SJ6594	3	27/05/2009	None	Present	Field Record
Culcheth Linear Park	SJ6494	2	24/01/2009	None	Present	Field Record

#### Himalayan Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster simonsii) (3)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
culcheth linear line	5J6594	3	27/05/2009	None	Present	Field Record

#### Hollyberry Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster bullatus) (3)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
culcheth linear line	SJ6594	3	27/05/2009	None	Present	Field Record

#### Japanese Knotweed (Fallopia japonica) (3)

RECORD



Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth Linear Line	SJ6594	3	27/05/2009	None	Present	Field Record
Cornflower (Ce	entaurea cyar	nus) (10)				
Cornflower (Ce	entaurea cyar	nus) (10)				RECOR
Cornflower (Co	entaurea cyar Grid ref.	nus) (10). Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	RECOR

#### TERRESTRIAL MAMMAL

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#### Common Pipístrelle (Pipistrellus pipistrellus) (2)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Culcheth Hall Barns, land off Withington Avenue, Culcheth, Cheshire	SJ659959	2	02/07/2014	None	-5	Field Record

#### Brown Hare (Lepus europaeus) (3,4,5)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Monugance	Record type
In woods	SJ6696	5	13/03/2011	None	1	Field Record
Fields betwixt Warrington Road and Hebden Avenue	SJ6695	4	13/03/2011	None	2	Field Record
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP, field adjoining the graveyard at the rear of Newchurch Parish Chur	5J662949	3	23/04/2011	None	Present	Field Record

#### Soprano Pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pygmaeus) (2)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
1 culcheth Hall Farm barns	SJ65989591	2	11/07/2015	None	300	Aural Bat Detector
Warrington, Cheshire, WA3 4AN.	SJ65989592	2	17/07/2015	None	300	Field Record

#### West European Hedgehog (Erinaceus europaeus) (1)

RECORD

Location	Grid ref.	Grid ID	Date	Sex/Stage	Abundance	Record type
Road-bridge over linear park	SJ649949	1	21/06/2009	Adult	1	Dead On Road
Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft - CP, Road- bridge over linear park	SJ649949	Î	21/06/2009	Adult	1	Dead On Road





### Local Sites Data Provided by RECORD within 1km











**APPENDIX C: Target Notes** 

#### **Target Note 1**

A small area of modified neutral grassland.

Arrhenatherum elatius	False Oat-grass	Α
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	Α
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	F
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	F
Heracleum sphondylium	Hogweed	F
Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	F
Plantago lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain	F
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	F
Urtica dioica	Nettle	F
Anthriscus sylvestris	Cow Parsley	Ο
Chamerion angustifolium	Rosebay Willowherb	0
Epilobium hirsutum	Great Willowherb	0
Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	Ο
Galium aparine	Cleavers	0
Rumex obtusifolius	Broad-leaved Dock	0
Senecio jacobaea	Common Ragwort	0
Taraxacum officinale agg.	Dandelion	Ο
Agrostis stolonifera	Creeping Bent	R
Corylus avellana	Hazel	R
Plantago major	Greater Plantain	R

#### Target 2

An area of broadleaved woodland in the east of site

Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	D
Hedera helix	lvy	Α
Quercus robur	English Oak	Α
Corylus avellana	Hazel	F
Urtica dioica	Nettle	F
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	0
Pinus sylvestris	Scots Pine	R

#### **Target Note 3**

A mature English oak with moderate potential to support roosting bats.

#### **Target Note 4**

This is a mature broadleaved woodland with areas of standing water and hollows which may hold water during wet periods. The woodland in general is wet throughout. The woodland is dominated by oak and beech with a poor understory and ground flora. There is evidence of disturbance from dog walkers and some previous management of the ditch and drain system.

Fagus sylvatica	Beech	D
Quercus robur	English Oak	D
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	Α
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	Α
Silene dioica	Red Campion	Α
Acer pseudoplatanus	Sycamore	F
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	F
Geranium robertianum	Herb-Robert	F
Impatiens glandulifera	Himalayan Balsam	F
Aesculus hippocastanum	Horse-chestnut	Ο
Anthriscus sylvestris	Cow Parsley	Ο
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	Ο
Dryopteris dilatata	Broad Buckler-fern	Ο
llex aquifolium	Holly	Ο
Poa nemoralis	Wood Meadow-grass	Ο
Rosa canina agg.	Dog Rose	Ο
Salix species	Willow species	Ο
Sorbus aucuparia	Rowan	0
Rumex sanguineus	Wood Dock	R

#### **Target Note 5**

This area is a former arable field that has gone rank due to lack of management and is dominated by tall ruderal species.

Senecio jacobaea	Common Ragwort	D
Taraxacum officinale agg.	Dandelion	D
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	Α
Arrhenatherum elatius	False Oat-grass	F
Epilobium hirsutum	Great Willowherb	F
Epilobium montanum	Broad-leaved Willowherb	F
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	F
Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup	F
Rumex obtusifolius	Broad-leaved Dock	F
Chamerion angustifolium	Rosebay Willowherb	0
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	0
Plantago major	Greater Plantain	Ο
Poa annua	Annual Meadow-grass	0
Trifolium repens	White Clover	0
Dipsacus fullonum	Teasel	R
Juncus effusus	Soft Rush	R
Juncus inflexus	Hard Rush	R
Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	R
Rosa canina agg.	Dog Rose	R

#### **Target Note 6**

This is another field which has been left unmanaged and become dominated by tall ruderal vegetation.

Rumex obtusifolius	Broad-leaved Dock	D
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	Α
Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup	Α
Chamerion angustifolium	Rosebay Willowherb	F
Cirsium vulgare	Spear Thistle	F
Epilobium hirsutum	Great Willowherb	F
Senecio jacobaea	Common Ragwort	F
Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	F
Urtica dioica	Nettle	F
Plantago major	Greater Plantain	0
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	0
Taraxacum officinale agg.	Dandelion	0

#### **Target Note 7**

A field of recently cut species poor semi improved grassland.

Plantago major	Greater Plantain	Α
Ranunculus acris	Meadow Buttercup	Α
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	F
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	F
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	F
Plantago lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain	F
Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup	F
Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	F
Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	0
Rumex obtusifolius	Broad-leaved Dock	0
Festuca rubra	Red Fescue	R

#### **Target Note 8**

A small isolated woodland parcel with mature trees. It contains a poor understory and ground flora.

Acer pseudoplatanus	Sycamore	А
Aesculus hippocastanum	Horse-chestnut	Α
Galium aparine	Cleavers	Α
Hedera helix	lvy	Α
Urtica dioica	Nettle	Α
Salix species	Willow species	F
Quercus robur	English Oak	0
Alnus glutinosa	Alder	R
Impatiens glandulifera	Himalayan Balsam	R
Sambucus nigra	Elder	R

#### **Target Note 9**

A woodland strip domianted by oak with poor groundflora. It lies adjacent to the arable land with a wet ditch which meanders along the edge. There is signs of disturbance from dog walkers.

English Oak	D
Yorkshire-fog	Α
Sycamore	F
Pendulous Sedge	F
Hawthorn	F
Beech	F
Ash	F
lvy	F
Himalayan Balsam	F
Bramble	F
Broad-leaved Dock	F
Field Maple	0
Alder	0
Broad Buckler-fern	0
Holly	0
Red Campion	0
Cleavers	R
Common Lime	R
Wych Elm	R
	Yorkshire-fog Sycamore Pendulous Sedge Hawthorn Beech Ash Ivy Himalayan Balsam Bramble Broad-leaved Dock Field Maple Alder Broad Buckler-fern Holly Red Campion Cleavers Common Lime

#### **Target Note 10**

A set aside field of modified neutral grassland

Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	Α
Elytrigia repens	Common Couch	Α
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	Α
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	F
Lotus corniculatus	Bird's-foot Trefoil	F
Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup	F
Heracleum sphondylium	Hogweed	0
Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	0
Poa trivialis	Rough Meadow-grass	0

#### **Target Note 11**

An unmanaged woodland parcel bordering the site.

Quercus robur	English Oak	D
Hedera helix	lvy	Α
Lonicera periclymenum	Honeysuckle	Α
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	Α
Urtica dioica	Nettle	Α
Acer pseudoplatanus	Sycamore	0
Arrhenatherum elatius	False Oat-grass	0
Chamerion angustifolium	Rosebay Willowherb	0
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	0
Fraxinus excelsior	Ash	0
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	0
llex aquifolium	Holly	0
Sambucus nigra	Elder	0
Corylus avellana	Hazel	R

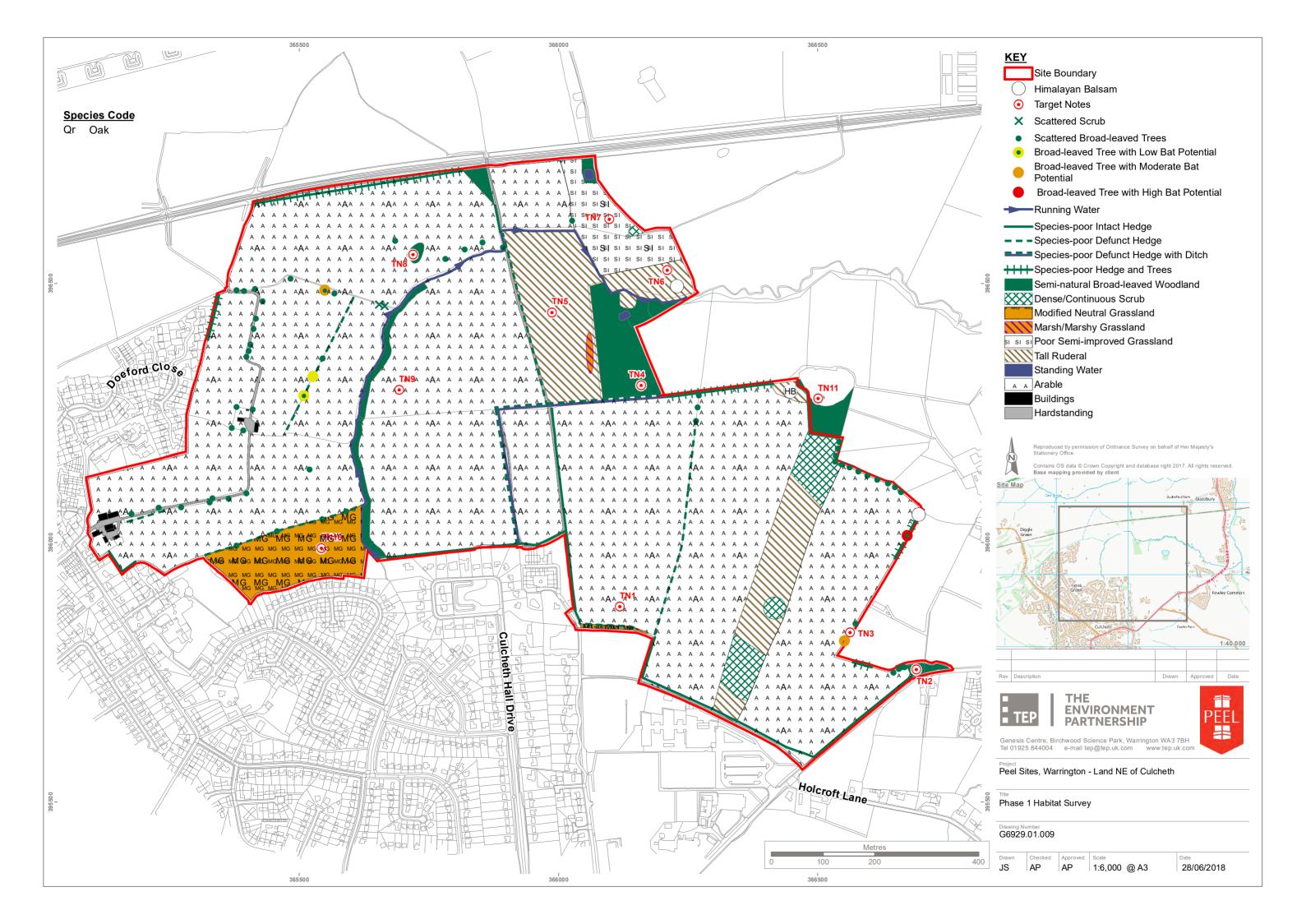
#### **Target Note 12**

An area of marshy grassland which is likely to hold water for at least part of the year due to undulating land.

Juncus effusus	Soft Rush	Α
Juncus inflexus	Hard Rush	Α
Carex pendula	Pendulous Sedge	F
Solanum dulcamara	Bittersweet	0



### **DRAWINGS**





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# **Heritage Appraisal**

# Warrington Local Plan – Land North East of Culcheth

# June 2018 (Updated May 2019)

# Introduction

- This Heritage Appraisal has been prepared in connection with Land North East of Culcheth (the 'Appraisal Site'). It identifies heritage assets with potential to be affected by development of the Appraisal Site and broadly describes their significance and setting. The appraisal identifies whether there are heritage constraints to development and how these constraints could be resolved or mitigated.
- 2. This Appraisal was originally prepared in July 2018. It has since been updated to refer to the revised NPPF (2019) and provides a review of the proposed masterplans in light of the key heritage considerations originally identified.

## The Appraisal Site

- 3. This Appraisal Site consists of an extensive plot of land to the north east of the settlement of Culcheth and Twiss Green. To the north is the Liverpool and Manchester Railway line which cuts across part of the site. The western boundary of the site abuts Twiss Green Lane and the Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area. To the east are numerous open agricultural fields to Glazebury and to the south are large areas of modern residential development (along Culcheth Hall Drive and Chiltern Road). The site itself consists of a number of large open agricultural fields, divided by extant mature hedgerows and trees.
- 4. Historically, the Appraisal Site and the surrounding area consisted of open agricultural fields on the outskirts of Culcheth and Twiss Green. The land to the east of the site historically formed part of the grounds of Culcheth Hall which was principally constructed in the 18<sup>th</sup> century (although the site holds origins dating back to the 13<sup>th</sup> century). This arrangement is illustrated on the 1847 Ordnance Survey Map which shows a clear division between the land; agricultural and former parkland. The parkland to Culcheth Hall included a thick tree belt (known as 'Wellfield Wood') which screened the area to the west from the hall. The western parts of the site consisted of farmsteads (Leatherbarrow Farm and Tanners Farm). The northern parts of the site and surrounding area were split by the construction of the Liverpool to Manchester railway line which opened in c.1830. Further to the west of the site was Kenyon Hall and its associated grounds.
- 5. By the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century, the area of Twiss Green began to be developed exclusively with numerous turn of the century houses. Also in the 20<sup>th</sup> century, Newchurch Hospital (also known as 'Culcheth Cottage Homes') was constructed to the immediate west of the Appraisal Site. With the exception of additional residential dwellings within Twiss Green to the south west and the reconfiguring of Kenyon Hall into the Leigh Golf Course (and club), there were no changes to the site and the surrounding area at this time.

6. The area around and including Twiss Green and Culcheth was largely developed with post-war housing during the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century. Culcheth Hall was also demolished during this time (c.1958) and the southern grounds redeveloped. The northern parts of the grounds were returned to agricultural use; with some extant parkland features retained such as Wellfield Wood etc. There appears to have been no other significant changes to the site or the surrounding area in the late 20<sup>th</sup> or early 21<sup>st</sup> century.

## The Heritage Assets

- 7. The NPPF (2019) defines a heritage asset as:
  - "A building, monument, site, place, area, or landscape identified as having a degree of significance meriting consideration in planning decisions, because of its heritage interest".
- 8. The setting of a heritage asset is defined by the NPPF (2019) as:
  - "The surroundings in which a heritage asset is experienced. Its extent is not fixed and may change as the asset and its surroundings evolve. Elements of setting may make a positive or negative contribution to the significance of an asset, may affect the ability to appreciate that significance or may be neutral".<sup>2</sup>
- 9. A site visit was completed on 29 May 2018 to assess the potential for designated and non-designated heritage assets to be affected by future development of the Appraisal Site for residential use. These assets are set out below and are then followed by a broad assessment of their significance (including the contribution made by setting and the Appraisal Site).

Asset Name	Asset Type and Grade	Location, relative to Appraisal Site
Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area	Conservation Area	Outside the site, to the western boundary
Milestone	Listed Building (Grade II)	Outside the site, to the south eastern boundary

### **Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area**

## **Special Character and Appearance**

- 10. The Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area was designated by Warrington Borough Council in 1993. The conservation area is centred on the former Newchurch Hospital which was constructed in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century (c.1903) as a 'model home' / 'cottage home' for deprived children before being converted into an operational residential facility for the physically and mentally disabled. It's location on the outskirts of Culcheth could be due to its countryside location (providing fresh air for the children to improve their health) and/or due to a local benefactor from nearby Culcheth Hall or Kenyon Hall.
- 11. The core of the area forms a pleasing composition of 14 Arts and Crafts style houses arranged around an oval driveway and approached along a straight tree-lined driveway. The majority of the buildings are symmetrically designed and constructed from red brick, render, plain and ornamental hanging clay tiles and timber casement windows. Also to one side of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MHCLG (2019) National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) – Annex 2: Glossary

MHCLG (2019) National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) – Annex 2: Glossary

conservation area is a distinctly separate area for larger institutional buildings including a school, hospital administrative and workshop (with water tower).

### **Contribution made by Setting to Significance**

#### **Physical Surroundings**

12. As set out earlier, the Newchurch Hospital was originally constructed on the outskirts of Culcheth and Twiss Green and was originally surrounded by open agricultural fields. In the 20<sup>th</sup> century, residential development was constructed to the north east, south east and the south west. To the north west were the grounds of Kenyon Hall and latterly the Leigh Golf Course which included a tree belt between the grounds and the hospital. This arrangement remains today but now the trees within and surrounding the conservation area have matured, which has resulted in a largely wooded and secluded setting to the west and a suburban character to the east.

#### Experience of the Asset

- 13. Due to its largely enclosed setting (woods to the west and houses to the east), there are limited views to and from the Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area. From the south, the principal approach into the conservation area is experienced alongside Twiss Green Lane with its mature trees and modern boundary treatment. This has since been subsumed by modern development along the road and now forms part of a continuous modern streetscape. There are no other aspects of the conservation area appreciable from this area.
- 14. The eastern part of the conservation area is experienced from its immediate east along the unnamed road off Twiss Green Lane. It is here that the more administrative parts of the conservation area (such as the former workhouse and water tower) are experienced. Due to the height of the tower and its landmark quality, it is appreciable in short and long range views from the open agricultural fields to the east (forming the Appraisal Site).

#### **Associative Attributes**

15. The conservation area has no known associative attributes.

#### **Contribution made by the Appraisal Site**

- 16. The eastern part of the Appraisal Site has no historic, functional or visual relationship with the Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area due to its distance, the topography of the land and extent of intervening vegetation. The conservation area, principally the water tower, is experienced in short and distant views from the western part of the site and holds a limited visual relationship.
- 17. The Appraisal Site is considered to contribute to a degree to the significance of the Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area; however this contribution is principally attributed to the land in the western part of the site and views of the water tower. The remainder of the site is not considered to contribute to the significance of the conservation area.

## Milestone (Grade II Listed)

#### **Special Architectural and Historic Interest**

18. The Milestone is located on the south eastern side of Warrington Road and is a small triangular structure erected between 1894-1908.<sup>3</sup> It is cast iron (painted white) and has a straight back with a downward sloping top with lettering reading 'NEWCHURCH TOWNSHIP OF CULCHETH' above which reads 'TO WARRINGTON 7 MILES' and 'TO LEIGH 3 ¾ MILES'. The milestone is of significance for its functional and historic interest, marking the boundary of Culcheth and the distance between Warrington and Leigh.

### **Contribution made by Setting to Significance**

### **Physical Surroundings**

19. As aforementioned, the milestone is located on the south eastern side of Warrington Road, beyond which is agricultural fields. To the north west is the road itself beyond which is the Appraisal Site. Both sides of the road are lined with mature hedgerows.

### Experience of the Asset

20. The milestone is primarily experienced from along Warrington Road to its immediate north west but this is restricted due to the overgrown nature of the hedgerow which severely restricts views of the structure. Due to the mature nature of the hedgerow and the location and size of the structure, it is almost completely hidden from view and is not readily appreciable from the surrounding area.

#### **Associative Attributes**

21. The structure has no known associative attributes with the exception of other extant milestones constructed during the same period along the same route.

#### **Contribution made by the Appraisal Site**

22. The milestone is a purely functional structure which illustrates the areas transport history during the turn of the century. The site holds no historic or functional connections with the listed structure. With the exception of the hedgerows to the north western boundary of Warrington Road, there is no visual connection between the listed structure and the site. Overall, the Appraisal Site does not contribute to the significance of the listed milestone.

# Overview of Legislation, Key National Planning Policy Considerations and Guidance

# Statutory Duty (1990 Act)

23. Section 66 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 states that:

"In considering whether to grant planning permission for development which affects a listed building or its setting, the local planning authority or, as the case may be, the Secretary of State shall have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses."

24. The concept of 'preserve' has been interpreted through case law to mean 'to cause no harm'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Historic England (2008) List Entry Description for Milestone

#### The National Planning Policy Framework, revised 2019

- 25. Conservation areas are 'designated heritage assets' within the meaning of the NPPF. Paragraph 185 of the NPPF states that local planning authorities should set out in their Local Plan a positive strategy for the conservation and enjoyment of the historic environment, including heritage assets most at risk through neglect, decay or other threats. In developing this strategy, local planning authorities should take into account of:
  - The desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets and putting them to viable uses consistent with their conservation;
  - The wider social, cultural, economic and environmental benefits that conservation of the historic environment can bring;
  - The desirability of new development making a positive contribution to local character and distinctiveness; and
  - Opportunities to draw on the contribution made by the historic environment to the character of a place.
- 26. Paragraph 190 sets out the principles guiding the determination of applications affecting designated and non-designated heritage assets, and states that:
  - 'Local planning authorities should identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset that may be affected by a proposal... They should take this assessment into account when considering the impact of a proposal on a heritage asset, to avoid or minimise conflict between the heritage asset's conservation and any aspect of the proposal.'
- 27. Paragraph 192 elaborates that local planning authorities should take account of the desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets, putting them into viable uses consistent with their conservation, as well as the desirability of new development making a positive contribution to local character and distinctiveness.
- 28. Paragraph 193 requires when considering the impact of a Proposed Development on the significance of a designated heritage asset, that great weight should be given to the asset's conservation and the more important the asset, the greater that weight should be. Paragraph 194 confirms that significance can be harmed or lost through alteration or destruction of the heritage asset or development within its setting and any harm or loss requires clear and convincing justification.
- 29. Paragraph 200 requires local planning authorities look for opportunities for new development within the setting of heritage assets to better reveal their significance. With respect to setting, the policy notes that proposals that preserve those elements of setting that make a positive contribution to or better reveal the significance of the asset should be treated favourably.
- 30. The setting of a conservation area is not enshrined in legislation and does not attract the weight of statutory protection. It is however a consideration as set out in the NPPF and has therefore been addressed in this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> APP/H1705/A/14/2219070 & APP/U3935/V/14/2216792

#### Good Practice Advice Note 3: The Setting of Heritage Assets, Historic England (2017)

31. Historic England has published guidance in respect of the setting of heritage assets, providing detail on understanding setting and the associated assessment of the impact of any changes. The guidance confirms that setting is not a heritage asset, nor a heritage designation, rather its importance lies in what it contributes to the significance of the relevant heritage asset itself.

# **Key Heritage Considerations**

- 32. There are no significant heritage constraints to redevelopment of the Appraisal Site. As set out earlier, the site does contribute (to a degree) to the significance of the Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area but this is largely attributed to its western side. In relation to the grade II listed milestone, the Appraisal Site is not considered to contribute to its significance.
- 33. Notwithstanding the above, the following measures could be considered:
  - An area of open space could be retained to the immediate west of the Appraisal Site, adjacent to the Culcheth Conservation Area to assist in reinforcing its former semi-rural position.
  - The water tower within Culcheth (Newchurch) Conservation Area is visible from various points across the Appraisal Site. There is an opportunity to align any new routes through the site to focus on the tower.
  - The existing mature trees contribute to the landscape character and former parkland qualities of the site and should be retained where possible. The arrangement, scale, massing and design of the proposed development could perpetuate the characteristics of the Appraisal Site.
  - The 'Wellfield Wood' runs down the centre of the site together with other extant parkland features such as tree plantations. These could be incorporated into any future development.
  - Although not listed or identified on the local list, consideration could be given to the
    retention of buildings on the site which contribute to the historic development of the area,
    such as Leatherbarrow Farm and Tanners Farm.
- 34. The Masterplan (dated May 2019) has been informed by the identified key heritage considerations. Open space has been retained to the west of the site, aligning routes to the water tower and areas of mature trees and landscaping have been retained. Development of the type and arrangement identified in the Masterplan will sustain the significance of nearby heritage assets.



# LAND NORTH EAST OF CULCHETH

# FLOOD RISK AND UTILITIES APPRAISAL

Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure Ltd.

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Manchester

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C1283/NM/DOR/EAJ/2017112



**Report Title:** Land North East of Culcheth, Warrington

Flood Risk and Utilities Appraisal

Client: Peel Investments (North) Ltd

**Report Status:** Version Rev V6

**Date of First Issue**: Ist September 2017

**Date of Last Issue**: 12<sup>th</sup> June 2019

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Version	Date	Initials	Comments	
V2	28.09.2017	NCM	Updated to reflect new masterplan	
V3	04.07.2018	DOR	Updated to reflect new masterplan	
V4	15.05.2019	NCM	Size of site amended	
V5	11.06.2019	NCM	Updated to reflect new masterplan	
V6	12.06.2019	NCM	Updated to reflect Walker Morris comments	



# **Limitations**

All findings, recommendations and conclusions contained in this report are based on information provided to us during investigations. Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure Ltd. has created the report based on the assumption that all the information is accurate and accepts no liability should additional information exist or become available.

Unless otherwise requested by the client, Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure Ltd. is not obliged to and disclaims any obligation to update the report for events taking place after the date noted on the report.

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significance of its findin
and conclusions drawn are passed on statistical data and are for guidance purposes only. The
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accuracy of water levels, flow rates, and associated probabilities.

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HSE PRE-PLANNING ADVICE



# SECTION I INTRODUCTION

1.1. Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure Ltd (SGi) has been engaged by Peel Investments (North) Limited (hereafter "the Applicant") to provide Preliminary Planning Advice in support of development known as Land North East of Culcheth in the forthcoming representations to the Warrington Local Plan.

# SITE LOCATION

- 1.2. The proposed site is located to the immediate north-east of the village of Culcheth in Warrington. The site extends to 96.1ha in total and consists of agricultural fields and isolated areas of woodland.
  - Nearest Pd
  - OS Coordi
  - OS Grid Re

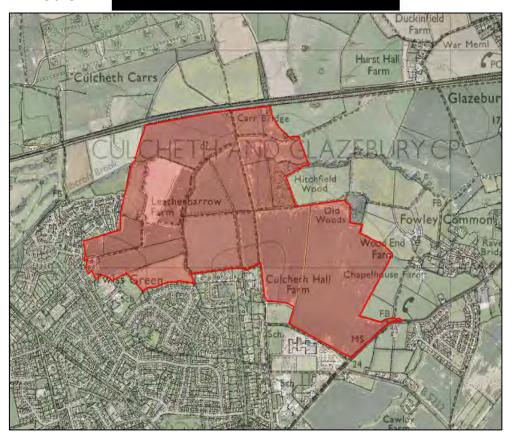


Figure 1.1 Red Line Boundary



# **TOPOGRAPHY**

1.3. Based on Ordnance Survey maps, the site ranges in level between 20-25m AOD and generally falls in level from the south to the north/north east.

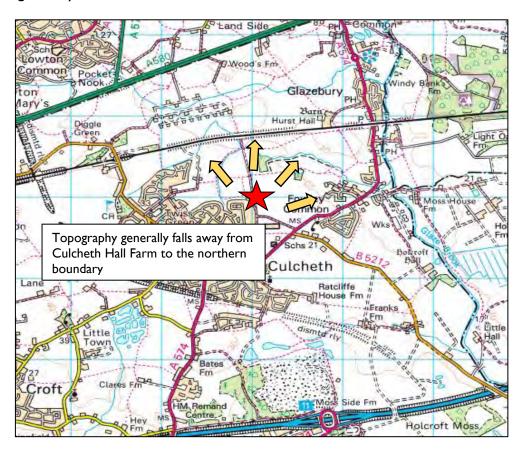


Figure 1.2 Site Plan (OS Map)



# PRELIMINARY PROPOSALS

1.4. The client's conceptual masterplan is shown in Figure 1.3 and Appendix A. This estimates that up to 600 homes could be delivered within the southern and western section of the site. The remainder of the development will consist of country parks to provide a landscape buffer and existing features such as Wellfield Wood, Hitchfield Wood and Jibcroft Brook will be retained and protected.



Figure 1.3 Conceptual Masterplan (Randall Thorp)



# SECTION 2 PRELIMINARY FLOOD RISK ADVICE

# **GOV.UK PLANNING ADVICE MAPS**

2.1. The Gov.UK online Flood Maps provide initial information on any flood zoning onsite. These maps indicate that the majority of the site is located within Flood Zone I (low probability of fluvial flooding) with some small areas close to Jibcroft Brook indicated as Flood Zones 2 and 3 (medium to high probability of fluvial flooding).

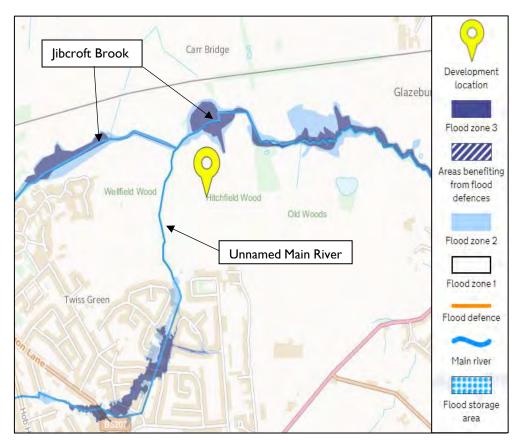


Figure 2.1 Gov.UK Flood Map for Planning



# **ENVIRONMENT AGENCY DATA**

2.2. The latest flood data and maps have been obtained from the Environment Agency (EA) and indicate the same flood zones (Figure 2.2). The Product 4 data also includes estimated flood levels which can be used in conjunction with a topographical survey during the detailed design stage to ascertain if there is any risk of flooding to the site. This information has been included within **Appendix B**.

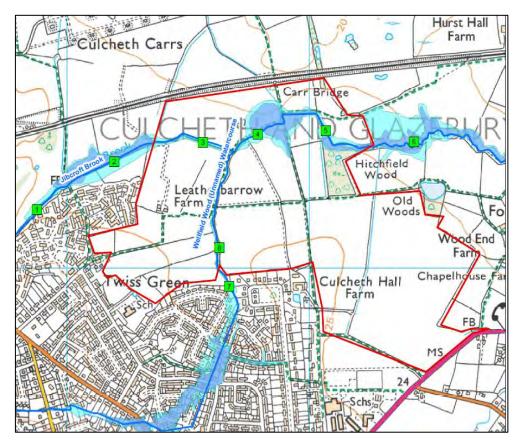


Figure 2.2 Detailed Flood Map (EA)



# **FLOOD ZONE GUIDANCE**

2.3. The Flood Risk and Coastal Change Guidance indicates which, development type is suitable for each Flood Zone as shown in Table 2.1 & 2.2.

Flood	Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification						
Zone	Essential Infrastructure	Highly Vulnerable	More Vulnerable	Less Vulnerable	Water Compatible		
ı	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2	✓	Exception Test Required	✓	✓	✓		
3a	Exception Test Required	x	Exception Test Required	✓	✓		
3b	Excertion To Req				<b>√</b>		

υ	• Police stations, Ambulance stations and Fire stations and Command Centres.
≱le ab	Emergency dispersal points.
<u>[편</u> 되	Basement dwellings.
Highly Vulnerable	• Caravans, mobile homes & park homes intended for permanent residential use
	<ul> <li>Installations requiring hazardous substances consent.</li> </ul>
a)	Hospitals.
aplo	Residential institutions
More Vulnerable	• Residential dwelling, student halls, drinking establishments/nightclubs and hotels
스 호	• Non-residential - Health services, nurseries and educational establishments.
	• Landfill and sites used for waste management facilities for hazardous waste.
	Police, ambulance and fire stations which are not required during a flood.
	• Shops; financial, professional and other services; restaurants and cafes; hot
<u> </u>	food takeaways; offices; general industry; storage and distribution; non-
rab	residential institutions not included in 'more vulnerable'; and assembly and
luel	leisure.
	<ul> <li>Land and buildings used for agriculture and forestry.</li> </ul>
ess Vulnerable	<ul> <li>Waste treatment (except landfill and hazardous waste facilities).</li> </ul>
تّ	<ul> <li>Minerals working and processing (except for sand and gravel working).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Water treatment works which are not required during times of flood.</li> </ul>
	Sewage treatment works.

**Table 2.2 Development Types (Abstract)** 

2.4. The conceptual masterplan indicates that all residential development (i.e. more vulnerable development) will be in the southern and western part of the site, with a landscaped corridor around the unnamed main river through Wellfield Wood. Consequently all 'more vulnerable' development will be located within Flood Zone 1. Therefore, the client's preliminary proposals meet the requirements of the NPPF.



# SECTION 3 EXISTING DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE

### **PUBLIC SEWERS**

3.1. The public sewers in the vicinity of the proposed site are owned and maintained by United Utilities (UU). Copies of their records have been requested and are included in **Appendix C** of this report.

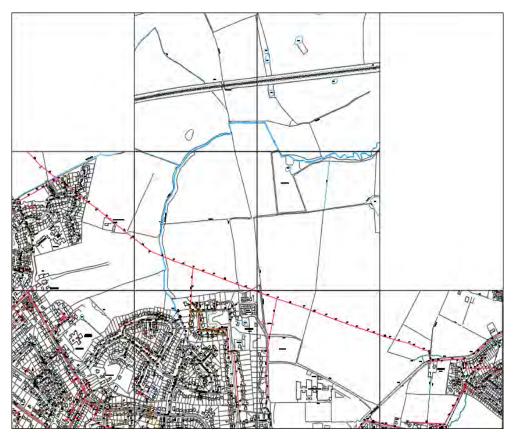


Figure 3.1 Combined UU Sewer Plan

### **Surface Water Sewers**

3.2. According to United Utilities records there does not appear to be any surface water sewers onsite. The surface water sewers that collect and convey runoff from the surrounding developments discharge into the surrounding waterbodies.

#### **Foul Water Sewers**

3.3. According to United Utilities records there does not appear to be any foul water sewers onsite. Foul water sewers which collect effluent from the surrounding developments discharge directly/indirectly into the onsite combined sewer.

### **Combined Water Sewers**

3.4. According to United Utilities records there is a 450mm diameter combined water sewers which passes through the site. The sewer flows in a west to east direction



and is between 2m and 4m deep. Based on the diameter and depth there is likely to be a requirement for a 4m offset each side of the centreline of the sewer (Sewers for Adoption 6<sup>th</sup> Edition).

# **PRIVATE DRAINAGE**

3.5. There is no known private drainage onsite.

### PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE

# **Surface Water Drainage**

- 3.6. Based on the topography and development proposals/location it should be possible to discharge any runoff from the development into the onsite waterbodies. This is in accordance with the runoff destination hierarchy set out in Paragraph 080 of the Flood Risk and
- 3.7. Note that any s and/or Lead Local Flood Authority, dependent on the type of watercourse.

# Foul Water Drainage

3.8. Foul effluent generated by the development should be able to connect into the onsite combined sewer. At the stage the need for off-site reinforcement is unknown and United Utilities should be consulted as soon as practically possible.

# **Sewer Diversions**

3.9. At this stage, it is difficult to assess if any sewer diversions would be required. More information is required and any diversion can be addressed at a later stage.



# **SECTION 4 UTILITIES INFRASTRUCTURE**

#### **ELECTRICITY**

- 4.1. Electricity in the area is supplied by Electricity North West (ENW). There records identify a 33kV overhead transmission line passing through the centre of the site and 11kV cables within Warrington Road and Hurst Lane. There are also LV cables to the south, west and eastern boundaries which serve the existing residential areas.
- 4.2. The need for offsite reinforcement to meet the power demands of the development is unknown. Discussions with ENW should be undertaken as soon as practically possible.

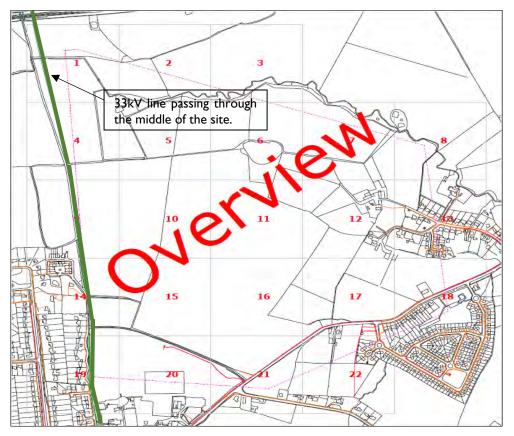


Figure 4.1 Electricity Assets- East of Site (ENW)

4.3. A copy of the ENW asset records has been included within **Appendix D**.

# **TELECOMMUNICATION**

4.4. Openreach records show services around the perimeter of the site serving the existing dwellings. Their records do not show any services onsite but telecom poles and overhead cables were noted onsite. These appear to be serving the onsite farm buildings.



- 4.5. A supply from the existing perimeter infrastructure may be possible but it is unknown if there is sufficient capacity available at this time. Discussions with Openreach should be undertaken as soon as practically possible.
- 4.6. A copy of Openreach records has been included within **Appendix E**.

### **MAINS WATER**

4.7. United Utilities records show services around the perimeter of the site and a 6" PV main passing through the eastern section of the site. These appear to be serving the onsite farm buildings.

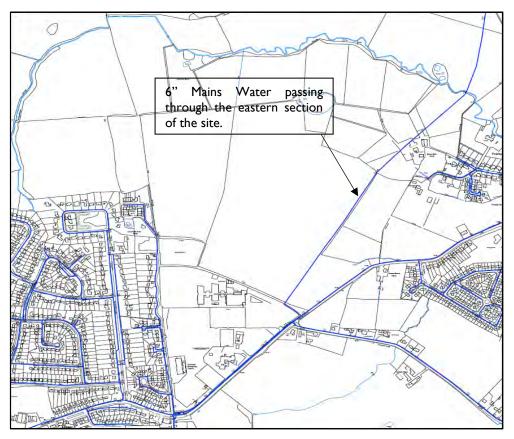


Figure 4.2 UU Eastern Record Plans

- 4.8. It is unknown at this stage whether there is sufficient capacity available for the proposals, or whether offsite reinforcement to meet the water supply demands of the development will be required. Discussions with UU should be undertaken as soon as is practical.
- 4.9. A copy of the UU asset records has been included within **Appendix C**.



## **GAS**

- 4.10. Cadent/National Grid records show services around the perimeter of the site and a National High Pressure main (NHP) passing through the centre of the site. Due to the scale/quality of the records any further information such as size, depth etc. is obscured. This NHP main is likely to have an associated easement but the exact dimensions are unknown at this stage.
- 4.11. The need for offsite reinforcement to meet the gas supply demands of the development is unknown. Discussions with Cadent/National Grid should be undertaken as soon as practically possible.

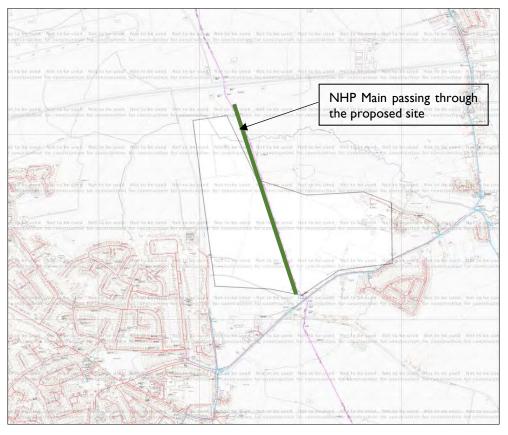


Figure 4.3 Cadent Gas Record Plans

4.12. A copy of Cadent/National Grid records has been included within **Appendix F**.



# SECTION 5 HEALTH AND SAFETY EXECUTIVE CHECK

5.1. A preliminary consultation with the Health and Safety Executive indicated that the proposed site is located near or on a major hazard site or major accident hazard pipeline. The plans provided highlighted two risk areas.

### **NHP MAIN**

5.2. The National High Pressure main that passes through the centre of the site is considered a major accident hazard pipeline. The HSE have assessed the risk and applied a "consultation distance" which consists of three zones.

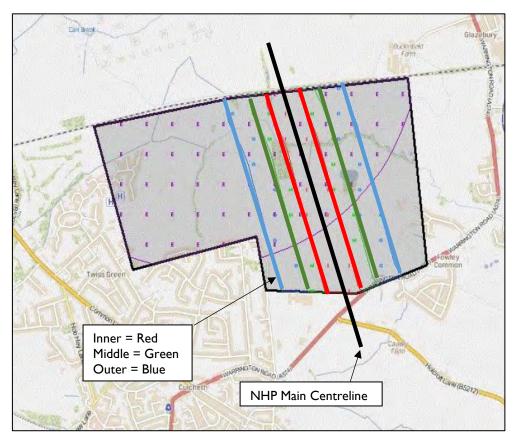


Figure 5.1 Planning Advice Map - NHP Main (HSE)

# **Consultation Zoning**

5.3. The consultation distance consists of three zones known as the Inner, Middle and Outer. These zones along with the sensitivity level of the development (**Table 5.1**) will determine if the HSE will advise against the proposed development (**Table 5.2**).



Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

Б							
Development Type	Examples	Development Detail and Size	Justification				
	Houses, flats, retirement flats / bungalows, residential caravans, mobile homes	Developments up to and including 30 dwelling units and at a density of no more than 40 per hectare (Level 2)	Development where people live or are temporarily resident. It may be difficult to organise people in the event of an emergency				
	Exclusions						
DT2.1	Very small developments including infill and back land developments	DT2.1 x I Developments of I or 2 dwelling units (Level I)	Minimal increase in numbers at risk				
Housing		DT2.1 x 2 Larger developments for more than 30 dwelling units	Substantial increase in numbers at risk				
		more than 40 dwelling units per hectare (Level 3)	igh density development				

**Table 5.1 HSE Development Classification** 

Level of Sensitivity	Developments in Inner Zone	Development in Middle Zone	Development in Outer Zone	
1	Don't Advise Against	Don't Advise Against	Don't Advise Against	
2	Advise Against	Don't Advise Against	Don't Advise Against	
3	Advise Against	Advise Against	Don't Advise Against	
4	Advise Against	Advise Against	Advise Against	

**Table 5.2 HSE Decision Matrix** 

5.4. The development proposals would be considered a **Level 3** type and as such should only occur in the outer zone. Due to the scale of the proposals, the Additional Rule I would apply and it would be considered a Straddling development.

# **Straddling Development**

- 5.5. Development types that 'straddle' over zone boundaries will normally be considered as being in the innermost zone to the major hazard unless the following conditions apply, in which case the development type will be considered to be in the outermost of the zones:
  - Less than 10% of the area marked on the application for that particular development type is inside that boundary



- Only landscaping (including house gardens), car parking, parks and open spaces, golf courses or access roads etc. associated with the development; that are permitted in the inner of the zones.
- 5.6. The site conceptual masterplan shows that no housing is proposed within the inner zone, and only a small portion within the middle zone. The land within the inner zone is designated as a country park and open land which is permitted in this zone.
- 5.7. Discussions with Cadent are currently ongoing in order to ascertain the material of the LHP pipe main, and whether it is a heavy walled pipe. If the pipe is 'heavy walled' then, after discussion with the HSE, the consultation distances may be narrowed.

# **GLAZEBURY ORICA EXPLOSIVES STORAGE DEPOT**

5.8. The Glazebury Cristian Company of the site and is classed as a maj and indicated an explosive interest zone as

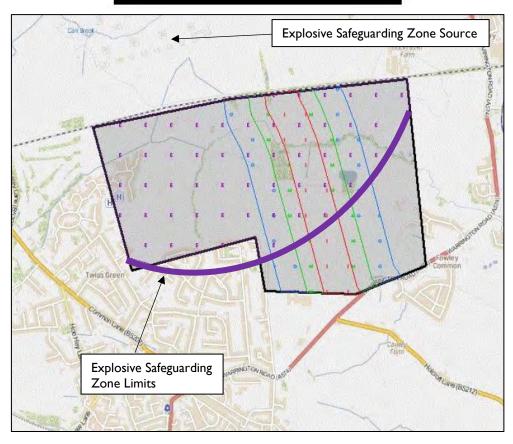


Figure 5.2 Planning Advice Map - Glazebury Orica (HSE)

5.9. We would recommend that discussions with the HSE Explosives Inspectorate are undertaken as soon as practically possible to assess whether this zoning has any impact on the development proposals.



# SECTION 6 CONCLUSION

- 6.1. This preliminary planning advice statement provides an overview of the existing infrastructure on or around the proposed site and evaluates flood risk issues that may potentially influence the conceptual masterplan. In summary, the statement confirms that:
  - a) The proposed residential areas are located within Flood Zone I (low probability of fluvial flooding). In accordance with the Flood Risk and Coastal Change Guidance, all development proposals are acceptable in the flood zones.
  - b) The proposed surface water runoff generated by the proposals should discharge to one or more of the state of the state
  - c) The proposed for the site in a west to east direction. Flow rates and any offsite/onsite upgrade works are to be agreed with United Utilities.
  - d) Any combined water sewer diversions should be investigated further once the masterplan layout is fixed.
  - e) Early discussions with Electricity North West are required to establish the proposed electricity route(s) to the site.
  - f) The existing Openreach infrastructure that surrounds the site could be able to cater for the site proposals. Consultation with Openreach should be undertaken to confirm this.
  - g) Discussions with United Utilities is required to establish the proposed mains water route(s) to the site.
  - h) Consultation with Cadent is ongoing to confirm the pipe material of the NHP main and its associated onsite easement. Discussion is also required to establish the future proposed gas main route(s) to the site.
  - i) Further discussions with Health and Safety Executive are required to confirm consulting distances associated with the NHP main and the Glazebury Orica site. Upon confirmation, the conceptual masterplan can be adjusted to suit to avoid any future objections during the planning process.

# Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# **APPENDIX A**



LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING MASTERPLANNING URBAN DESIGN



Canada House, 3 Chepstow Street, Manchester M1 5FW 0161 228 7721 mail@randallthorp.co.uk www.randallthorp.co.uk

# Key

Proposed site boundary

Existing vegetation

Existing watercourses and waterbodies

Proposed woodland buffer

Proposed tree and woodland planting

Proposed development cell

Proposed Culcheth Country Park

Proposed open space

Potential school extension

Sites with planning applications / recently developed

Proposed new sports pitches

Retained PRoWs

Proposed pedestrian links

Proposed primary road

Proposed secondary road

Proposed car parks

Proposed vehicular access

Proposed access to Culcheth High School

Potential emergency link

Proposed allotments

Proposed SuDS

Proposed NEAP

Proposed LEAP

NB: Masterplan subject to change following detailed survey work



# **Warrington Local Plan Sites**

North East Culcheth Illustra e Masterplan

Drwg No: 630DC-21

Drawn by: SR

Rev by:

QM Status: Checked

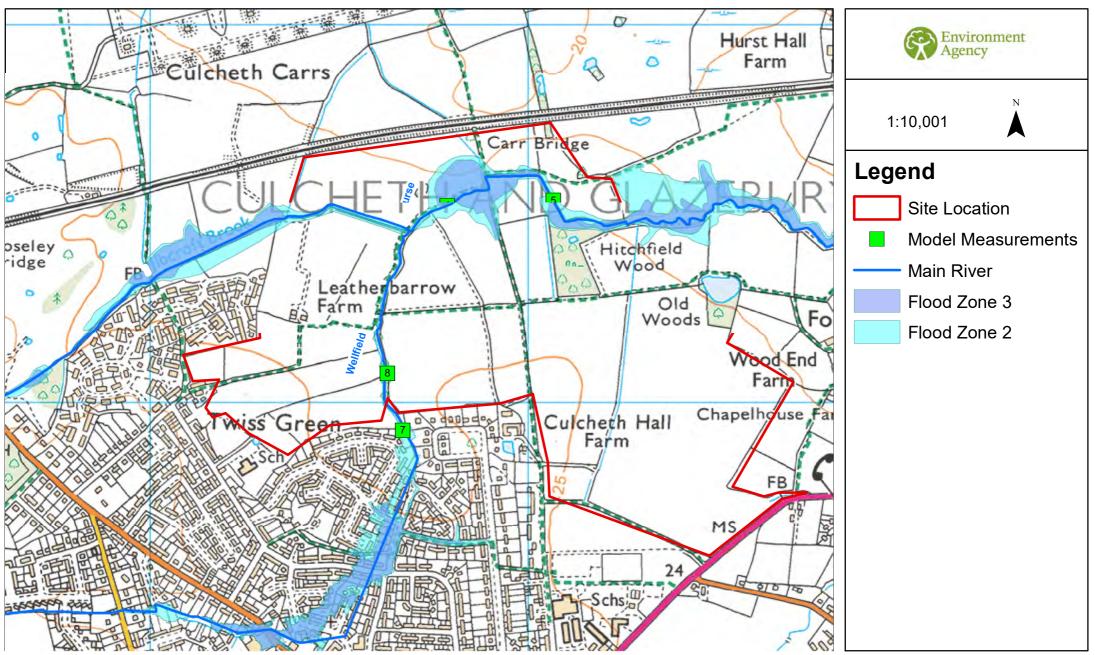
Con every control of the control o

Scale: NTS

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# **APPENDIX B**

# Detailed Flood Map centred North-East of Culcheth, Warrington. Created 08/08/2017 [GMM55801AB]



8th August 2017 GMMC55801AB

				Undefended			
Map Reference	Model Node Reference	Easting	Northing	Data	1 % AEP (1 in 100 year)	1 % AEP (1 in 100 year) + Climate Change*	0.1 % AEP (1 in 1000 year)
1		364877	396228	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	23.33	23.40	23.51
,		304011		Modelled Flow (cumecs)	4.81	5.77	9.03
2		365195	396416	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	21.37	21.40	21.46
2		303133	330410	Modelled Flow (cumecs)	4.81	5.77	9.03
3		365561	396491	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	20.03	20.09	20.20
J	Jibcroft Brook 2008		390491	Modelled Flow (cumecs)	5.19	6.22	9.66
4	Olboroit Brook 2000		365787 396522	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	19.31	19.38	19.52
			000022	Modelled Flow (cumecs)	6.27	7.52	11.48
5		366068	396536	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	17.98	18.04	18.17
Ü		300006		Modelled Flow (cumecs)	6.27	7.52	11.48
6		366431	366431 396493	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	17.22	17.29	17.45
Ü	300431	000401		Modelled Flow (cumecs)	7.02	8.42	12.74
7		365670	395928	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	22.12	22.16	22.19
'			333320	Modelled Flow (cumecs)	1.97	2.19	2.33
8	Wellfield Wood Unnamed 2010	365629	396079	Modelled Water Level (m aodN)	20.77	20.82	20.85
-0	8	303029 390079	Modelled Flow (cumecs)	1.96	2.19	2.33	

Model data taken from Jibcroft Brook 2008 Study & Wellfield Wood Unnamed 2010 Study

AEP - Annual Exceedence Probability

m aodN - metres above ordnance datum Newlyn

cumecs - cubic metres per second

Notes:

For further guidance on climate change within the GMMC area please see the attachment 'Flood risk assessments: Climate change allowances'. Particularly section 3, table B which shows the Local precautionary allowances for potential climate change impacts.

<sup>\*</sup>Climate Change Scenario - 20% increase in flow. We only hold climate change measurements based on the previous climate change guidance. The new climate change guidance is available at https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-climate-change-allowances. The location of the site and the type (vulnerability) of development determine the climate change allowances to consider in any flood risk assessment.

Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# **APPENDIX C**



Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure SGi Consulting Colchester House 40 Peter Street

Manchester M2 5GP

FAO: Natalia Marsden

**Dear Sirs** 

#### Location:

**United Utilites Water Limited** 

Property Searches Ground Floor Grasmere House Lingley Mere Business Park Great Sankey Warrington WA5 3LP

Telephone 0370 751 0101

#### Property.searches@uuplc.co.uk

Your Ref: LAND AT CULCHETH- EAST OF §

Our Ref: 1319667 Date: 21/8/2017

I acknowledge with thanks your request dated 18/08/17 for information on the location of our services.

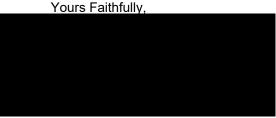
Please find enclosed plans showing the approximate position of our apparatus known to be in the vicinity of this site.

The enclosed plans are being provided to you subject to the United Utilities terms and conditions for both the wastewater and water distribution plans which are shown attached.

If you are planning works anywhere in the North West, please read our access statement before you start work to check how it will affect our network. http://www.unitedutilities.com/work-near-asset.aspx.

I trust the above meets with you requirements and look forward to hearing from you should you need anything further.

If you have any queries regarding this matter please telephone us on 0370 7510101.



Karen McCormack Property Searches Manager

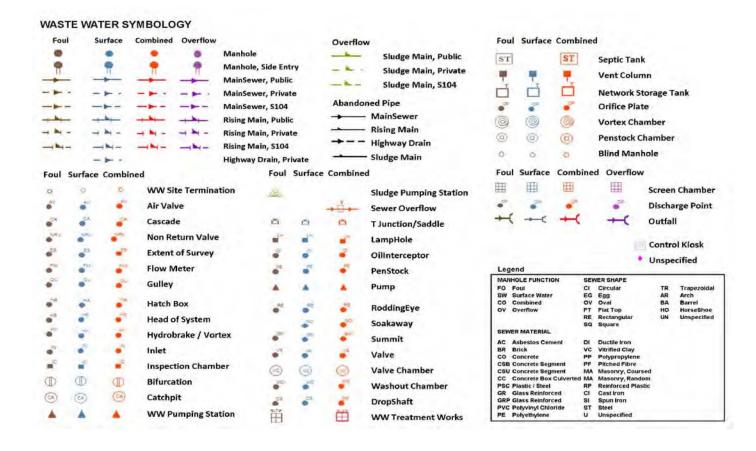
### TERMS AND CONDITIONS - WASTERWATER & WATER DISTRIBUTION PLANS

These provisions apply to the public sewerage, water distribution and telemetry systems (including sewers which are the subject of an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 and mains installed in accordance with the agreement for the self-construction of water mains) (UUWL apparatus) of United Utilities Water Limited "(UUWL)".

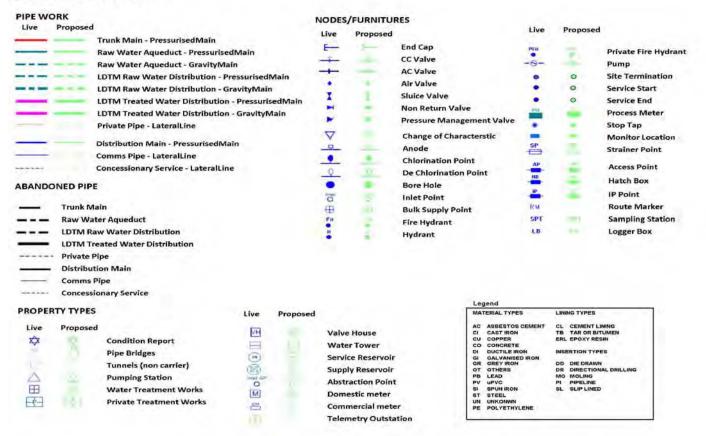
#### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS:**

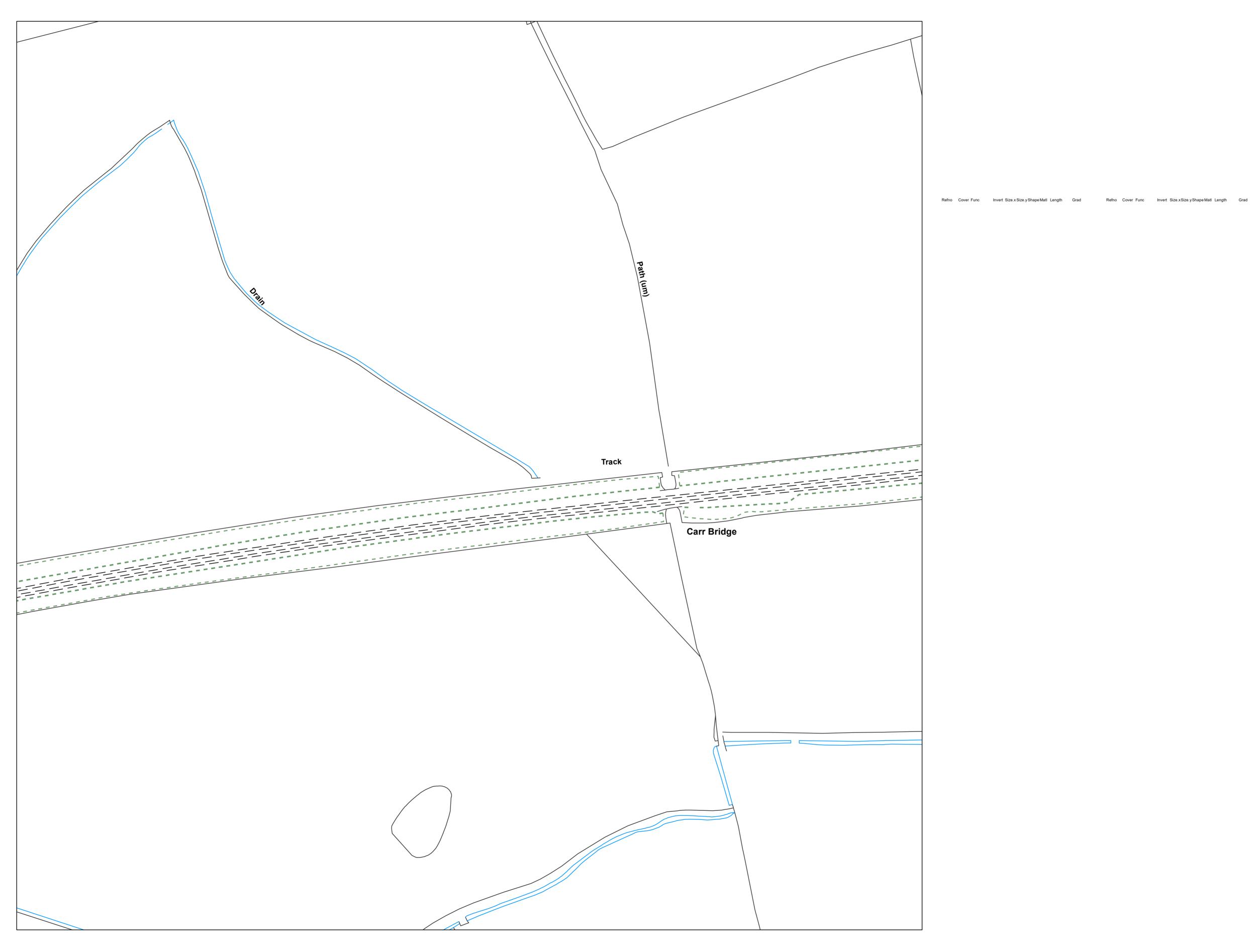
- 1. This Map and any information supplied with it is issued subject to the provisions contained below, to the exclusion of all others and no party relies upon any representation, warranty, collateral contract or other assurance of any person (whether party to this agreement or not) that is not set out in this agreement or the documents referred to in it.
- 2. This Map and any information supplied with it is provided for general guidance only and no representation, undertaking or warranty as to its accuracy, completeness or being up to date is given or implied.
- In particular, the position and depth of any UUWL apparatus shown on the Map are approximate only and given in accordance with the best information available. The nature of the relevant system and/or its actual position may be different from that shown on the plan and UUWL is not liable for any damage caused by incorrect information provided save as stated in section 199 of the Water Industry Act 1991. UUWL strongly recommends that a comprehensive survey is undertaken in addition to reviewing this Map to determine and ensure the precise location of any UUWL apparatus. The exact location, positions and depths should be obtained by excavation trial holes.
- 4. The location and position of private drains, private sewers and service pipes to properties are not normally shown on this Map but their presence must be anticipated and accounted for and you are strongly advised to carry out your own further enquiries and investigations in order to locate the same.
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- 8. If any provision contained herein is or becomes legally invalid or unenforceable, it will be taken to be severed from the remaining provisions which shall be unaffected and continue in full force and affect.
- 9. This agreement shall be governed by English law and all parties submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the English courts, save that nothing will prevent UUWL from bringing proceedings in any other competent jurisdiction, whether concurrently or otherwise.





#### **CLEAN WATER SYMBOLOGY**





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DI Ductile Iron

PF Pitch Fibre

MAC Masonry, Coursed

MAR Masonry, Random

U Unspecified

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride

WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY

Foul Surface Combined

e dir Valve

WW Site Termination

Non Return Valve

🎳 🎳 Extent of Survey

Head of System

Inspection Chamber

WW Pumping Station

🗂 🗂 🗂 T Junction/Saddle

🦟 🌝 🔞 Valve Chamber ● Washout Chamber

WW Treatment Works

ST Septic Tank

Blind Manhole

TR Trapezoidal

LEGEND

Network Storage Tank

🔐 🔐 💕 Orifice Plate O O O Vortex Chamber 

Screen Chamber

Discharge Point

+ ( + ( Outfall

MANHOLE FUNCTION

AC Asbestos Cement

RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix

CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted

CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite

GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete

GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic

PE Polyethylene

CO Concrete

SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular

FO Foul

EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square SEWER MATERIAL

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

🔐 🧬 PropShaft

→ i→ Sewer Overflow

🖎 🖎 🥝 Catchpit

🎳 🎳 Hydrobrake/Vortex

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

— — — — — — Rising Main, S104

Contaminated Surface Water

Sludge Pumping Station

Highway Drain, Private

Sludge Main, Public — 느 - Sludge Main, Private

— 🛰 — Sludge Main, S104

CK Control Kiosk

Unspecified

**ABANDONED PIPE** 

→ MainSewer Rising Main → - - Highway Drain → Sludge Main

OS Sheet No: SJ6596NE

Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017

0 Nodes

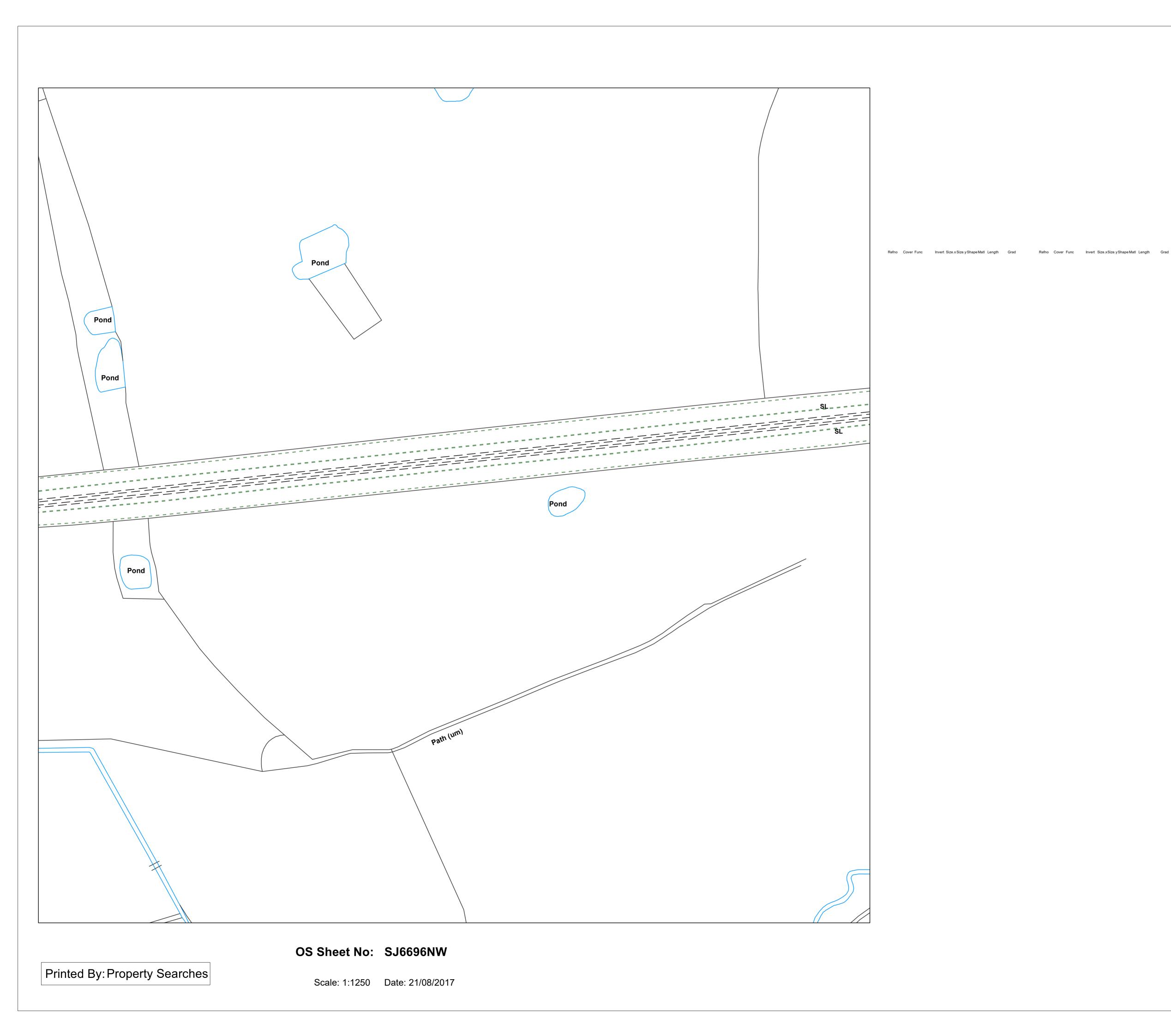
Sheet 1 of 1



**SEWER RECORDS** 

OS Sheet No: SJ6596NE

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— 🛌 - 👝 - — 🛌 - MainSewer, Private — **— — — — — — — Main**Sewer, S104 Rising Main, Public - - - - - - - Rising Main, Private — — — — — — Rising Main, S104 Highway Drain, Private ---Foul Surface Combined WW Site Termination Sludge Main, Public — 🟲 - Sludge Main, Private e ar∨alve e arvalve — 🛰 — Sludge Main, S104 🔐 🔐 Cascade Non Return Valve ABANDONED PIPE 🎳 🎳 🎳 Extent of Survey → MainSewer 🎳 🎳 🎳 Flow Meter Rising Main → - - Highway Drain HA Hatch Box Sludge Main Head of System Hydrobrake / Vortex Inspection Chamber Bifurcation 🖎 🖎 🙆 Catchpit Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → i→ Sewer Overflow 🗂 🗂 🗂 T Junction/Saddle OilInterceptor 🎳 🎳 Soakaway 🦟 🌝 🔞 Valve Chamber ● Washout Chamber 🔐 🧬 PropShaft WW Treatment Works SEPtic Tank ☐ ☐ ☐ Network Storage Tank 🔐 🔐 💕 Orifice Plate O O Vortex Chamber Blind Manhole Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified + ( + ( Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** TR Trapezoidal CI Circular EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square SEWER MATERIAL DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride PE Polyethylene RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted Pitch Fibre CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432.

WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

Manhole

OS Sheet No: SJ6696NW Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017

> 0 Nodes Sheet 1 of 1

United



**SEWER RECORDS** 



 
 Refno
 Cover Func
 Invert Size.x Size.y Shape Matl
 Length
 Grad

 5100
 22.28
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 688

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 CI
 CO
 85.22

 7001
 23.51
 CO

 8000
 24.24
 CO
 19.24
 450
 CI
 CO
 98.4
 229

 9000
 24.91
 CO
 CO
 10.24
 450
 CI
 CO
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 229
 Refno Cover Func Invert Size.xSize.yShapeMatl Length Grad

— — — — — — Rising Main, S104 Highway Drain, Private Foul Surface Combined WW Site Termination ——— Sludge Main, Public — 느 - Sludge Main, Private 🞳 🞳 🍧 Air∨alve — ► – Sludge Main, S104 Non Return Valve ABANDONED PIPE 🎳 🎳 🎳 Extent of Survey → MainSewer 🎒 💮 Flow Meter Rising Main → - - Highway Drain ------ Sludge Main 🎳 🎳 Head of System 🎳 🎳 Hydrobrake / Vortex Inspection Chamber 🐼 🖎 બ Catchpit Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → i→ Sewer Overflow 🗂 🗂 🗂 T Junction/Saddle OilInterceptor √c √c Valve Chamber Washout Chamber 🞳 🞳 🔓 DropShaft WW Treatment Works ST Septic Tank Network Storage Tank 💞 🞳 💕 Orifice Plate O O Vortex Chamber Blind Manhole Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified + C + Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular TR Trapezoidal EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square SEWER MATERIAL DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride PE Polyethylene RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted Pitch Fibre CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432. OS Sheet No: SJ6596SE Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017 6 Nodes

WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

Manhole

Sheet 1 of 1



**SEWER RECORDS** 

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Refno Cover Func Invert Size.x Size.y Shape Matl Length Grad Refno Cover Func Invert Size.xSize.yShapeMatl Length Grad

— — — — — — — Rising Main, S104 Highway Drain, Private Foul Surface Combined WW Site Termination ——— Sludge Main, Public — 🛌 - Sludge Main, Private e dir Valve — ► – Sludge Main, S104 Non Return Valve **ABANDONED PIPE** Extent of Survey → MainSewer Flow Meter Rising Main → - - Highway Drain Sludge Main Head of System 🎳 🎳 Hydrobrake/Vortex Inspection Chamber 🐼 🖎 🥝 Catchpit Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → i→ Sewer Overflow 🗂 🗂 🖰 TJunction/Saddle OilInterceptor √c √c Valve Chamber Washout Chamber 🞳 🞳 🔓 DropShaft WW Treatment Works ST Septic Tank Network Storage Tank 💞 🞳 💕 Orifice Plate O O Vortex Chamber O O O Blind Manhole Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified **+**( **+**< **+**( Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular TR Trapezoidal EG Egg AR Arch OV Oval FT Flat Top HO HorseShoe RE Rectangular UN Unspecified SQ Square **SEWER MATERIAL** DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride BR Brick PE Polyethylene Cast Iron RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix Spun Iron CO Concrete Steel VC Vitrified Clay CSB Concrete Segment Bolted Polypropylene CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted PF Pitch Fibre CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432.

WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

OS Sheet No: SJ6696SW

Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017

0 Nodes

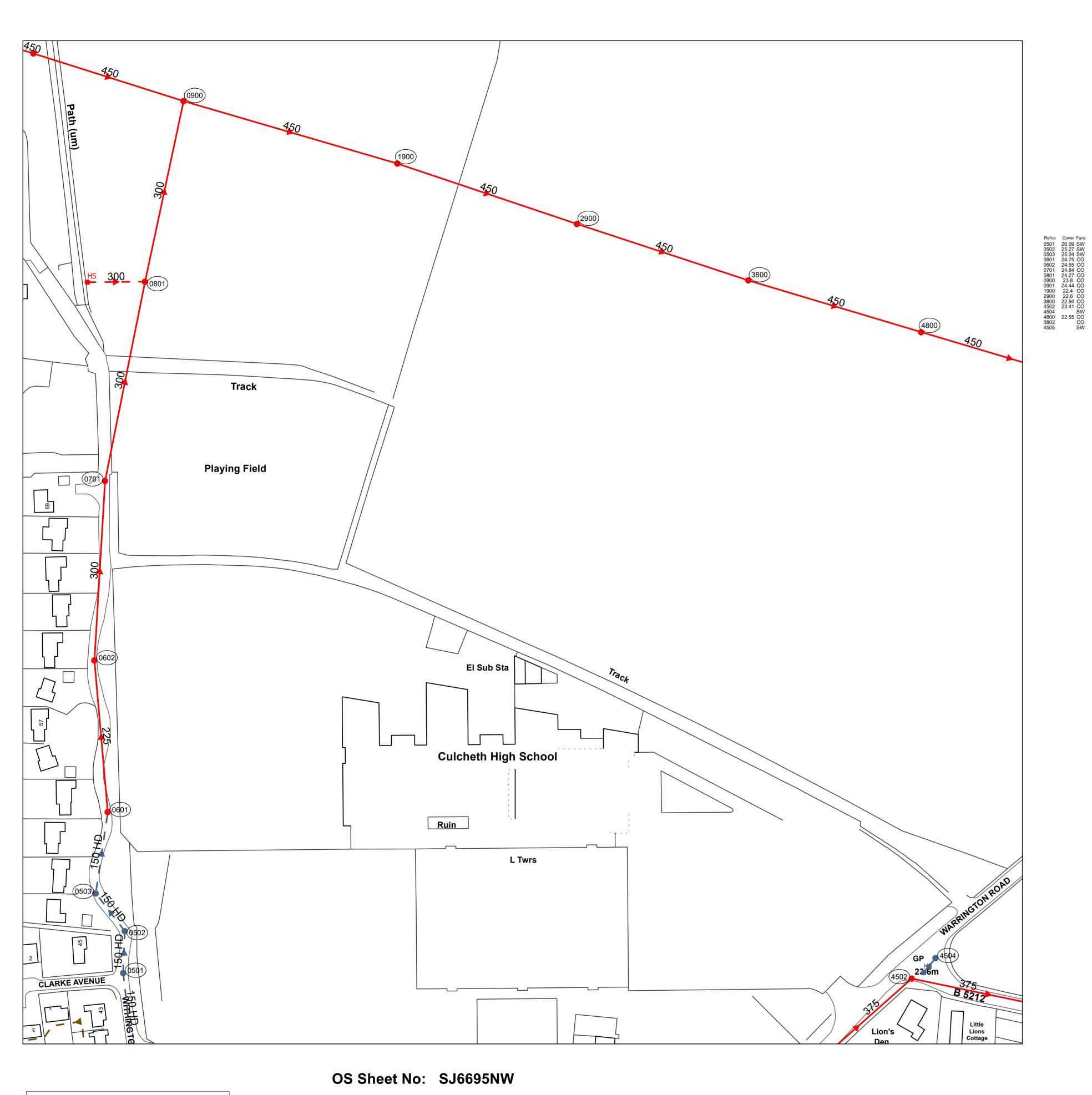
Sheet 1 of 1



**SEWER RECORDS** 

OS Sheet No: SJ6696SW

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Surface Combined Overflow — — — — — — — Rising Main, S104 Highway Drain, Private Foul Surface Combined WW Site Termination Sludge Main, Public — 🛌 - Sludge Main, Private 🞳 🞳 🍧 Air∨alve — ► – Sludge Main, S104 Non Return Valve ABANDONED PIPE 🎳 🎳 Extent of Survey → MainSewer Flow Meter Rising Main → - - Highway Drain → Sludge Main 🎳 🎳 Head of System ● Hydrobrake / Vortex Inspection Chamber 🐼 🖎 બ Catchpit Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → Sewer Overflow 🗂 🗂 🖰 TJunction/Saddle OilInterceptor vo Valve Chamber Washout Chamber DropShaft WW Treatment Works Septic Tank Network Storage Tank 💞 🞳 💕 Orifice Plate Vortex Chamber Blind Manhole Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified + ( + ( Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow SEWER SHAPE CI Circular TR Trapezoidal EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride PE Polyethylene CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted Pitch Fibre CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432. OS Sheet No: SJ6695NW Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017 17 Nodes Sheet 1 of 1

United

ping life flow smoothly

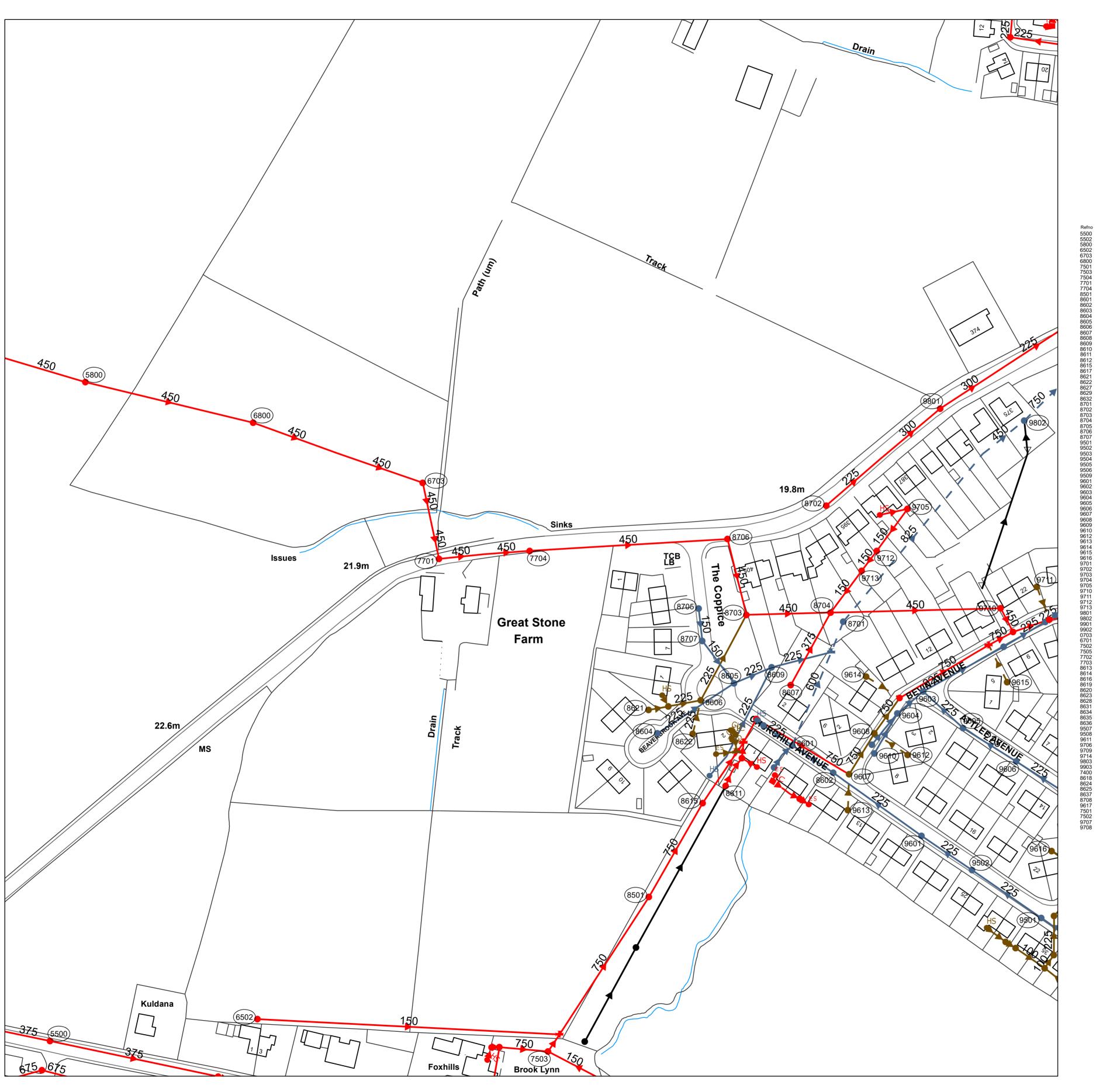
**SEWER RECORDS** 

**WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY** 

| Invert Size.x Size.y Shape Matl Length | Grad | 24.02 | 150 | CI | VC | 20.94 | 81 | 23.76 | 150 | CI | VC | 23.84 | 85 |

Refno Cover Func Invert Size.xSize.yShapeMatl Length Grad

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OS Sheet No: SJ6695NE

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Scale: 1:1250 Date: 21/08/2017

			:	-	Manhole Manhole, Side Entry
_	<u>n</u>	17	- <del>-</del>		MainSewer, Public
=	_				MainSewer, Private MainSewer, S104
+	-				Rising Main, Public Rising Main, Private
-					Rising Main, S104
		-			Highway Drain, Private
Foul	Surface o	Combine	ed WW Site Term	ination	
AV	AV	AV	Air Valve	mation	Sludge Main, Public — - Sludge Main, Private
CA	CA	CA	Cascade		— — Sludge Main, S104
NRV	NRV	NRV	Non Return Va	alve	ABANDONED PIPE
ES	● <sup>ES</sup>	● <sup>ES</sup>	Extent of Surve	ey	→ MainSewer
FM GU	FM _GU	FM GU	Flow Meter		Rising Main
НА	НА	НА	Gulley Hatch Box		→
HS	HS	HS	Head of Syster	m	Slooge Wall
HY	HY	HY	Hydrobrake/\		
•IN	•IN	e <sup>IN</sup>	Inlet		
■IC	⊒ic Æ	ic	Inspection Cha	amber	
0	<b>(1)</b>	0	Bifurcation		
(CA)	(CA)	(A)	Catchpit Contaminated	Surface Water	•
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A			Sludge Pumpii		
_		<b>→</b> •	Sewer Overflo		
西	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	T Junction/Sac	ddle	
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<u> </u>	A	<u> </u>	Pump		
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		□ 	Network Storag	ge Tank	
<b>©</b>	<b>°</b>	<u>•</u>	Orifice Plate Vortex Chambe	ar.	
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Foul	Surface C	combined Ov	erflow Screen Chambe	i	CK Control Kiosk
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+(	+(	+-( →	Outfall		Onspecified
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CO OV	Combir Overflo				
<b>SEW</b> CI	ER SHAI	_	TR Trapezoida	al	
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OV	Oval		BA Barrel		
FT RE	Flat Top		HO HorseShoe UN Unspecifie		
SQ	Square	J=141	Onspeome	-	
	ER MATE				<b></b>
AC BR	Asbes Brick	tos Cemen	t	DI PVC	Ductile Iron Polyvinyl Chloride
PE		thylene		CI	Cast Iron
RP		orced Plasti	c Matrix	SI	Spun Iron
CO CSB	Concre	ete ete Segmen	t Bolted	ST VC	Steel Vitrified Clay
CSU		ete Segmen		PP	Polypropylene
СС		ete Box Cul		PF	Pitch Fibre
PSC GRC		c/Steel Com Reinforced		MAC MAR	<b>,</b> , -
GRE		Reinforced		MAR U	Masonry, Random Unspecified
cordan r any l	ce with	the best ir damage c	nformation currer	ntly available. ctual position	nis plan is approximate only and is given United Utilities Water will not accept liabeing different from those shown. Consideration of the Consideration of
pyright					
pyright					

109 Nodes

Sheet 1 of 1



**SEWER RECORDS** 



# Extract from Map of Water Mains

The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available

The actual positions may be different from those shown on the plan, private service pipes may be shown where a known record is available.

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United Utilities Water Limited 2014

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Land At Culcheth - East Of Site

Printed By: Property Searches Date: 21/08/2017

## DO NOT SCALE

Approximate Scale: 1:5000





Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure SGi Consulting Colchester House 40 Peter Street

Manchester M2 5GP

FAO:

Dear Sirs

Location:

#### **United Utilites Water Limited**

Property Searches Ground Floor Grasmere House Lingley Mere Business Park Great Sankey Warrington WA5 3LP

Telephone 0370 751 0101

#### Property.searches@uuplc.co.uk

Your Ref: LAND AT CULCHETH- WEST OF:

Our Ref: 1319260 Date: 18/8/2017

I acknowledge with thanks your request dated 17/08/17 for information on the location of our services.

Please find enclosed plans showing the approximate position of our apparatus known to be in the vicinity of this site.

The enclosed plans are being provided to you subject to the United Utilities terms and conditions for both the wastewater and water distribution plans which are shown attached.

If you are planning works anywhere in the North West, please read our access statement before you start work to check how it will affect our network. http://www.unitedutilities.com/work-near-asset.aspx.

I trust the above meets with you requirements and look forward to hearing from you should you need anything further.

If you have any queries regarding this matter please telephone us on 0370 7510101.



Karen McCormack Property Searches Manager

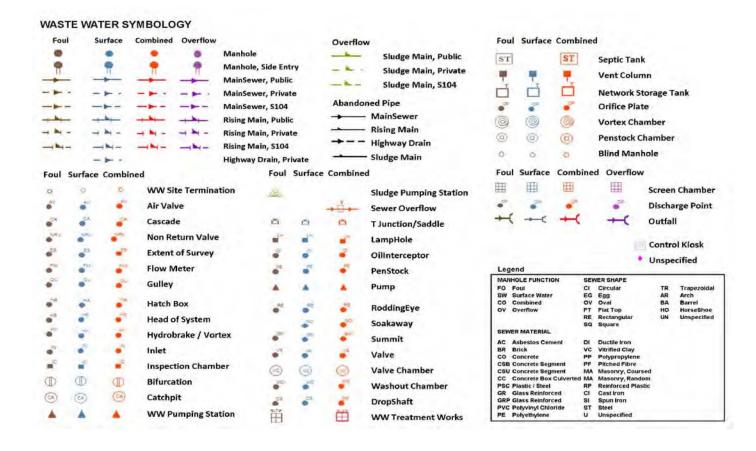
#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS - WASTERWATER & WATER DISTRIBUTION PLANS

These provisions apply to the public sewerage, water distribution and telemetry systems (including sewers which are the subject of an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 and mains installed in accordance with the agreement for the self-construction of water mains) (UUWL apparatus) of United Utilities Water Limited "(UUWL)".

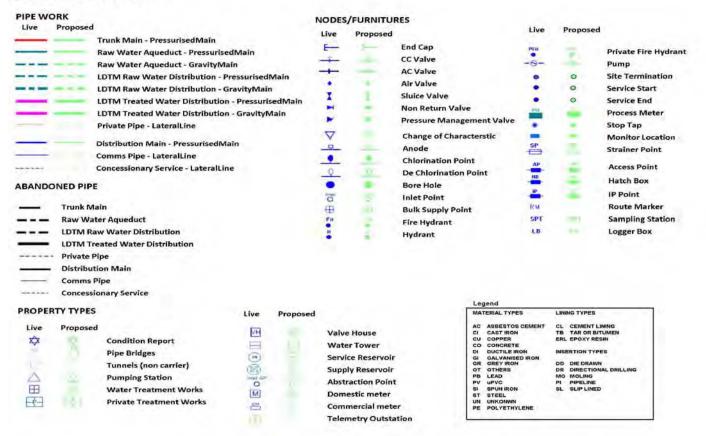
#### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS:**

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#### **CLEAN WATER SYMBOLOGY**





Refno Cover Func 
0001 28.44 SW 
0002 28.62 SW 
0003 28.69 SW 
0004 28.89 SW 
0006 29.5 SW 
0007 28.77 SW 
0008 28.8 FO 
0010 29.52 FO 
0011 28.83 FO 
0012 28.68 FO 
0012 28.68 FO 
0014 28.42 FO 
0015 CO 
0016 CO 
0017 CO 
0016 CO 
0017 CO 
0010 27.46 SW 
0102 27.34 FO 
0103 26.39 FO 
0104 25.86 FO 
0105 24.7 FO 
0106 CO 
0107 CO 
0221 FO 
0221 FO 
0221 SW 
0202 24.27 FO 
0203 24.25 SW 
0204 25.13 SW 
0205 23.64 SW 
0206 23.12 SW 
0207 23.42 SW 
0208 23.55 SW 
0209 23.58 FO 
0210 23.61 FO 
0211 23.14 FO 
0211 23.14 FO 
0212 23.46 FO 
0212 23.46 FO 
0213 FO 
0214 25.16 FO 
0215 FO 
0226 FO 
0227 FO 
0228 FO 
0301 23.24 SW 
0302 22.79 CO 
0303 23.18 FO 
0305 FO 
0305 FO 
0306 SW 
0007 SW 
0008 SW 
0009 SW Refno Cover Func Invert Size.xSize.yShapeMatl Length Grad 21.58 150 CI CO 30.92 57 21.65 450 CI CO 24.82 355 21.4 375 CI CO 29.4 420 20.22 300 CI VC 29.6 247 CI PVC 2.23

OS Sheet No: SJ6596SW

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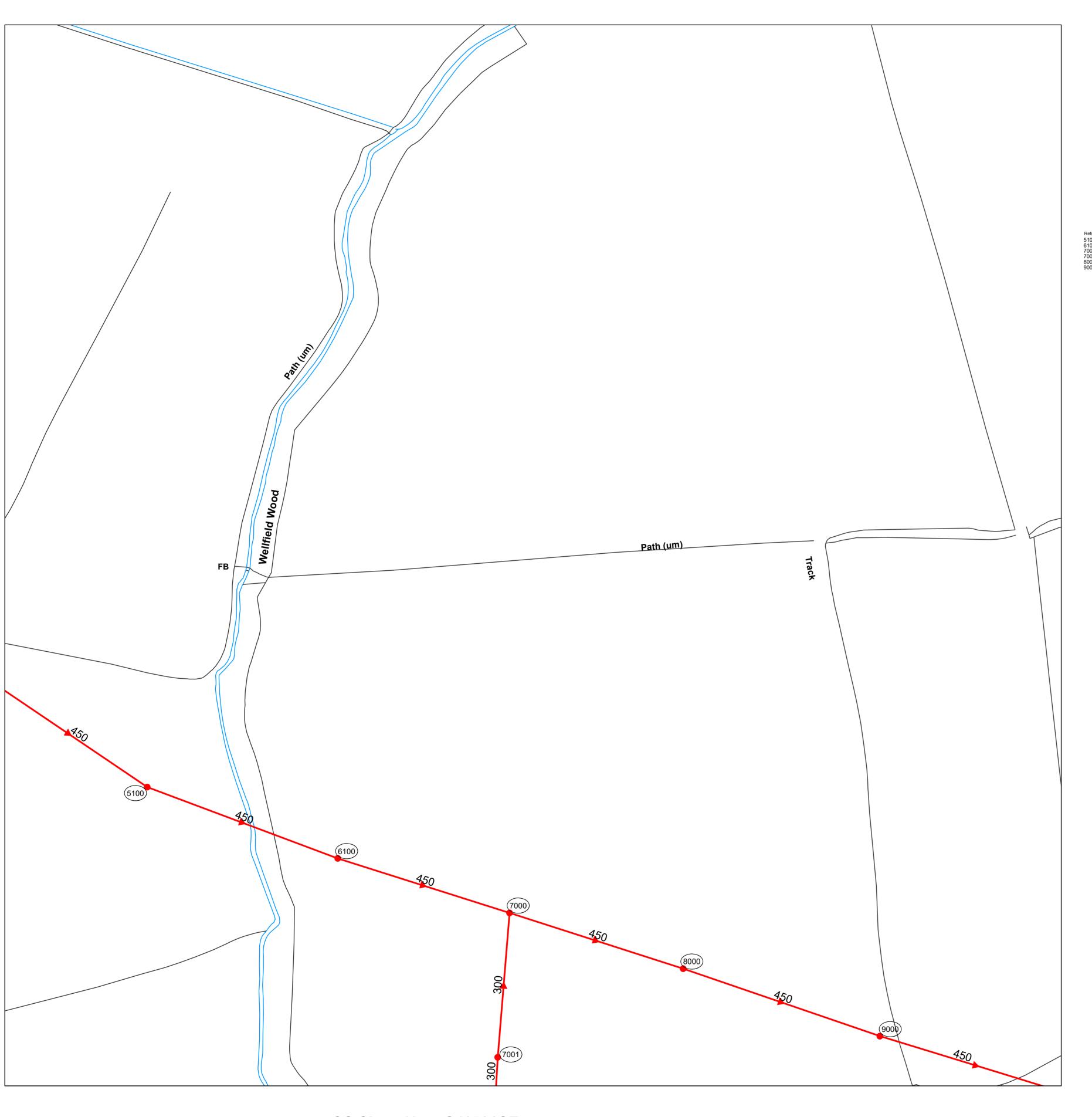
Scale: 1:1250 Date: 18/08/2017

**WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY** Surface Combined Overflow Highway Drain, Private Foul Surface Combined WW Site Termination Sludge Main, Public — 🛌 - Sludge Main, Private — 🛰 — Sludge Main, S104 Non Return Valve **ABANDONED PIPE** Extent of Survey → MainSewer Rising Main → - - Highway Drain Sludge Main Head of System Hydrobrake / Vortex Inspection Chamber Contaminated Surface Water ▲ ▲ WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → i→ Sewer Overflow 🛱 🛱 🔼 T Junction/Saddle Valve Chamber Washout Chamber DropShaft WW Treatment Works Septic Tank Network Storage Tank Orifice Plate Vortex Chamber Penstock Chamber Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified +( +< +( Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride PE Polyethylene RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432. OS Sheet No: SJ6596SW Scale: 1:1250 Date: 18/08/2017

127 Nodes Sheet 1 of 1



**SEWER RECORDS** 



 Refno
 Cover Func
 Invert Size.x Size.y Shape Matl
 Length
 Grad
 Refno
 Cover Func
 Invert Size.x Size.y Shape Matl
 Length
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 5100
 22.28
 CO
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 688

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 CO
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 7001
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 CO

 8000
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🎳 🎳 Head of System 🎳 🎳 Hydrobrake / Vortex Inspection Chamber 🐼 🖎 બ Catchpit Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → i→ Sewer Overflow 🗂 🗂 🗂 T Junction/Saddle OilInterceptor √c √c Valve Chamber Washout Chamber 🞳 🞳 🔓 DropShaft WW Treatment Works ST Septic Tank Network Storage Tank 💞 🞳 💕 Orifice Plate O O Vortex Chamber Blind Manhole Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified + C + Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular TR Trapezoidal EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square SEWER MATERIAL DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride PE Polyethylene RP Reinforced Plastic Matrix CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted Pitch Fibre CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432.

OS Sheet No: SJ6596SE

Scale: 1:1250 Date: 18/08/2017

6 Nodes

**United**Utilities

Sheet 1 of 1

Ping life flow smoothly

**SEWER RECORDS** 

WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY

WW Site Termination

Non Return Valve

🎒 💮 Flow Meter

🎳 🎳 🎳 Extent of Survey

Foul Surface Combined

🞳 🞳 🍧 Air∨alve

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

— — — — — — Rising Main, S104

Manhole

Highway Drain, Private

Sludge Main, Public
Sludge Main, Private

— ► – Sludge Main, S104

ABANDONED PIPE

→ MainSewer

Rising Main
Highway Drain
Sludge Main

OS Sheet No: SJ6596SE

Printed By: Property Searches



OS Sheet No: SJ6595NE
Scale: 1:1250 Date: 18/08/2017
302 Nodes
Sheet 1 of 2

The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in

accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown

**WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY** 

Foul Surface Combined

Surface Combined Overflow

Non Return Valve

Hydrobrake/Vortex

Inspection Chamber

WW Pumping Station

→ Sewer Overflow

Valve Chamber
Washout Chamber

WW Treatment Works

Network Storage Tank

Penstock Chamber

**LEGEND** 

**Ductile Iron** 

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride

MAC Masonry, Coursed

MAR Masonry, Random

U Unspecified

Orifice Plate

DropShaft

Foul Surface Combined Overflow

MANHOLE FUNCTION

SW Surface Water
CO Combined

AC Asbestos Cement

CSB Concrete Segment Bolted
CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted
CC Concrete Box Culverted
PSC Plastic/Steel Composite

GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete

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GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic

CO Concrete

OV Overflow

SEWER SHAPE
CI Circular

EG Egg
OV Oval

FT Flat Top

RE Rectangular

SQ Square

SEWER MATERIAL

Discharge Point

→ ← → Outfall

Contaminated Surface Water

Sludge Pumping Station

Extent of Survey

Highway Drain, Private

**ABANDONED PIPE** 

→ MainSewer

Rising Main

→ Highway Drain
 Sludge Main

CK Control Kiosk

Unspecified

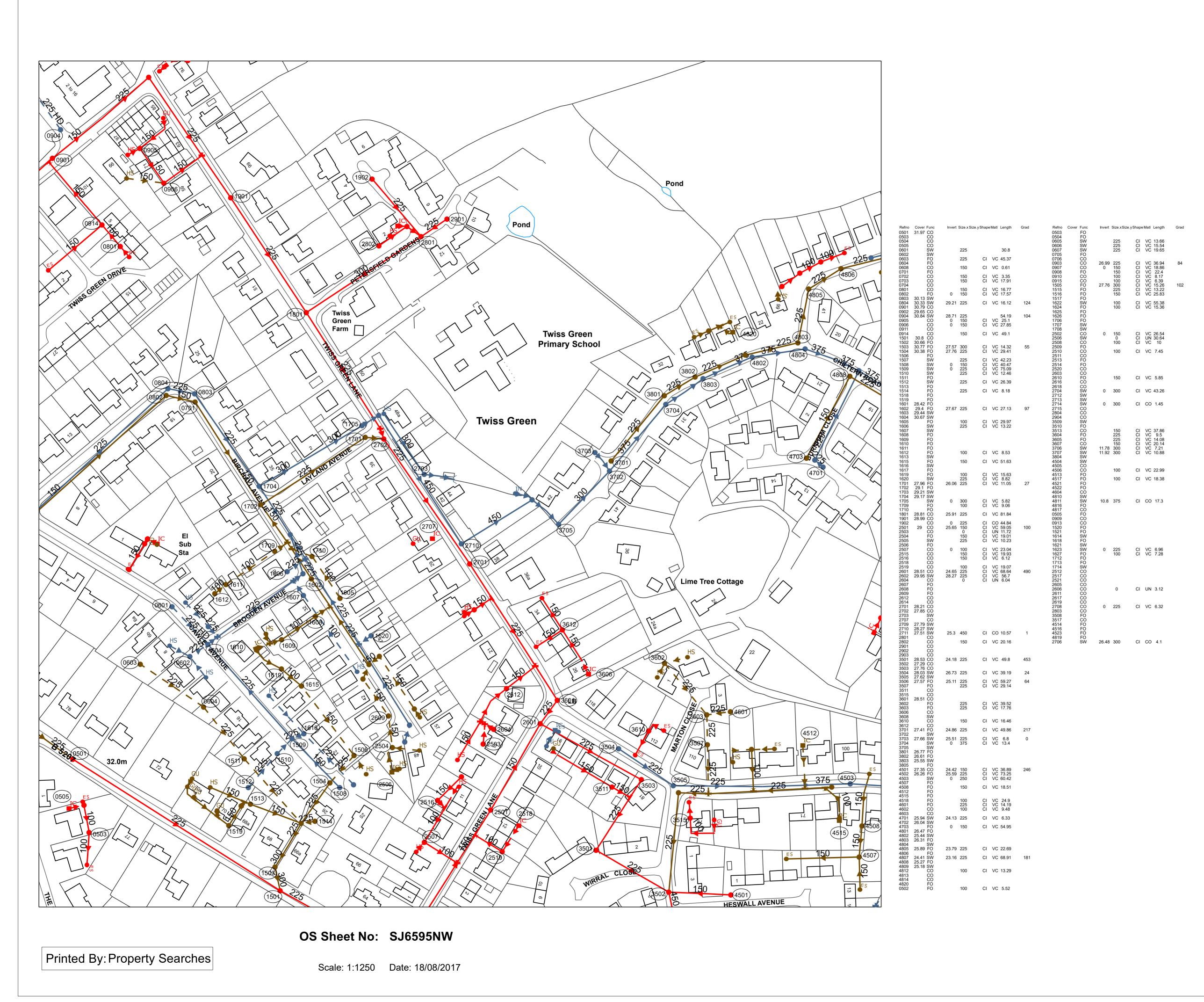
Sludge Main, Public
Sludge Main, Private
Sludge Main, S104



**SEWER RECORDS** 

OS Sheet No: SJ6595NE

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**WASTE WATER SYMBOLOGY** Surface Combined Overflow Highway Drain, Private Foul Surface Combined Sludge Main, Public — 🛌 - Sludge Main, Private — 🛰 — Sludge Main, S104 Non Return Valve **ABANDONED PIPE** Extent of Survey → MainSewer Rising Main → - - Highway Drain Sludge Main Hydrobrake/Vortex Inspection Chamber Contaminated Surface Water WW Pumping Station Sludge Pumping Station → Sewer Overflow Valve Chamber Washout Chamber DropShaft WW Treatment Works Network Storage Tank Orifice Plate Vortex Chamber Penstock Chamber Foul Surface Combined Overflow Screen Chamber CK Control Kiosk Discharge Point Unspecified +( +-< +( →( Outfall **LEGEND** MANHOLE FUNCTION FO Foul SW Surface Water CO Combined OV Overflow **SEWER SHAPE** CI Circular EG Egg OV Oval FT Flat Top RE Rectangular SQ Square SEWER MATERIAL DI Ductile Iron AC Asbestos Cement PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Polyethylene Reinforced Plastic Matrix CO Concrete CSB Concrete Segment Bolted CSU Concrete Segment Unbolted CC Concrete Box Culverted PSC Plastic/Steel Composite MAC Masonry, Coursed GRC Glass Reinforced Concrete MAR Masonry, Random GRP Glass Reinforced Plastic U Unspecified The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position being different from those shown. Crown copyright and database rights [2016] Ordnance Survey 100022432. OS Sheet No: SJ6595NW Scale: 1:1250 Date: 18/08/2017

244 Nodes

**United** 

Utilities

Sheet 1 of 1

Ping life flow smoothly

**SEWER RECORDS** 



# Extract from Map of Water Mains

The position of the underground apparatus shown on this plan is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available

The actual positions may be different from those shown on the plan, private service pipes may be shown where a known record is available.

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United Utilities Water Limited 2014

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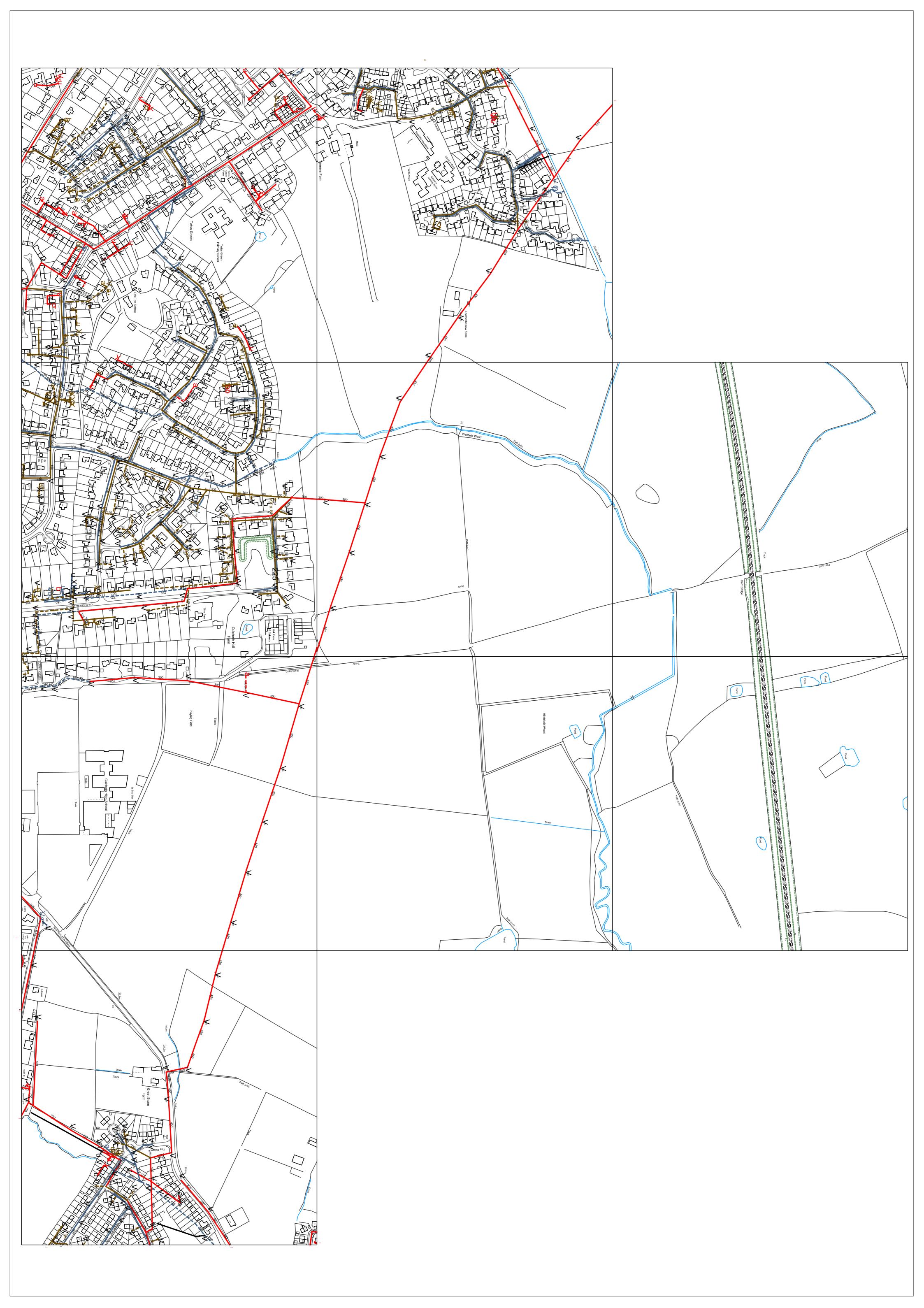
Land At Culcheth West Of Site

Printed By: Property Searches Date: 18/08/2017

### **DO NOT SCALE**

Approximate Scale: 1:5000

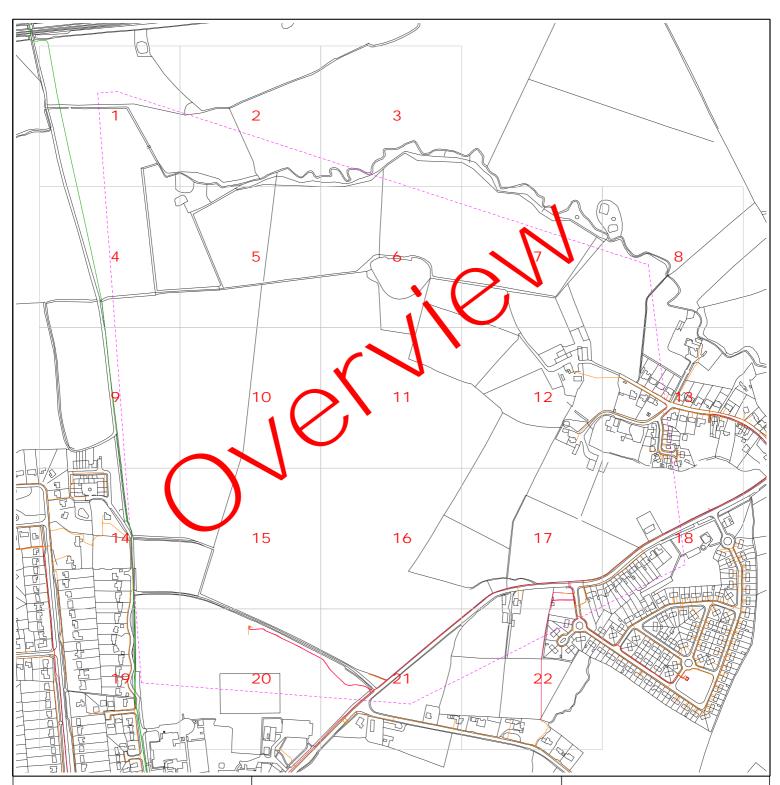




Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# www.shepherd-gilmour.co.uk

## **APPENDIX D**



Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	

Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF

Phone: 0800 195 4141 Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

electricit

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

Unless otherwise indicated the depth of Electricity North West Limited cables are in accordance with NJUG (450mm for Low Voltage & 600mm for 11kV cables) 33kV and 132kV cables are laid at depths as marked. The depth and positions of Electricity North West Limited equipment was accurate as shown when the equipment was installed. However third parties may have altered the level & other reference data. Therefore Electricity North West Limited equipment being different from shown. No person, body or company, shall be relieved from liability for damage caused to Electricity North West Limited equipment by reason of being located differently to the indications on this drawing. Service cables are not necessarily shown but must be assumed to exist to all premises, streetlights and signs. There may be other Electricity North West Limited apparatus in the vicinity which is not indicated on the cable records. Other apparatus may also be present which is owned by a third party other than Electricity North West Limited.

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	

33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

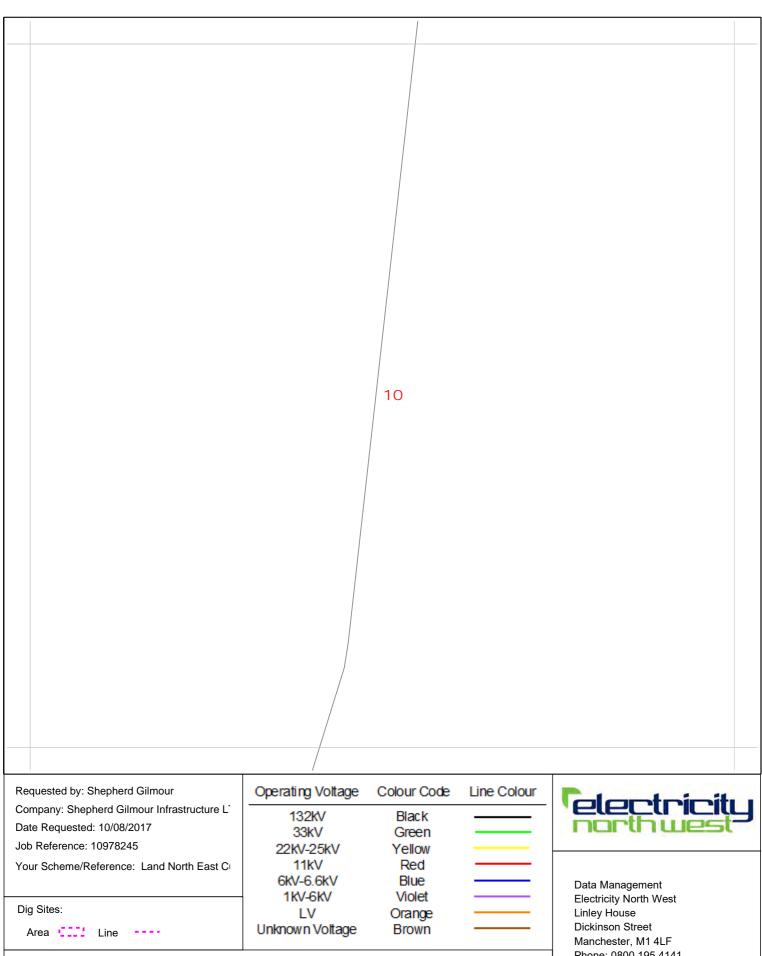
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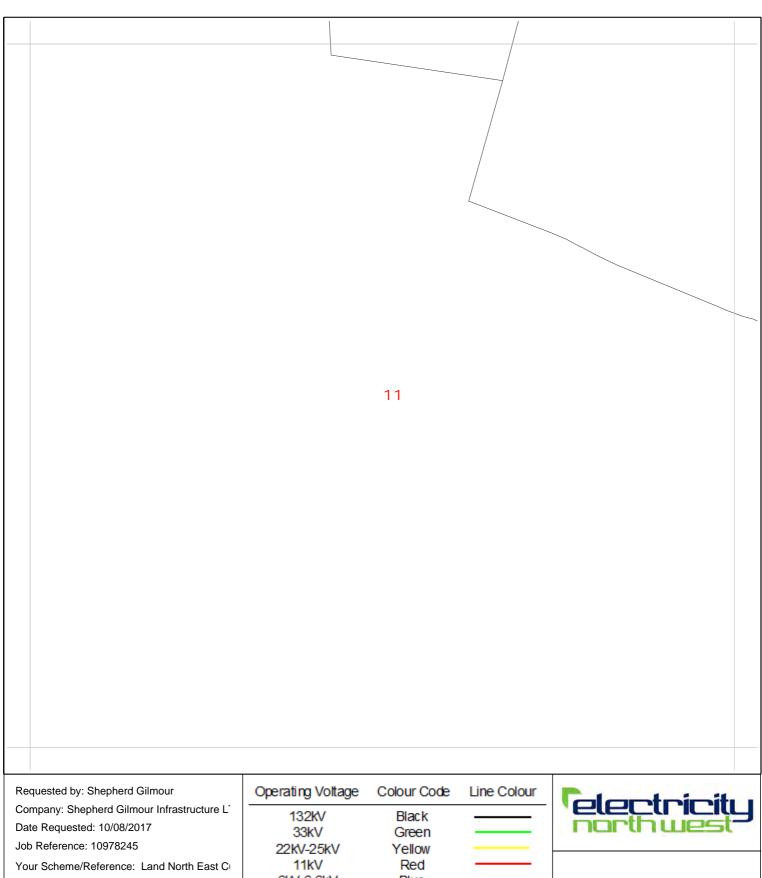
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Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site



Dig Sites:

Area Line

operating vertage	Colour Couc	Line colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	

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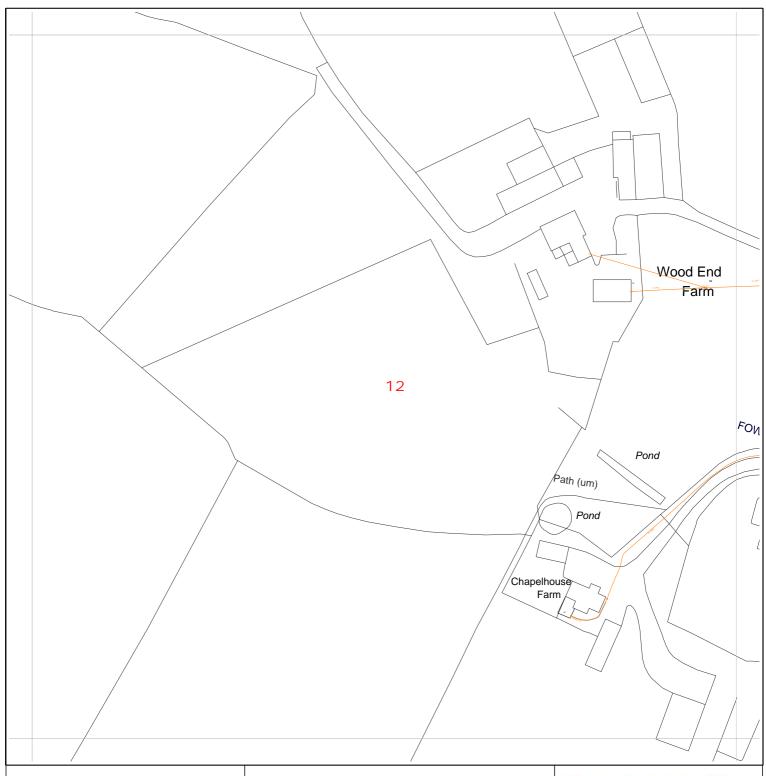
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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site



Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33k//	Green	

33kV Green
22kV-25kV Yellow
11kV Red
6kV-6.6kV Blue
1kV-6kV Violet
LV Orange
Unknown Voltage Brown



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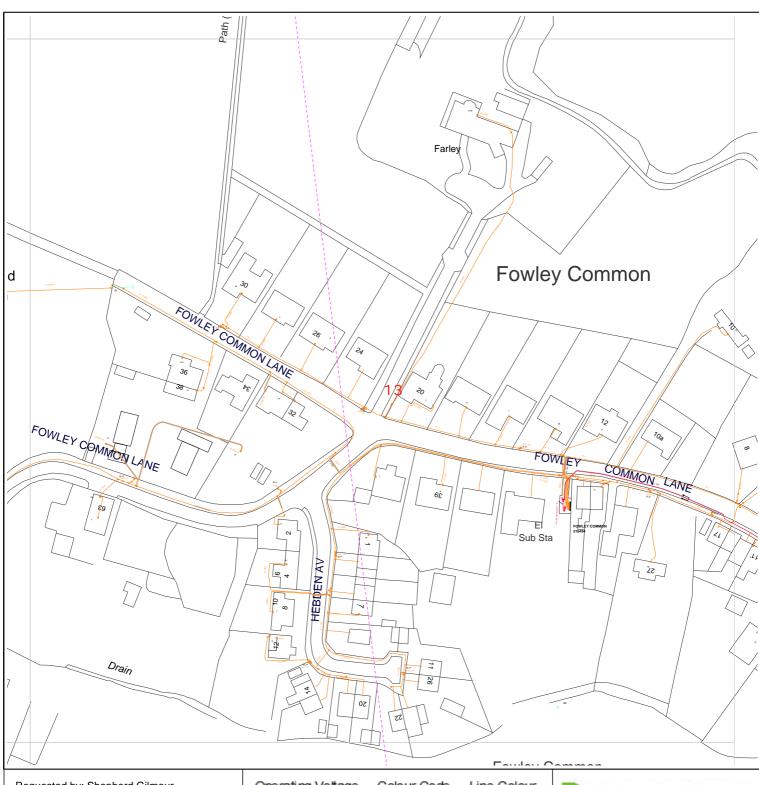
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Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	

 132kV
 Black

 33kV
 Green

 22kV-25kV
 Yellow

 11kV
 Red

 6kV-6.6kV
 Blue

 1kV-6kV
 Violet

 LV
 Orange

 Unknown Voltage
 Brown



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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour

132kV Black 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



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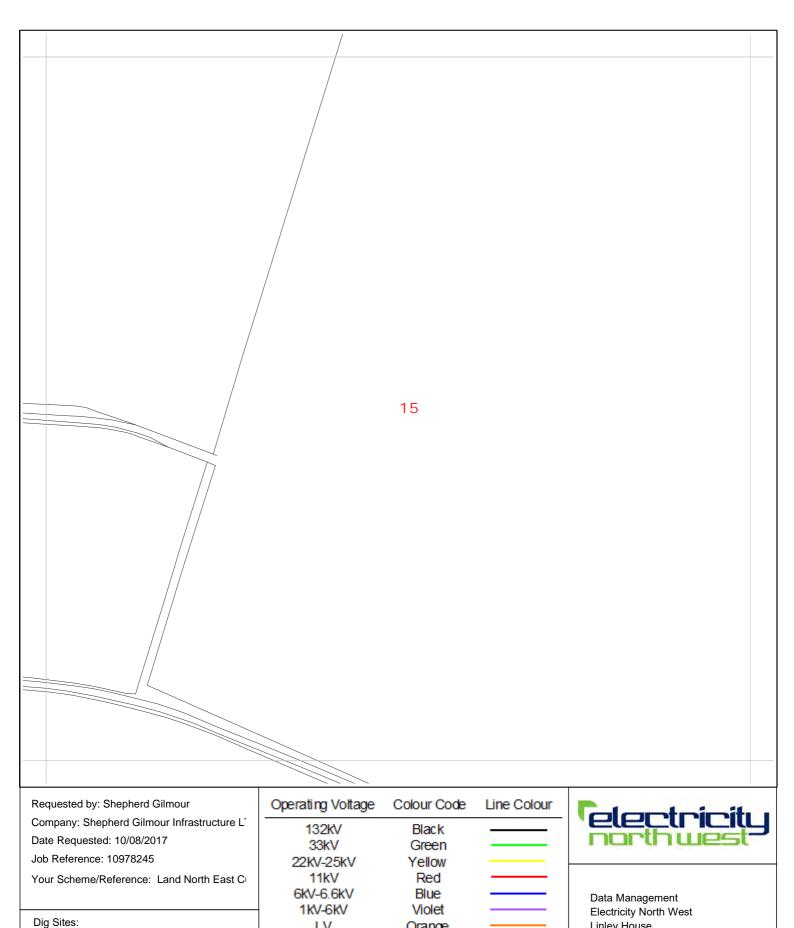
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LV

Unknown Voltage

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Area Line

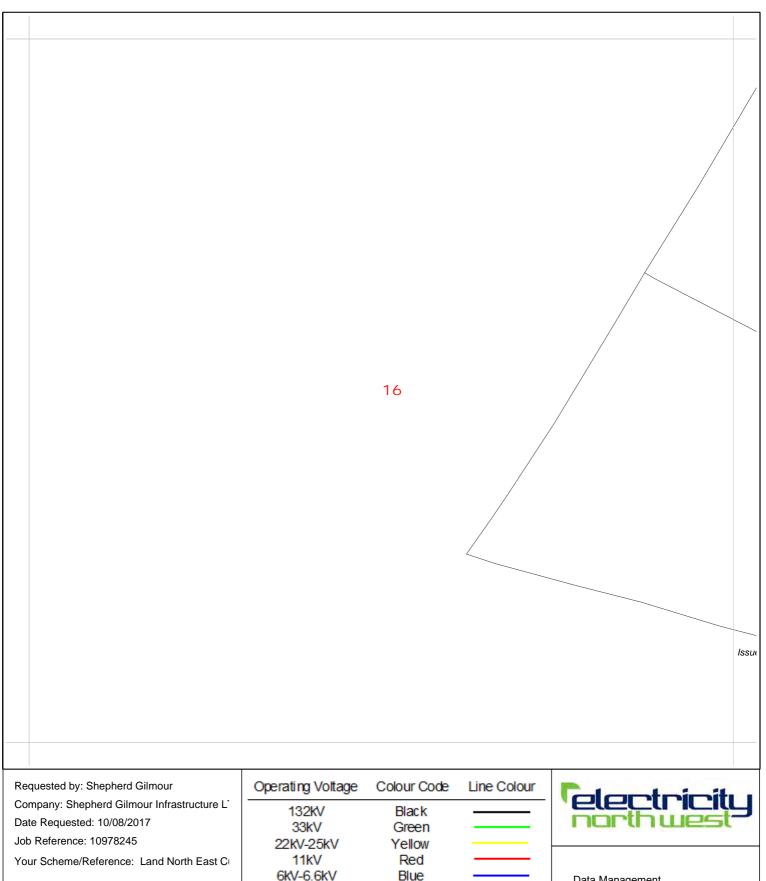
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Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

Linley House

Orange

Brown



Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	

Orange

Brown

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Unknown Voltage

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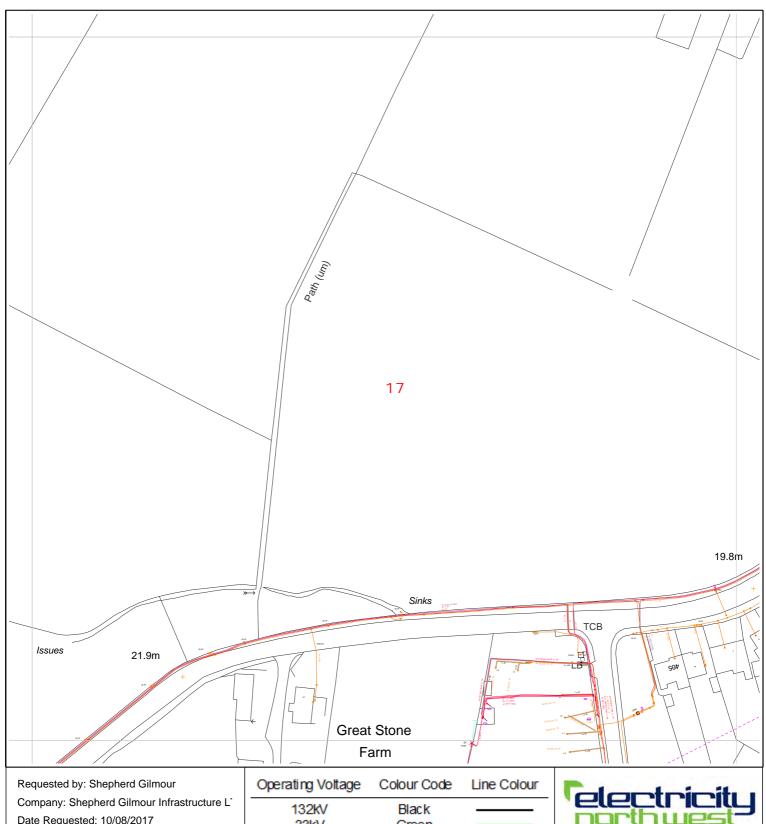
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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site



Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV Black
33kV Green
22kV-25kV Yellow
11kV Red
6kV-6.6kV Blue
1kV-6kV Violet
LV Orange
Unknown Voltage Brown

Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

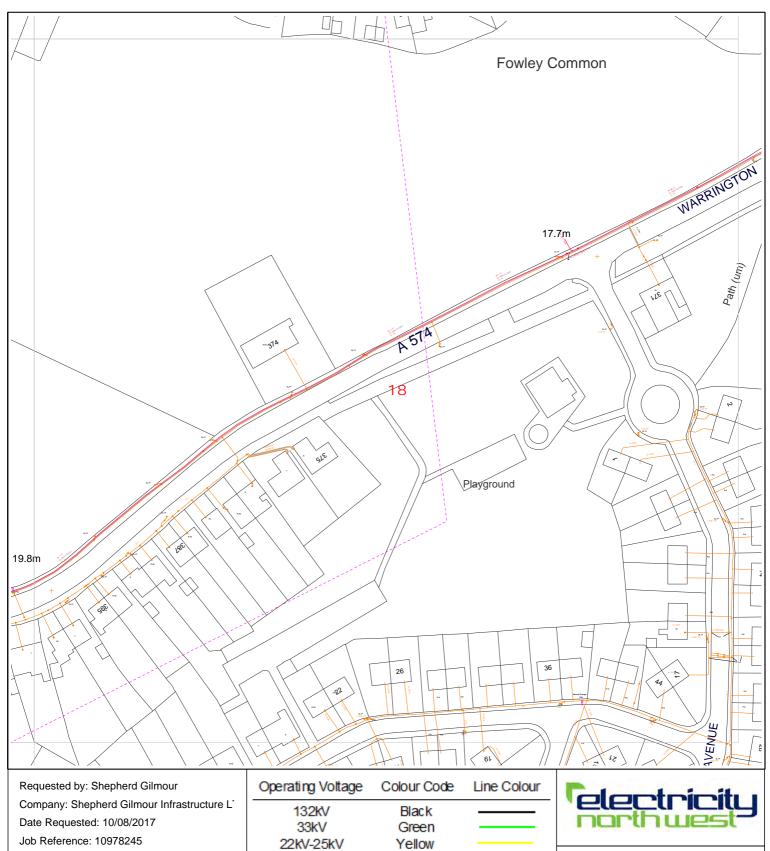
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Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
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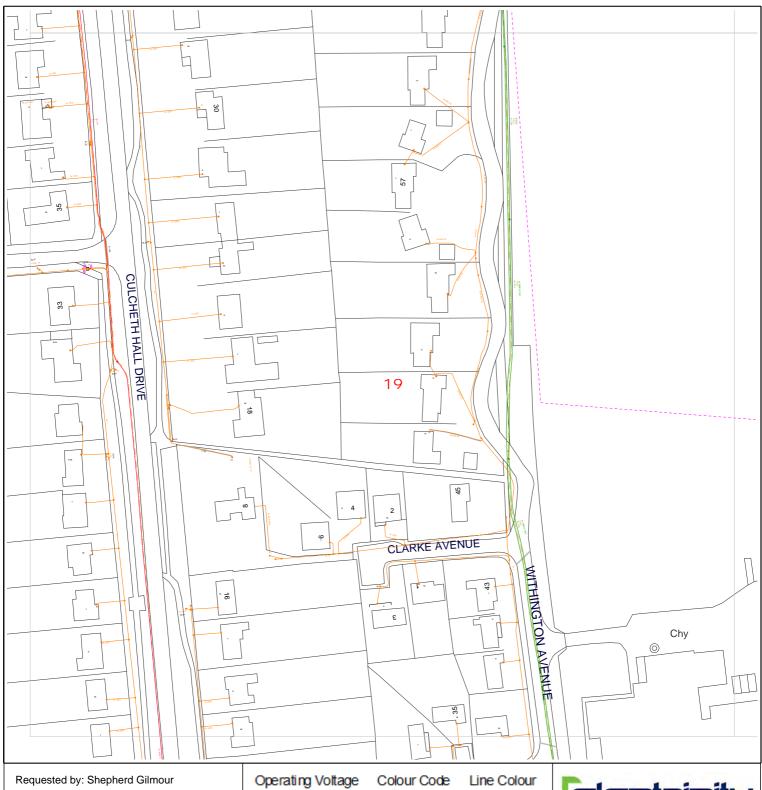
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Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site

1:250 Line dig site



Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
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Unknown Voltage	Brown	

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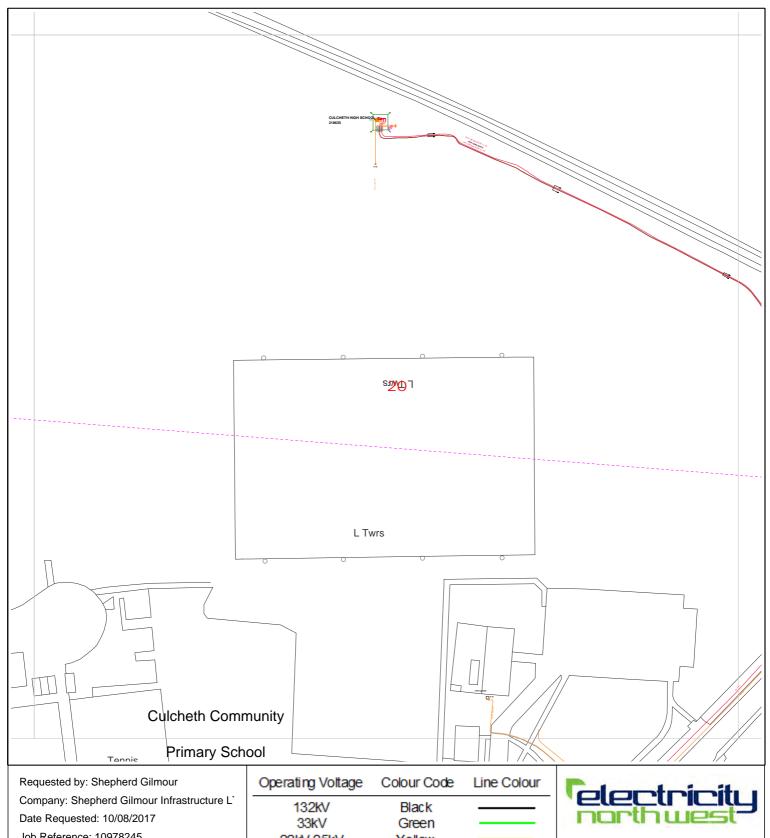
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Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk



Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	

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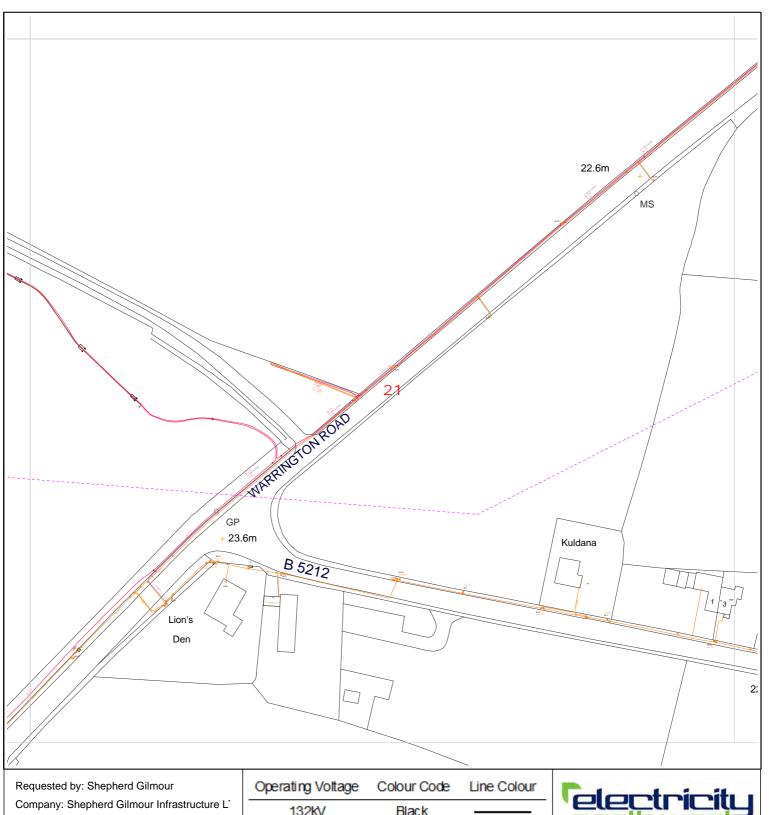
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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk



Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	-
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	



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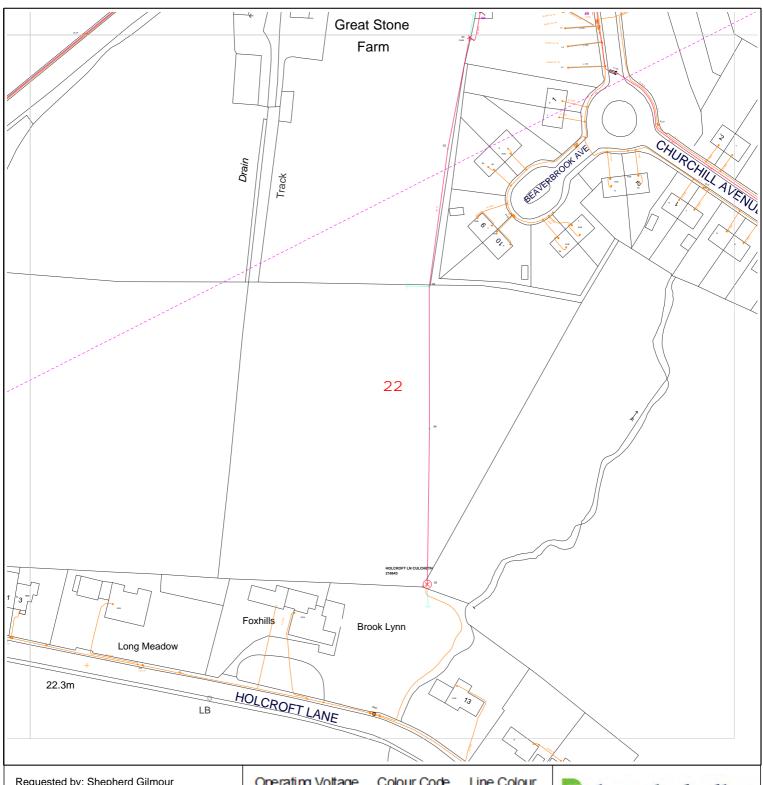
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 10/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978245

Your Scheme/Reference: Land North East Co

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour	
120147	Dlack		

Black 132kV 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	

33kV Green
22kV-25kV Yellow
11kV Red
6kV-6.6kV Blue
1kV-6kV Violet
LV Orange
Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management
Electricity North West
Linley House
Dickinson Street
Manchester, M1 4LF
Phone: 0800 195 4141

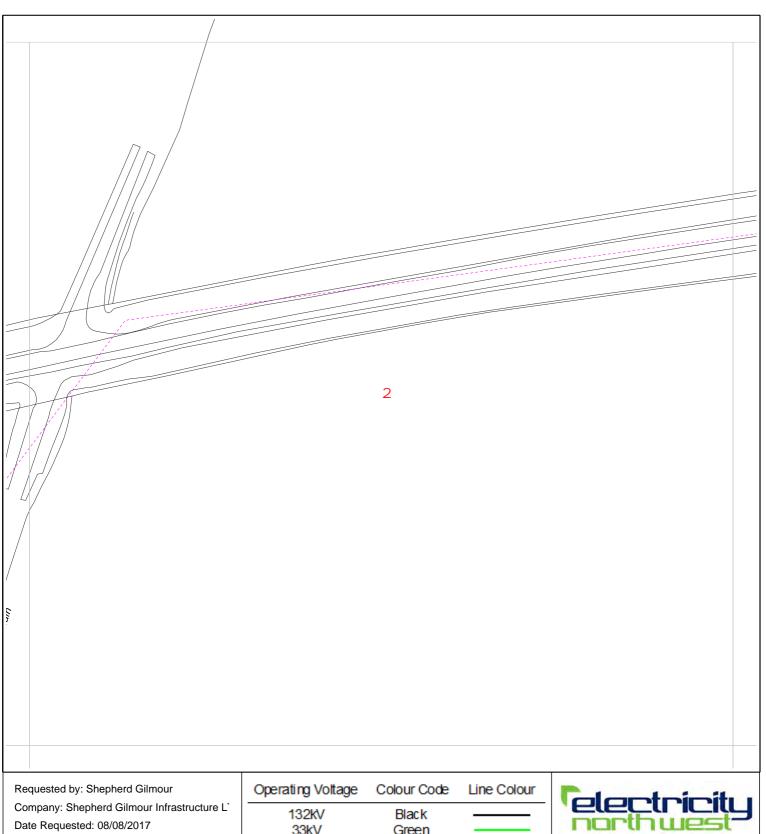
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating voltage	Colour Couc	Line Coloui
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	

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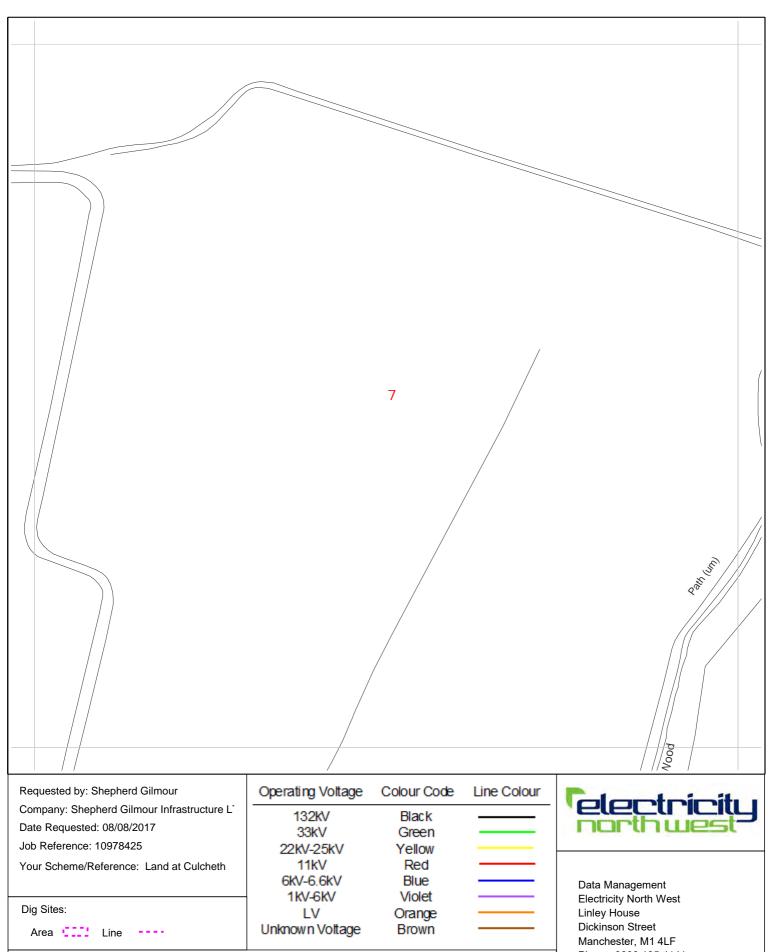
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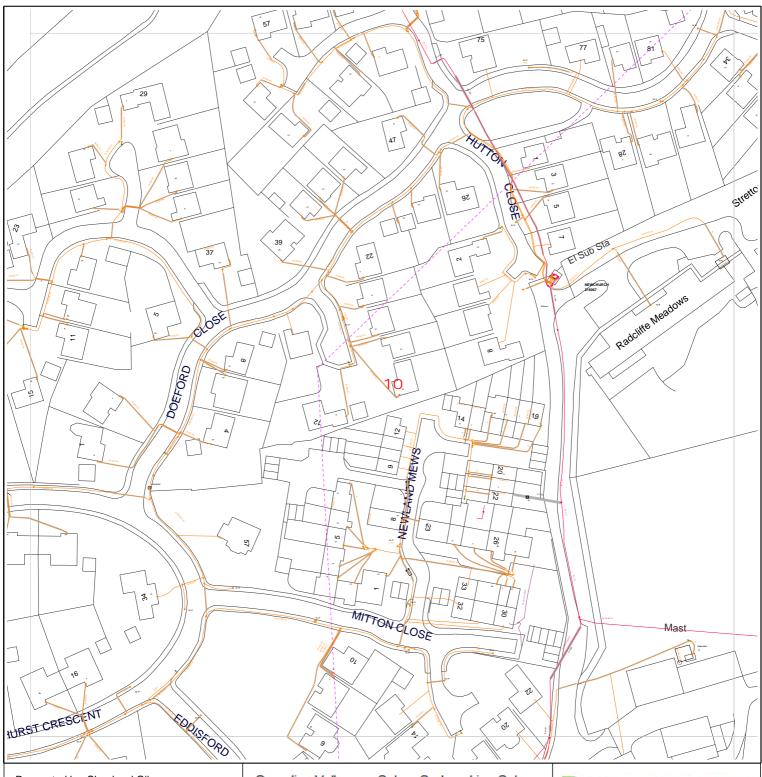
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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk



Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Jnknown Voltage Brown
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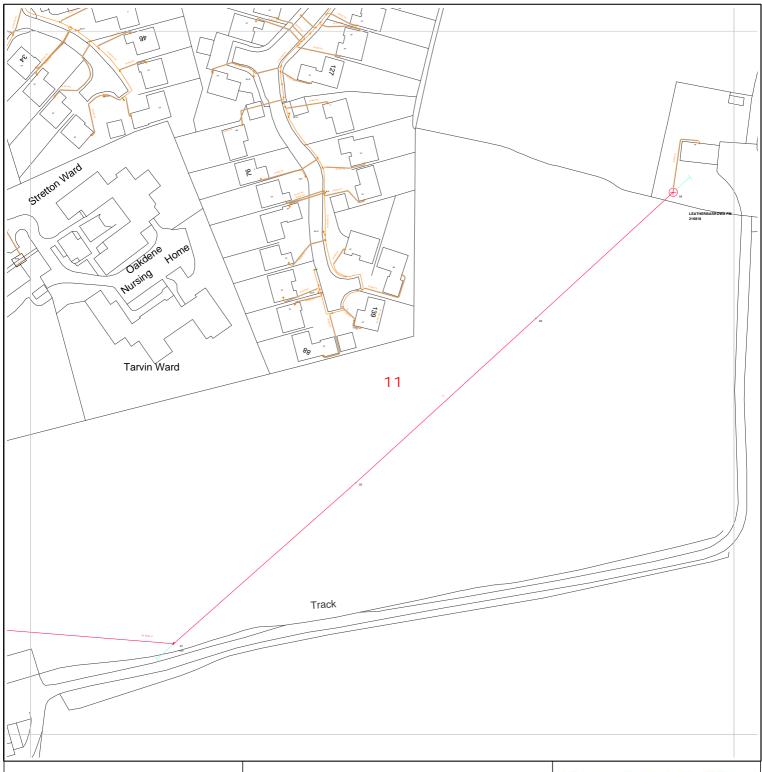
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV 33kV	Black Green	

33kV Green
22kV-25kV Yellow
11kV Red
6kV-6.6kV Blue
1kV-6kV Violet
LV Orange
Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

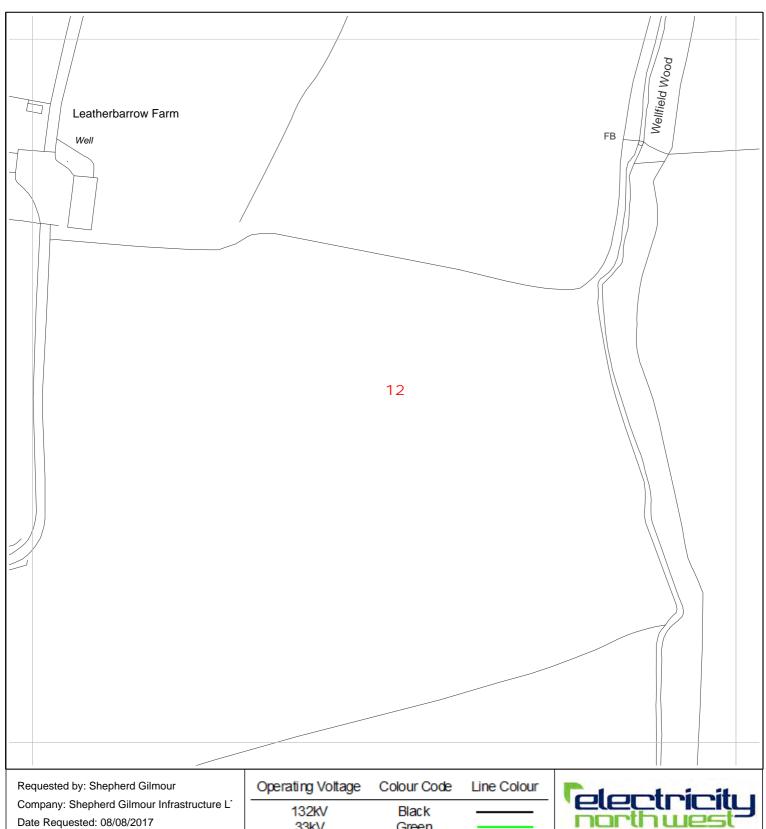
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Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Date Requested: 08/08/2013 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating voltage	Oolodi Oode	Line oologi
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6K\/-6 6K\/	Rlue	

11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown

Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street

Manchester, M1 4LF
Phone: 0800 195 4141
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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			Path (um)	
			Tun ( )	Track
				Ø¢
		13		
Requested by: Shepherd Gilmour  Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L	Operating Voltage	Colour Code Black	Line Colour	relectricity northwest
Date Requested: 08/08/2017  Job Reference: 10978425	33kV 22kV-25kV	Green Yellow		north west
Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth	11kV 6kV-6.6kV	Red Blue		Data Management
Dig Sites:	1kV-6kV LV	Violet Orange		Electricity North West Linley House
Area Line	Unknown Voltage	Brown		Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF

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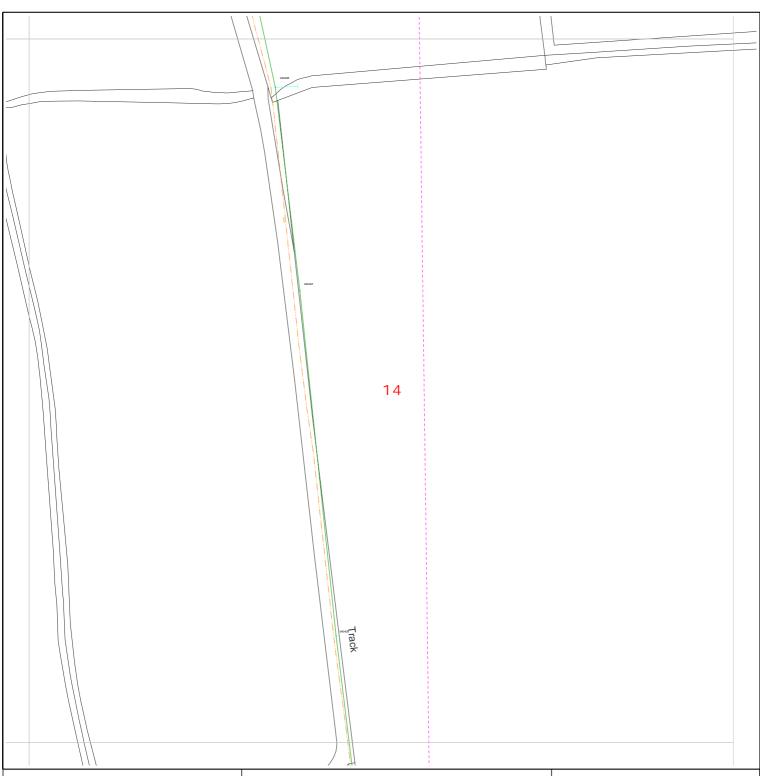
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North West Limited equipment was accurate as shown when the equipment was installed. However third	
city North West Limited accept no responsibility for the position of Electricity North West Limited	
be relieved from liability for damage caused to Electricity North West Limited equipment by reason of	
re not necessarily shown but must be assumed to exist to all premises, streetlights and signs. There may	,

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk



Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

_	Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
	132kV	Black	
	33kV	Green	
	22kV-25kV	Yellow	
	4 41 3 4	D1	



Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

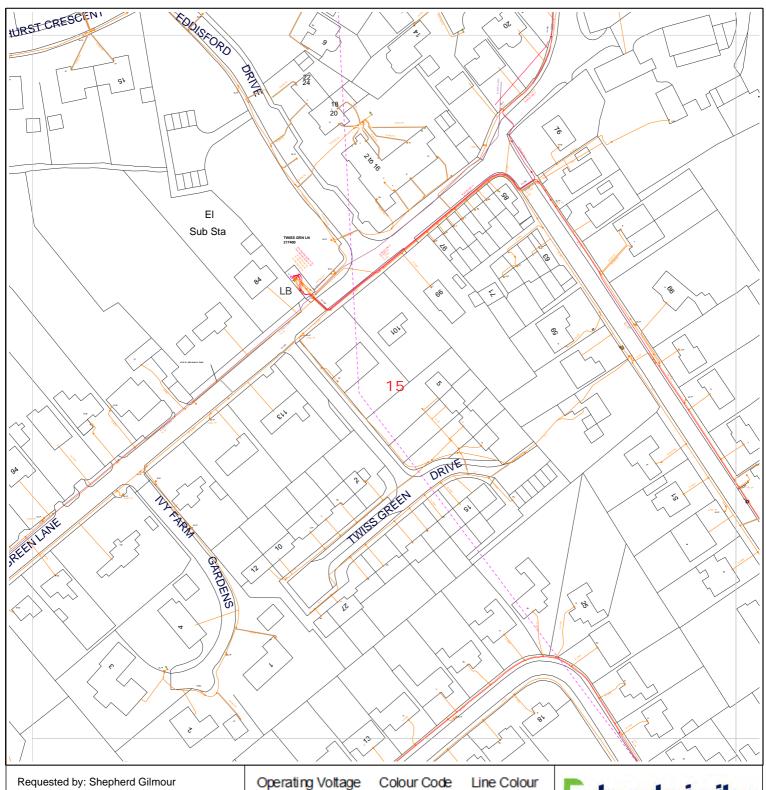
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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
120147	Dlack	

132kV Black 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management Electricity North West Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

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Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Colour Code	Line Colour
Black	
Green	
Yellow	
Red	
Blue	
Violet	
Orange	
	Black Green Yellow Red Blue Violet

Brown

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Unknown Voltage

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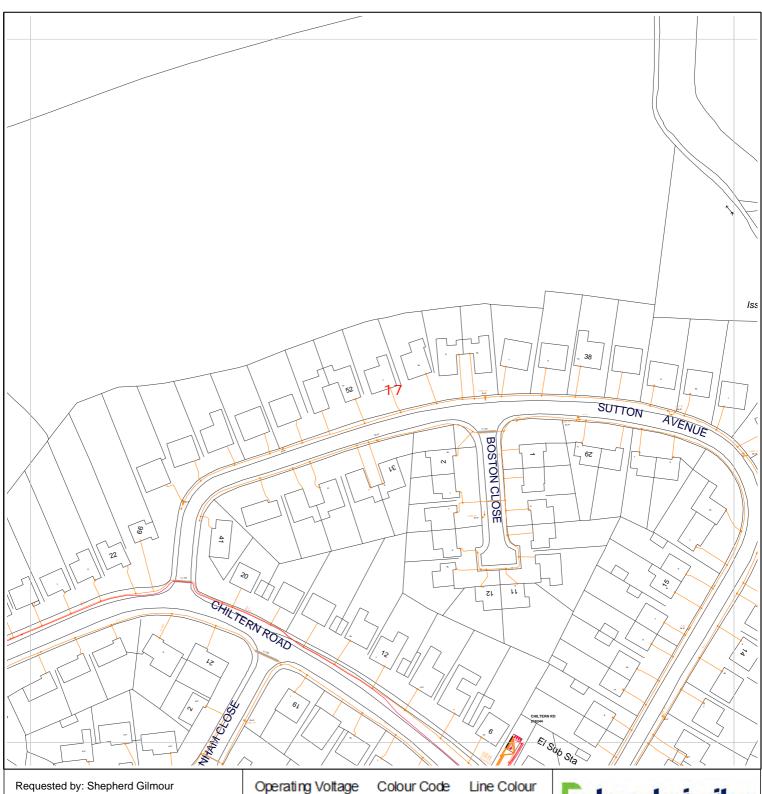
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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV 33kV 22kV-25kV 11kV 6kV-6.6kV 1kV-6kV LV Jnknown Voltage	Black Green Yellow Red Blue Violet Orange Brown	
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Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF

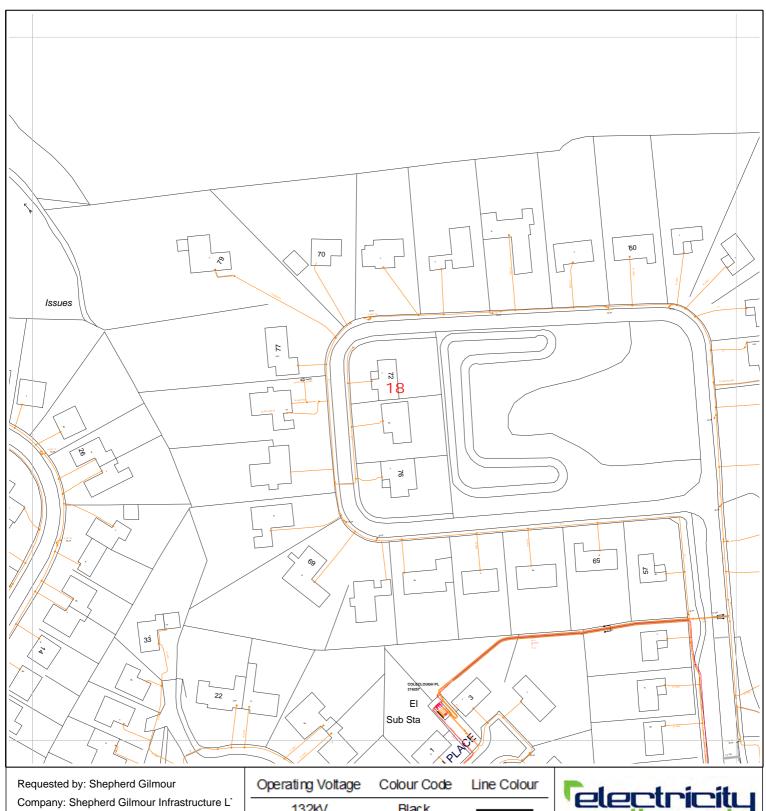
Phone: 0800 195 4141 Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV Black 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown

Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

Unless otherwise indicated the depth of Electricity North West Limited cables are in accordance with NJUG (450mm for Low Voltage & 600mm for 11kV cables) 33kV and 132kV cables are laid at depths as marked. The depth and positions of Electricity North West Limited equipment was accurate as shown when the equipment was installed. However third parties may have altered the level & other reference data. Therefore Electricity North West Limited accept no responsibility for the position of Electricity North West Limited equipment being different from shown. No person, body or company, shall be relieved from liability for damage caused to Electricity North West Limited equipment by reason of being located differently to the indications on this drawing. Service cables are not necessarily shown but must be assumed to exist to all premises, streetlights and signs. There may be other Electricity North West Limited apparatus in the vicinity which is not indicated on the cable records. Other apparatus may also be present which is owned by a third party other than Electricity North West Limited.

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
-------------------	-------------	-------------

132kV Black 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

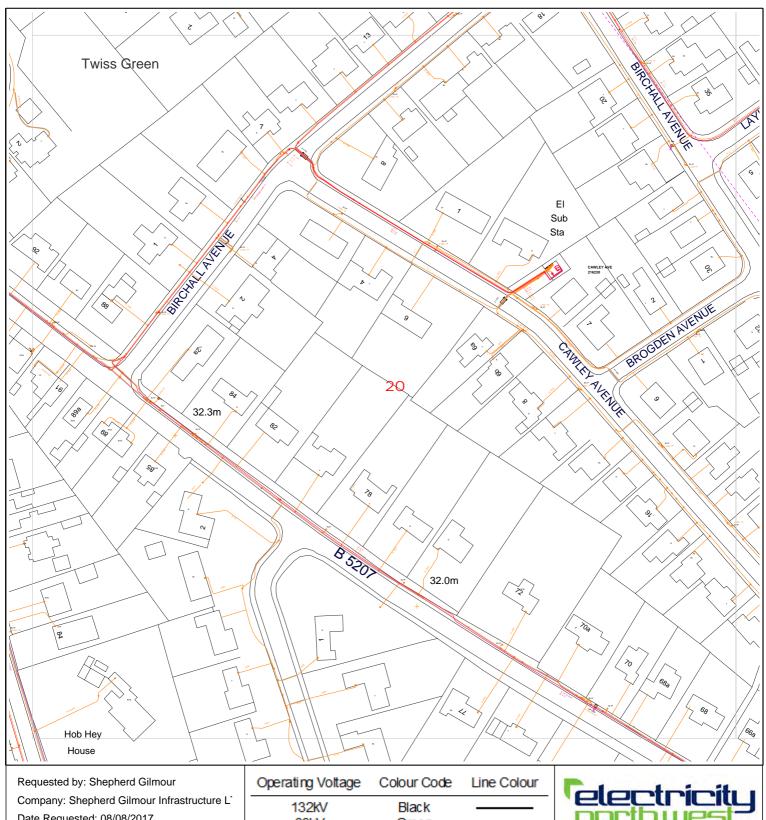
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
2214 / 2514 /	Vellow	

22kv-25kv Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown



Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

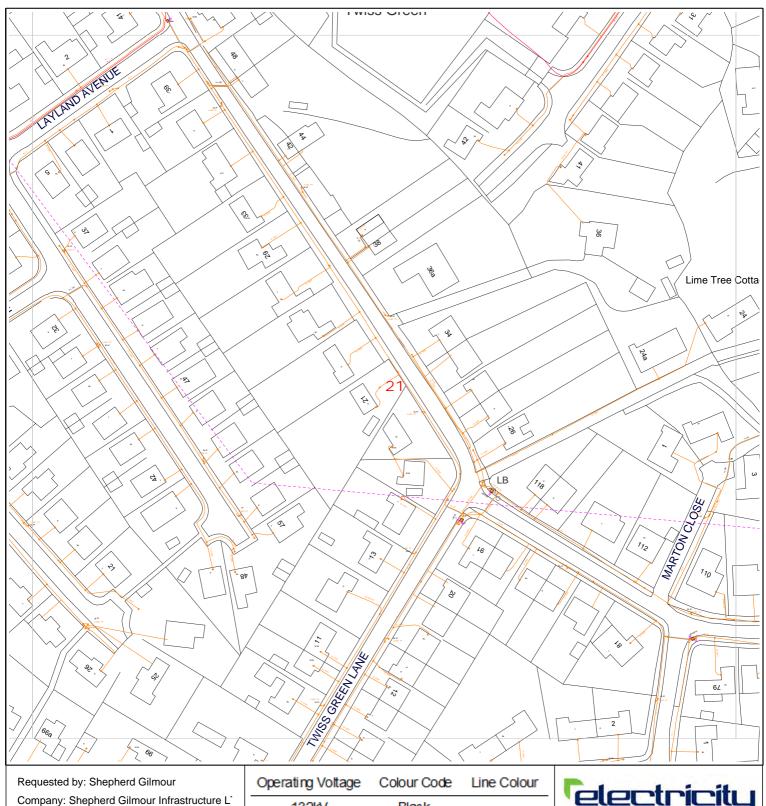
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

Unless otherwise indicated the depth of Electricity North West Limited cables are in accordance with NJUG (450mm for Low Voltage & 600mm for 11kV cables) 33kV and 132kV cables are laid at depths as marked. The depth and positions of Electricity North West Limited equipment was accurate as shown when the equipment was installed. However third parties may have altered the level & other reference data. Therefore Electricity North West Limited accept no responsibility for the position of Electricity North West Limited equipment being different from shown. No person, body or company, shall be relieved from liability for damage caused to Electricity North West Limited equipment by reason of being located differently to the indications on this drawing. Service cables are not necessarily shown but must be assumed to exist to all premises, streetlights and signs. There may be other Electricity North West Limited apparatus in the vicinity which is not indicated on the cable records. Other apparatus may also be present which is owned by a third party other than Electricity North West Limited.

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Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
132kV	Black	
221/1/	Green	

Green 33KV 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown

electricit

Data Management **Electricity North West** Linley House Dickinson Street Manchester, M1 4LF Phone: 0800 195 4141

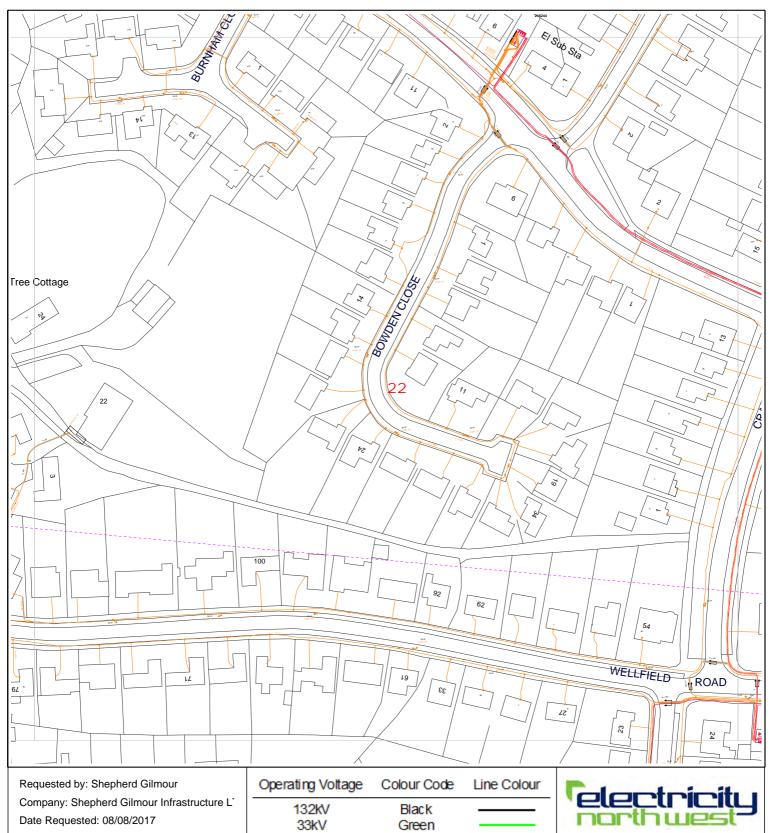
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown

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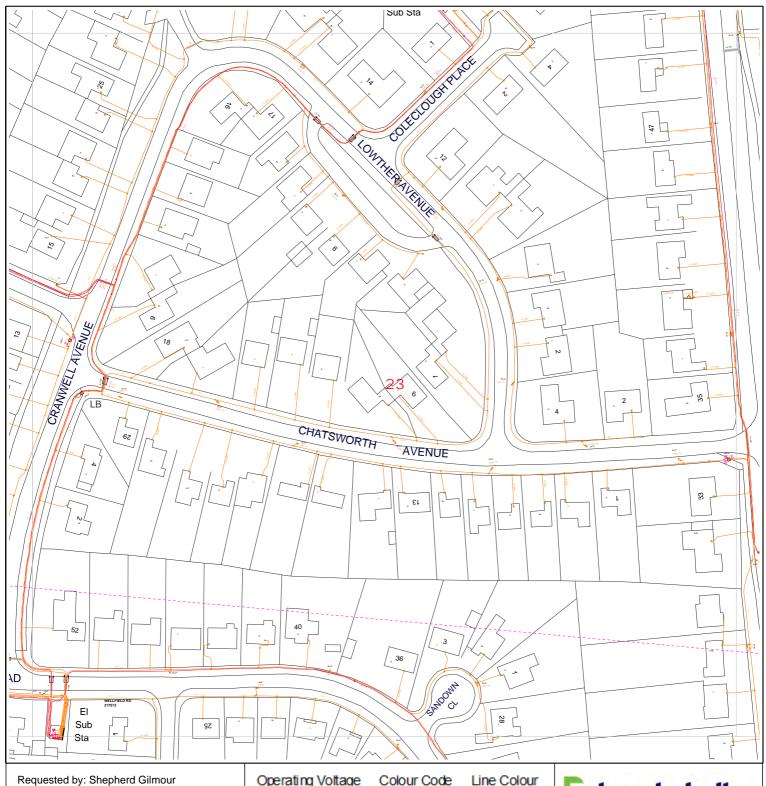
Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Scales on A4 paper: 1:1250 Area dig site 1:250 Line dig site

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

132kV Black 33kV Green 22kV-25kV Yellow 11kV Red 6kV-6.6kV Blue 1kV-6kV Violet LV Orange Unknown Voltage Brown

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Company: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure L

Date Requested: 08/08/2017 Job Reference: 10978425

Your Scheme/Reference: Land at Culcheth

Dig Sites:

Area Line

Operating Voltage	Colour Code	Line Colour
Operating voltage	COIOGI COGC	Line Colour

132kV	Black	
33kV	Green	
22kV-25kV	Yellow	
11kV	Red	
6kV-6.6kV	Blue	
1kV-6kV	Violet	
LV	Orange	
Unknown Voltage	Brown	

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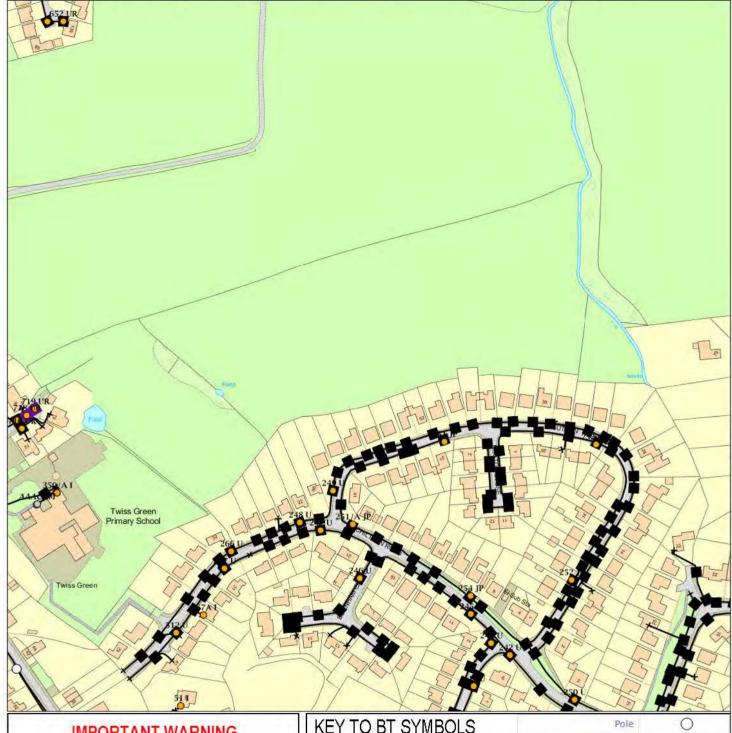
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Email: planrequest@enwl.co.uk

Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# **APPENDIX E**





### IMPORTANT WARNING

Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy.

It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route.



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KEY TO BT SYMBO	IS	Pole	0
DP	0	Planned Pole	0
Planned DP	•	Joint Box	
PCP		Change Of State	+
Planned PCP	12	Split Coupling	×
Built	~	Duct Tee	
Planned	~-/	Planned Box	
Inferred	~	Manhole	
Building		Planned Manhole	
Kiosk	<b>(K)</b>	Cabinet	Û
Hatchings	<b>XX</b>	Planned Cabinet	Û
		Other proposed plant is shown usin	ng dashed lin

BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation

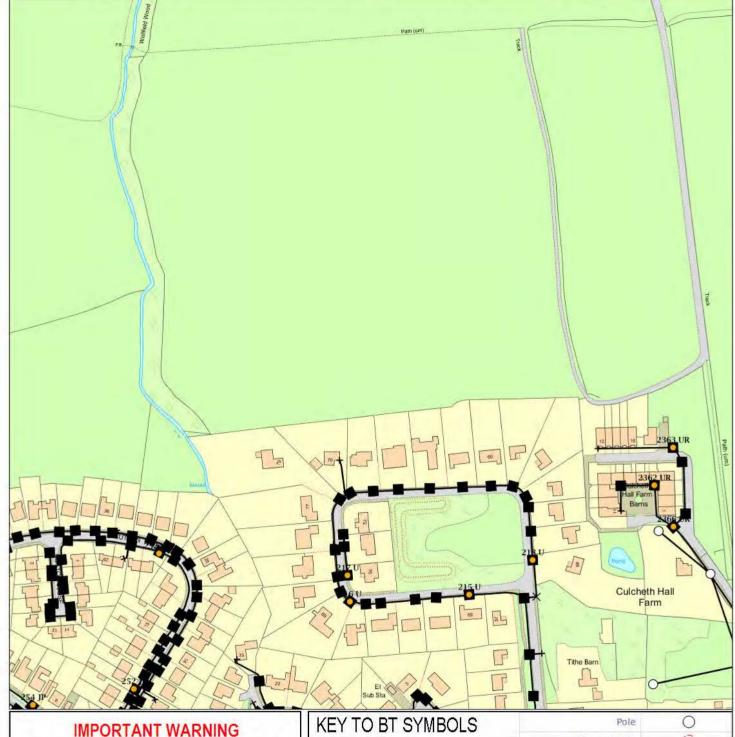


BT Ref: FDA11243X

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6547695950 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365476,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:24:20

WARNING: IF PLANNED WORKS FALL INSIDE HATCHED AREA IT IS ESSENTIAL BEFORE PROCEEDING THAT YOU CONTACT THE NATIONAL NOTICE HANDLING CENTRE. PLEASE SEND E-MAIL TO: nnhc@openreach.co.uk



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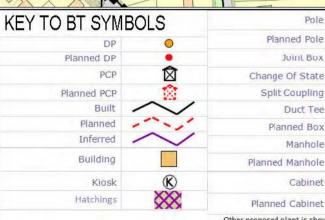
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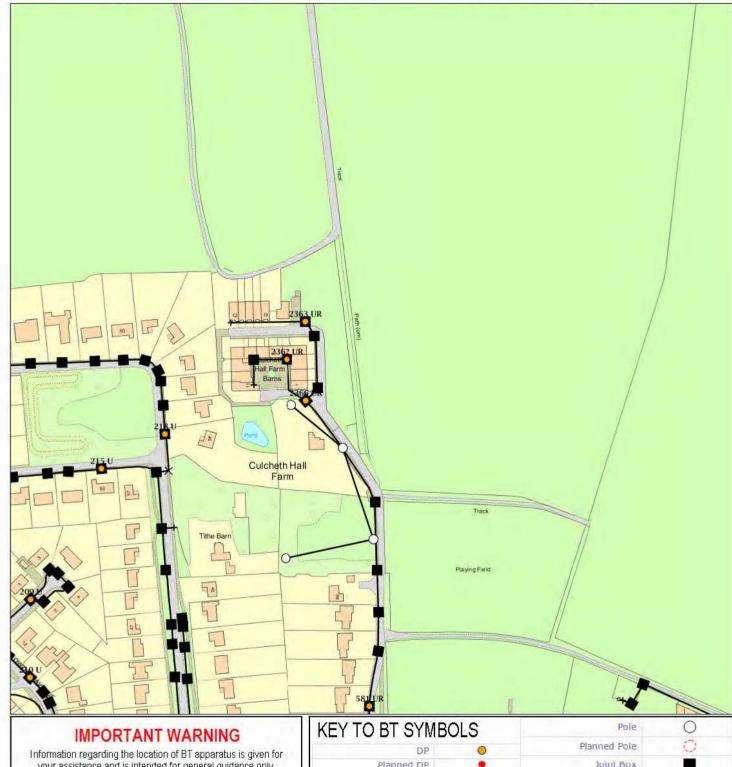
Other proposed plant is shown using dashed lines BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: WNV11266V

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6578096028 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365780,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:26:26



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1000	19	- PA-12
Pole	BOLS	KEY TO BT SYM
Planned Pole	0	DP
Joint Box	•	Planned DP
Change Of State	囟	PCP
Split Coupling	<b>1</b>	Planned PCP
Duct Tee	<b>/</b>	Built
Planned Box		Planned
Manhole	<b>/</b>	Inferred
Planned Manhole		Building
Cabinet	<b>(K)</b>	Kiosk
Planned Cabinet	<b>XX</b>	Hatchings
12.0		

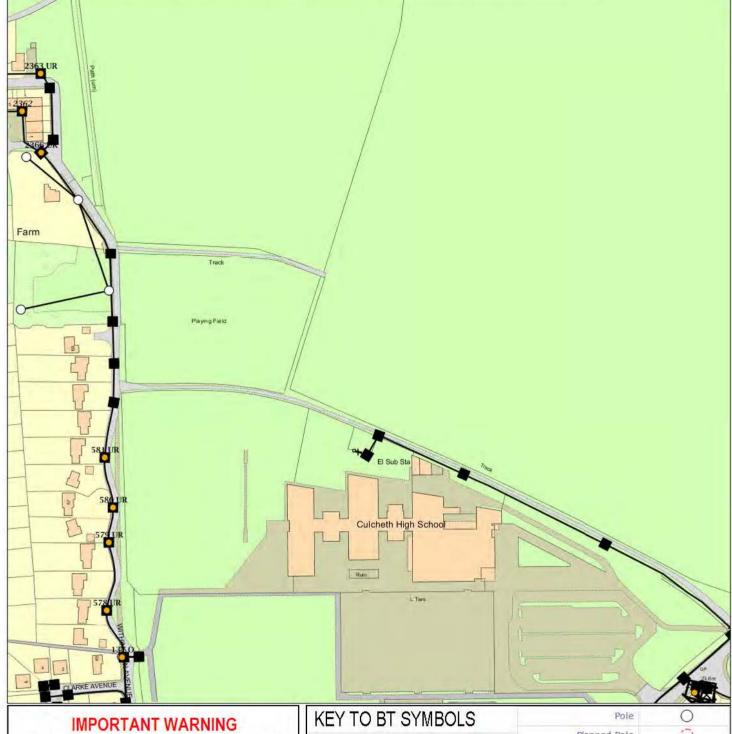
Other proposed plant is shown using dashed lines. BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: IVD11261N

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6603595936 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366035,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:27:06



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0	Pole	OLS	KEY TO BT SYME
0	Planned Pole	0/	DP
	Joint Box	•	Planned DP
+	Change Of State		PCP
×	Split Coupling	120	Planned PCP
<b>A</b>	Duct Tee	<b>/</b>	Built
	Planned Box		Planned
	Manhole	<b>/</b>	Inferred
	Planned Manhole		Building
Û	Cabinet	(K)	Kiosk
Û	Planned Cabinet	<b>XX</b>	Hatchings

BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref : AUJ11276Y

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6621695769 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366216,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:28:01



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EY TO BT SYMBOLS	Pole	0
DP	O Planned Pole	0
Planned DP	Joint Box	
PCP	Change Of State	+
Planned PCP	Split Coupling	×
Built	Duct Tee	
Planned	Planned Box	
Inferred	Manhole	
Building	Planned Manhole	
Kiosk	(Cabinet	Û
Hatchings	Planned Cabinet	1

Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: OZR11293X

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6649095658 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366490,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:29:37



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- 33	
KEY TO BT SYMBOL	S Pole
DP	Planned Pole
Planned DP	Joint Box
PCP	Change Of State
Planned PCP	Split Coupling
Built	Duct Tee
Planned	Planned Box
Inferred	Manhole
Building	Planned Manhole
Kiosk	(K) Cabinet
Hatchings	Planned Cabinet
	Other proposed plant is shown us

ing dashed lines BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation

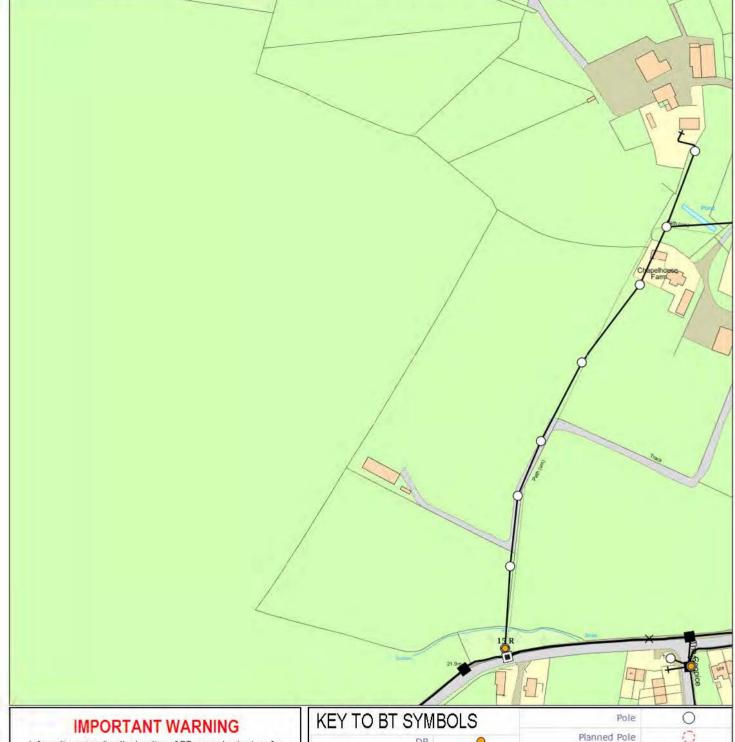
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BT Ref: UBX11309W

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6648795787 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366487,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:30:59



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0	Pole	BOLS	KEY TO BT SYME
0	Planned Pole	DOLO	DP
	Joint Box	•	Planned DP
+	Change Of State	囟	PCP
×	Split Coupling	12	Planned PCP
	Duct Tee	<b>/</b>	Built
	Planned Box		Planned
	Manhole	<b>/</b>	Inferred
	Planned Manhole		Building
Û	Cabinet	<b>(K)</b>	Kiosk
Û	Planned Cabinet	<b>XX</b>	Hatchings
ing dashed lines.	Other proposed plant is shown usi		

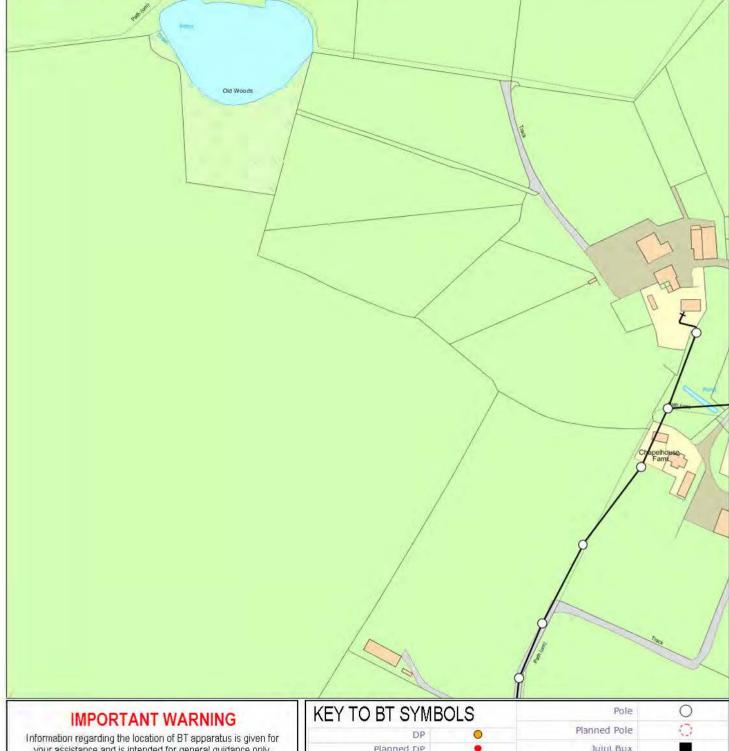
BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: JOR11317B

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6661195963 Easting/Northing : (centre) 366611,395

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:31:24



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	111	
Pole	3OLS	KEY TO BT SYME
Planned Pole	0	DP
Joint Box	•	Planned DP
Change Of State	囟	PCP
Split Coupling	<b>1</b>	Planned PCP
Duct Tee	<b>/</b>	Built
Planned Box		Planned
Manhole	<b>/</b>	Inferred
Planned Manhole		Building
Cabinet	<b>(K)</b>	Kiosk
Planned Cabinet	<b>XX</b>	Hatchings
Other proposed plant is shown using da		

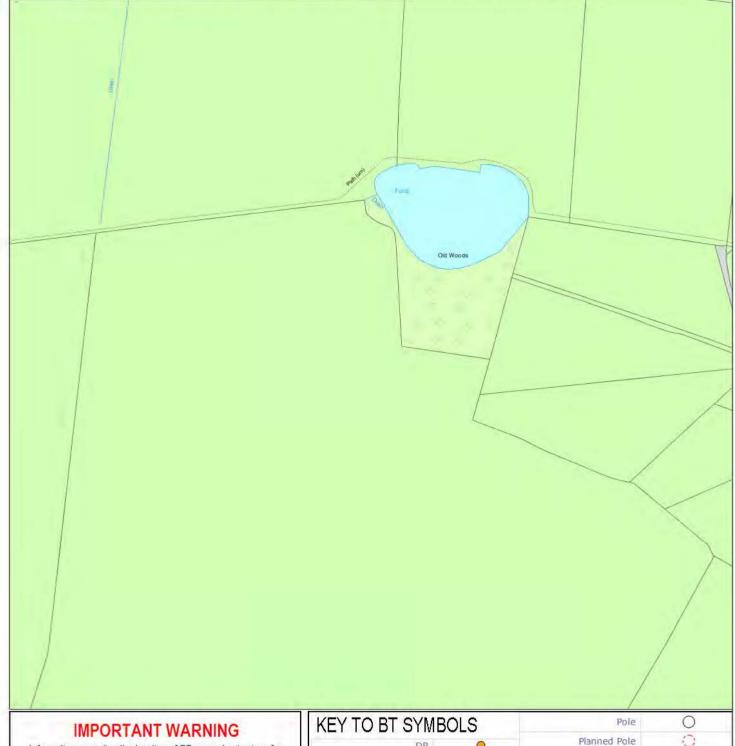
BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: ISA11326B

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6660896096 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366608,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:32:41



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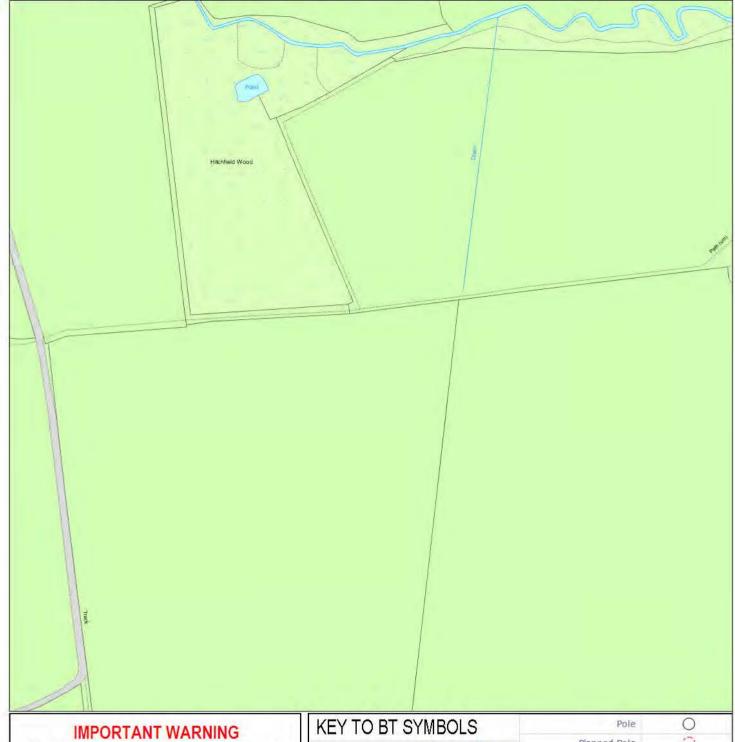
KEY TO BT SYMBOLS	Pole	0
DP O	Planned Pole	0
Planned DP	Joint Box	
PCP 🔯	Change Of State	+
Planned PCP	Split Coupling	×
Built	Duct Tee	•
Planned	Planned Box	
Inferred	Manhole	
Building	Planned Manhole	
Kiosk (K)	Cabinet	
Hatchings	Planned Cabinet	Û
	Other proposed plant is shown usin BT Symbols not listed above mayb	-

Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation

BT Ref : MVP11331S Map Reference : (centre) SJ6646196204

Easting/Northing: (centre) 366461,3962

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:33:12



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TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS
INCLUDING LOCATE AND MARKING SERVICE

# email cbyd@openreach.co.uk

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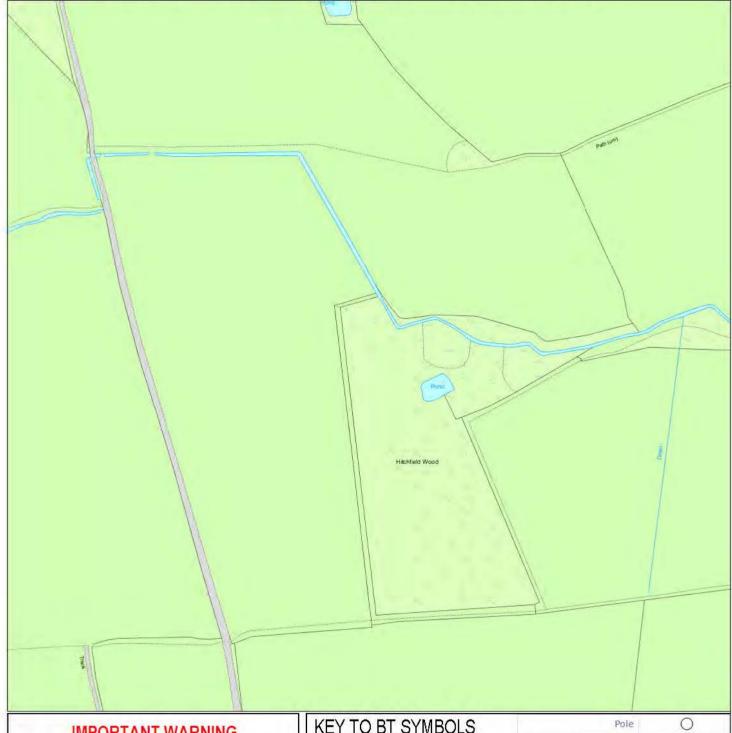
EY TO BT SYMB	V-V	Planned Pole	5
DP	0	Planned Pole	(1)
Planned DP	•	Joint Box	
PCP		Change Of State	+
Planned PCP	183	Split Coupling	×
Built	<b>/</b>	Duct Tee	<b>A</b>
Planned		Planned Box	
Inferred	<b>/</b>	Manhole	
Building		Planned Manhole	
Kiosk	<b>(K)</b>	Cabinet	
Hatchings	<b>XX</b>	Planned Cabinet	1

Information valid at time of preparation BT Ref: FJW11341F

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6621096250 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366210,3962 Issued: 08/08/2017 11:34:35



WARNING: IF PLANNED WORKS FALL INSIDE HATCHED AREA IT IS ESSENTIAL BEFORE PROCEEDING THAT YOU CONTACT THE NATIONAL NOTICE HANDLING CENTRE. PLEASE SEND E-MAIL TO: nnhc@openreach.co.uk



# IMPORTANT WARNING

Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy.

It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route.



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#### email cbyd@openreach.co.uk

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Pole	0
Planned Pole	0
Joint Box	
Change Of State	+
Split Coupling	×
Duct Tee	<b>A</b>
Planned Box	
Manhole	
Planned Manhole	
Cabinet	Û
Planned Cabinet	Û
	Planned Pole Joint Box Change Of State Split Coupling Duct Tee Planned Box Manhole Planned Manhole Cabinet

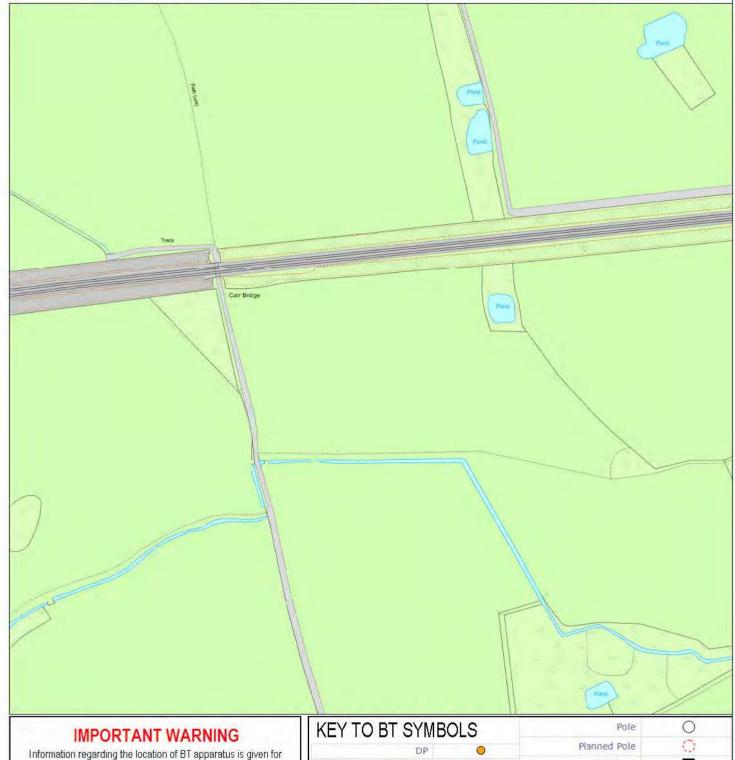
Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: JNS11344H

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6608096461 Easting/Northing: (centre) 366080,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:35:02



Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy.

It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route



# openreach

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TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS
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KEY TO BT SYM	BOLS
DP	0
Planned DP	•
PCP	
Planned PCP	<b>1</b>
Built	~
Planned	
Inferred	<b>/</b>
Building	
Kiosk	K
Hatchings	<b>XX</b>

Pole	0
Planned Pole	0
Joint Box	
Change Of State	+
Split Coupling	×
Duct Tee	<b>A</b>
Planned Box	
Manhole	
Planned Manhole	
Cabinet	Û
Planned Cabinet	Û

BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: BSH11351C

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6596896675 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365968,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:35:53





# openreach

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TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS
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#### email cbyd@openreach.co.uk

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KEY TO BT SYMBOLS	Pole
DP O	Planned Pole
Planned DP	Joint Box
PCP 🔯	Change Of State
Planned PCP	Split Coupling
Built	Duct Tee
Planned	Planned Box
Inferred	Manhole
Building	Planned Manhole
Kiosk (K)	Cabinet
Hatchings	Planned Cabinet
	Other proposed plant is show

hown using dashed lines. BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: RCQ11377A

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6554696648 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365546,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:37:19



# IMPORTANT WARNING

Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy.

It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route.



# openreach

CLICK BEFORE YOU DIG
FOR PROFESSIONAL FREE ON SITE ASSISTANCE PRIOR
TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS
INCLUDING LOCATE AND MARKING SERVICE

# email cbyd@openreach.co.uk

ADVANCE NOTICE REQUIRED (Office hours: Monday - Friday 08.00 to 17.00) www.openreach.co.uk/cbyd

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101	
KEY TO BT SYM	BOLS
DP	0
Planned DP	
PCP	$\square$
Planned PCP	183
Built	<b>/</b>
Planned	
Inferred	<b>/</b>
Building	
Kiosk	<b>(K)</b>
Hatchings	<b>XX</b>

Pole	0
Planned Pole	0
Joint Box	
Change Of State	+
Split Coupling	×
Duct Tee	<b>A</b>
Planned Box	
Manhole	
Planned Manhole	
Cabinet	Û
Planned Cabinet	Û

BT Symbols not listed above maybe disregarded. Existing BT Plant may not be recorded. Information valid at time of preparation



BT Ref: YCB11376H

Map Reference : (centre) SJ6538396445 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365383,396

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:38:06



# **IMPORTANT WARNING**

Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy.

It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route.



# openreach

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FOR PROFESSIONAL FREE ON SITE ASSISTANCE PRIOR
TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS
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# email cbyd@openreach.co.uk

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Pole	0
Planned Pole	0
Joint Box	
Change Of State	+
Split Coupling	×
Duct Tee	
Planned Box	
Manhole	
Planned Manhole	
Cabinet	Û
Planned Cabinet	1
	Joint Box Change Of State Split Coupling Duct Tee Planned Box Manhole Planned Manhole Cabinet

Information valid at time of preparation BT Ref: HW0113840

Map Reference: (centre) SJ6533396255 Easting/Northing: (centre) 365333,3962

Existing BT Plant may not be recorded.

Issued: 08/08/2017 11:38:27

Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# APPENDIX F



Natalia Marsden
Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure
4th Floor Colchester House
40 Peter Street
Manchester
Manchester
Greater Manchester
M2 5GP

**Date**: 09/08/2017

Our Ref: NW\_TW\_Z1\_3SWX\_353251

Your Ref: Culcheth East

RE: Proposed Works, North West Culcheth, East

Thank you for your enquiry which was received on 09/08/2017. Please note this response and any attached map(s) are valid for 28 days.

An assessment has been carried out with respect to Cadent Gas Ltd, National Grid Electricity Transmission plc's and National Grid Gas plc's apparatus. Please note it does not cover the items listed in the section "Your Responsibilities and Obligations", including gas service pipes and related apparatus.

For details of Network areas please see the Cadent website (<a href="http://cadentgas.com/Digging-safely/Dial-before-you-dig">http://cadentgas.com/Digging-safely/Dial-before-you-dig</a>) or the enclosed documentation.

As your works are at a "proposed" stage, any maps and guidance provided are for information purposes only. This is not approval to commence work. You must submit a "Scheduled Works" enquiry at the earliest opportunity and failure to do this may lead to disruption to your plans and works. Plant Protection will endeavour to provide an <u>initial</u> assessment within 14 days of receipt of a Scheduled Works enquiry and dependent on the outcome of this, further consultation may be required.

In any event, for safety and legal reasons, works must not be carried out until a Scheduled Works enquiry has been completed and final response received.

Plant Protection Cadent Block 1; Floor 1 Brick Kiln Street Hinckley LE10 0NA

E-mail: plantprotection@cadentgas.com

Telephone: +44 (0)800 688588

National Gas Emergency Number: 0800 111 999\*

National Grid Electricity Emergency Number: 0800 40 40 90\*

\* Available 24 hours, 7 days/week. Calls may be recorded and monitored.

www.cadentgas.com

# Your Responsibilities and Obligations

The "Assessment" Section below outlines the detailed requirements that must be followed when planning or undertaking your scheduled activities at this location.

It is your responsibility to ensure that the information you have submitted is accurate and that all relevant documents including links are provided to all persons (either direct labour or contractors) working for you near Cadent and/or National Grid's apparatus, e.g. as contained within the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations.

This assessment solely relates to Cadent Gas Ltd, National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NGET) and National Grid Gas plc (NGG) and apparatus. This assessment does **NOT** include:

Cadent and/or National Grid's legal interest (easements or wayleaves) in the land which restricts activity in proximity to Cadent and/or National Grid's assets in private land. You must obtain details of any such restrictions from the landowner in the first instance and if in doubt contact Plant Protection. Gas service pipes and related apparatus

Recently installed apparatus

Apparatus owned by other organisations, e.g. other gas distribution operators, local electricity companies, other utilities, etc.

It is **YOUR** responsibility to take into account whether the items listed above may be present and if they could be affected by your proposed activities. Further "Essential Guidance" in respect of these items can be found on the National Grid Website (<a href="http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982">https://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982</a>).

This communication does not constitute any formal agreement or consent for any proposed development work; either generally or with regard to Cadent and/or National Grid's easements or wayleaves nor any planning or building regulations applications.

Cadent Gas Ltd, NGG and NGET or their agents, servants or contractors do not accept any liability for any losses arising under or in connection with this information. This limit on liability applies to all and any claims in contract, tort (including negligence), misrepresentation (excluding fraudulent misrepresentation), breach of statutory duty or otherwise. This limit on liability does not exclude or restrict liability where prohibited by the law nor does it supersede the express terms of any related agreements.

If you require further assistance please contact the Plant Protection team via e-mail (<u>click here</u>) or via the contact details at the top of this response.

Yours faithfully

Plant Protection Team

# **ASSESSMENT**

# **Affected Apparatus**

The apparatus that has been identified as being in the vicinity of your proposed works is:

National Gas Transmission Pipelines and associated equipment Low or Medium pressure (below 2 bar) gas pipes and associated equipment. (As a result it is highly likely that there are gas services and associated apparatus in the vicinity)

# Requirements

## BEFORE carrying out any work you must:

Carefully read these requirements including the attached guidance documents and maps showing the location of apparatus.

Contact the landowner and ensure any proposed works in private land do not infringe Cadent and/or National Grid's legal rights (i.e. easements or wayleaves). If the works are in the road or footpath the relevant local authority should be contacted.

Ensure that all persons, including direct labour and contractors, working for you on or near Cadent and/or National Grid's apparatus follow the requirements of the HSE Guidance Notes HSG47 - 'Avoiding Danger from Underground Services' and GS6 – 'Avoidance of danger from overhead electric power lines'. This guidance can be downloaded free of charge at <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk">http://www.hse.gov.uk</a> In line with the above guidance, verify and establish the actual position of mains, pipes, cables, services and other apparatus on site before any activities are undertaken.

# **GUIDANCE**

# **High Pressure Gas Pipelines Guidance:**

If working in the vicinity of a high pressure gas pipeline the following document must be followed: 'Specification for Safe Working in the Vicinity of Cadent and/or National Grid High Pressure Gas Pipelines and Associated Installations - Requirements for Third Parties' (SSW22). This can be obtained from: <a href="http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33968">http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33968</a>

# **National High Pressure Gas Pipelines Guidance:**

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/9934F173-04D0-48C4-BE4D-82294822D29C/51893/Above7barGasGuidance.pdf

# **Dial Before You Dig Pipelines Guidance:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33969

# Excavating Safely - Avoiding injury when working near gas pipes:

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/2D2EEA97-B213-459C-9A26-18361C6E0B0D/25249/Digsafe\_leaflet3e2finalamends061207.pdf

# **Standard Guidance**

#### **Essential Guidance document:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982

# **General Guidance document:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=35103

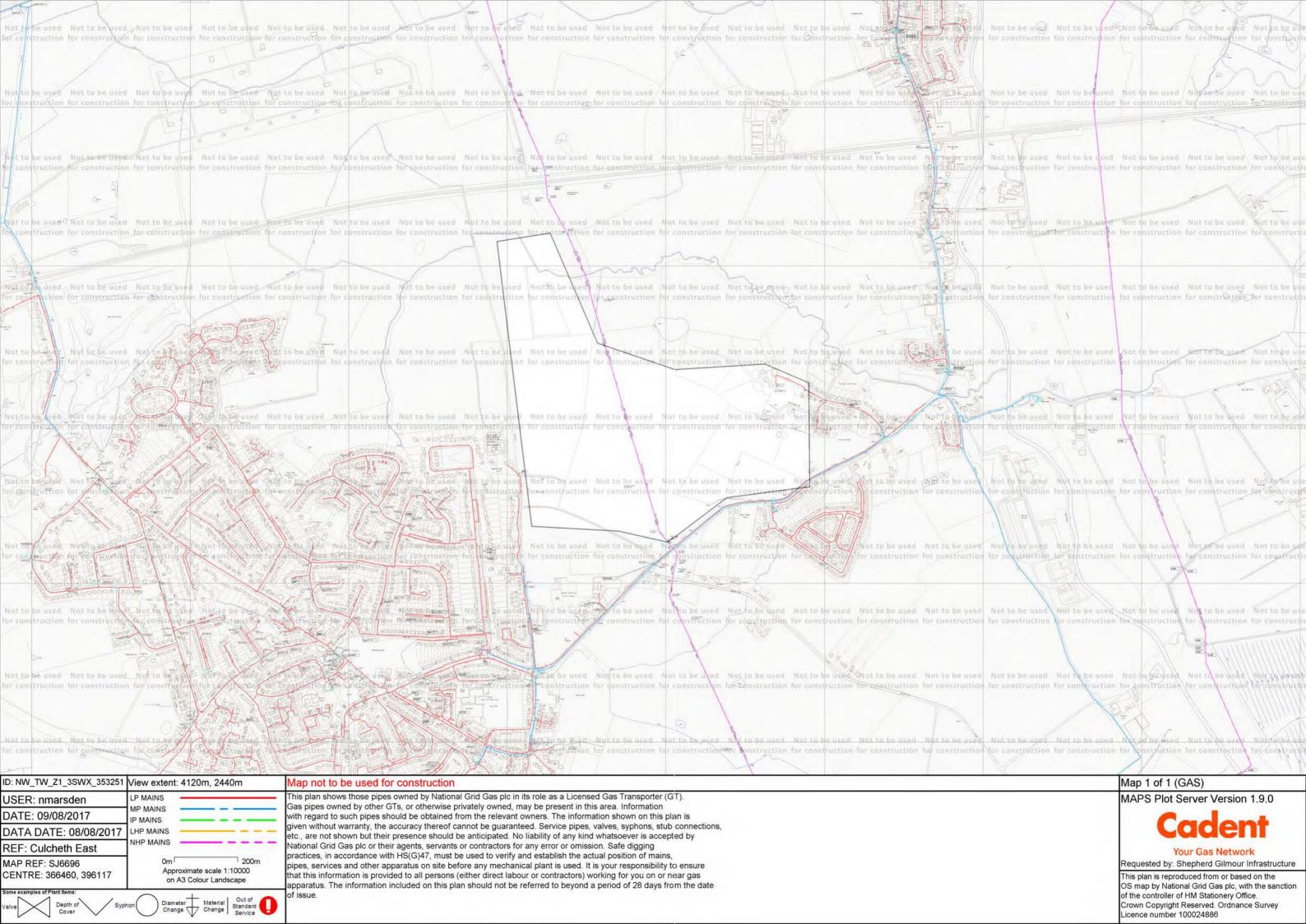
#### Excavating Safely in the vicinity of gas pipes guidance (Credit card):

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/A3D37677-6641-476C-9DDA-E89949052829/44257/ExcavatingSafelyCreditCard.pdf

# **Excavating Safely in the vicinity of electricity cables guidance (Credit card):**

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/35DDEC6D-D754-4BA5-AF3C-D607D05A25C2/44858/ExcavatingSafelyCreditCardelectricitycables.pdf

Copies of all the Guidance Documents can also be downloaded from the National Grid Website: <a href="http://www.nationalgrid.com/uk/Gas/Safety/work/downloads/">http://www.nationalgrid.com/uk/Gas/Safety/work/downloads/</a>



# **ENQUIRY SUMMARY**

# **Received Date**

09/08/2017

#### Your Reference

**Culcheth East** 

# Location

Centre Point: 366460, 396117

X Extent: 988 Y Extent: 978

Postcode: WA3 4AN

Location Description: North West Culcheth, East

# Map Options

Paper Size: A3

Orientation: LANDSCAPE Requested Scale: 10000 Actual Scale: 1:10000 (GAS)

Real World Extents: 4120m x 2440m (GAS)

## Recipients

nmarsden@sgiconsulting.co.uk

# **Enquirer Details**

Organisation Name: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure

Contact Name: Natalia Marsden

Email Address: nmarsden@sgiconsulting.co.uk

Telephone: 01618371500

Address: 4th Floor Colchester House, 40 Peter Street, Manchester, Manchester, Greater Manchester, M2 5GP

## **Description of Works**

Currently only in the initial planning stages for potential housing development, East of site

# **Enquiry Type**

**Proposed Works** 

## **Activity Type**

**Development Project** 

# Work Types

Work Type: Plans Only



Natalia Marsden
Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure
4th Floor Colchester House
40 Peter Street
Manchester
Manchester
Greater Manchester
M2 5GP

**Date**: 09/08/2017

Our Ref: NW TW Z1 3SWX 353246

Your Ref: Culcheth West

RE: Proposed Works, Land North East of Culcheth, West

Thank you for your enquiry which was received on 09/08/2017.

Please note this response and any attached map(s) are valid for 28 days.

An assessment has been carried out with respect to Cadent Gas Ltd, National Grid Electricity Transmission plc's and National Grid Gas plc's apparatus. Please note it does not cover the items listed in the section "Your Responsibilities and Obligations", including gas service pipes and related apparatus.

For details of Network areas please see the Cadent website (<a href="http://cadentgas.com/Digging-safely/Dial-before-you-dig">http://cadentgas.com/Digging-safely/Dial-before-you-dig</a>) or the enclosed documentation.

As your works are at a "proposed" stage, any maps and guidance provided are for information purposes only. This is not approval to commence work. You must submit a "Scheduled Works" enquiry at the earliest opportunity and failure to do this may lead to disruption to your plans and works. Plant Protection will endeavour to provide an <u>initial</u> assessment within 14 days of receipt of a Scheduled Works enquiry and dependent on the outcome of this, further consultation may be required.

In any event, for safety and legal reasons, works must not be carried out until a Scheduled Works enquiry has been completed and final response received.

Plant Protection Cadent Block 1; Floor 1 Brick Kiln Street Hinckley LE10 0NA

E-mail: plantprotection@cadentgas.com

Telephone: +44 (0)800 688588

National Gas Emergency Number: 0800 111 999\*

National Grid Electricity Emergency Number: 0800 40 40 90\*

\* Available 24 hours, 7 days/week. Calls may be recorded and monitored.

www.cadentgas.com

# Your Responsibilities and Obligations

The "Assessment" Section below outlines the detailed requirements that must be followed when planning or undertaking your scheduled activities at this location.

It is your responsibility to ensure that the information you have submitted is accurate and that all relevant documents including links are provided to all persons (either direct labour or contractors) working for you near Cadent and/or National Grid's apparatus, e.g. as contained within the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations.

This assessment solely relates to Cadent Gas Ltd, National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NGET) and National Grid Gas plc (NGG) and apparatus. This assessment does **NOT** include:

Cadent and/or National Grid's legal interest (easements or wayleaves) in the land which restricts activity in proximity to Cadent and/or National Grid's assets in private land. You must obtain details of any such restrictions from the landowner in the first instance and if in doubt contact Plant Protection. Gas service pipes and related apparatus

Recently installed apparatus

Apparatus owned by other organisations, e.g. other gas distribution operators, local electricity companies, other utilities, etc.

It is **YOUR** responsibility to take into account whether the items listed above may be present and if they could be affected by your proposed activities. Further "Essential Guidance" in respect of these items can be found on the National Grid Website (<a href="http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982">https://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982</a>).

This communication does not constitute any formal agreement or consent for any proposed development work; either generally or with regard to Cadent and/or National Grid's easements or wayleaves nor any planning or building regulations applications.

Cadent Gas Ltd, NGG and NGET or their agents, servants or contractors do not accept any liability for any losses arising under or in connection with this information. This limit on liability applies to all and any claims in contract, tort (including negligence), misrepresentation (excluding fraudulent misrepresentation), breach of statutory duty or otherwise. This limit on liability does not exclude or restrict liability where prohibited by the law nor does it supersede the express terms of any related agreements.

If you require further assistance please contact the Plant Protection team via e-mail (<u>click here</u>) or via the contact details at the top of this response.

Yours faithfully

Plant Protection Team

# **ASSESSMENT**

# **Affected Apparatus**

The apparatus that has been identified as being in the vicinity of your proposed works is:

National Gas Transmission Pipelines and associated equipment Low or Medium pressure (below 2 bar) gas pipes and associated equipment. (As a result it is highly likely that there are gas services and associated apparatus in the vicinity)

# Requirements

## BEFORE carrying out any work you must:

Carefully read these requirements including the attached guidance documents and maps showing the location of apparatus.

Contact the landowner and ensure any proposed works in private land do not infringe Cadent and/or National Grid's legal rights (i.e. easements or wayleaves). If the works are in the road or footpath the relevant local authority should be contacted.

Ensure that all persons, including direct labour and contractors, working for you on or near Cadent and/or National Grid's apparatus follow the requirements of the HSE Guidance Notes HSG47 - 'Avoiding Danger from Underground Services' and GS6 – 'Avoidance of danger from overhead electric power lines'. This guidance can be downloaded free of charge at <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk">http://www.hse.gov.uk</a> In line with the above guidance, verify and establish the actual position of mains, pipes, cables, services and other apparatus on site before any activities are undertaken.

# **GUIDANCE**

# **High Pressure Gas Pipelines Guidance:**

If working in the vicinity of a high pressure gas pipeline the following document must be followed: 'Specification for Safe Working in the Vicinity of Cadent and/or National Grid High Pressure Gas Pipelines and Associated Installations - Requirements for Third Parties' (SSW22). This can be obtained from: <a href="http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33968">http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33968</a>

# **National High Pressure Gas Pipelines Guidance:**

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/9934F173-04D0-48C4-BE4D-82294822D29C/51893/Above7barGasGuidance.pdf

# **Dial Before You Dig Pipelines Guidance:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=33969

# Excavating Safely - Avoiding injury when working near gas pipes:

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/2D2EEA97-B213-459C-9A26-18361C6E0B0D/25249/Digsafe\_leaflet3e2finalamends061207.pdf

# **Standard Guidance**

#### **Essential Guidance document:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=8589934982

# **General Guidance document:**

http://www2.nationalgrid.com/WorkArea/DownloadAsset.aspx?id=35103

#### Excavating Safely in the vicinity of gas pipes guidance (Credit card):

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/A3D37677-6641-476C-9DDA-E89949052829/44257/ExcavatingSafelyCreditCard.pdf

# **Excavating Safely in the vicinity of electricity cables guidance (Credit card):**

http://www.nationalgrid.com/NR/rdonlyres/35DDEC6D-D754-4BA5-AF3C-D607D05A25C2/44858/ExcavatingSafelyCreditCardelectricitycables.pdf

Copies of all the Guidance Documents can also be downloaded from the National Grid Website: <a href="http://www.nationalgrid.com/uk/Gas/Safety/work/downloads/">http://www.nationalgrid.com/uk/Gas/Safety/work/downloads/</a>



# **ENQUIRY SUMMARY**

# **Received Date**

09/08/2017

#### Your Reference

**Culcheth West** 

# Location

Centre Point: 365516, 396176

X Extent: 980 Y Extent: 995

Postcode: WA3 4AN

Location Description: Land North East of Culcheth, West

# **Map Options**

Paper Size: A3

Orientation: PORTRAIT Requested Scale: 10000 Actual Scale: 1:10000 (GAS)

Real World Extents: 2890m x 3670m (GAS)

# **Recipients**

nmarsden@sgiconsulting.co.uk

# **Enquirer Details**

Organisation Name: Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure

Contact Name: Natalia Marsden

Email Address: nmarsden@sgiconsulting.co.uk

Telephone: 01618371500

Address: 4th Floor Colchester House, 40 Peter Street, Manchester, Manchester, Greater Manchester, M2 5GP

## **Description of Works**

Currently only in the initial planning stages for potential housing development- west of the site

# **Enquiry Type**

**Proposed Works** 

## **Activity Type**

**Development Project** 

# Work Types

Work Type: Plans Only

# Shepherd Gilmour Consulting Engineers

# **APPENDIX G**



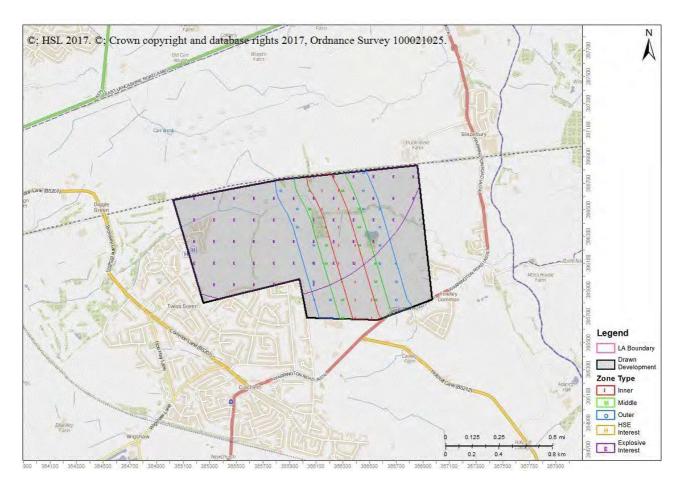
M15 4LZ

# Advice: HSL-170814100504-432 Crosses Consultation Zone

Please enter further details about the proposed development by continuing with the enquiry on the HSE's Planning Advice Web App from the Previous Enquiries tab either now or at a later time, unless the Web App has stopped the process and notified you to contact HSE.

Your Ref: Land at Culcheth Development Name:

**Comments:** 



#### Commercial In Confidence

The proposed development site which you have identified currently lies within the consultation distance (CD) of at least one major hazard site and/or major accident hazard pipeline; HSE needs to be consulted on any developments on this site.

This advice report has been generated using information supplied by Dean O'Reilly at Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure on 14 August 2017.

You will also need to contact the pipeline operator as they may have additional constraints on development near their pipeline.

6754 1038 National Grid Gas PLC

HSL/HSE accepts no liability for the accuracy of the pipeline routing data received from a 3rd party. HSE/HSL also accepts no liability if you do not consult with the pipeline operator.

You may wish to contact HSE's Planning Advice team to discuss the above enquiry result on 01298 218159 or by email at lupenquiries@hsl.gsi.gov.uk.

Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure Castlefield House, 29 Ellesmere Street, Manchester



M15 4LZ

# Advice: HSL-170814100504-432 Crosses Explosive Safeguarding Zones

Your Ref: Land at Culcheth Development Name:

Comments:

The site which you have identified currently lies within one or more Explosives Safeguarding Zones; please contact the HSE Explosives Inspectorate.

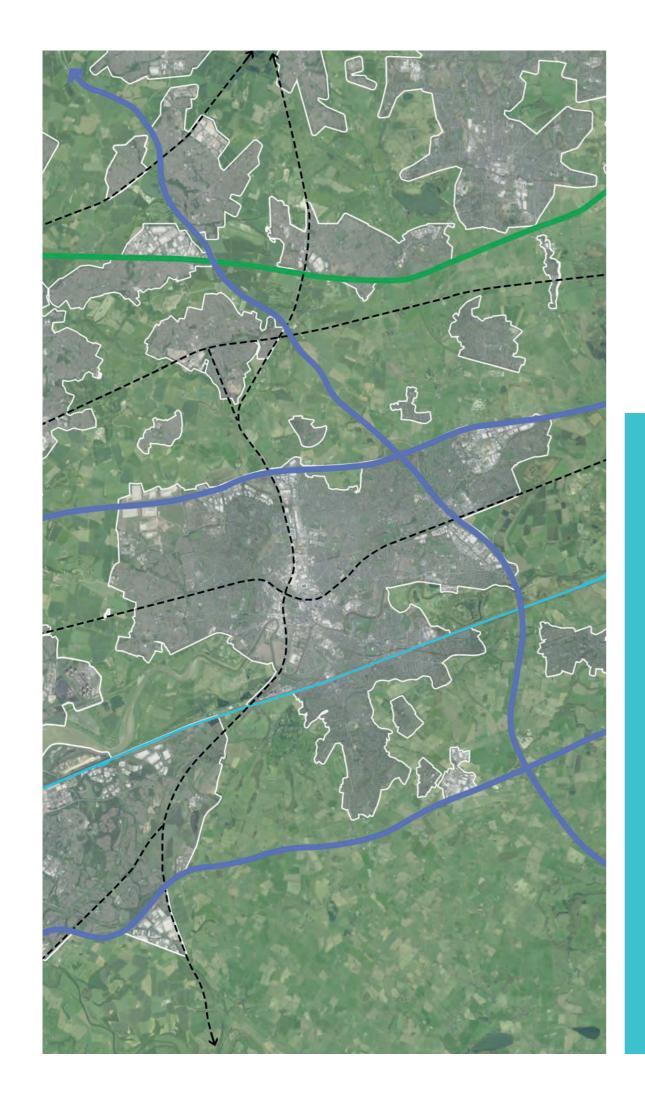
The Explosives Inspectorate can be contacted at:

Health and Safety Executive Explosives Inspectorate Redgrave Court Merton Road Bootle Merseyside L20 7HS

Email: explosive.enquiries@hse.gsi.gov.uk

#### Commercial In Confidence

Please note that this advice is based on the specific information provided by Dean O'Reilly on behalf of Shepherd Gilmour Infrastructure and the explosive safeguarding zone data held by HSE on this date.





# Land North East of Culcheth Warrington

Landscape, Townscape and t and Development Appraisal



Warrington Local Plan Sites 2019 Contents

01 Overview and intr	4
02 Methodology	(
03 Planning policy and published landscape character assessment	1:
04 Landscape/townscape character and visual receptors	13
05 Landsc	33
06 Development poten e	3.
07 Illustra e masterplan	38

# **Randall Thorp Document Control**

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# **Overview**

Randall Thorp LLP has been commissioned by Peel Holdings to produce a Landscape, Townsc t.

This report has been prepared in response to the proposed alloca of sites within Warrington Borough Council's Proposed Submission Version Local Plan (2019) (PSLP).

These reports will assist in demonstra or new residen development within the outlying se ts of the Borough, and broadly appraise the suitability of these outlying se ts to accommodate new residen velopment in rela o landscape character, townscape charact .

# Intr

The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the landscape, townsc ast of Culcheth site and demonstrates the sites ability to accommodate development in principle without undue impacts on the surrounding landscape.

This report has been prepared in response to the Warrington

Borough Council Local Plan Se t Pr ts

document, published in July 2017, which states that a sustainable

se t extension to Culcheth "could have detrimental impacts on

Green Belt and the character of Culcheth".

The se t of Culcheth is located within the north eastern part of the Borough, close t o the south west and the A580 to the north. The site is located immediately adjacent to the se t of Culcheth, enclosed by residen development to the south and west, and by the wooded embankment of the Manchester to Liverpool railway line to the north. The strategic loca th within the Warrington Borough and the site loca e shown on **Figure 1** (Page 5).

This report considers the exis acter and visibility of the site.

The report reviews the landscape, adjacent townscape and visual baseline in order to provide evidence to support the alloca site and inform the future masterplanning of the site for residen development.

An illustra e masterplan is provided to demonstrate one possible or the development of the site indica this report.

The site is located in Landscape Character Type 1: Undula

Farmland. Volume 1: Analysis of the Warrington Landscape Character

Assessment, 2007 considers this Landscape Character Type to be suitable for new development. Volume 2: Landscape, townscape and visual appraisal of the outlying se ts and individual SHLAA sites considers this site suitable for development with landscape, townsc a

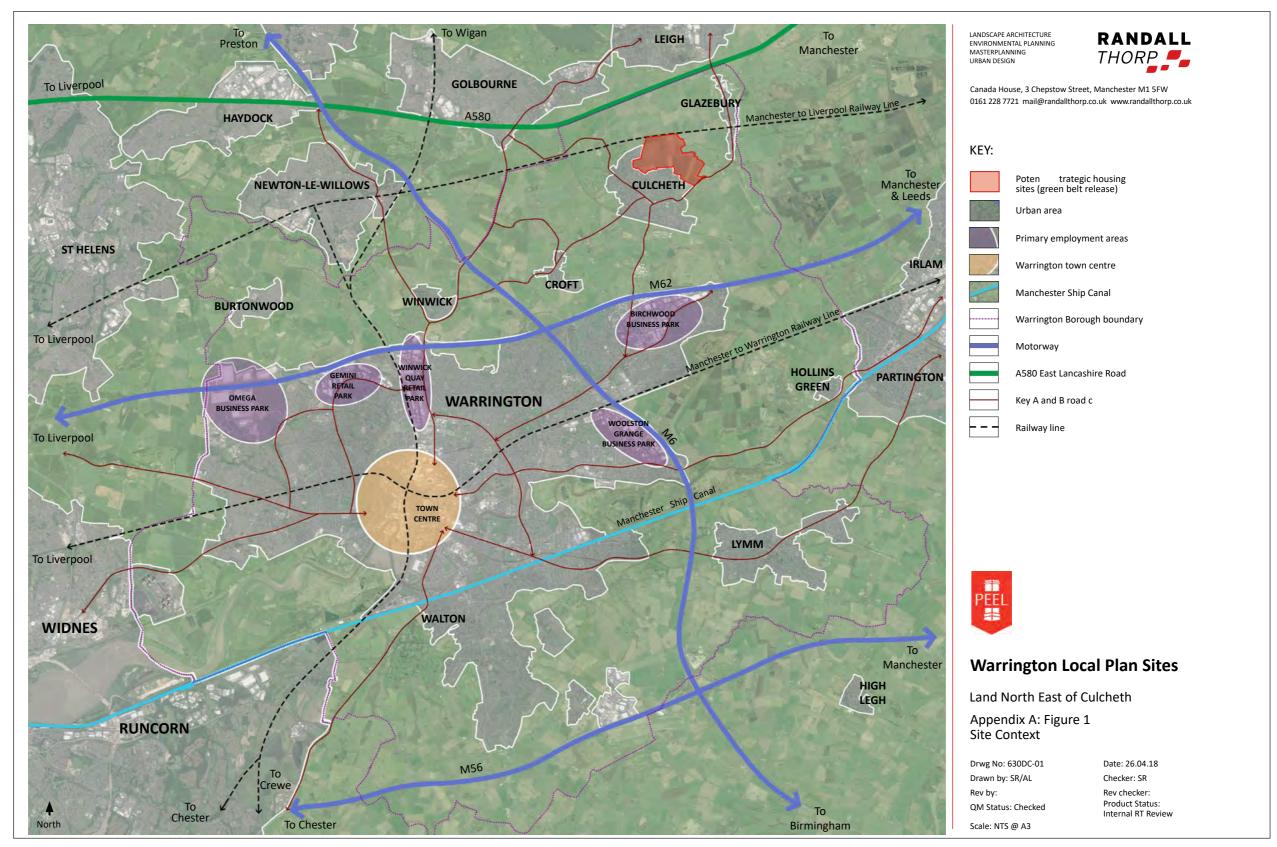


Figure 1 - Site context

# Methodology

#### Guidance

This Landscape, Townsc t has been prepared in accordance with "Guidelines for Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment" (GLVIA3), Third E explain that it is necessary to tailor Landscape and Visual Appraisals to ture of the proposals, and that a prescrip e approach should not be applied.

# **Study** area

For the purposes of the report a landscape study area, which encompasses the site and its surrounding landscape and townscape context has been adopted. **Figure 2** (Page 7) illustrates the study area.

# **Approach**

es of the assessment are:

- Iden y the planning policy constraints;
- Consider the published Landscape Character Assessments;
- An evalua ape and townscape character;
- Iden y visual receptors;
- Describe and evaluate the exis ape character of the site and its immediate surroundings;
- Assess the landsc e and its immediate surroundings; and
- Advise on the development poten

   e, taking into account

   the landsc

   adjoining townscape as set out above.

#### **Baseline studies**

The baseline study iden ape, townscape and visual character and components of the site within the study area shown in **Figure 2** (Page 7).

The following documents have been reviewed as part of the desk study:

- Landscape Ins e and the Ins e of Environmental
   Management and Assessment Guidelines for Landscape and
   Visual Impact Assessment (GLVIA), Third E
- Landscape Ins e Townscape Character Assessment Technical
   Informa e 05/2017
- Warrington: A Landscape Character Assessment Prepared 2007 (Warrington LCA, 2007)
- Warrington Local Plan Core Strategy Adopted July 2014
- Warrington Borough Council PSLP (2019)
- Warrington Borough Council Local Plan Se t Pr
   July 2017
- Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea Lea t –
   December 2000

ork was undertak ork
establishes an understanding of the landscape within and around the
site, its component parts and subdivisions, as well as the con
currently made b erent areas in terms of landscape quality and
character, value, green infrastructur . It also
establishes the visual baseline to iden y the range of views of the site,
and whether there are any public viewpoints which are important in
terms of apprecia acter of the site.

Photographs have been taken from publicly accessible loca aide memoire.

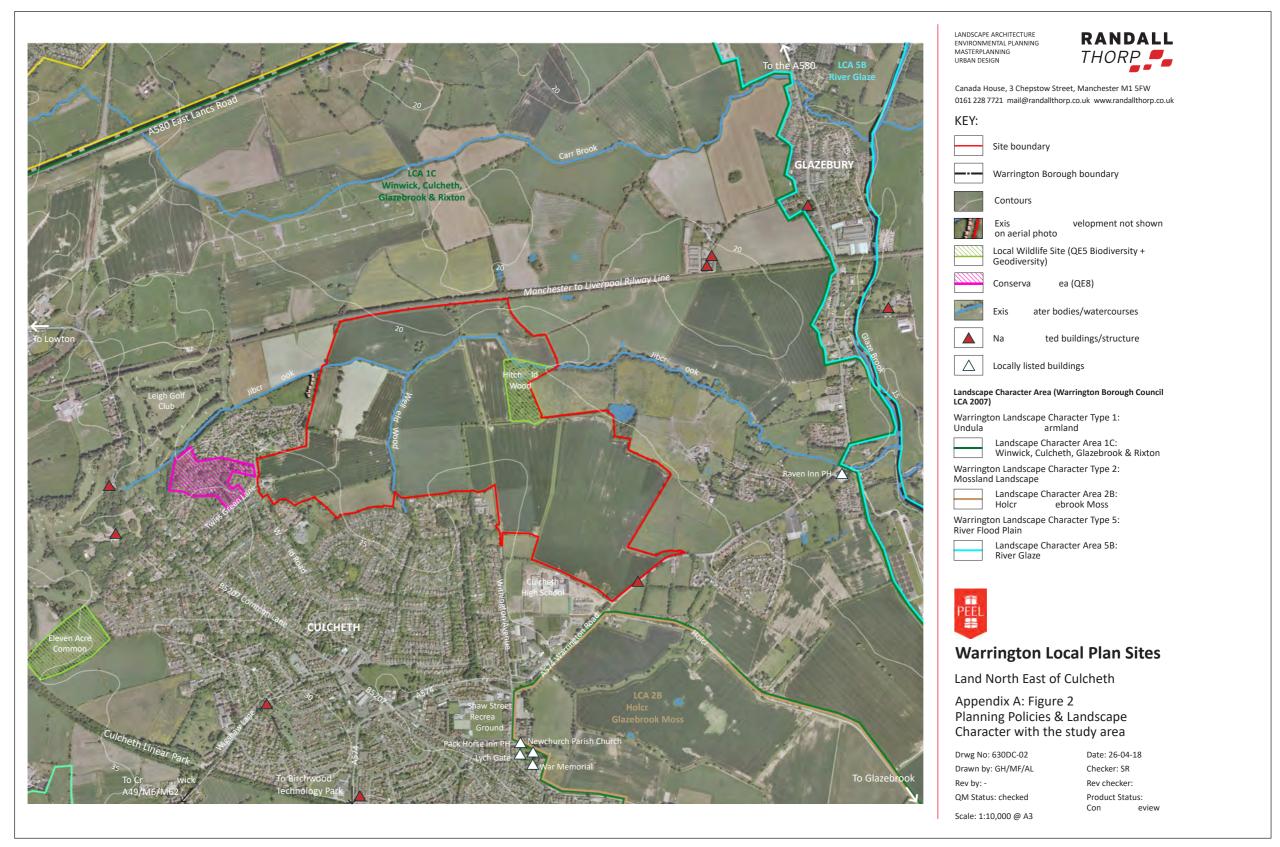


Figure 2 - Planning policies and landscape character within the study area

# Methodology for appr

ape

The guidance in GLVIA3 underpins the complete process of landscape and visual impact assessment and states that the value of the landscape should be considered as part of the baseline studies.

'Landscape value' and 'suscep to change' are taken into account

when establishing the over ape prior to making an assessment of the landscape impacts. In broad terms landscape

' 'is de onsidered combina alue of the landscape with its suscep o change.

GLVIA3 suggests two approaches to determining landscape value,
st applies to areas where there are exis ape
characterisa tudies and where there are landscape designa
in place, and the second applies when there is no exis vidence
base. It goes on, however to suggest (para 5.29) that in pr
combina oaches is most e e.

In the case of this se t there is a published assessment,
Warrington: A Landscape Character Assessment (LCA) (Prepared in
2007), which sets out the key landscape characters in the Warrington
Borough. This LCA does not a ach any values to an
landscape type or landscape ar e assessment of the
2007 landscapes within Warrington Borough.

x 5.1 on page 84 of GLVIA lists a range of factors that are generally agreed to help in valuing landscapes.

Box 5.1

Range of factors that can help in the identification of valued landscapes

- Landscape quality (condition): A measure of the physical state of the landscape. It may include the extent to which typical character is represented in individual areas, the intactness of the landscape and the condition of individual elements.
- Scenic quality: The term used to describe landscapes that appeal primarily to the senses (primarily but not wholly the visual senses).
- Rarity: The presence of rare elements or features in the landscape or the presence of a rare Landscape Character Type.
- Representativeness: Whether the landscape contains a particular character and/or features or elements which are considered particularly important examples
- Conservation interests: The presence of features of wildlife, earth science or archaeological or historical and cultural interest can add to the value of the landscape as well as having value in their own right.
- Recreation value: Evidence that the landscape is valued for recreational activity where experience of the landscape is important.
- Perceptual aspects: A landscape may be valued for its perceptual qualities, notably wildness and/or tranquillity.
- Associations: Some landscapes are associated with particular people, such as artists or writers, or events in history that contribute to perceptions of the natural beauty of the area.

Based on Swanwick and Land Use Consultants (2002)

The value of the landscape is assessed in this report using a combina onsidera t out in Box 5.1 of GLVIA3 and the key characteris arrington LCA, 2007.

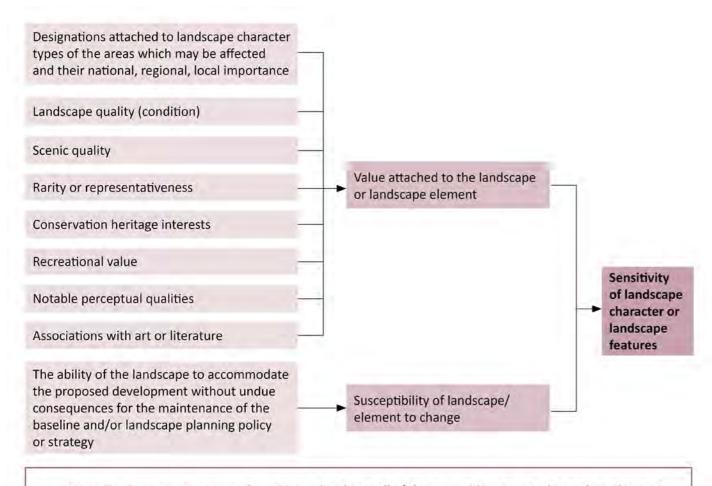
'Suscep o change' is de t paragraph 5.40 of GLVIA3 which states:

"This means the ability of the landscape receptor (whether it be the overall character or quality/condition of a particular landscape type or area, or an individual element and/or feature, or a particular aesthetic and perceptual aspect) to accommodate the proposed development without undue consequences for the maintenance of the baseline situation and/or the achievement of planning policies and strategies".

The level of suscep o change of any landscape will depend on both its exis acteris acteris

the development being proposed. A landscape may have a high suscep o change if the elements are proposed which are completely new/alien in the context of the landscape, or where new elements would be highly visible in an open view. Likewise a landscape would have a low suscep o change if the site is not widely visible and the new elements proposed are already found in the exis vironment.

The following diagram summarises some of the considera con o the evalua .



Overall Judgement in respect of sensitivity: Combines all of these considerations and is explained in text. It will be described as *High, Medium, Low or Negligible* depending on the combination of circumstances

# Methodology for evalua ownscape character

open spaces."

Using GLVIA and the Landscape Ins e Townscape Character

Assessment Technical Informa e 05/2017 (TIN) this report includes an evalua ownscape character within close proximity of the site.

Townscape is described in GLVIA3, paragraph 2.7: "the landscape within the built-up area, including the buildings, the relationship between them, the different types of urban open spaces, including green spaces and the relationship between buildings and

Considera ownscape character will provide an understanding of how a place has evolved and developed ov to respond to natural, social and economic drivers; and how this is re ed in the layout of the streets, the architecture of the buildings and materials used; and the historic development of the surroundings.

A study of the historic development; movement and c urban structure and built form; heritage assets; green infrastructure and public realm and tranquility has been carried out in order to evaluate the townscape relevant to the site and surrounding area.

This evalua ovide an understanding of the intrinsic charact an be used as a guide to the loca ale, massing and type of development that can be accommodated.

#### Methodology for appr

eceptors

In line with GLVIA a visual appraisal has been carried out to iden y the eceptors.

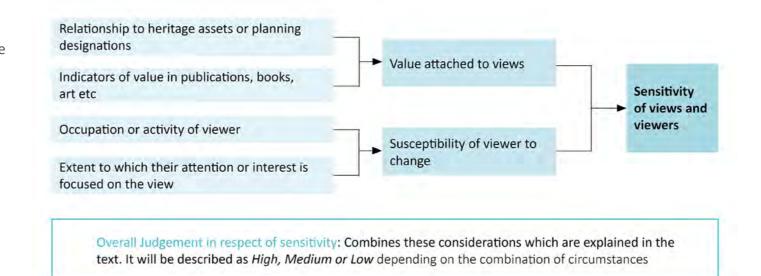
onsidered combina alue a ached to a view and the suscep wer to change.

The value a ached to views takes account of the rec alue though planning designa alue a ached through appearance in tourist literature.

The suscep eceptors to change will vary according to the occupa xperiencing the view and the extent to which their a en ocused on the view.

Viewpoints considered representa e of poten e receptors situated within the study area at varying distances and dir ve been iden ws from public viewpoints, such as Public Rights of Way (PRoW) and roads in the vicinity have been considered.

The following diagram summarises some of the considera con o the evalua .



### 03 Planning policy and published landscape character assessment

## Planning policy and published landscape character assessment

#### **Planning policy**

The Warrington Local Plan Core Strategy was adopted by Warrington Borough Council (WBC) on 21st July 2014 and replaced the previously Adopted Unitary Development Plan.

The majority of the landscape that surrounds the se t of Culcheth and the site is indicated as Green Belt, which is set out within Policy CS 5 – Overall Spa ategy – Green Belt. This is a spa ally related to landsc es.

Warrington Borough Council recognises the need for Green Belt release in order to accommodate the Borough's housing and economic requirements.

Figure 2 (Page 7) shows the planning policies within the study area.

Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea is located in the north western part of the se t and is iden olicy

QE8 – Historic Environment. The Local Plan recognises the value of the heritage assets within the Borough and sets out this policy to appropriately protect and enhance these areas.

Hitch ood is located to the north east of Culcheth, within the site. It is designated and protected as a Local Wildlife Site by Policy QE5 – Biodiversity and Geodiversity of the Local Plan.

There are a number of na ally listed buildings or structures within the study area, although very few of these have any inter e. A Grade II listed Milestone is located along the A574 Warrington Road, adjacent to part of the eastern site boundary.

The dra ersion of the Warrington PSLP was approved for consulta ch 2019. This includes emerging landscape policies that require considera e pr adopted, the PSLP will replace the Local Plan Core Strategy (2014).

#### **Published landscape character assessment**

**Figure 2** (Page 7) shows the extent of the Landscape Character Areas within the study area.

Warrington LCA, 2007 sets out and describes, on an area by area basis, the Borough's landscape, its cultural history, landsc landscape change, together with recommended management and landsc es. The Borough is divided into broad Landscape Character Types; these are then divided into more detailed Landscape Character Areas.

The se t of Culcheth and the landscape surrounding it fall within Landscape Character Type 1 "Undula armland", and within Landscape Character Areas 1C "Winwick, Culcheth, Glazebrook and Rixton." The landscape surrounding Culcheth to the south and south-east falls within Landscape Character Type 2 "Mossland Landscape" and Landscape Character Area 2B "Holcr and Glazebrook Moss. The landscape around Glazebury to the east ape Character Type 5 "River Flood Plain and Landscape Character Area 5B "River Glaze."

**Appendix B** includes extracts of the relevant Landscape Character Area descrip om the Warrington LCA, 2007.

#### Landscape Character Area 1C –

#### Winwick, Culcheth, Glazebrook and Rixton

The relevant key characteris ape Character Area 1C are:

- Sweeping views to the north and east from the areas of Culcheth and Glazebrook;
- Medium to often large-scale mainly arable fields;
- Lack of hedgerow trees;
- Hedgerows between fields often fragmented;
- Deciduous wooded backdrops;

Landscape Character Area 1C is described within the Warrington LCA, 2007 as:

"These areas typify undulating enclosed farmland with a medium to large-scale field pattern. The area stretches in an arc from the River Mersey in the south, through Glazebrook to Culcheth in the north and finally wrapping around Winwick in the west."

"The agriculture predominantly consists of arable fields, intensely cropped, with poorly maintained remnant hedgerow with few hedgerow trees. Small deciduous woodlands form backdrops to views within the landscape."

#### Landscape Character Area 2B – Holcr

ebrook Moss

The relevant key characteris

ape Character Area 2B are:

- "Level" basin form to mossland areas;
- Expansive views towards the Pennines;
- General absence of hedgerows and hedgerow trees;
- Predominantly expansive arable farmland;
- Visually dominant elevated sections of disused railway;
- Visually dominant landfill site at Silver Lane;

Open and exposed;

Landscape Character Area 2B is described within the Warrington LCA, 2007 as:

"Holcroft and Glazebrook Moss form a continuous area of mossland separated from Risley and Rixton Mosses to the south-west by a narrow causeway known as Old Hall Lane, situated on slightly higher land between Milverton Farm and New Hall Farm."

"Their landscape character is similar to that of the adjacent Rixton Moss, although field sizes become larger from south to north with fewer dividing ditches. Arable crops appear more extensive and less varied. The impression of 'isolation' within the area is less marked with views tending more towards the east and the Pennines."

"The edges of the mossland are indistinct, visually feathering into bordering areas."

"The landfill site at Silver Lane is a dominant and alien feature in an otherwise flat landscape. The site is currently active, although completed sections are now 'over soiled' and planted with mainly native woodland species."

#### Landscape Character Area 5B – River Glaze

The relevant key characteris ape Character Area 5B are:

- Flat land associated with the floodplain
- Narrow, linear river corridor
- Small scale
- Mainly rural character

- Small 'river cliffs' and levees
- Enclosed views
- Associated linear footpath route
- Notable absence of trees to the river bank

Landscape Character Area 5B is described within the Warrington LCA, 2007 as:

"The River Glaze forms the north-eastern boundary to the Borough, flowing in a southerly direction from Lately Common, Glazebury in the north to its confluence with the River Mersey adjacent to Hollins Green in the south. The river has cut a small discreet valley profile locally with low 'river cliffs' and has a narrow, discontinuous floodplain. This has created linear enclosed views along the river."

"The floodplain areas present an attractive, largely rural character consisting of grazing pasture although small areas of residential and commercial land have also been developed on the floodplain at Lately Common. Trees to the riverbanks are noticeably absent."

"The river appears to have been straightened artificially in some sections and flows mainly between raised levee banks. Its character however, still retains a 'natural' feeling, being set in a rural landscape.

Roads and development generally have 'turned their backs' to the river, affording little in the way of views or access. However a footpath route known as the Glazebrook Trail runs adjacent to the river on the eastern bank outside the Borough boundary."

"The river is relatively narrow and crossings by small bridges to farms and farmland are easily afforded. More substantial bridges include

the A580 Pennington Bridge, the railway bridge at Glazebury, the M62 bridge at Holcroft Moss and the A57 bridge at Hollins Green."

Summary of the landscape character of the site and its surroundings

The site itself sits in Landscape Character Area 1C Winwick, Culcheth, Glazebrook and Rixton.

The landscape within the site and immediate se om the wider landscape character area by the exis ailway line to the north. The site is typical of the landscape character area, and is an example of medium - large scale ar thave been intensely farmed. Deciduous woodland is also present within the site and surroundings. Although typical of the landscape character area, larg cels and areas of woodlands are not rare or unusual features and can be found in other landscape character areas within Warrington.

The site comprises a series of ar cels, the se strongly in y the exis ge residen velopment at Culcheth.

Development within the site will be in keeping with the adjacent suburban land uses.

#### Landscape character of the study area

The landscape of the study area surrounding the north and east of Culcheth is primarily agricultural in its use with a medium to large scale, irr ern. Vegeta enerally restricted to these erows, isolated trees and linear woodlands all present.

The Manchester to Liverpool railway line, which is raised on wooded embankments runs east to west to the north of Culcheth. A now disused railway line sweeps around the south-western extent of the to within Landscape Character Areas 1C and 2B. Part of this disused line is currently used as Culcheth Linear Park.

Carr Brook and Jibcr ook both meander through the study area from west to east, with the former located to the north of the Manchester to Liverpool railway line and the la er to the south. Both of these watercourses feed into Glaze Brook in the east of the study area, with the topography gently sloping in this dir Brook is set within a woodland corridor for the majority of its journey through the study area, providing strong de e to some of the agricultur

#### Townscape character of the study area

The townscape adjacent to the site comprises the northern parts of Culcheth, including Culcheth High School and the Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea.

#### Historical development

"Culcheth was originally a small village probably founded after 1066, but was certainly in existence in 1212." (Warrington LCA, 2007).

Historically, "its development originally based around the junction of Warrington Road, Wigshaw Lane and Common Lane. Originally the settlement was close to the road junction, where a few older buildings are located." (Warrington LCA thas expanded in all dir o enc arrington Road, Wigshaw Lane and Common Lane within the town centre.

The built form along the southern and western edges of the site is primarily residen to the western boundary of the site within the Conserva ea are post 1920's, with those along the western boundary outside of the Conserva ea being post 1990's. The southern boundary primarily consists of post 1960's pr There is a mix of styles throughout, with predominant use of red brick and occasional use of render.

#### Movement and c

A network of A and B roads cut through the study area providing good links to the wider area. Culcheth is described as "a large nucleated settlement" (Warrington LCA, 2007) and sits a

A574 Warrington Road, the B5207 Common Lane, and Wigshaw Lane.

These roads provide c o the wider area including Glazebury

and the A580 to the north east, Birchwood Technology Park to the south, Lowton to the north west, and Cr wick, the A49 and the Motorway network to the south west. To the east of Culcheth, the B5212 Holcr arrington Road, providing access to Glazebrook to the south-east.

#### Urban structure and built form

The character and c t of Culcheth is described as being: "augmented by a series of conventional private housing estates of low architectural merit, many interconnected through a maze of loop roads. The village is sited on a generally gently north sloping area of undulating land" (Warrington LCA, 2007). Culcheth is considered to be a "particular example of poorly-planned housing estate expansion" (Warrington LCA, 2007).

#### Heritage assets

There are a number of na ally listed buildings within the study area although these are primarily concentrated within the southern and western parts of the town. A grade II listed Milestone is located along the A574 Warrington Road. The Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea is located in the western part of Culcheth and consists of a group of houses set around an oval driveway within a mature wooded se ger more ins buildings are located in the eastern part of the Conserva next to Twiss Green Lane and include a former school and hospital annex, administra e and workshop buildings, and a "dominant water tower" (Culcheth Conserva ea Lea t, 2000). With the excep of the water tower, which is visible from Twiss Green Lane and the

surrounding landscape, the buildings within this conserva ea are surrounded by exis esiden th and have ter ounding landscape.

#### Green infrastructure and public realm

Culcheth is focused around a central green a

A574 Warrington Road and the B5207 Common Lane. Street trees
are generally present throughout the townscape and recrea

f egenerally located on the fringes of the se t. Leigh

Golf Club is located on the western edge of Culcheth with Shaw Street

Recrea ound located on the eastern edge. The Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea has a character "redolent of the early Garden-Suburb movement" (Culcheth Conserva ea

Lea t, 2000) with generous front gardens and designed landscape treatments. Pockets of informal greenspace are found throughout the various residen eas.

#### Tranquility

Due to the presence of major transport corridors nearby, including the M62, M6, A580 and Manchester to Liverpool railway line, Culcheth does not experience any strong sense of tranquility.

#### Site descrip

**Figure 3** (Page 15) shows the site in rela o Culcheth, its landscape features and context.

The site is situated at the north-eastern edge of Culcheth and is currently in use as arable farmland with an irr ern. It is contained by exis esiden velopment along the majority of its western boundary with an exis y forming the remainder. The southern boundary is de y exis esiden development and Culcheth High School.

The site is well contained to the north by the exis ter to Liverpool railway line which runs from east to west on a raised, wooded embankment. The eastern boundary of the site follows the exis ough the landscape before following the A574 Warrington R e de y exis hedgerows, trees and woodlands, including Hitch ood, which is designated as a Local Wildlife Site.

The topography of the site generally slopes from higher land in the south towards the north. There are two watercourses within the site.

Jibcr ws from west to east through the northern part of the site alongside exis e well treed. It then skirts along the northern edge of Hitch ood and con t within a woodland belt towards Glaze Brook. The second watercourse within the site is a tributary to Jibcr ook, entering the site from

the southern boundar wing north through W oods, before joining the west to east branch of Jibcr ook in the northern part of the site.

W ood is a strong feature within the landscape and divides the site into tw oviding a sense of enclosure within the western parts of the sit ern within this western part of the site is smaller than that to the east of W boundaries within the western part of the site contain more trees.

tern part of the site are larger, with fewer trees along their boundaries. The excep ooded embankment of the Manchester to Liverpool railway line to the t form the eastern edge of the site. Hitch ood is a dominant feature in the landscape and helps to create a visually well contained landscape in combina other woodland belts along the eastern edge of the site.

There are nine Public Rights of Way that run through the site, providing c om Culcheth to the wider landscape to the north and east. These routes are con o the exis provide c o the landscape to the north of the railway line, and Glazebury to the north-east of Culcheth. Two non-de e footpaths are located within the site and complement the exis PRoW network. These routes are also signposted as per the rest of the PRoW network.

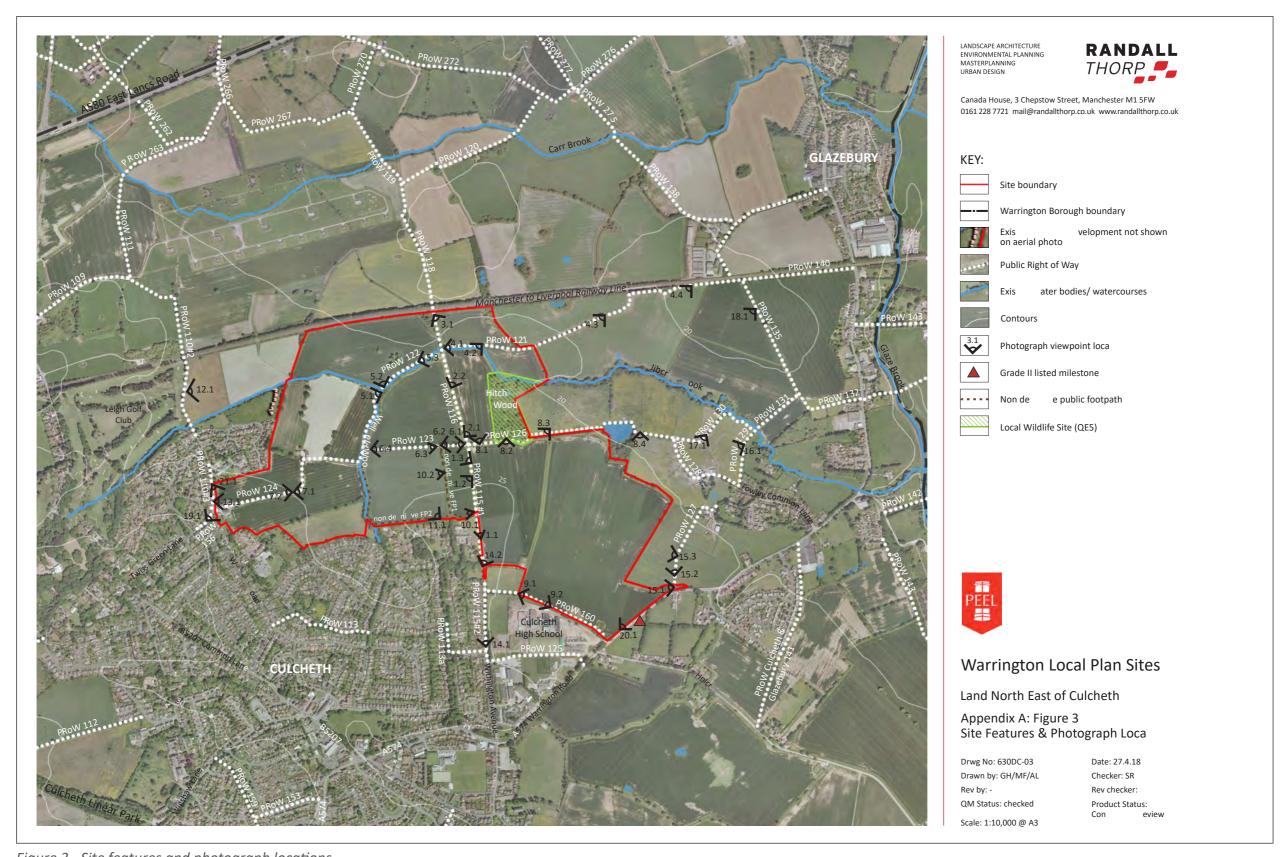


Figure 3 - Site features and photograph locations

#### Visual receptors and views of the site

**Figure 3** (Page 15) illustrates the loca wpoint photographs taken from the visual receptors within and around the site.

**Figures 4 – 17** (Pages 19-32) include the photographs 1.1 – 21.1 which are taken from publicly accessible viewpoints within and around the site. Views from private residencies have not been considered, any considera esiden ould need to be carried out as a separate assessment.

Observa made during the site visit iden the following publicly accessible visual receptors:

#### Public Rights of Way within the site

- 1. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#1
- 2. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 116
- 3. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 118
- 4. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 121
- 5. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 122
- 6. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 123
- 7. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 124
- 8. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 126
- 9. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 160
- 10. Pedestrians using non-de e footpath 1
- 11. Pedestrians using non-de e footpath 2

#### Public Rights of Way surrounding the site

- 12. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#2
- 13. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#3

- 14. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#2
- 15. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 127
- 16. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 129
- 17. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 130
- 18. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 135
- 19. Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 156

#### Roads surrounding the site

Therefor

- 20. Motorists using the A574 Warrington Road
- 21. Motorists using Twiss Green Lane

The following Public Rights of Way were considered to have limited/ no views of the sit

Chapter 5. PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 128 was inaccessible at

e visit due to a sign sta the route was closed.

oute has not been assessed. Despite

this, it is likely to hav o PRoW's FP Culcheth and Glazebury 129 and 130 due to its close proximity to these routes.

## Public Rights of Way surrounding the site that were inaccessible during the site visit

Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 128

## Public Rights of Way surrounding the site with limited/no views of the site

- Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 125
- Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 131
- Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 132
- Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 140

#### Descrip ts of Way surrounding the site

#### 1 PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#1

This route runs in a north/south alignment c ton Avenue to the central part of the site. The route begins from the southern boundary of the site, along a tarmacked tr ed by the vegetated boundaries of the residen estern y of the site on its eastern side. side and the hedgero As the route con oute has open views across the tely to the west with the hedgerow boundary con along its east ering views of the site to the east. The route t a "crossroads" with three other PRoW's at the corner of the tre of the site, with views of the site to the north.

#### 2 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 116

This route con south alignment as PRoW 115#1 from the "crossroads" in the centre of the sit ed by a hedgerow along its western side with open views acr immediately to its east with Hitch ood forming the backdrop.

Jibcr ook is visible from the more northerly parts of the route, as is the land to the north of Hitch ood. There are no views from this route beyond the site boundary due to the presence of the wooded Manchester to Liverpool railway line embankment.

#### 3 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 118

oW 118 runs through the centre of the site
along a north/south alignment and acts as a con oW's
115#1 and 116. The rout ed by exis egeta
western side with views across the north eastern part of the site
before it crosses the railway line via a tunnel and con ough

the agricultural landscape to the north of the site. The railway line embankment screens any views of the site from this part of the route.

#### 4 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 121

This route begins from the northern central part of the site and runs in an easterly dir oW's 116 and 118. It o the north ollows the route of Jibcr and south of the route viewed with the backdrops of the railway line and Hitch ood r ely. The route con ough the surrounding agricultural landscape, easterly dir ed by a row of trees along its northern edge before mee ailway line and con t alongside its fence line. When approaching the site along this route from the east, views of the site are generally con o the north eastern corners of the site due to the in egeta ook and Hitch ood.

#### 5 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 122

This route follows the western edge of W ood through the centre of the site, providing a c om PRoW 124 to PRoW 116/121. It has open views across the western parts of the site with the exis tedge of Culcheth visible on the western site boundary. Views across the northern parts of the site are foreshortened by the wooded embankment of the Manchester to Liverpool railway line and W ers/screens views of the eastern parts of the site.

#### 6 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 123

PRoW 123 is located within the central part of the site, c

PRoW 122 and W ood t oW's 115#1, 116

and 126. The route crosses through the centr

views foreshortened by vegetat o the north and

east, with the exis t edge of Culcheth visible to the south.

#### 7 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 124

This route is located in the south western part of the site, providing a c om Twiss Green Lane to W ood and PRoW's 122 and 123. The majority of the route follows the tarmacked farm track which provides access to the isolated property within the site. It then follows the exis y along a west to east alignment to meet W ood. W ood foreshortens any views further east across the site, with views limited to the agricultur o the north and south of the route. The exis t edge of Culcheth forms the backdrop to views to the south and west, with the railway line forming the backdrop to views to the north.

#### 8 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 126

PROW 126 forms the fourth arm of the central "crossroads" of footpaths within the central part of the sit ed by a hedgerow on its southern side, allowing views north across the tely adjacent to the western edge of Hitch ood. The route then runs through the southern edge of Hitch ood becoming very enclosed, before becoming more open again as it runs further east outside of the site with views north across the agricultural land towards Jibcr ook. The exis erow and vegeta de e boundary on the southern side of this route heavily ers views of the site from this loca oute con t

an exis ollows exis t to connect to the wider PRoW network.

#### 9 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 160

This route connects the A574 Warrington Road to Withington

Av ed by tall hedgerows on both sides with Culcheth

High School located to the south and the site to the north. There are

int ent views of the site from exis trances and gaps

in the vegeta oute but generally it is well enclosed. At

its western end there are views of the site beyond the exis

pitches that lie adjacent to the site boundary.

#### 10 Pedestrians using non-de e footpath 1

This route connects PRoW 115#1 to PRoW 123 via the exis boundary to the south and west of these routes. It has open views across the centr e, with the exis t edge of Culcheth and W ood forming the backdrops. It is ed by an exis erow and isolated trees on its western side.

#### 11 Pedestrians using non-de e footpath 2

This route follows the exis t edge of Culcheth along the southern boundary of the site, before con ough W ood, c e footpath 1 to PRoW's 123 and 124. The route is generally enclosed on either its southern or western sides with views north and east across the central agricultural

#### Descrip ts of Way surrounding the site

#### 12 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#2

This route runs along a north to south alignment to the west of the site. It connects the landscape to the north of the railway line to the northern se tedge of Culcheth along the edge of Leigh Golf Club. It has framed views east towards the site, de y the railway line embankment to the north and Jibcr ook and the exis se tedge of Culcheth to the south.

#### 13 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#3

This route essen wiss Green Lane between the edge of the Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea and the western site boundary and through an exis esiden tate. There are views of the western parts of the site from this route, framed by exis o the north and south, and foreshortened by W ood.

#### 14 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#2

This route connects Withington Avenue to PRoW 115#1 within the site.

It runs along Withington Avenue, which is a tree lined street primarily ed by residen ellings to the west and Culcheth High School to the east. The northerly part of the route has views of the exis pla to the site and the eastern parts of the site where it connects to PRoW 160.

#### 15 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 127

This route is accessed from the A574 Warrington Road via a small woodland within the south eastern corner of the site. It runs along a

north to south alignmen trong hedgerow boundary along its western side, before becoming more open with views towards the site from the mor oute.

#### 16 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 129

This route connects Fowley Common Lane to the wider footpath network to the north. The southern part of the route is well enclosed by vegeta y of an exis operty, before the route becomes more open as it approaches Jibcr ook. There are views in a south westerly dir oss the agricultur towards the site, with the exis arm buildings visible in the foreground.

#### 17 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 130

PRoW 130 follows the edge of the woodland alongside Jibcr ook in the east before turning south west in order to follow the exis o meet PRoW's 126 and 128. This route has views across the exis al landscape towards the site, with Culcheth High School visible on the horizon.

#### 18 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 135

PRoW 135 is located within the north east of the study area and runs along an exis y, which is de y a hedgerow. The route has an open character with the large scale agricultur the foreground domina xis egeta ted with Jibcr ook and the interv orm the backdrop to these views and allo ered glimpses of the landscape beyond, including Culcheth High School beyond the site.

#### 19 Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 156

This is a short route near to the western edge of the site along Twiss

Green Lane, linking to PRoW 110#3 and 124. There is a framed view of
a small area of the western part of the site with the exis

esiden

pr

orming the backdrop.

#### Descrip oads surrounding the site

#### 20 Motorists using the A574 Warrington Road

The A574 Warrington Road is a historic route that connects Culcheth to Glazebury. The south eastern boundary of the site lies adjacent to oad which has a pavement on one side of it. A well-established Hawthorn hedgerow separates the site from the road visually, with a much lower hedgerow on the opposite side of the road de esiden velopment is located on the southern side of the road to the north of the site, and a mini roundabout providing access to Holcr th High School marks the beginning of the approach into Culcheth to the south of the site boundary.

#### 21 Motorists using Twiss Green Lane

wiss Green Lane runs adjacent to the western boundary of the site. This route is less well used than the A574 Warrington Road as it only provides access to a small housing development adjacent to the site. A wide green verge separates the footway and site boundary from the road and the Water Tower within the Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea is a dominant feature in views.

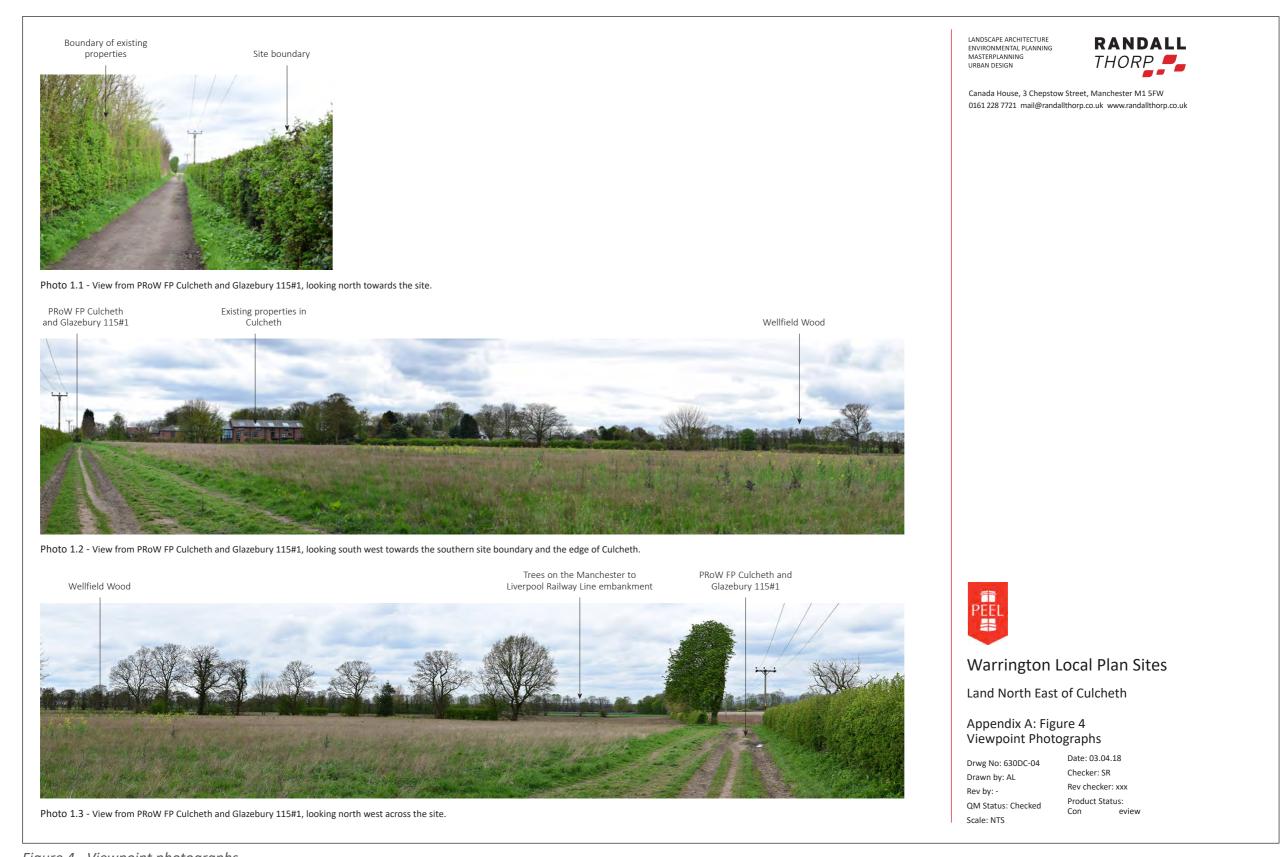
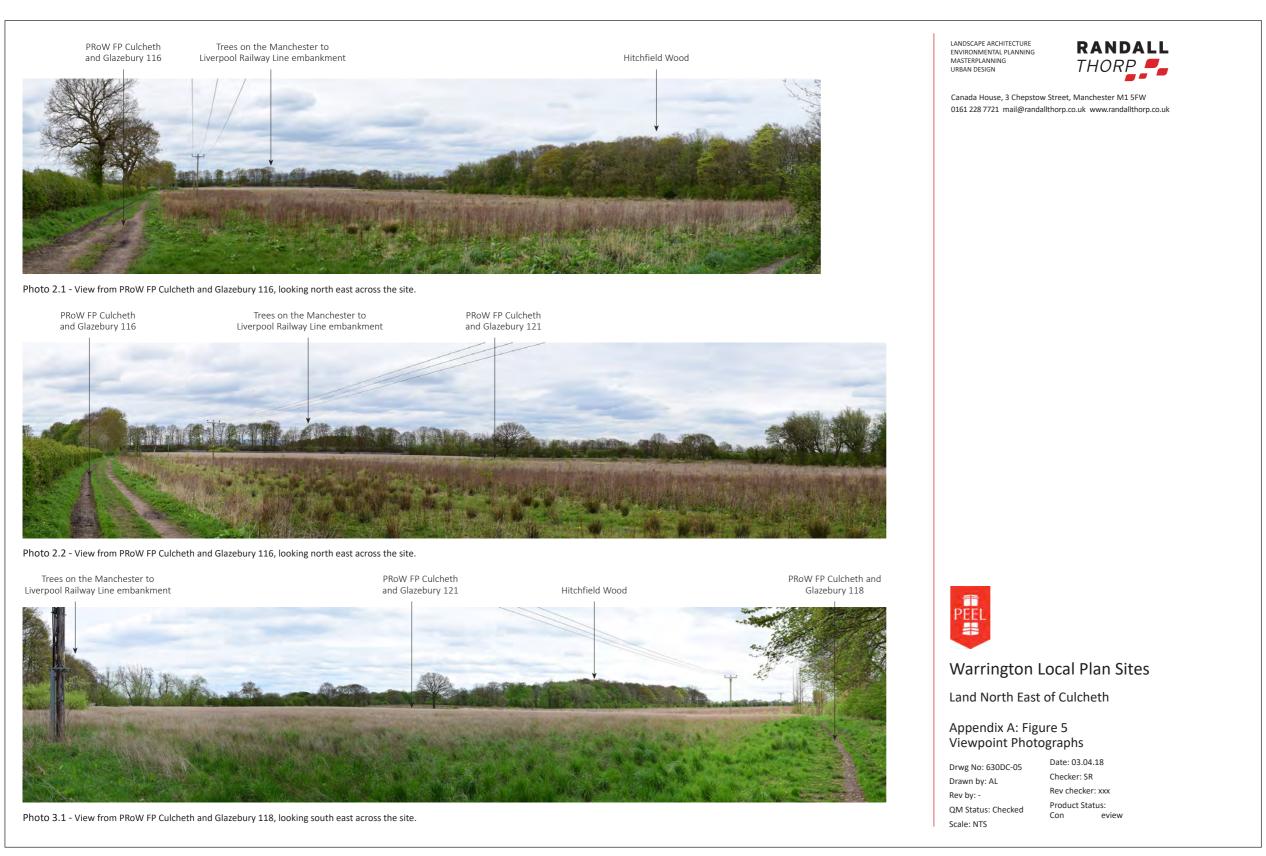


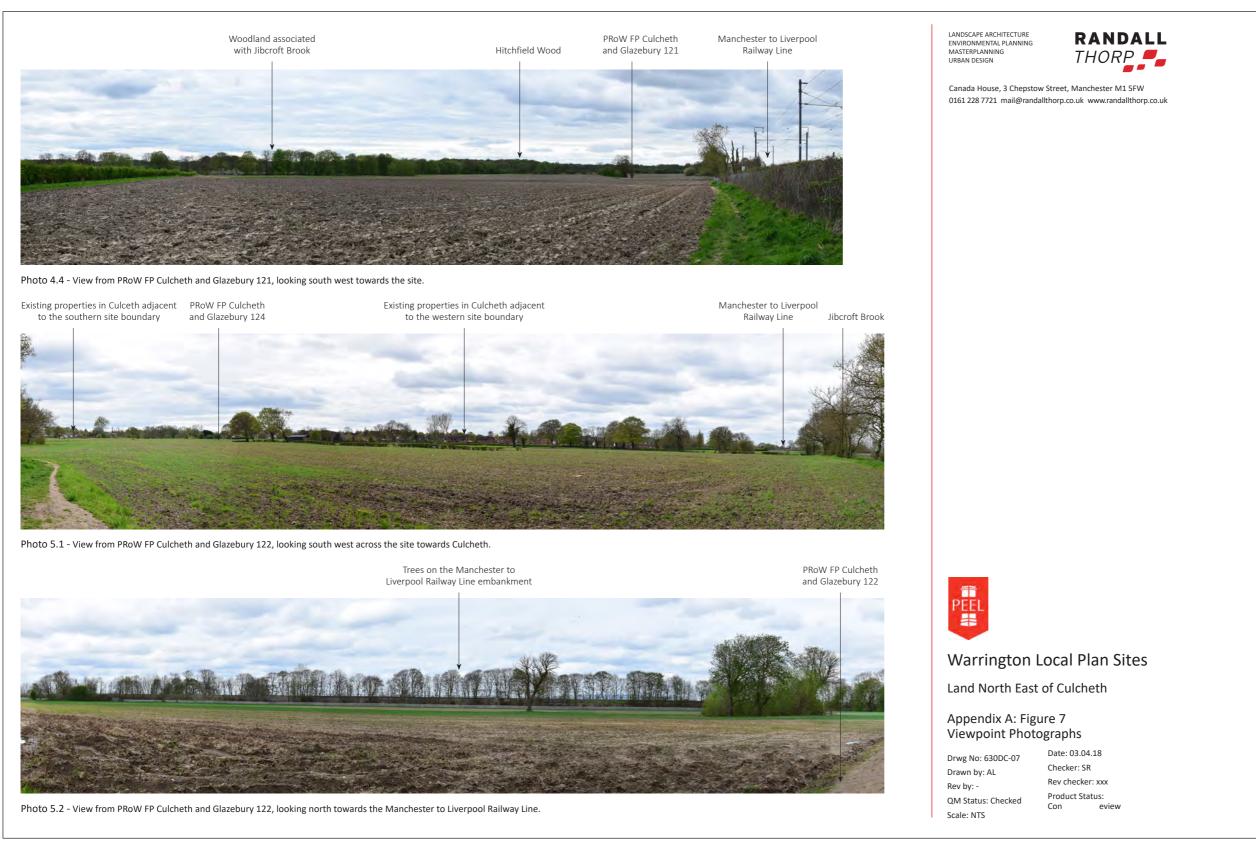
Figure 4 - Viewpoint photographs



*Figure 5 - Viewpoint photographs* 



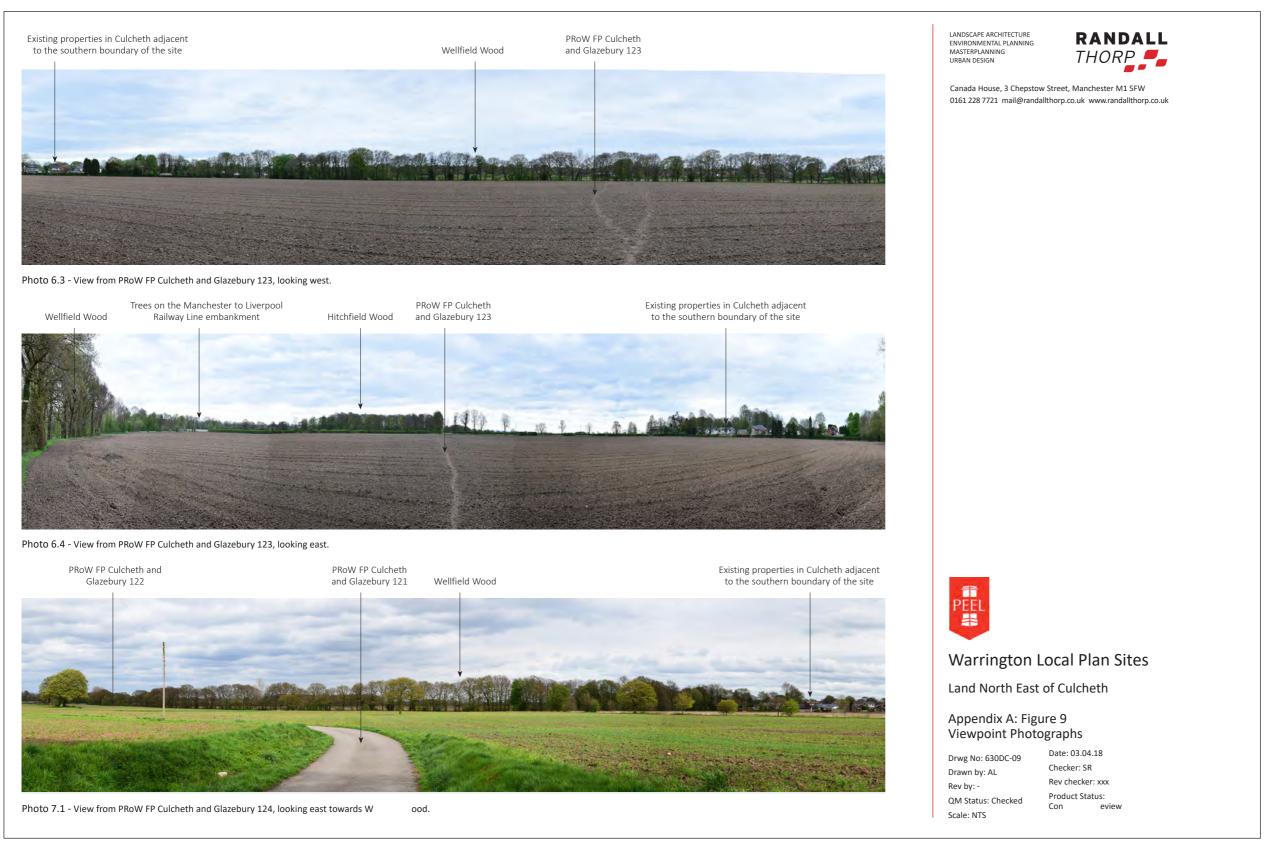
Figure 6 - Viewpoint photographs



*Figure 7 - Viewpoint photographs* 



Figure 8 - Viewpoint photographs



*Figure 9 - Viewpoint photographs* 

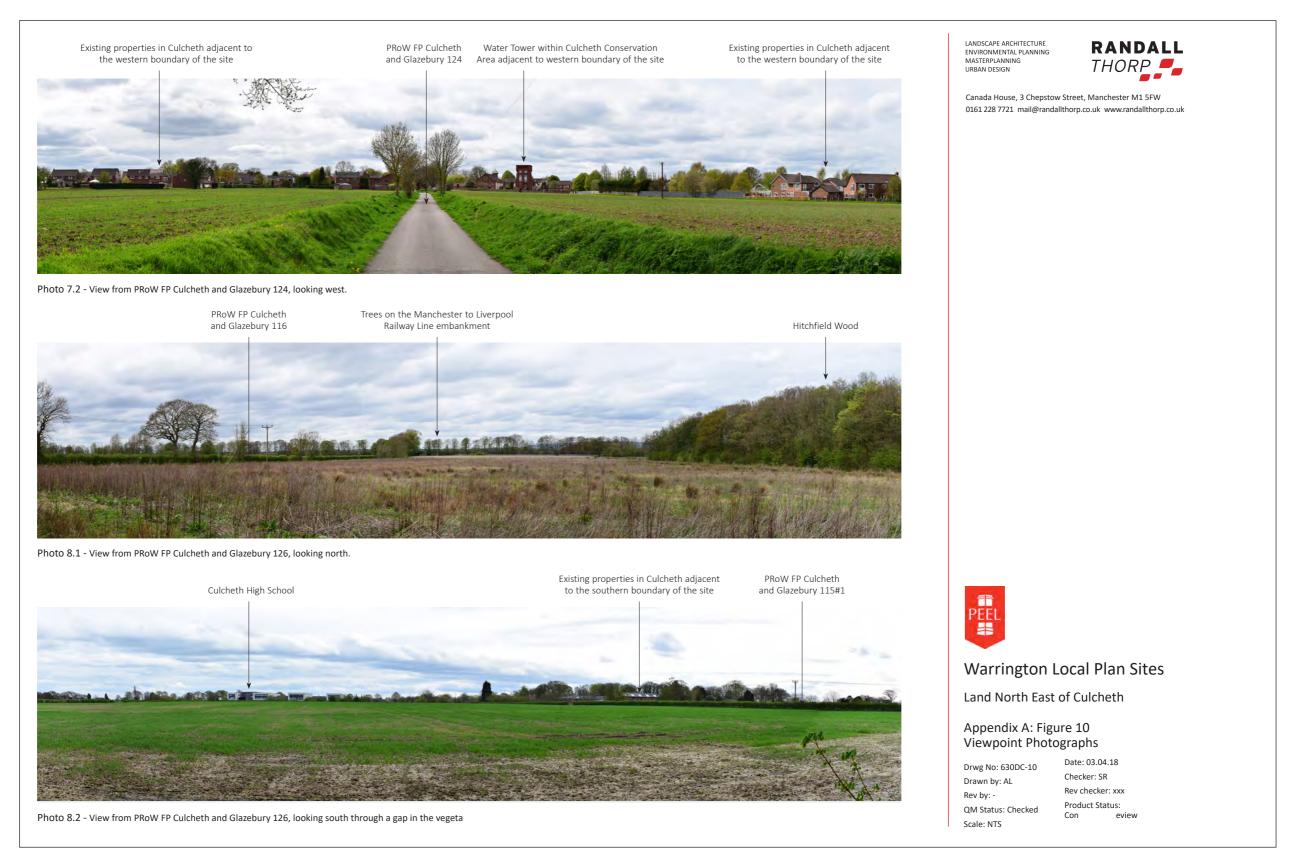


Figure 10 - Viewpoint photographs



*Figure 11 - Viewpoint photographs* 

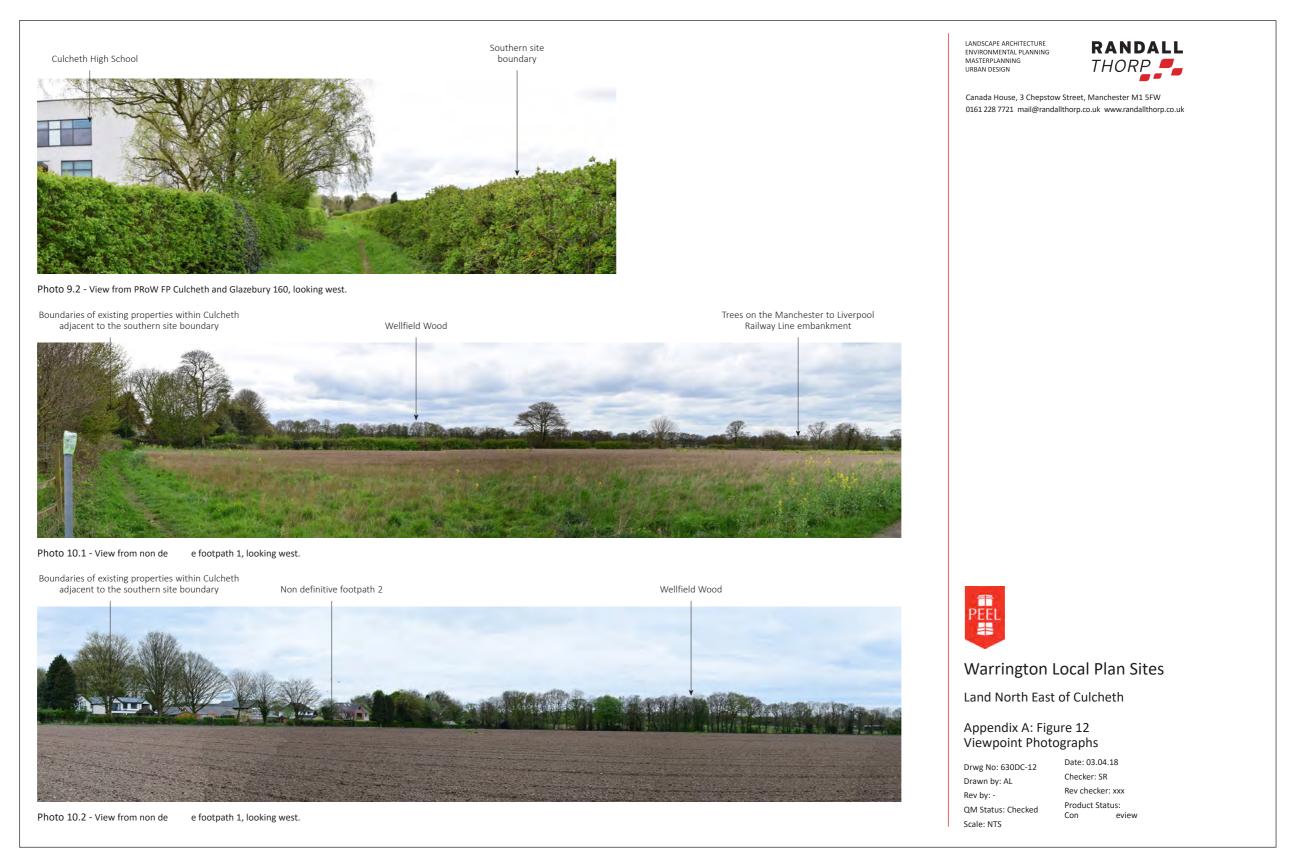
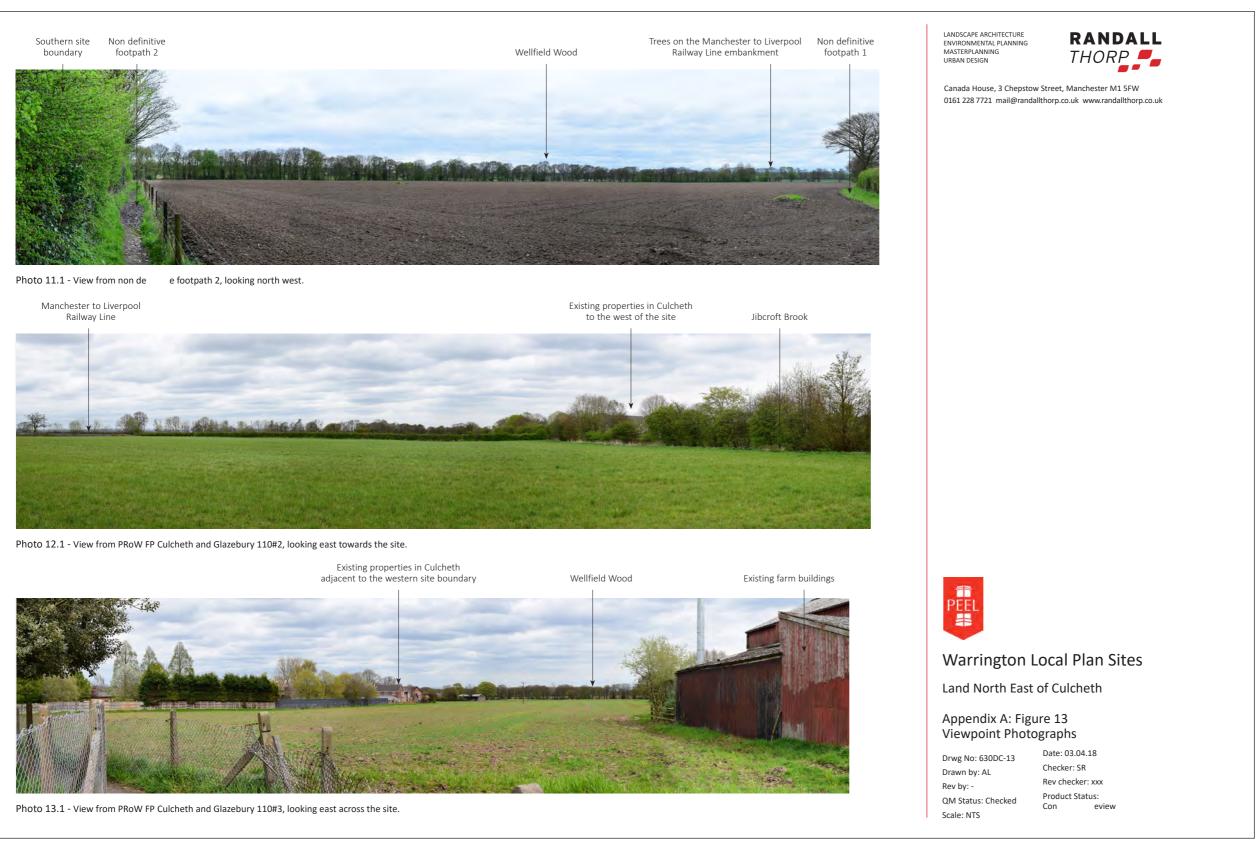


Figure 12 - Viewpoint photographs



*Figure 13 - Viewpoint photographs* 

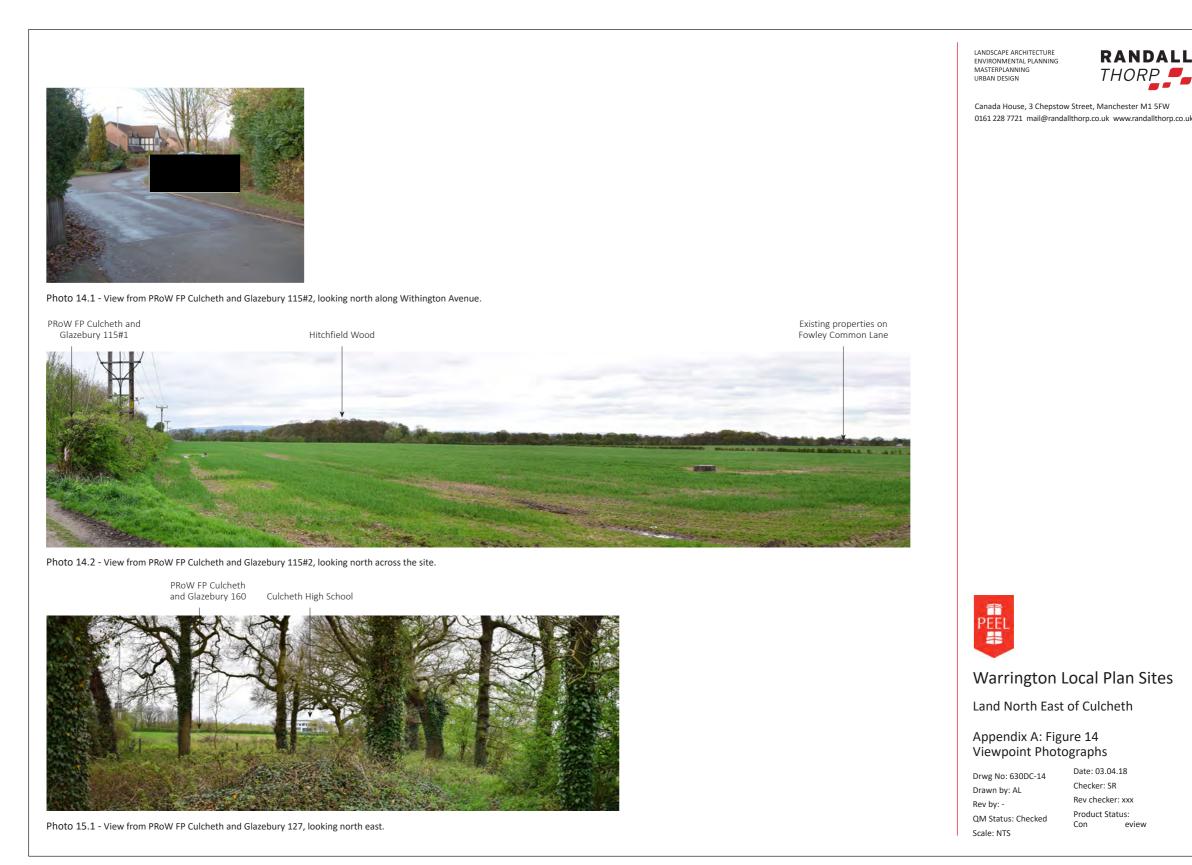


Figure 14 - Viewpoint photographs



LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING MASTERPLANNING URBAN DESIGN



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PEEL

### Warrington Local Plan Sites

Land North East of Culcheth

Appendix A: Figure 15 Viewpoint Photographs

Drwg No: 630DC-15
Drawn by: AL
Rev by: QM Status: Checked
Scale: NTS

Checker: SR
Rev checker: xxx
Product Status:
Con eview

*Figure 15 - Viewpoint photographs* 

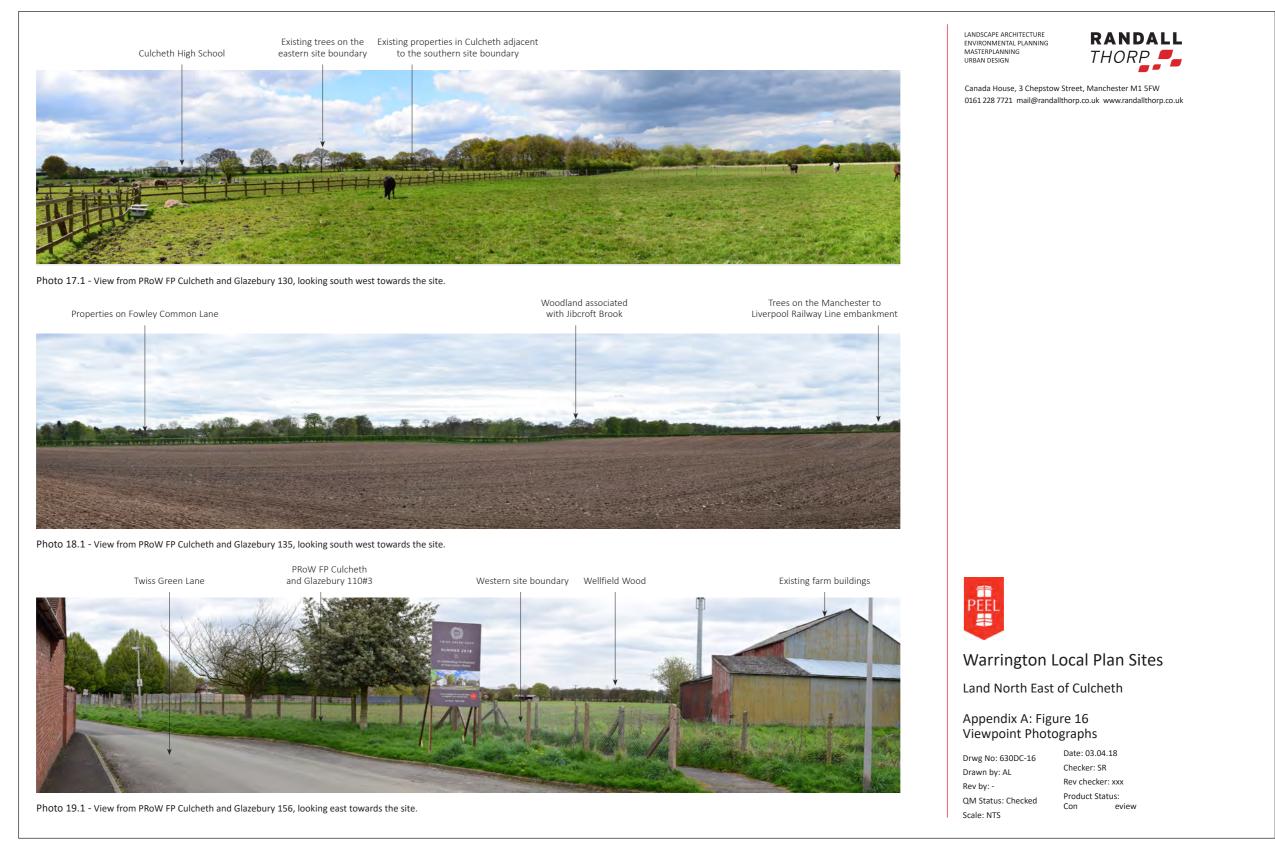


Figure 16 - Viewpoint photographs



Photo 20.1 - View from the A574 Warrington Road, looking north east.



 $\label{photo 21.1 - View from Twiss Green Lane, looking south east.}$ 

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING MASTERPLANNING URBAN DESIGN



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#### Warrington Local Plan Sites

Land North East of Culcheth

Appendix A: Figure 17 Viewpoint Photographs

Drwg No: 630DC-17 Drawn by: AL Rev by: -QM Status: Checked Scale: NTS

Date: 03.04.18
Checker: SR
Rev checker: xxx
Product Status:
Con eview

*Figure 17 - Viewpoint photographs* 

#### Landsc

The landscape within the study area is not designated for its landscape value.

The value of the landscape within the site and its immediate surroundings is considered in the adjacent table using the guidelines of GLVIA3 Box 5.1.

The landscape is not designated for its landscape value and based on the range of factors iden x 5.1 is considered to be of **Medium** value.

#### LANDSCAPE VALUE

#### LANDSCAPE QUALITY (CONDITION)

The landscape surrounding Culcheth is primarily agricultural. To the north and east "The agriculture predominantly consists of arable fields, intensely cropped, with poorly maintained remnant hedgerows with few hedgerow trees. Small deciduous woodlands form backdrops to views within the landscape." (Warrington LCA, 2007)

#### SCENIC QUALITY

The "intensely cropped" (Warrington LCA, 2007) agricultural landscape is not renowned for its scenic quality due to its openness and the presence of major transport corridors. The woodlands to the north east of Culcheth "help to create backdrops and form a more interesting landscape, breaking down the long, interrupted views" (Warrington LCA, 2007) providing a e landscape features and some scenic quality in places.

#### **RARITY**

There are no elements within the site that are considered to be rare.

#### REPRESENTATIVENESS

The majority of the site and its surroundings within the study area are representa e of an agricultural landscape with an irr ern and some areas of woodland. The landscape of the site does not contain elements which are considered t ant examples.

#### **CONSERVATION INTERESTS**

There is local conserva terest in Hitch ood, the Local Wildlife Site within the site, and some trees to the north east of Culcheth which are protected by Tree Preserva ders.

#### **RECREATION VALUE**

There is an extensive Public Right of Way network within the landscape to the north east of Culcheth, including the site. There are formal sports pitches associated with schools adjacent to the southern boundary of the site.

#### **PERCEPTUAL ASPECTS**

The Manchester to Liverpool railway line forms the northern boundary of the site with the se t edge of Culcheth de y and Glazebury located further east. The M6 and M62 motorways are not within the study area but are located nearby and tra an be heard from the site. It is therefore not valued for any wildness or tr

#### **ASSOCIATIONS**

There are no known associa e with any published art, literature or folklore which would add to its landscape value.

#### Suscep o change

Due to the Manchester to Liverpool railway line and exis

se t edge of Culcheth de e

boundaries, plus the "intensely cropped" (Warrington LCA, 2007)

arable farmland forming the majority of the landscape within the site.

The suscep o change of the site and its immediate surroundings is considered to be **Low**.

#### **Conclusion in respects of the landsc**

es.

As can be ascertained from the descrip e and its value, there is nothing to indicate that there is anything about the character of the site that should be considered remarkable or out of the ordinary. The assessment iden eatures of value within the site that are sit ould be subject to further assessment

The landsc e and its immediate surroundings results from the considera ape value and its suscep o change. As the landscape value is considered to be Medium, and the susceptibility to change is considered to be Low.

The landsc e and its immediate surroundings is considered to be Medium - Low.

#### ws and visual receptors

In line with GLVIA and Diagram 2 within the methodology, the eceptor is a considered combina value of the view and the suscep o change of the visual receptor.

The following **Table 1** illustrat visual receptors.

The landscape is not designated na ally for its landscape value and is not valued for its scenic quality.

Table 1: Sensitivity of visual receptors

VISUAL RECEPTOR TYPE	VALUE OF THE VIEW	SUSCEPTIBILITY TO CHANGE	RESULTING SENSITIVITY	
PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY WITHIN THE SITE				
Receptor 1 (Photos 1.1 – 1.3) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#1	Low Enclosed view along track before opening up to west towards W ood. No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium	
Receptor 2 (Photos 2.1 – 2.2) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 116	Medium Hitch ood a dominant feature within views to the east, designated as Local Wildlife Site.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High	
Receptor 3 (Photo 3.1) Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 118	Medium View of open landscape to east with Jibcr ook and Hitch ood visible. Hitch ood designated as Local Wildlife Site.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High	
Receptor 4 (Photos 4.1 – 4.4) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 121	Medium View of open agricultural landscape with Hitch Wood a dominant feature and designated as a Local Wildlife Site. Railway line becomes more dominant to east.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High	
Receptor 5 (Photos 5.1 – 5.3) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 122	Medium Ends of route have views of either Hitch ood or Water Tower in Conserva Area. However, majority of route vie backdrop of residen railway line.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High	

VISUAL RECEPTOR TYPE	VALUE OF THE VIEW	SUSCEPTIBILITY TO CHANGE	RESULTING SENSITIVITY
Receptor 6 (Photos 6.1 – 6.4) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 123	Medium View of agricultural land with W ood, exis t edge and Hitch ood forming backdrop to west/south/ east. Hitch ood designated as Local Wildlife Site.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High
Receptor 7 (Photos 7.1 – 7.2) Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 124	Medium Views foreshortened by Wood to east. Se tedge visible to south and west. Water Tower within Conserva Area dominant in views to west.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High
Receptor 8 (Photos 8.1 – 8.4) Pedestrians using PRoW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 126	Medium Views from within site dominated by Hitch Wood, which is designated as a Local Wildlife Site. Further east, enclosed agriculture.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High
Receptor 9 (Photos 9.1 – 9.2) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 160	Low No views of designated features or buildings	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
Receptor 10 (Photos 10.1 – 10.2) Pedestrians using non- de e footpath 1	View of agricultural landscape with exis se tedge and W ood forming backdrop. No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium

VISUAL RECEPTOR TYPE	VALUE OF THE VIEW	SUSCEPTIBILITY TO CHANGE	RESULTING SENSITIVITY
Receptor 11 (Photo 11.1) Pedestrians using non- de e footpath 2	View of agricultural landscape with exis se t edge and W ood forming backdrop.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY	SURROUNDING THE SITE		
Receptor 12 (Photo 12.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#2	Framed view de y railway line embankment and exis t edge. No views of designated features or buildings	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
Receptor 13 (Photo 13.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 110#3	Medium Water tower within Conserva an be a dominant feature. Western part of site visible in context of exis t edge.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High
Receptor 14 (Photos 14.1 – 14.2) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 115#2	Primarily residen pr grounds on opposite side of road. No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
Receptor 15 (Photos 15.1 – 15.3) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 127	Low Enclosed/semi-enclosed route accessed from A574 Warrington Road. No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
Receptor 16 (Photo 16.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 129	Part of the route is enclosed by vegeta arm buildings dominant in views towards the site. No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium

VISUAL RECEPTOR TYPE	VALUE OF THE VIEW	SUSCEPTIBILITY TO CHANGE	RESULTING SENSITIVITY
Receptor 17 (Photo 17.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 130	Low No views of designated features or buildings.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
Receptor 18 (Photo 18.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 135	Medium Expansive view across agricultural landscape. Hitch ood visible on horizon.	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium - High
Receptor 19 (Photo 19.1) Pedestrians using PROW FP Culcheth and Glazebury 156	Low No views of designated features or buildings	High The landscape se ely to be valued by those engaged in recrea	Medium
ROADS SURROUNDING	THE SITE		
Receptor 20 (Photo 20.1) Motorists using A574 Warrington Road	Medium No recognised value a ached to the views. Views of the highway corridor and associated buildings/ vegeta	Low Taking in to account their speed of trav views and because their interest is focused on the road and driving rather than the views.	Medium - Low
Receptor 21 (Photo 21.1) Motorists using Twiss Green Lane	High Water Tower within Conserva ea visible. Slow vehicle speeds due to route only providing access to housing estate. Views of the highway corridor and associated buildings/vegeta	Low Due to speed of travel, short length of inter e and because their interest is focused on the road and driving rather than the views.	Medium

### Development poten e

The evalua ape, townscape and visual receptors below highlights an e. Any proposed masterplan should take into considera der to demonstrate good design and contribute to the landscape and its exis acter. The Constrain age 39 and appended to this report (Appendix C) illustrates the relevant considera or the site. These are explained in more detail below.

#### Evalua ape

The landsc e and its surroundings is considered to be *Medium - Low* in Chapter 5 of this report.

The landscape within the site is currently in use for agriculture with trees and hedgerows con o the exis edges of the site. Some large individual trees are present within the western parts of the site with W ood broadly dividing the site in two. It follows the course of Jibcr ook which further adds to the ecological value of the site. Hitch ood is designated as a Local Wildlife Site and should be preserved and enhanced alongside the landscape features described above.

The Warrington LCA, 2007 sets out several recommended management and landsc es for the Landscape Character Area within which the site sits. The relevan es that could be met through any development of the site are:

- To conserve and manage existing woodlands to encourage habitat diversity;
- To conserve and manage remaining hedgerows;

- To consider additional native woodland planting; and
- To consider the use of native planting to soften and screen new development.

atercourses within the site should be The exis egeta preserved within the green infrastructure network of any proposed development. A landscape strategy of plan w hedgerows and woodland around the northern and eastern boundaries of the site as part of any proposed development would enhance woodland , screen the new development and strengthen exis es of the Warrington LCA, 2007. It would also allow a new defensible Green Belt boundary to be created, b trong landscape feature of the Manchester to Liverpool Railway Line embankment, which would not impact on "the strategic importance of the Green Belt between Culcheth and the main urban area of Warrington." (Warrington BC Local Plan: Se ts Document, 2017).

#### Evalua ownscape

The key elements of built form that contribute towards the townscape character adjacent to the site within Culcheth have been iden Chapter 4 of this report.

Culcheth is located immediately south west of the site with the town centre and historic origins of the se t approximately 800m from the nearest part of the site. The se t edge abuts the western and southern boundaries of the site with residen velopment generally backing onto the site. Culcheth High School and associated pla y and look out over the eastern parts of the site.

The visibility of the Water Tower and edge of the Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea from within the western part of the site is a key considera om a townscape per e.

Any new development needs to maintain views of the Water Tower within the Conserva ea and interact appropriately with the exis esiden es along the other boundaries of the site, which generally back onto the site with either fenced or densely vegetated garden boundaries.

The south eastern boundary of the site abuts the A574 Warrington Road, which is a historic route into Culcheth, with a Grade II Listed Milestone located on its eastern side, although this is currently hidden beneath a hedgerow and there is no pavement on that side of the road to be able to view it closely. This is a main route into Culcheth from Glazebury and the A580. The sense of arrival into Culcheth at present is at the point of crossing the r

Lane and Culcheth High School, immediately south of the site. Any development within the site needs t e to maintaining this sense of arrival and the character of the A574 Warrington Road on approach to Culcheth.

#### **Evalua** eceptors

eceptor with views of the site has been assessed in Chapter 5 of this report.

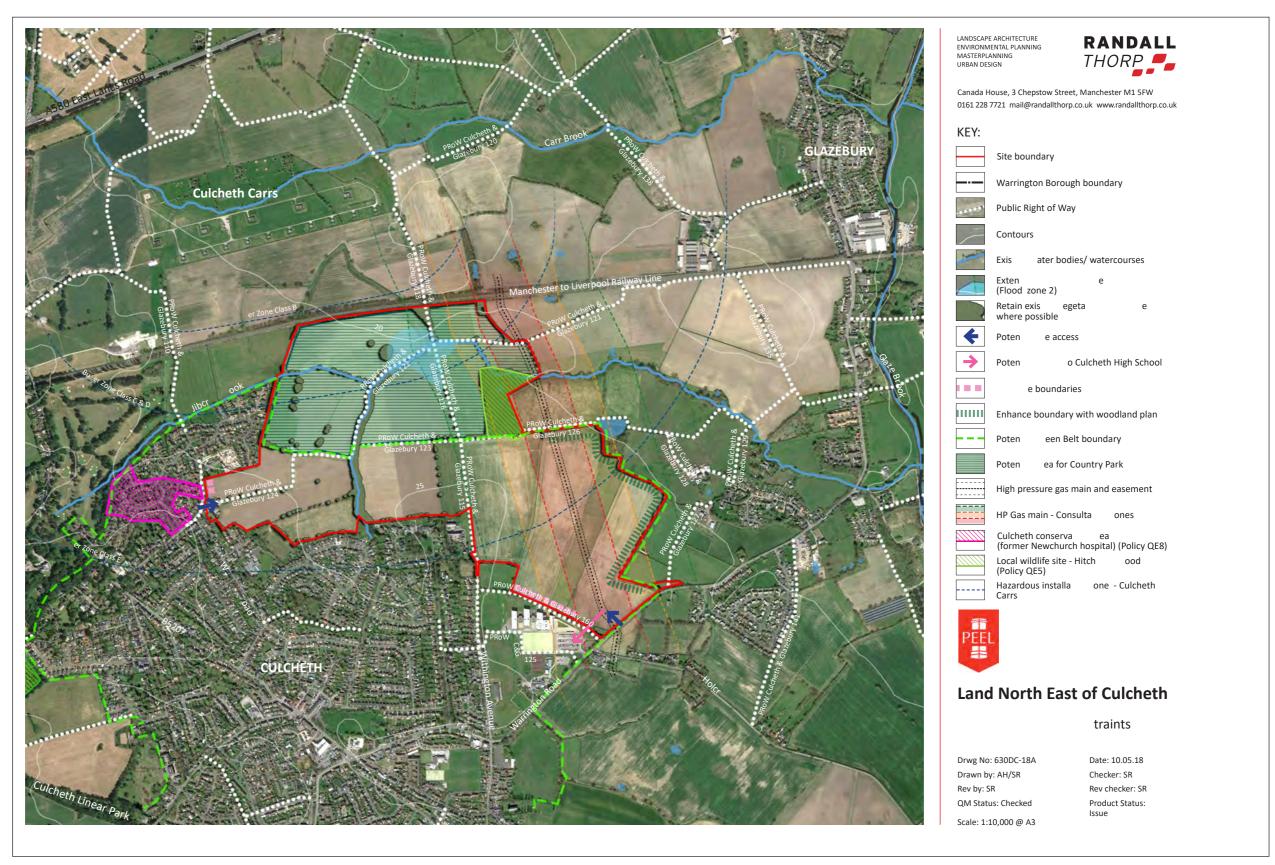
e visual receptors to any poten The mos velopment are the Public Rights of Way within the site. These should be set within the green infrastructure network of any development and maintain key view lines towards a e landscape and townscape features, such as the Water Tower within the Conserva ea, Hitch ood and ook. The strengthening of the north eastern boundary of the site through woodland and tree plan ould help t er any views of development from the PRoW network within the north east of the study area.

Development should be set back from the PRoW network behind green corridors and overlook the routes to promote natural surveillance. Development should also be set back from the south eastern boundary of the site in order to preserve the character of the A574 Warrington Road and the approach to Culcheth along this historic route.

#### **Development poten**

A well-designed development that preserves the exis ape features and Public Rights of Way within a green infrastructure network and r ely to the se ea and surrounding townscape character would Conserva ant e ects on the character of Culcheth or the wider avoid an landscape of the study area.

For the reasons outlined above, this report considers the Land North East of Culcheth site to be a sustainable and achievable loca allocated for new housing development within the new Warrington Borough Local Plan without having an ant "detrimental impacts on Green Belt and the character of Culcheth" which are alluded to in the Warrington Borough Council Local Plan: Se t Pr Outlying Se ts Document (July 2017).



Constraints and Opportunities

### Illustra e masterplan

onstraints iden ough the landscape
and visual appraisal have been combined with analysis of site
constrain om other consultants in rela
to arboriculture, ecology, heritage, noise, tr
esultant illustra e masterplan has been prepared to
demonstrate the poten velopmen e with
an alloca or housing.

The land north east of Culcheth presents an opportunity to develop a sustainable extension to Culcheth, providing around 600 new homes.

The development would support the exis ommunity with a high quality residen velopment; an extension to the exis secondary school, and an extensive area of open space for informal recrea eas of natural and semi natural open spaces and parkland areas. The development would be designed to support walking and cycling pr tainable travel to exis and proposed loc

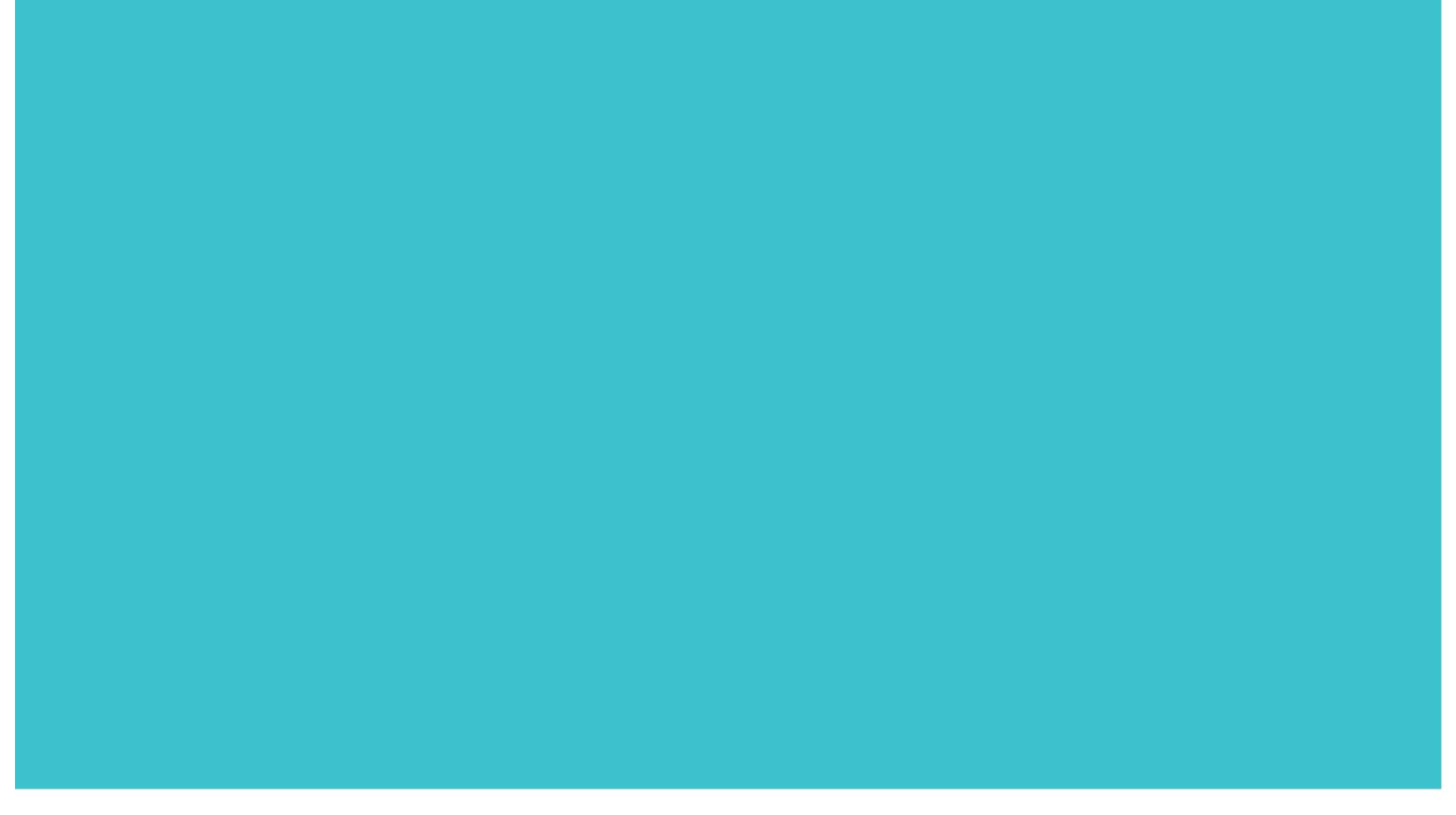
The illustra e masterplan proposes a new Green Belt boundary which will create a new logical edge to the se t providing an opportunity to create a new country park and an extensive area of open space for new and exis esidents of Culcheth.

The development would ensure that important ecological assets within the site are preserved with to provide habitats and enhanced biodiversity.

The development on the site would preserve and where possible enhance the se y heritage assets including the Culcheth (Former Newchurch Hospital) Conserva ea.



Illustrative masterplan











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### LAND NORTH EAST OF CULCHETH

### **WARRINGTON**

# ARBORICULTURAL WALKOVER SURVEY AND DESKTOP ASSESSMENT

**JUNE 2019** 

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Document Title	Arboricultural Walkover Survey and Desktop Assessment
Prepared for	Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Limited
Prepared by	TEP - Warrington
Document Ref	6929.02.006

Author	Tom Popplewell
Date	June 2019
Checked	Jonathan Smith
Approved	Jonathan Smith

Amendment History					
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0.1	06/07/18	TDP	JGS	Checking	Draft
1.0	06/07/18	TDP	JGS	Approval	Superseded
2.0	21/05/19	RMG	JGS	Addition of preliminary assessment of effects	Superseded
3.0	12/06/19	RMG	JGS	Updated Illustrative Masterplan and addressed client comments	Final



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2.0	Site description	3
3.0	Statutory protection, designations and guidance	4
4.0	Planning Policy	11
5.0	Tree Population Summary	15
6.0	Preliminary Assessment of Effects	17
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Table	4 Approximate quantum of woody habitats that would be removed	18
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#### **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A: Tree Survey Data

#### **DRAWINGS**

Drawing 1 - Arboricultural Desktop Overview

Drawing 2 - Arboricultural Survey Overview

Drawing 3 - North East Culcheth Conceptual Masterplan



## **Executive Summary**

- 1. TEP has been commissioned by Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Limited to conduct a walkover survey and desktop assessment of land at north east Culcheth and a review of designations, policies and other instruments of relevance to arboriculture. This report presents the results of the assessment and the anticipated interaction of trees with residential development.
- 2. The Illustrative Masterplan comprises 23.53ha of land that could deliver up to 600 units (300 units to be delivered during the plan period and a further 300 units to be safeguarded) with a further 73.59ha allocated for green infrastructure including the provision for a Country Park.
- 3. Approximately 13.98ha of tree cover and c. 2,169m of hedgerow was recorded on or within influencing distance of the site. They are spread across the site within a matrix of woodland blocks and linear features, including hedgerow, hedgerow with mature trees and linear woodland belts.
- 4. The desktop review and site survey identified eight Tree Preservation Orders; no trees within a Conservation Area; no ancient woodland; no veteran trees; 6.33ha of Habitat of Principal Importance *Deciduous Woodland*; and c. 2,196m of Habitat of Principal Importance *Hedgerow*. The site is also within the Mersey Forest community forest.
- 5. The Illustrative Masterplan demonstrates it would be possible to develop the site whilst incorporating nearly all of the existing trees (13.82 ha); in principal, only 1% of the existing cover would require removal. It would also provide an opportunity for substantial new planting that could increase species diversity and create habitat types not currently present on the site. On this basis mitigation for the loss of trees could be adequately delivered within the site proposals and is likely to result in a net gain in long-term canopy cover.
- 6. An Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) will be required in support of a reserved matter/detailed application. This will identify, evaluate and possibly mitigate the impacts of developing land on the existing tree resource. The AIA should be based on a detailed tree survey undertaken according to BS5837:2012 that assess and reports on: canopy spread of existing trees and groups; a Root Protection Area (RPA) calculated in accordance with BS 5837; and tree quality category that identifies the quality and value (in a non-fiscal sense) of the existing tree stock, to allow informed decisions to be made concerning which trees should be removed or retained in the event of development occurring.



## 1.0 Instruction and scope

- 1.1 TEP has been commissioned by Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Limited to conduct a preliminary arboricultural survey and desktop assessment of Land north east of Culcheth. This report presents the results of a site walkover and desktop exercise to identify potential constraints to future development. It also reports on the preliminary assessment effects of the nominated masterplan for the site.
- 1.2 A site visit was undertaken on 14th June by Tom Popplewell, an experienced arboriculturist and Professional Member of the Institute of Chartered Foresters with a BSc (hons) in arboriculture.
- 1.3 During the survey, all accessible areas of the site were visited and a visual inspection of the distribution, condition and quality of trees was made. Access to land not in Peel ownership in the west of the site was not possible. These areas are identified on Drawing 2. A remote visual inspection of some trees within these areas was made from within the site and public spaces. This included some boundary trees associated with Leatherbarrow Farm.
- 1.4 Access was not restricted by terrain. The weather during the survey was fine and visibility was good.
- 1.5 The extent of tree and hedgerow cover shown has been digitised from aerial photography and National Tree Map data and should be regarded as approximate.
- 1.6 The survey identifies broad vegetation types based on the categories used in the National Forest Inventory. It should not be regarded as a detailed assessment of tree risk or an assessment of the type and quality of each individual tree.



## 2.0 Site description

#### Site name

2.1 The site is known as land north east of Culcheth. The approximate extents of this combined area is shown in Figure 1.

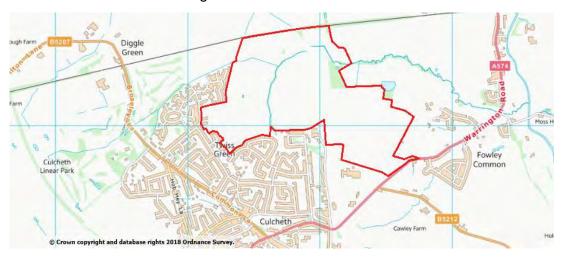


Figure 1 Site location and approximate boundary (OS VectorMap® District Resampled)

Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2018

### Address/location

- 2.2 The site is on the north-eastern edge of Culcheth.
- 2.3 The boundaries are defined by existing field boundaries to the east, Warrington Road and Culcheth High School to the south-east, the current edge of Culcheth to the west and south, and a railway line to the north.

#### Approximate area

2.4 The site is approximately 97.12ha.

#### **Current use**

- 2.5 The site comprises agricultural fields with pockets and belts of woodland two farms in the west (Tanners Farm and Leatherbarrow Farm).
- 2.6 There are tracks and footpaths from Culcheth Hall Farm in the south to a railway crossing at the north; along the southern boundary adjacent to Culcheth High School; and east to west between Wood End Farm and Leatherbarrow Farm.

### Local authority

- 2.7 The local authority is Warrington Borough Council.
- 2.8 The local authority's tree officer can be contacted by email at <a href="mailto:stwigg@warrington.gov.uk">stwigg@warrington.gov.uk</a> or by telephone on 01925 444 108.



## 3.0 Statutory protection, designations and guidance

### **Tree Preservation Orders**

- 3.1 Local authorities can create Tree Preservation Orders (TPO) to protect the amenity of trees, groups of trees, woodland or all the trees within a defined area<sup>1</sup>. Cutting down, lopping (including roots), topping, uprooting, and wilful damage or destruction are prohibited by TPO unless done with the Local Authority's written consent.
- 3.2 The council's online mapping facility confirmed that there are a number of TPOs on or adjacent to the site.

Table 1 Tree preservation Orders

Location	Order reference	Feature description	
Four trees north of Tanners Farm	235: Newchurch Conservation Area, Culcheth (Newlands)	T2: Elm T3: Sorbus T4: Cherry T5: Holly	
Twenty-two trees along the boundary with properties on Hurst Green	496: Doeford Close, Culcheth	T21, T24 and T26: Swedish Whitebeam T23: Whitebeam T25, T35 and T39: Beech T22 and T27 to T34: Lime T36, T37, T40 and T42: Ash T38 and T41: Oak	
Row of trees along a fiend boundary to the north-east of Leatherbarrow Farm	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	A2: Beech and Elm (Area excluded at confirmation of order, most trees no longer present, <b>not protected</b> )	
Wellfield Wood	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	W1: Oak, Sycamore, Lime and Poplar	
Stand of trees around a small pond to the north of Wellfield Wood	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G1: Willow	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Exemptions apply, see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tree-preservation-orders-and-trees-in-conservation-areas">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tree-preservation-orders-and-trees-in-conservation-areas</a>



Location	Order reference	Feature description
Triangular woodland compartment south of Carr Bridge railway crossing	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	W3: Ash, Beech, Sycamore, Elm
Short row of trees south of Carr Bridge	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G7: Elm (felled no replacement, some dead trees remaining, <b>not protected</b> )
Group of trees along track in centre of site (northerly of two)	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G6: Elm (felled no replacement, some dead trees remaining, <b>not protected</b> )
Group of trees along track in centre of site (southerly of two)	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G5: 2 Sycamore, 1 Oak, 4 Elm, 1 Horse Chestnut
Group of trees along track in centre of site (runs north-south, then east from northern end)	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G4: 9 Sycamore (4 Elm and 2 Sycamore excluded at confirmation of order, status unclear)
	412: The WBC (Culcheth Hall Farm, Culcheth No.2) TPO 2003	T1: Horse Chestnut
Five trees around the access to Culcheth Hall	516: Culcheth Hall Drive	T1: Copper Beech
Farm Barns (outside site)	66: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	T4: Sycamore (listed as 'Historic TPO' but no note on exclusion from order, <b>status unclear</b> )
	504: Culcheth Hall Drive	T2: Ash and T3: Ash
Two trees around the access to Culcheth Hall	66: Culcheth Hall Farm,	T6: Excluded from order at confirmation ( <b>not protected</b> )
Farm Barns (within site)	NOILII	T7: Excluded from order at confirmation ( <b>not protected</b> )



Location	Order reference	Feature description
		T1: Excluded from order at confirmation ( <b>not protected</b> )
Three trees in the rear gardens of 12 to 16 Culcheth Hall Farm Barns	66: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	T2: Excluded from order at confirmation ( <b>not protected</b> )
		T3: Excluded from order at confirmation ( <b>not protected</b> )
	66: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G2: 18 Sycamore and 2 Birch
	468: 54 Culcheth Hall Drive	G1: Sycamores
Groups of trees along the western and		G3: 4 Sycamores
southern boundary and in the grounds of Culcheth Hall Farm		G4: 1 Ash, 2 Beech and 3 Sycamore
(listed approximately north to south)	66: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	W1: Area of woodland consisting mainly of Sycamore and Ash
		A1: Ash, Beech, Cherry, Hawthorn (listing implies Ash are excluded from order, <b>status unclear</b> )
Hitchfield Wood	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	W2: Horse Chestnut, Poplar, Sycamore, Willow and Oak
Small stand of trees to the north of Hitchfield Wood	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G3: 9 Oak, 4 Hawthorn (excluded at confirmation of order, <b>not protected</b> )
Small woodland compartment around pond adjacent to railway line north of Hitchfield Wood	68: Culcheth Hall Farm, North	G2: 14 Willow



3.3 Copies of all relevant Tree Preservation Orders can be viewed online at <a href="http://mapping.warrington.gov.uk/wml/Map.aspx?MapName=Planning\_and\_LLC\_E">http://mapping.warrington.gov.uk/wml/Map.aspx?MapName=Planning\_and\_LLC\_E</a> xternal.

#### **Conservation Area**

- 3.4 Trees within Conservation Areas are protected by Section 211 of The Town and Country Planning Act 1990. The local authority must be notified 6 weeks before the any tree<sup>2</sup> in a Conservation Area is removed, uprooted, lopped, topped, wilfully destroyed, or wilfully damaged. During this period the Council may consider serving a Tree Preservation Order to prevent the proposed work from being undertaken.
- 3.5 The council's online mapping facility confirmed that no part of the site is within a Conservation Area. Culcheth Newchurch Hospital Conservation Area, 1993 is adjacent to a short section of the western boundary.

#### **Ancient Woodland and Veteran Trees**

- 3.6 Ancient woodland and ancient or veteran trees are irreplaceable and amongst the most valuable and sensitive habitats. Ancient woodland is any area that has been wooded since at least 1600. Individual trees of exceptional age, size, biodiversity or cultural significance are regarded as 'veterans'. Neither category has legal protection but they have strong protection in planning policy. Any works to veteran or ancient trees and woodland should be undertaken with the utmost sensitivity and under specialist advice.<sup>3</sup>
- 3.7 The Forestry Commission is a non-statutory consultee for development within 500m of an Ancient Woodland. Natural England and Forestry Commission publishes Standing Advice which reinforces the assumption in NPPF that development within an Ancient Woodland normally requires exceptional circumstances. A minimum buffer of 15m is recommended between any new development and ancient woodland.
- 3.8 Natural England's ancient woodland inventory<sup>4</sup> shows no ancient woodland within or adjacent to the site. The inventory is provisional and may not show woodland smaller than 2ha. It is therefore possible that smaller or unmapped ancient woodland exists. The current and previous land use is thought to make this unlikely.
- 3.9 Veteran trees are also regarded as an irreplaceable habitat with similar provisions to ancient woodland. There is a presumption in NPPF against development that would result in loss or deterioration of a veteran tree. It is not possible to replace veteran trees and any such effects must be weighed in the planning balance against need and benefits.
- 3.10 There is no comprehensive register of veteran trees. The Woodland Trust maintains a verified register of ancient, veteran and notable trees on behalf of the Ancient Tree Forum, which contains no records for the site.
- 3.11 The walkover survey recorded no veteran trees within the site.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exemptions apply, see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tree-preservation-orders-and-trees-in-conservation-areas">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tree-preservation-orders-and-trees-in-conservation-areas</a>

 $<sup>^3\,</sup> See\ \underline{https://www.forestry.gov.uk/anwpracticeguide}\ for\ further\ information$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.natureonthemap.naturalengland.org.uk/magicmap.aspx



- 3.12 It is possible that the survey did not record all veteran trees because of the access restrictions in some areas, the level of survey detail afforded by a walkover, and the lack of ancient tree inventory detail.
- 3.13 It is not considered that access constraints have significantly impeded the mapping of character and distribution of vegetation within the areas that were surveyed. However, identification of individual trees of significance such as veteran trees should be regarded as provisional. A comprehensive survey should be undertaken to inform any planning application. This should pay particular regard to areas not previously surveyed to the west and the compartments containing mature trees and semi-natural woodland identified in the table below. These are the most likely to contain currently unmapped veteran trees.

Table 2 Distribution of veteran trees

Compartments with identified veteran trees	Compartments most likely to contain unidentified veteran trees
None	C10; C12; C16

### **Felling Licences**

- 3.14 It is an offence under the Forestry Act (1967) to fell trees without a licence unless an exemption applies.
- 3.15 Pruning; small scale felling; hazard and nuisance abatement; and felling in a domestic garden, orchard, churchyard or designated open space are amongst those works that may be exempt.<sup>5</sup>
- 3.16 There are parts of the site that should be considered exempt from felling licence jurisdiction, including domestic gardens. Also, certain operations are exempt and advice should be sought when considering tree works. In the absence of a detailed planning permission, any tree works may require a felling licence.

#### **Hedgerow Regulations**

- 3.17 The Hedgerow Regulations (1997) protect hedgerows that meet certain criteria<sup>6</sup>. This report does not include an assessment to determine which, if any, features would be protected under the Regulations. Hedges less than 20m long, in domestic gardens, or younger than 30 years are less likely to be protected.
- 3.18 Any removal of a protected hedgerow or a section of a protected hedgerow must only be done with the written consent of the Local Authority.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See <u>https://www.forestry.gov.uk/england-fellinglicences</u> for details

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/countryside-hedgerows-regulation-and-management">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/countryside-hedgerows-regulation-and-management</a> for details



3.19 The site contains numerous hedges along boundaries, internal tracks and around residential curtilages. Hedgerow that is mapped on Drawing 2 may qualify as 'Important' hedgerow under the Regulations on the grounds of woody species and ecological criteria. It is possible that linear vegetation including scrub and trees that is not mapped as hedgerow might qualify but a full assessment has not been undertaken.

### **Habitats of Principal Importance**

- 3.20 The Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 places a duty on public bodies to show regard for biodiversity in the normal discharge of their functions. The Act requires a schedule of Habitats of Principal Importance to be maintained. This schedule (section 41 in England) is used by public bodies as a guide to the interpretation of their duty to conserve biodiversity. The list of habitats is based on the previously published list of Biodiversity Action Plan 'Priority Habitats'. For this reason, mapping tends to follow broad habitat types and requires verification in the field.
- 3.21 There are a number of habitat types that pertain to trees: *Deciduous Woodland*; *Hedgerows*; *Wood Pasture and Parkland*; and *Traditional Orchards*.
- 3.22 *Deciduous Woodland* is used to represent a range of woodland types that are not mapped individually.
- 3.23 Mapping of *Deciduous Woodland* is based on remote digital analysis; the walkover survey was therefore used to test the publicly available deciduous woodland data. Pockets of woodland are widespread but mostly small. With the exception of scattered and widely-spaced trees along boundaries, hedgerow and trees in domestic gardens, all woody vegetation present is a type of deciduous woodland. Compartments 10, 12 and 24 are the largest woodland areas but smaller compartments 6, 14, 16, 18, 21 and 22 contribute around a fifth of the total. The extent of deciduous woodland that was recorded within the site and shown on Drawing 2 is approximately 6.33ha.
- 3.24 Hedgerows are defined as any boundary line of trees or shrubs over 20m long and less than 5m wide, and where any gaps between the trees or shrub species are less that 20m wide. It is likely that the most of the hedgerows on the site would meet the criteria for inclusion in this habitat type. It is possible that other vegetation could be considered to be hedgerow which has been recorded as woodland edges, for example where vehicles pass existing trees and trim growth to a clear edge. Circa 2,169m of hedgerows are shown approximately on Drawing 1.
- 3.25 Wood Pasture and Parkland is a less common and easily overlooked type of woodland habitat in which trees are a principal structural component but within an open and grazed context rather than high woodland. Veteran and ancient trees are often a feature and the presence of deadwood and grazing animals create niche habitats for a range of lichens, insects, fungi and flora that occur exclusively in this habitat. None of the site is mapped as Wood Pasture and Parkland. The survey identified nothing to refute this.



3.26 *Traditional Orchard* includes most non-commercial and non-intensive orchards. There are no records of Traditional Orchards on or adjacent to the site. The survey identified nothing to refute this

### **Community Forest**

- 3.27 The site is within the Mersey Forest community forest. It is also within the recently announced Northern Forest. These may provide a useful vehicle for coordinating, consulting on, planning, funding, or maximising benefits delivered by tree and woodland management. In view of the tree population present, it is suggested that the Mersey Forest should be consulted on proposed development and mitigation options.
- 3.28 Within the Mersey Forest Plan the majority of site falls within the *Agricultural land* around the M62, Burtonwood, Winwick, Croft and Culcheth (W5) area. The indicative woodland cover target for this area is 20% and the relevant policy is:
  - (i) Create small woodlands and copses within a restored pattern of hedgerows and hedgerow trees. Create linear woodlands along highways, roads, and rights of way, around farm boundaries, and along the River Glaze, Sankey Brook, and Phipps Brook. Provide multi-use recreational corridors, for example connecting Burtonwood to Bold Forest Park in St. Helens and links to Rixton Clay Pits. Planting should soften any new development. Replant orchards around Croft. This area is of importance for farmland birds.
- 3.29 A proportion of the site also falls within the *Urban edges, motorways and highways* (W3) area. This area includes a buffer of approximately 250m around the existing built-up area of Culcheth. The indicative woodland cover target for this area is 30% and the relevant policy is:
  - (i) Increase woodland planting density and create linear woodlands, including along strategic green links such as the Bridgewater Canal and the Trans Pennine Trail.

### Other Designations and Status

3.30 None known.



## 4.0 Planning Policy

- 4.1 All trees are a material consideration. All other things being equal, the removal or deterioration of a tree, woodland or hedgerow should be regarded as an adverse effect and may therefore require mitigation to achieve no net loss.
- 4.2 Mitigation in the form of new planting is unlikely to deliver equivalent functions and benefits to existing trees, particularly where these are mature. Temporal delays in delivery, higher planting ratios, or additional measures may therefore form a necessary part of any mitigation strategy.

### National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

- 4.3 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) is a material consideration in the planning process and promotes a presumption in favour of sustainable development. In terms of the natural environment, development should minimise impacts on biodiversity and provide a net gain in biodiversity where possible.
- The application of national planning policy, particularly the assessment of net impacts on tree cover and quality, is reinforced by published guidance in the form of BS5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction Recommendations. It should be assumed that any necessary tree removal should be mitigated or offset and that any application should be supported by an assessment of residual impact by a qualified arboriculturist. It should also be assumed that all ancient woodland and veteran trees are sacrosanct and must be incorporated appropriately within any development.
- 4.5 The NPPF assumes protection of all ancient woodland and veteran trees unless there are wholly exceptional reasons and a suitable compensation strategy exists. In this respect ancient woodland is defined as an area which has been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD and a veteran as a tree of exceptional value for wildlife, in the landscape, or culturally because of its great age, size or condition.
- 4.6 The absence of veteran trees on Drawings 2 should be confirmed in due course by detailed ground surveys.

### **Local Planning Policy**

4.7 Warrington Borough Council has a number of adopted policies pertaining to trees and nature conservation in the Core Strategy. They are reproduced hereafter.

#### Policy QE 3

Green Infrastructure

- 4.8 The Council will work with partners to develop and adopt an integrated approach to the provision, care and management of the borough's Green Infrastructure. Joint working and the assessment of applications will be focussed on:
  - (i) protecting existing provision and the functions this performs;



- (ii) increasing the functionality of existing and planned provision especially where this helps to mitigate the causes of and addresses the impacts of climate change;
- (iii) improving the quality of existing provision, including local networks and corridors, specifically to increase its attractiveness as a sport, leisure and recreation opportunity and its value as a habitat for biodiversity;
- (iv) protecting and improving access to and connectivity between existing and planned provision to develop a continuous right of way and greenway network and integrated ecological system;
- (v) securing new provision in order to cater for anticipated increases in demand arising from development particularly in areas where there are existing deficiencies assessed against standards set by the Council.

### Policy QE 5

Biodiversity and Geodiversity

- 4.9 The Council will work with partners to protect and where possible enhance sites of recognised nature and geological value. These efforts will be guided by the principles set out in National Planning Policy and those which underpin the strategic approach to the care and management of the borough's Green Infrastructure in its widest sense.
- 4.10 Sites and areas recognised for their nature and geological value are shown on the Policies Map and include:
  - (i) European Sites of International Importance
  - (ii) Sites of Special Scientific Interest
  - (iii) Regionally Important Geological Sites
  - (iv) Local Nature Reserves
  - (v) Local Wildlife Sites
  - (vi) Wildlife Corridors
- 4.11 The specific sites covered by the above designations at the time of publication are detailed in Appendix 3. [NB. This includes Moore Nature Reserve]
- 4.12 Proposals for development which may affect European Sites of International Importance will be subject to the most rigorous examination in accordance with the Habitats Directive. Development or land use change not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site and which is likely to have significant effects on the site (either individually or in combination with other plans or projects) and which would affect the integrity of the site, will not be permitted unless the Council is satisfied that; there is no alternative solution; and there are imperative reasons of over-riding public interest for the development or land use change.



- 4.13 Proposals for development in or likely to affect Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) will be subject to special scrutiny. Where such development may have an adverse effect, directly or indirectly, on the SSSI it will not be permitted unless the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the nature conservation value of the site itself and the national policy to safeguard the national network of such sites.
- 4.14 Proposals for development likely to have an adverse effect on regionally and locally designated sites will not be permitted unless it can be clearly demonstrated that there are reasons for the development which outweigh the need to safeguard the substantive nature conservation value of the site or feature.
- 4.15 Proposals for development which may adversely affect the integrity or continuity of UK Key habitats or other habitats of local importance, or adversely affect EU Protected Species, UK Priority Species or other species of local importance, or which are the subject of Local Biodiversity Action Plans will only be permitted if it can be shown that the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the need to retain the habitats or species affected and that mitigating measures can be provided which would reinstate the habitats or provide equally viable alternative refuge sites for the species affected.
- 4.16 All development proposals affecting protected sites, wildlife corridors, key habitats or priority species (as identified in Local Biodiversity Action Plans) should be accompanied by information proportionate to their nature conservation value including;
  - (i) importance; an assessment of the likely impacts of the proposed development proposals for the protection and management of features identified for retention;
  - (ii) an assessment of whether the reasons for the development clearly outweigh the nature conservation value of the site, area or species; and
  - (iii) proposals for compensating for features damaged or destroyed during the development process
- 4.17 Where development is permitted, the Council will consider the use of conditions or planning obligations to ensure the protection and enhancement of the site's nature conservation interest and/or to provide appropriate compensatory measures.

### Policy QE 6

Environment and Amenity Protection

- 4.18 The Council, in consultation with other Agencies, will only support development which would not lead to an adverse impact on the environment or amenity of future occupiers or those currently occupying adjoining or nearby properties, or does not have an unacceptable impact on the surrounding area. The Council will take into consideration the following:
  - (i) The integrity and continuity of tidal and fluvial flood defences;
  - (ii) The quality of water bodies, including canals, rivers, ponds and lakes;



- (iii) Groundwater resources in terms of their quantity, quality and the ecological features they support;
  - (iv) Land quality;
  - (v) Air quality;
- (vi) Noise and vibration levels and times when such disturbances are likely to occur;
  - (vii) Levels of light pollution and impacts on the night sky;
- (viii) Levels of odours, fumes, dust, litter accumulation and refuse collection/storage.
- (ix) The need to respect the living conditions of existing neighbouring residential occupiers and future occupiers of new housing schemes in relation to overlooking/loss of privacy, outlook, sunlight, daylight, overshadowing, noise and disturbance;
- (x) The effect and timing of traffic movement to, from and within the site and car parking including impacts on highway safety;
- (xi) The ability and the effect of using permitted development rights to change use within the same Use Class (as set out in the in the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development Order) without the need to obtain planning consent.
- 4.19 Proposals may be required to include detailed assessments in relation to any of the above criteria to the Council for approval.
- 4.20 Where development is permitted which may have an impact on such considerations, the Council will consider the use of conditions or planning obligations to ensure any appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures are secured.
- 4.21 Development proposals on land that is (or is suspected to be) affected by contamination or ground instability or has a sensitive end use must include an assessment of the extent of the issues and any possible risks. Development will only be permitted where the land is, or is made, suitable for the proposed use.
- 4.22 Additional guidance to support the implementation of this policy is provided in the Design and Construction and Environmental Protection Supplementary Planning Documents.

#### Relevance to this site

4.23 The application and relevance of the above policies to any development on this site should be explored within an Arboricultural Impact Assessment. The function of woodland as habitat and in delivering ecosystem services such as stormwater interception should be evaluated in terms of policy compliance and in the context of other conservation objectives.



June 2019

## 5.0 Tree Population Summary

- 5.1 Trees cover a relatively small proportion of the total site area. They are spread across the site within a matrix of woodland blocks and linear features, including hedgerow, hedgerow with mature trees and linear woodland belts.
- There is reasonably good connectivity along the eastern edge of the survey area and also from north to south via Wellfield Wood. This connectivity is poorer along the northern boundary because of tree works undertaken along the railway embankment which have removed or reduced many trees in size and quality. In other areas, connectivity is reliant on gappy hedgerow or rows of individual open-grown trees as 'stepping stones' and these links could be improved.
- 5.3 There is evidently a gap in the treescape where elm trees were once more common and larger in stature, which has yet to be filled. There are dead elms in some areas and elms are also listed in historic TPOs across the site.
- Trees provide good delineation of internal and perimeter boundaries and are a ubiquitous backdrop in most areas. Mature trees and hedges also soften the appearance of Culcheth High School, the railway and adjacent dwellings. The site includes a number of mature specimen trees such as oaks around Leatherbarrow Farm as well as woodland of excellent quality to the east of the survey area.
- 5.5 Small pockets of woodland such as compartment C6, C14, C16 and C21 contain good quality trees and habitats but may be vulnerable due to their size and fragmentation. Compartment C21 for example, contains trees in poor condition which currently have some habitat interest due to dead wood, cracks and splits and the complexity of vegetation. However, there is little regeneration and the group may ultimately be diminished to a shrubby character as the existing trees mature and decline.
- 5.6 The survey categorised woody vegetation into the broad types shown in the table below. These are based on the categories used by the National Forest Inventory remote assessment method, which are mapped on Drawing 1. The survey confirmed the actual extents of these vegetation types within accessible areas and a more accurate representation of the vegetation present is shown on Drawing 2 for comparison.
- 5.7 Reference numbers as per the table below relating to types of tree cover are used in Appendix A. Each area of tree cover that is spatially distinct or with a distinct character from surrounding vegetation was mapped as a separate 'Compartment'. Where a secondary descriptor was useful to add texture to the description and to more clearly identify the characteristics of the compartment, these were added to the survey data but are not presented graphically.



Reference	Woody habitat type	Area
1	Broadleaved	13.29 ha
2	Conifer	0.0 ha
3	Coppice	0.0 ha
4	Coppice with standards	0.0 ha
5	Failed	0.0 ha
6	Felled	0.0 ha
7	Ground preparation	0.0 ha
8	Low density	0.0 ha
9	Mixed mainly broadleaved	0.69 ha
10	Mixed mainly conifer	0.0 ha
11	Shrub	0.0 ha
12	Windthrow	0.0 ha
13	Young trees	0.0 ha

- 5.8 Mature individual trees are also shown approximately on the survey plans. These identify mature trees that are not within woodland as well as trees within woodland that are notable for their size or difference from surrounding vegetation, either individually or as a collective feature. Strong linear features comprising individual trees whose primary function is as a group are recorded as groups but may be excluded from deciduous woodland area calculations.
- 5.9 A short description of each surveyed compartment is included in the survey data at Appendix A.



## 6.0 Preliminary Assessment of Effects

- 6.1 Wherever development occurs, there is a potential for effects on trees. This might comprise the removal of trees that would physically prevent the development but also those that are nearby and vulnerable to changes in local conditions that would arise because of construction.
- 6.2 Trees are a material consideration in the planning process. There should be a common sense ambition to limit tree loss to that which is strictly necessary to facilitate the proposal, and to ensure that the condition and safety of all remaining trees would not be compromised by the development. The quality and distribution of trees should also be considered amongst other constraints in the development of the proposed design and may not always have the highest priority.
- 6.3 The approximate extents of woody vegetation and relevant designations and status are shown on Drawing 2. This should be used as a basis for masterplanning and feasibility studies but should not be relied upon for detailed layout design. The following text gives an overview of the likely impact of the masterplan proposals on key metrics of existing trees where these are known or can be estimated. Actual effects will be determined at the detailed design stage. It is assumed that any future design will be broadly similar to the Masterplan (reproduced at Drawing 3) but may be influenced by the constraints and opportunities presented in this report and by other technical disciplines.

### **Development Proposals**

The proposed development area promotes delivery of up to 600 units (300 units to be delivered during the plan period and a further 300 units to be safeguarded). Including provision for associated infrastructure, the developable area incorporates 23.53ha of the site, all of which is currently agricultural. The masterplan also indicates a further 73.59ha allocated to new green infrastructure including the provision for a Country Park and natural and semi-natural greenspaces.

### **Canopy Cover**

- The primary tree and hedgerow losses would occur where new access is proposed off Warrington Road to the east and Twiss Green Lane to the west and where new internal access routes dissect existing field boundaries (C2, C3, C5, C26 and C27 in particular). Based on the tree cover mapped on Drawings 1 and 2 an estimated 0.06ha of tree cover and c. 160m of hedgerow would be removed.
- Two areas indentified as 'potential emergency links' if integrated into the development scheme as shown on the masterplan would likely result in the further loss of 0.1ha of compartment C24 (Wellfield Wood) and small sections of hedgerow compartment C1. This impact of the element of development could be lessened with detailed design at future reserved matters stages.
- 6.7 New access points off Warrington Road plus further internal access routes would also result in the loss of c. 170m of existing hedgerow.



- 6.8 Access to the western side of the site was not possible and the magnitude of impact cannot be measured in the same way as that to the east. However, it is likely that the majority of trees could be retained should the site be developed in broad accordance with the masterplan with only a small amount of trees removed to upgrade the existing access track for Tanners Farm and Leatherbarrow Farm.
- 6.9 The eastern extent of the site comprises a vegetated corridor of variable width, intactness and quality, beginning with compartment C6 in the south and running to compartment C16 in the north. This is an important link, partly because it includes three of the better woodlands on the site. Along with the tree cover across the north the masterplan indicates these would be conserved and strengthened where possible within the two large areas of proposed green infrastructure.

Table 4 Approximate quantum of woody habitats that would be removed

Woody habitat type	NFI Primary Vegetation Descriptor Ref.	Area
Broadleaved	1	0.16* ha

<sup>\* 0.1</sup>ha of this may be retained if the potential emergency route is not developed in its current location

### **Opportunities**

6.10 There is a significant amount of new planting proposed on the masterplan within the natural and semi natural greenspace and parks and gardens which would eventually result in a net gain of both long term tree cover and quality. There is also an opportunity for the proposed formal and informal avenue network along internal access routes to eventually increase the habitat connectivity than that which exists currently.

### **Tree Quality**

- 6.11 A simple assessment of quality has been made as a proxy for the likely magnitude of adverse effects or requirements for and anticipated difficulty in providing mitigation associated with tree loss in different parts of the site.
- 6.12 Compartments of Poor Quality are those that have identified defects or shortcomings. These may be remediable.
- 6.13 Compartments of Fair Quality are those that have no noteworthy defects or shortcomings, and no particular merit beyond the basic value of all trees and their function as part of the wider treescape, which is material.
- 6.14 Compartments of Good Quality are those with significant identified and material merit. They would tend to be more diverse, mature and delivering a range of benefits and functions than those in lower categories.
- 6.15 Compartments of Excellent Quality are those with substantial material merit. They are likely to be exceptional in their characteristics or the provision of benefits and functions. They may represent mature or climax vegetation or be associated with a higher incidence of veteran trees and protected species.



Table 5 Quality of surveyed compartments

Excellent Quality	Good Quality	Fair Quality	Poor Quality
3	20	4	1

6.16 A breakdown of canopy loss estimate by quality assessment is provided in the following table.

Table 6 Approximate Quality of woody habitats that would be removed

Woody habitat type	Excellent Quality	Good Quality	Fair Quality	Poor Quality	Total
Broadleaved	0.00ha	0.16ha*	0.00ha	0.0ha	0.16ha*

<sup>\* 0.1</sup>ha of this may be retained if the potential emergency route is not developed its current location

#### **Veteran Trees**

6.17 No veteran trees were identified during the walkover assessment but it is not possible to rule out their presence in areas where access was restricted. It will be necessary for any future layout to respond to the presence of veteran trees should they be identified during more detailed survey work.



### 7.0 Recommendations

#### **Tree Works**

- 7.1 Whilst the purpose of the walkover survey was not to identify tree works, the recommendations in Appendix A are based on observations that were made during the survey and should be considered to prevent future problems.
- 7.2 All works should be undertaken by a suitably qualified, competent and insured contractor. It is recommended that at least three quotations should be sought for works

### **Permissions**

- 7.3 Authority to undertake the works recommended in Appendix A or any other routine maintenance works must be sought in advance of commencement.
- 7.4 The permission of the owner of the land around the base of the tree must be sought. For trees on boundaries, this may be more than one party.
- 7.5 Any tree works that are required to deliver development that has detailed consent will not normally require additional permissions, unless they are done under licence from Natural England because they would affect a protected species.
- 7.6 Works affecting any tree within an area covered by an active planning permission may risk breach of that planning permission except those expressly permitted by planning consent. Further works should not be undertaken until it has been determined that they are permitted or otherwise acceptable to the relevant consenting authority.
- 7.7 Based on the results of the desktop survey, some of the tree works recommended in Appendix A would be subject to TPO and require an application.
- 7.8 The recommended works may require a felling licence<sup>7</sup> and any other thinning, felling or tree removal works that are not exempted may also require a felling licence. Such licences typically include requirements to replant trees.
- 7.9 It is considered unlikely that recommended works will affect protected hedgerow. If in doubt, the Local Authority should be contacted.
- 7.10 Additional consenting mechanisms may apply in certain circumstances including for works affecting protected species; close to overhead lines; in churchyards; close to airports; and for which access is required across or above land owned by third parties (including the Highways and Local Authorities).

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### **Detailed Tree Survey**

- 7.11 A detailed tree survey undertaken according to BS5837:2012 will be required to inform a detailed design. This should record all trees, groups of trees, woodland, and hedgerow within influencing distance of the site. It should assess and report on: canopy spread of existing trees and groups; a Root Protection Area (RPA) calculated in accordance with BS 5837; and tree quality category that identifies the quality and value (in a non-fiscal sense) of the existing tree stock, to allow informed decisions to be made concerning which trees should be removed or retained in the event of development occurring.
- 7.12 The level of detail in the tree survey may vary, providing greater resolution in areas of anticipated activity. Interior trees within larger groups or in areas of minimal intervention may be subject to a more general appraisal but should still be included in the survey.

### Other types of Arboricultural Assessment

7.13 In order to assess the functions and benefits provided by existing trees, to quantify loss, and to justify any mitigation proposals it may be useful to undertake types of assessment that look at specific outcomes rather than simply tree quality (according to BS5837). In particular, *iTree Eco* quantitative modelling of ecosystem services and a biodiversity offsetting analysis may be useful tools within the planning process.

### **Arboricultural Impact Assessment**

- 7.14 An Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) will be required in support of a reserved matter/detailed application. This will identify, evaluate and possibly mitigate the impacts of developing land on the existing tree resource.
- 7.15 One function of the AIA process will be the consideration of trees alongside other project disciplines (layout, drainage, utilities etc.) in order to minimise future conflict and avoid uncalculated expense or undesirable tree loss.
- 7.16 The AIA should include a detailed Tree Removal Plan outlining the proposed schedule of tree works. It may also include details of any tree protection measures that would be required during the construction phase. In certain circumstances it may be appropriate to set out a heads of terms for tree protection and defer the detail to a Condition of planning consent.

### **Mitigation Planting & Landscaping**

7.17 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) is a material consideration in the planning process and promotes a presumption in favour of sustainable development. In terms of the natural environment, development should minimise impacts on biodiversity and provide a net gain in biodiversity where possible. In respect of trees, a sustainable development will be one whereby the total number, value or function provided by trees is maintained or increased or where the long-term prospects of the existing tree stock can be substantially improved.



- 7.18 Mitigation for the loss of trees as a result of development will be delivered via the creation of new planting within proposed green infrastructure; this would include an area of approximately 32.79ha of natural and semi-natural greenspace in the east and an area approximately 38.48ha in size for Culcheth Country Park. Further planting would be implemented along the sites internal road networks.
- 7.19 Approximately 0.16 hectares of tree cover and c. 170m of hedgerow would be removed if the development was carried out in strict accordance with the Masterplan but this may be subject to modification at the detailed design stage. The Masterplan indicates that in general, existing tree cover and arboreal connectivity across the site would be retained. Discussion is provided on the interrelationship of key arboricultural features in Section 6.
- 7.20 Based on the estimated tree loss figures provided above, mitigation for the total loss of tree cover could be delivered within the site proposals and would greatly improve existing tree cover once established.
- 7.21 The extent of replacement tree planting required to mitigate adverse effects should be assessed as part of the AIA process. The advice of a qualified Arboricultural Consultant should be sought during planting plan preparation to ensure species and placement suitability. Any new planting should not be viewed principally as an exercise in landscape architecture and aesthetic design but should be strongly informed by conservation and habitat objectives.

### **Post Development Management**

- 7.22 As much of the site as possible should receive long-term management. Ideally, this would be through a single management plan to allow a single and coherent approach to inform the management of most areas. The objectives for this management plan should be set following consultation with a range of local and national stakeholders and experts.
- 7.23 Areas of the site that will be open to public access should be surveyed regularly for developing hazards. Trees are dynamic living organisms whose structure is constantly changing; even those in good condition can suffer from damage or stress. There is no set approach or period for tree inspection and the best approach should be determined when the future usage, management and ownership of the site has been determined.





Survey date 22nd May 2018

Site Land north east of Culcheth

Town Warrington

Ref	Main woody species	Primary Vegetation Descriptor	Secondary Vegetation Descriptor	Maturity	Quality	Description	Works Recommendations
	(Common name)	NFI	NFI	Young, Middle Age, Mature, Ancient, Young to Middle Age, Middle Age to Mature, Young to Mature	Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor		
Compa	rtments						
C1	Hawthorn; ash; grey willow; sycamore; elder	1		Middle Age	Good	Hedges with occasional trees; adjacent to track and with internal ditch; hedge around recreational field	
C2	Hawthorn	1		Middle Age	Good	Hedge with ditch	
C3	Hawthorn; grey willow; ash; silver birch	1		Middle Age	Good	Double hedge with footpath between; occaional trees on southern side	
C4	Sycamore	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Small stand by lane end	
C5	Hawthorn	1		Middle Age	Good	Hedge by road	
C6	Oak; hazel; alder	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good		out into field corner
C7	Hawthorn; oak; elder	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Gappy hedge in cluding mature hawthorn and elder with boundary trees	Infill planting to improve connectivity to C6
C8	Oak; hawthorn; hazel; holly	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Hedge with trees; some mature with cavities and aerial dead wood; good habitat feature; specimen trees are all oaks	
C9	Oak; elm; hawthorn; hazel	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	hazardous); patchy hedge; oaks in good condition	Add oaks at southern end to complete link
C10	Oak; birch; rowan; hawthorn; grey willow; alder; beech; sycamore	1		Middle Age to Mature	Excellent	Mixed broadleaved woodland overhanging site; shallow ditch in some places on boundary; seasonally wet ponds; structurally diverse	
C11	Oak; hawthorn; sycamore	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Hawthorn hedge with oak trees; hedge managed on the sides	
C12	Hornbeam; crack willow; oak; hawthorn; hazel; grey willow; sycamore; ash; horse chestnut; holly; beech; yew	1		Middle Age to Mature	Excellent	High canopy diversity; footpaths on boundaries; standing dead stems; excellent structure and diversity of regeneration; pond boggy and with Himalayan balsam	Thin sycamore; eradicate Himalayan balsam
C13	Hawthorn; ash; oak; sycamore; hazel	1		Middle Age	Good	Lapsed hedgerow and small trees; unmanaged on top; some gaps	Infill planting to strengthen

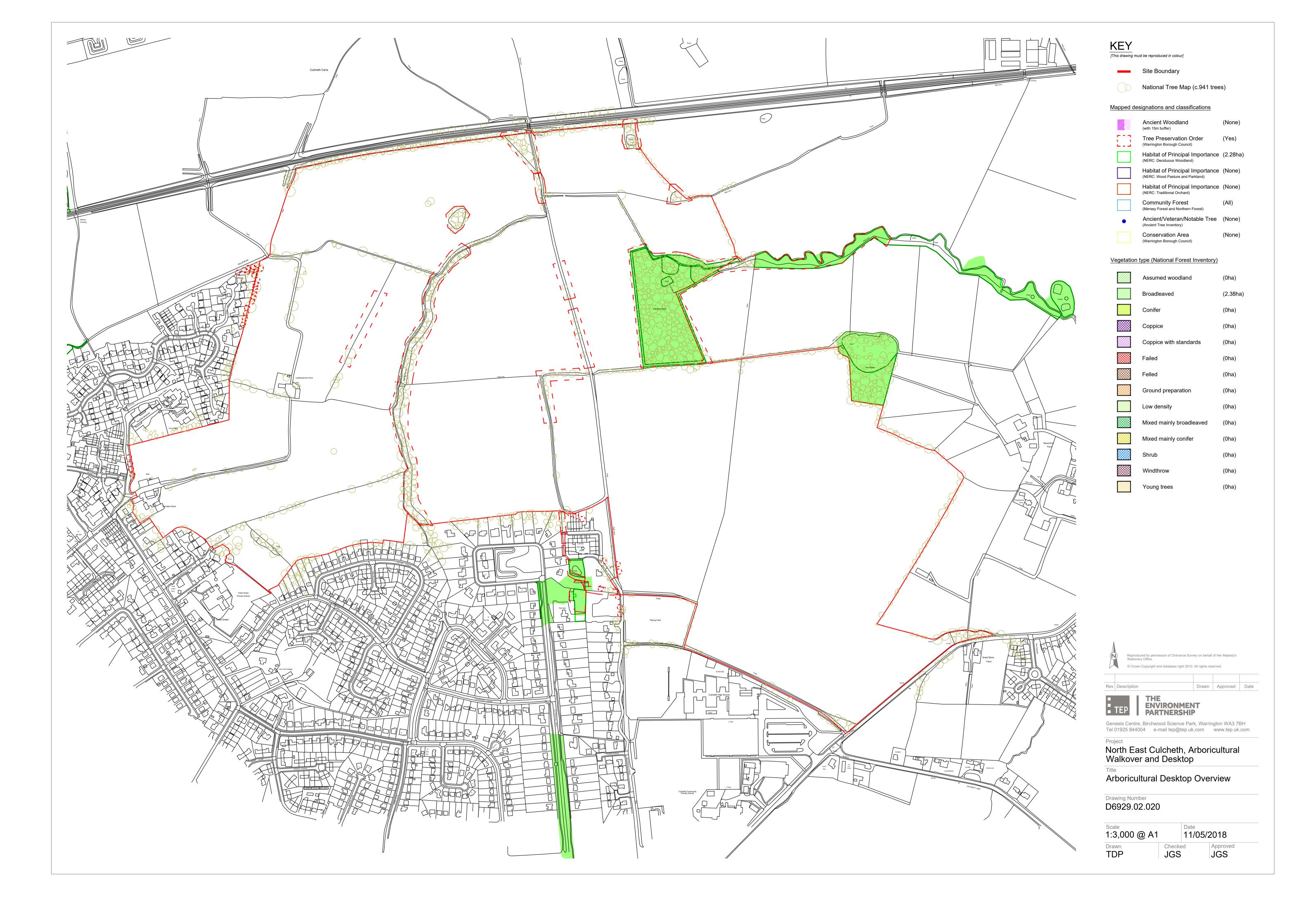
Ref	Main woody species	Primary Vegetation Descriptor	Secondary Vegetation Descriptor	Maturity	Quality	Description	Works Recommendations
	(Common name)	NFI	NFI	Young, Middle Age, Mature, Ancient, Young to Middle Age, Middle Age to Mature, Young to Mature	Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor		
C14	Oak; hazel; sycamore; birch' hawthorn	1		Middle Age to Mature	Fair	Small stand of oak with hazel understorey; occasional middle aged and mature hawthorn	
C15	Hawthorn; oak; grey willow; silver birch	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Thick hedge; good connectivity; ditch	Thicken with 10m wide planting strip to west
C16	Crack willow; alder; oak; hawthorn; sycamore	1		Mature	Excellent	Around pond; crack willow with typical failure and resprouting cycle; complex structure; good wet habitat	Give buffer of >10m
C17	Sycamore; wych elm; horse chestnut; crack willow; hawthorn	1		Middle Age to Mature	Fair	Moribund and dead elms; sycamore dominated; leggy; occasional hawthorn, willow and horse chestnut; partial screening of railway	Plant tall species inside boundary to improve screening
C18	Sycamore; oak; ash; elder; horse chestnut; wych elm; English elm; hawthorn	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Small woodland by railway	
C19	English elm; hawthorn; ash; grey poplar	1		Middle Age	Poor	Dead elm over natural regeneration and resprouting forming a rough hedge	Remove dead stems and replace with grey poplar or white poplar
C20	Alder; blackthorn; hawthorn; horse chestnut	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Trees along ditch	
C21	Horse chestnutp white willow; sycamore; hawthorn; ash	1		Middle Age to Mature	Fair	Messy and with many failures; standing dead wood; some habitat value	
C22	Ash; hawthorn; sycamore; oak	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Small stand by railway crossing	
C23	Oak; grey willow; elder; hawthorn; elm; ash; beech; hazel; elder	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Mature trees and some hedged sections; open grown form; key landscape element	
C24	English elm; wych elm; field maple; ash; oak; sycamore; sycamore; hawthorn	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	By stream; strong feature; mature oaks; footpaths	
C25	Cypress; sycamore; birch; apple; hawthorn	9		Middle Age to Mature	Fair	Rear garden trees and hedgerow	
C26	Hawthorn	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Hedge east of footpath; overhead line (low voltage)	

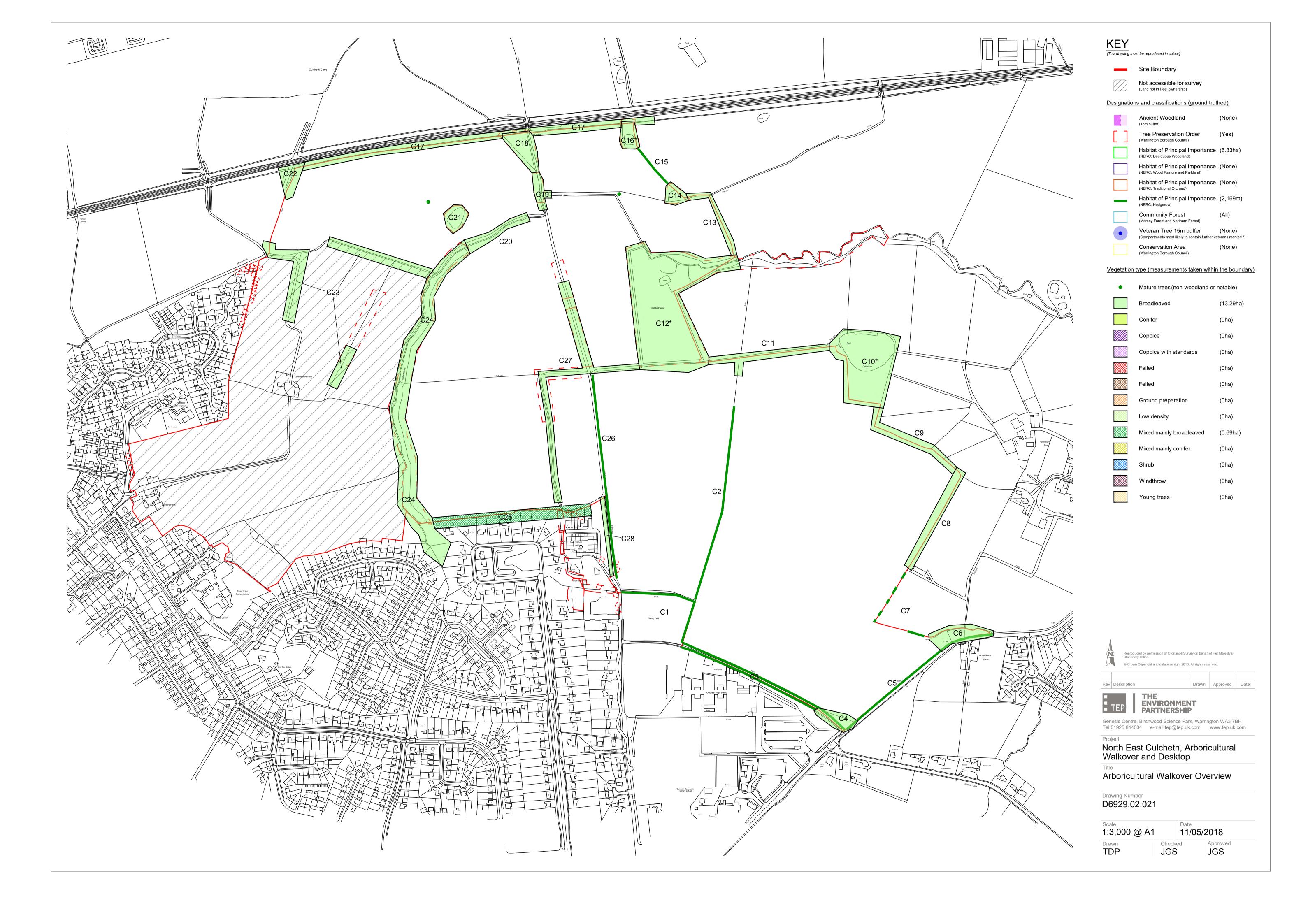
Ref	Main woody species	Primary Vegetation Descriptor	Secondary Vegetation Descriptor	Maturity	Quality	Description	Works Recommendations
	(Common name)	NFI	NFI	Young, Middle Age, Mature, Ancient, Young to Middle Age, Middle Age to Mature, Young to Mature	Fair, Poor		
C27	Sycamore; ash; oak; hawthorn; elm; horse chestnut	1		Middle Age to Mature	Good	Hedge with trees; occasional dead elm; footpath; TPO trees to north not present	
C28	Oak; hawthorn; hazel; blackthorn	1		Middle Age		Early middle aged oak by grass area adjacent to footpath; hedge of hazel, hawthorn and blackthorn at southern end opposite C26	

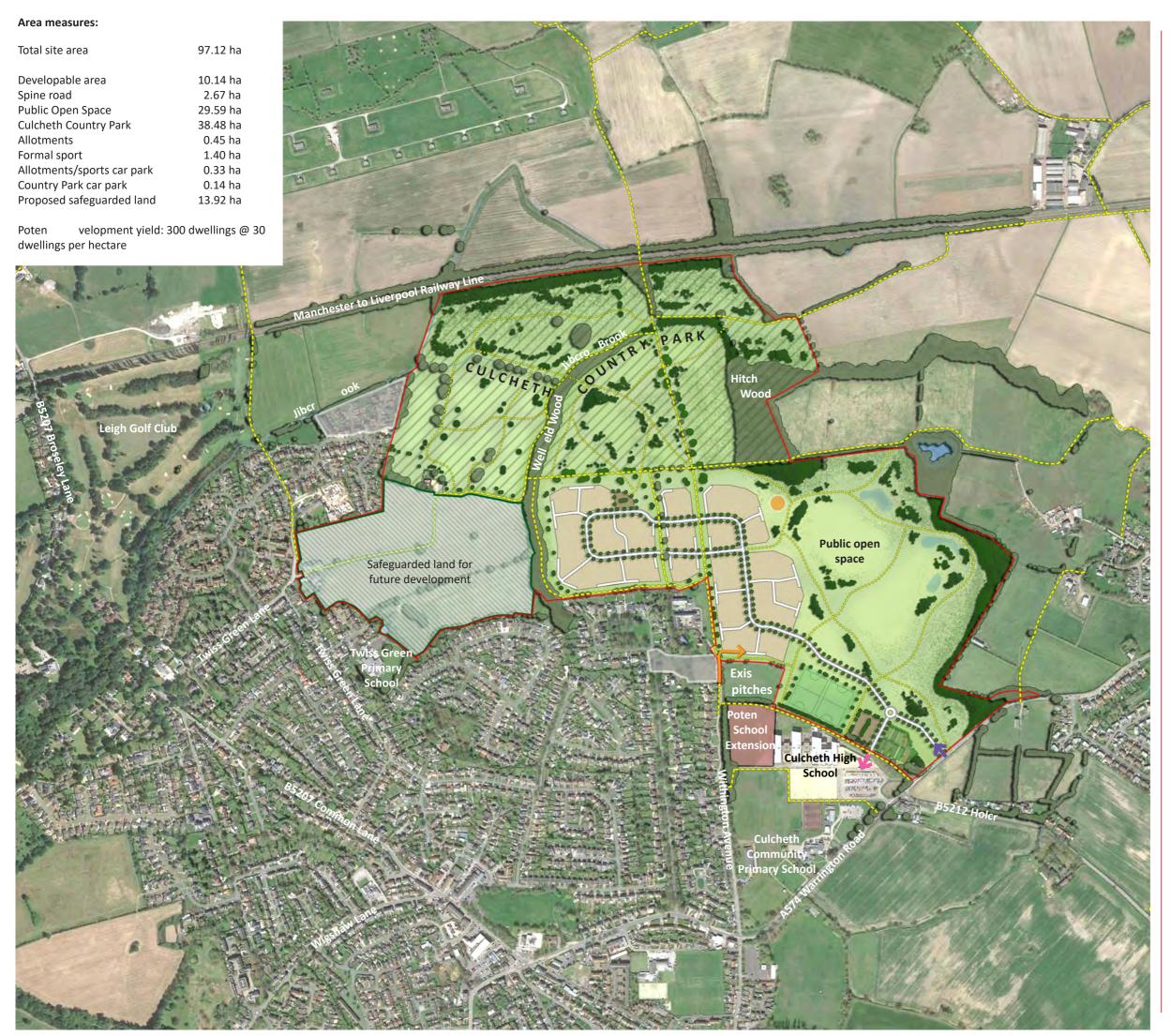


### **DRAWINGS**

Drawing 1 - Arboricultural Desktop Overview
Drawing 2 - Arboricultural Survey Overview
Drawing 3 - North East Culcheth Conceptual Masterplan







LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING MASTERPLANNING URBAN DESIGN



Canada House, 3 Chepstow Street, Manchester M1 5FW 0161 228 7721 mail@randallthorp.co.uk www.randallthorp.co.uk

### Key

Proposed site boundary

Existing vegetation

Existing watercourses and waterbodies

Proposed tree and woodland planting

Proposed development cell

Proposed Culcheth Country Park

Proposed open space

Potential school extension

Sites with planning applications /

recently developed

Safeguarded land for future development

Proposed new sports pitches

Retained PRoWs

Proposed pedestrian links

Proposed primary road

Proposed secondary road

Proposed car parks

Proposed vehicular access

Proposed access to Culcheth High School

Potential emergency link

Proposed allotments

Proposed anothrend

Proposed SuDS

Proposed NEAP

Proposed LEAP

NB: Masterplan subject to change following detailed survey work



### **Warrington Local Plan Sites**

North East Culcheth Illustra e Masterplan Op

Drwg No: 630DC-22

Drawn by: SR

Rev by:

QM Status: Checked

Scale: NTS

Checker: SR

Rev checker:

Product Status:

Con

evice



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May 2019

# **Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Ltd**

# **Agricultural Land Classification**

Land off Rushgreen Road, Lymm, Warrington

Beechwood Court,
Long Toll, Woodcote,
RG8 0RR
01491 684 233
readingagricultural.co.uk

### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 Reading Agricultural Consultants Ltd (RAC) is instructed by Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Ltd to assess the Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) of land off Rushgreen Road, Lymm, Warrington, by means of a desktop appraisal of soil and site characteristics.
- 1.2 Guidance for assessing the quality of agricultural land in England and Wales is set out in the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF) revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (1988)<sup>1</sup>, and summarised in Natural England's Technical Information Note 049<sup>2</sup>.
- 1.3 Agricultural land in England and Wales is graded between 1 and 5, depending on the extent to which physical or chemical characteristics impose long-term limitations on agricultural use. The principal physical factors influencing grading are climate, site and soil which, together with interactions between them, form the basis for classifying land into one of the five grades.
- 1.4 Grade 1 land is excellent quality agricultural land with very minor or no limitations to agricultural use, and Grade 5 is very poor quality land, with severe limitations due to adverse soil, relief, climate or a combination of these. Grade 3 land is subdivided into Subgrade 3a (good quality land) and Subgrade 3b (moderate quality land). Land which is classified as Grades 1, 2 and 3a in the ALC system is defined as best and most versatile agricultural land.

#### 2 Site and climatic conditions

#### General features, land form and drainage

2.1 The site occupies approximately 24ha, predominantly comprising permanent grassland. Non-agricultural land includes copses and a commercial estate. The site is bounded to the north and east by the settlement of Rushgreen, to the west by residential properties off Mardale Crescent and to the south by the Bridgewater Canal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> **MAFF (1988).** Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales. Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land. MAFF Publications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> **Natural England (2012).** *Technical Information Note 049 - Agricultural Land Classification: protecting the best and most versatile agricultural land,* Second Edition.

2.2 Topography in the north and west of the site is largely level at around 20m above Ordnance Datum (AOD), sloping down from around 25m AOD in the south and south-east.

### **Agro-climatic conditions**

2.3 Agro-climatic data for the site have been interpolated from the Meteorological Office's standard 5km grid point data set at a representative altitude of 20m AOD, and are given in Table 1.
Climate at the site is wet and moderately warm with moderate moisture deficits. The number of field capacity days is greater than is typical for lowland England and is unfavourable for providing opportunities for agricultural field work.

Table 1: Local agro-climatic conditions

Parameter	Value
Average Annual Rainfall	835mm
Accumulated Temperatures >0°C	1,430 day°
Field Capacity Days	197 days
Average Moisture Deficit, wheat	90mm
Average Moisture Deficit, potatoes	78mm

### Soil parent material and soil type

- 2.4 The principal underlying geology mapped by the British Geological Survey<sup>3</sup> across the site is the Wilmslow Sandstone Formation, comprising red-brown to brick-red sandstones with sporadic siltstones.
- 2.5 Superficial deposits across central and northern parts of the site include sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin. At the southern boundary and to the east of the site, the bedrock is overlain by the Shirdley Hill Sand Formation comprising of fine sands with lower peat layers.
- 2.6 The Soil Survey of England and Wales soil association mapping<sup>4</sup> (1:250,000 scale) shows the Blackwood association across the site. Profiles within this association are characterised by deep sandy and coarse loamy soils which are affected by fluctuating groundwater. Where drainage is poor soils tend to be waterlogged for long periods during winter, commonly assessed as Wetness Class (WC) III or IV; however where the regional water table has been lowered and soils are drained they may be of WC I or II<sup>5</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> British Geological Survey (2019). Geology of Britain viewer, http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984). Soils of Midland and Western England (1:250,000), Sheet 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ragg et al. (1984). Soils and Their Use in Midland and Western England, Soil Survey of England and Wales, Bulletin 12. Harpenden

### 3 Agricultural land quality

### **Existing data**

3.1 Provisional ALC mapping shows the site as Grade 2. However, Natural England's TIN049 explains that:

"These maps are not sufficiently accurate for use in assessment of individual fields or development sites, and should not be used other than as general guidance. They show only five grades: their preparation preceded the subdivision of Grade 3 and the refinement of criteria, which occurred after 1976. They have not been updated and are out of print. A 1:250 000 scale map series based on the same information is available. These are more appropriate for the strategic use originally intended ..."

- 3.2 Most of the site has been surveyed by MAFF, although the detailed reports are not available from Natural England. Of 18ha surveyed, just over half of the area is Grade 2 and the remainder is Subgrade 3a.
- 3.3 Sandy and coarse loamy soils of the Blackwood association are variably affected by groundwater. Under the climatic conditions of the site, with 197 FCDs, for such soils to be of Grade 2 and Subgrade 3a, they are most likely to be of WC II or III.
- 3.4 The areas of each ALC grade are shown in Figure 8025-1g and given in Table 2.

Table 2: Agricultural land classification

Grade	Description	Area (ha)	%
2	Very good quality	9.9	41
3a	Good quality	8.6	36
Non-Agricultural		5.5	23
Total		24.0	100



Grade 1 - excellent quality

Grade 2 - very good quality

Best and mos versatile land

Subgrade 3a - good quality

\* Not Present

★ Subgrade 3b - moderate quality★ Grade 4 - poor quality

Grade 5 - very poor quality

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Scale 1:10,000@A4 June/2018

Figure RAC8025-1g: MAFF ALC

Site: Land off Rushgreen Road, Lymm

Client: Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Ltd







#### **NOISE SCREENING ASSESSMENT**

on behalf of

# PEEL HOLDINGS (LAND & PROPERTY) LTD

for the site at

**NORTH EAST OF CULCHETH** 

**REPORT DATE: 12TH JUNE 2019** 

REPORT NUMBER: 101864\_V5

Miller Goodall Ltd Ground Floor Ashworth House Deakins Business Park Blackburn Road Egerton Bolton Lancashire BL7 9RP

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Company registration number 5201673

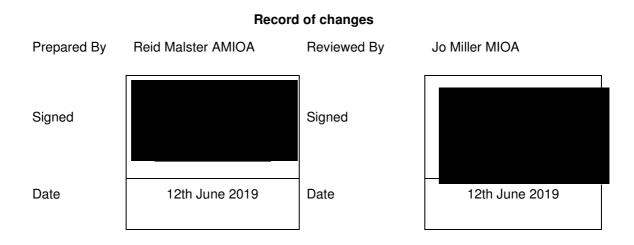
# **Summary**

Miller Goodall Ltd (MG) has, on behalf of Peel Holdings (Land and Property) Ltd, undertaken a desktop noise screening assessment, a preliminary walk over survey and preliminary noise measurements to review the potential issues associated with noise on a proposed residential development comprised of a maximum of 600 homes of mixed tenure (including affordable housing) and a large country park. The study has been undertaken to support the promotion of the land through the Warrington Local Plan.

The study concludes that noise should not be a barrier to residential development on all parcels land except for areas in close proximity to industrial areas or transport uses where additional noise mitigation may be required. The impact of the proposed HS2 route has also been discussed within the assessment.

In relation to the impact of the developments on the noise environment, information is limited and significance will need to be assessed via detailed modelling at a later date and mitigation measures considered.

For some of the proposed sites, given the location of the railway, road network and industrial noise sources full noise assessments would be required at the planning stage to ensure all noise sources are fully assessed and appropriate mitigation measures identified as part of a full application.



Version	Date	Change	Initials
1	9 <sup>th</sup> July 2018	Final issue	JLM
2	10 <sup>th</sup> May 2019	Minor Changes	RM
3	14 <sup>th</sup> May 2019	Minor Changes	RM
4	10 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	Minor Changes	RM
5	12 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	Minor Changes	RM

12th June 2019 Page 1 of 24

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#### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 This noise screening assessment is submitted in support of a proposed housing allocation within the Warrington Local Plan for a site located on the land west of North East of Culcheth. The site sits within the administrative boundary of Warrington Metropolitan Borough Council (WMBC).
- 1.2 This report provides a review of the existing noise sources in proximity to the proposed development site and assesses the potential impact of the proposed development on the local noise environment.
- 1.3 The external noise in urban areas is generally dominated by road traffic sources, along with industrial and commercial sources in some areas. Generally residential areas do not generate significant noise sources of concern.
- 1.4 Noise impacts need to be considered as part of the planning process both to ensure the new development does not create adverse noise impacts on existing receptors and also that new developments are not impacted by the existing noise sources.
- 1.5 An initial review of the area has been undertaken to determine existing and future noise sources and noise sensitive receptors and any potential key noise issues have been identified together with any additional work which may be required.

## 2 Site Description

2.1 The site is approximately 96.10 ha in size and currently comprises a mix of agricultural land and woodland. The Manchester to Liverpool Railway Line runs along the northern site boundary, beyond this there are agricultural fields. There are residential dwellings to the west of the site, to the east of the site there is a mixture of woodland, agricultural fields and residential dwellings. To the south of the site there is Culcheth High School, Twiss Green Community Primary School and residential dwellings. The site location is shown in Appendix 1.

## 3 Proposed Development

3.1 The proposed development consists of approximately 600 homes, a large country park and a natural/semi natural green space. There is also a potential school extension proposed at the site. The draft illustrative masterplan is provided in Appendix 2.

## 4 Policy Context

## 4.1 Noise Policy Statement for England

4.1.1 The Noise Policy Statement for England (NPSE¹), published in March 2010, sets out the long-term vision of Government noise policy. The Noise Policy aims, as presented in this document, are:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Noise Policy Statement for England, Defra, March 2010

"Through the effective management and control of environmental, neighbour and neighbourhood noise within the context of Government policy on sustainable development:

- avoid significant adverse effects on health and quality of life;
- mitigate and minimise adverse effects on health and quality of life; and
- where possible, contribute to the improvement of health and quality of life."
- 4.1.2 The NPSE makes reference to the concepts of NOEL (No Observed Effect Level) and LOAEL (Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level) as used in toxicology but applied to noise impacts. It also introduces the concept of SOAEL (Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level) which is described as the level above which significant adverse effects on health and the quality of life occur.
- 4.1.3 The first aim of the NPSE is to avoid significant adverse effects, taking into account the guiding principles of sustainable development (as referenced in Section 1.8 of the Statement). The second aim seeks to provide guidance on the situation that exists when the potential noise impact falls between the LOAEL and the SOAEL, in which case:
  - "...all reasonable steps should be taken to mitigate and minimise adverse effects on health and quality of life while also taking into account the guiding principles of sustainable development".
- 4.1.4 Importantly, the NPSE goes on to state:
  - "This does not mean that such adverse effects cannot occur".
- 4.1.5 The Statement does not provide a noise-based measure to define SOAEL, acknowledging that the SOAEL is likely to vary depending on the noise source, the receptor and the time in question. NPSE advises that:
  - "Not having specific SOAEL values in the NPSE provides the necessary policy flexibility until further evidence and suitable guidance is available"
- 4.1.6 It is therefore likely that other guidance will need to be referenced when applying objective standards for the assessment of noise, particularly in reference to the SOAEL, whilst also taking into account the specific circumstances of a proposed development.

## 4.2 National Planning Policy Framework

4.2.1 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF<sup>2</sup>) initially published in March 2012, was updated in February 2019. One of the documents that the NPPF replaces is Planning Policy Guidance Note 24 (PPG 24) "Planning and Noise"<sup>3</sup>.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Planning Policy Framework, Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, July 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Planning Policy Guidance 24: Planning and Noise, DCLG, September 1994

4.2.2 The revised NPPF advises that the planning system has three overarching objectives, which are interdependent and need to be pursued in mutually supportive ways (so that opportunities can be taken to secure net gains across each of the different objectives). One of these is an environmental objective which is described in par. 8 (c):

"to contribute to protecting and enhancing our natural, built and historic environment; including making effective use of land, helping to improve biodiversity, using natural resources prudently, minimising waste and pollution, and mitigating and adapting to climate change, including moving to a low carbon economy."

4.2.3 At par. 170 we are advised that:

"Planning policies and decisions should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by:

e) preventing new and existing development from contributing to, being put at unacceptable risk from, or being adversely affected by, unacceptable levels of soil, air, water or noise pollution or land instability. Development should, wherever possible, help to improve local environmental conditions such as air and water quality, taking into account relevant information such as river basin management plans.

4.2.4 Par. 180 goes on to state:

"Planning policies and decisions should also ensure that new development is appropriate for its location taking into account the likely effects (including cumulative effects) of pollution on health, living conditions and the natural environment, as well as the potential sensitivity of the site or the wider area to impacts that could arise from the development. In doing so they should:

- a) mitigate and reduce to a minimum potential adverse impacts resulting from noise from new development and avoid noise giving rise to significant adverse impacts on health and the quality of life;
- b) identify and protect tranquil areas which have remained relatively undisturbed by noise and are prized for their recreational and amenity value for this reason.

## 4.3 Planning Practice Guidance – Noise

- 4.3.1 As of March 2014, a Planning Practice Guidance<sup>4</sup> for noise was issued which provides additional guidance and elaboration on the NPPF. It advises that when plan-making and decision-taking, the Local Planning Authority should consider the acoustic environment in relation to:
  - Whether or not a significant adverse effect is occurring or likely to occur;
  - Whether or not an adverse effect is occurring or likely to occur; and
  - Whether or not a good standard of amenity can be achieved.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Planning Practice Guidance - Noise, http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/noise/, 06 March 2014

4.3.2 In line with the Explanatory Note of the NPSE, the PPG goes on to reference the LOAEL and SOAEL in relation to noise impact. It also provides examples of outcomes that could be expected for a given perception level of noise, plus actions that may be required to bring about a desired outcome. However, in line with the NPSE, no objective noise levels are provided for LOAEL or SOAEL although the PPG acknowledges that:

"...the subjective nature of noise means that there is not a simple relationship between noise levels and the impact on those affected. This will depend on how various factors combine in any particular situation".

- 4.3.3 Examples of these factors include:
  - The source and absolute noise level of the source along with the time of day that it occurs;
  - Where the noise is non-continuous, the number of noise events and pattern of occurrence;
  - The frequency content and acoustic characteristics of the noise;
  - The effect of noise on wildlife;
  - The acoustic environment of external amenity areas provided as an intrinsic part of the overall design;
  - The impact of noise from certain commercial developments such as night clubs and pubs where activities are often at their peak during the evening and night.
- 4.3.4 The PPG also provides general advice on the typical options available for mitigating noise. It goes on to suggest that Local Plans may include noise standards applicable to proposed developments within the Local Authority's administrative boundary, although it states that:
  - "Care should be taken, however, to avoid these being implemented as fixed thresholds as specific circumstances may justify some variation being allowed".
- 4.3.5 The PPG was amended in December 2014 to clarify guidance on the potential effect of noise from existing businesses on proposed new residential accommodation. Even if existing noise levels are intermittent (for example, from a live music venue), noise will need to be carefully considered and appropriate mitigation measures employed to control noise at the proposed accommodation.

## 5 Acoustic Standards and Guidance

# 5.1 ProPG: Planning & Noise – Professional Practice Guidance on Planning & Noise – New Residential Development – May 2017

- 5.1.1 ProPG: Planning and Noise is new guidance with the aim of delivering sustainable development and promoting good health and well-being through the effective management of noise which may impact on new residential developments. The guidance aims to complement the national planning policy and encourages the use of good acoustic design at the earliest phase of the planning process. It builds upon the recommendations of various other guidance documents including NPPF, NPSE and PPG-Noise, BS 8233 and WHO.
- 5.1.2 The guidance is applicable to new residential developments which would be exposed predominantly to noise from existing transport sources. The ProPG advocates a risk based approach to noise using a two-stage process:
  - Stage 1 an initial noise risk assessment of the proposed development site; and

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- Stage 2 a systematic consideration of four key elements:
  - Element 1 demonstrating a 'Good Acoustic Design Process';
  - Element 2 observing internal 'Noise Level Guidelines';
  - Element 3 undertaking an 'External Amenity Area Noise Assessment'; and
  - Element 4 consideration of 'Other Relevant Issues'.
- 5.1.3 The ProPG approach is underpinned by the preparation and delivery of an 'Acoustic Design Statement' (ADS), whereby the higher the risk for noise at the site, the more detailed the ADS. The ADS should address the following issues:
  - Present the initial site noise risk assessment, including the pre-development acoustic conditions prior to development;
  - Describe the external noise levels that occur across the site both before and after any necessary mitigation measures have been incorporated. The external noise assessment with mitigation measures in place should use an informed judgement of typical worst-case conditions;
  - Demonstrate how good acoustic design is integrated into the overall design and how the proposed acoustic design responds to specific circumstances of the site;
  - Confirm how the internal noise level guidelines will be achieved, including full details of the design measures and building envelope specifications;
  - A detailed assessment of the potential impact on occupants should be undertaken where individual noise events are expected to exceed 45 dB *L*<sub>AF,max</sub> more than 10 times a night inside bedrooms;
  - Priority should be given to enable the use of openable windows where practical across the
    development. Where this is not practical to achieve the internal noise level guidelines with windows
    open, then full details of the proposed ventilation and thermal comfort arrangements must be provided;
  - Present the findings of the external amenity area noise assessment;
  - Present the findings of the assessment of other relevant issues;
  - Confirm for a low risk site how adverse impacts of noise will be mitigated and minimised;
  - Confirm for a medium or high noise risk site how adverse impacts of noise will be mitigated and minimised and clearly demonstrate that a significant adverse noise impact has been avoided.

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5.1.4 ProPG target noise levels are based on existing guidance from BS 8233 and WHO (see below). Table 1 below outlines the guidance noise levels for different room types during day and night times.

Activity	Location	07:00 to 23:00	23:00 to 07:00
Resting	Living Room	35 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	-
Dining	Dining room/area	40 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	-
Sleeping (daytime resting)	Bedroom	35 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	30 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,8hr</sub> 45 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Amax,F</sub>

5.1.5 The footnotes to this table suggest that internal noise level limits can be relaxed by up to 5 dB where development is considered necessary or desirable, and still represent "reasonable" internal conditions. They also suggest that in such cases, external levels which exceed WHO guidance target levels (see WHO section below) may still be acceptable provided that reasonable internal noise levels are achieved. Although, where the acoustic environment of external amenity areas is intrinsic to the overall design, "noise levels should ideally not be above the range 50 – 55 dB  $L_{Aeq,16hr}$ ". The wording of ProPG (and BS 8233:2014) is clear that exceedance of guideline noise levels in external areas should not prohibit the development of desirable developments in any event.

# 5.2 BS 8233:2014 Guidance on Sound Insulation and Noise Reduction for Buildings

5.2.1 This standard provides recommended guideline values for internal noise levels within dwellings which are similar in scope to guideline values contained within the World Health Organisation (WHO) document, Guidelines for Community Noise (1999)<sup>5</sup>. These guideline noise levels are shown in Table 2, below.

Table 2: BS 8233: 2014 guideline indoor ambient noise levels for dwellings

Location	Activity	07:00 to 23:00	23:00 to 07:00
Living Room	Resting	35 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	-
Dining room/area	Dining	40 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	-
Bedroom	Sleeping (daytime resting)	35 dB <i>L</i> <sub>Aeq,16hr</sub>	30 dB L <sub>Aeq,8hr</sub>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> World Health Organisation Guidelines for Community Noise, 1999

#### 5.2.2 BS 8233:2014 advises that:

"regular individual noise events...can cause sleep disturbance. A guideline value may be set in terms of SEL<sup>6</sup> or L<sub>Amax,F</sub> depending on the character and number of events per night. Sporadic noise events could require separate values".

5.2.3 BS 8233:2014 adopts guideline external noise values provided in WHO for external amenity areas such as gardens and patios. The standard states that it is "desirable" that the external noise does not exceed 50 dB  $L_{Aeq,T}$  with an upper guideline value of 55 dB  $L_{Aeq,T}$  whilst recognising that development in higher noise areas such as urban areas or those close to the transport network may require a compromise between elevated noise levels and other factors that determine if development in such areas is warranted. In such circumstances, the development should be designed to achieve the lowest practicable noise levels in external amenity areas.

### 5.3 World Health Organisation (WHO) Guidelines for Community Noise 1999

- 5.3.1 The WHO Guidelines 1999 recommends that to avoid sleep disturbance, indoor night-time guideline noise values of 30 dB  $L_{Aeq}$  for continuous noise and 45 dB  $L_{AFmax}$  for individual noise events should be applicable. It is to be noted that the WHO Night Noise Guidelines for Europe 2009<sup>7</sup> makes reference to research that indicates sleep disturbance from noise events at indoor levels as low as 42 dB  $L_{AFmax}$ . The number of individual noise events should also be taken into account and the WHO guidelines suggest that indoor noise levels from such events should not exceed approximately 45 dB  $L_{AFmax}$  more than 10 15 times per night.
- 5.3.2 The WHO document recommends that steady, continuous noise levels should not exceed 55 dB  $L_{Aeq}$  on balconies, terraces and outdoor living areas. It goes on to state that to protect the majority of individuals from moderate annoyance, external noise levels should not exceed 50 dB  $L_{Aeq}$ .

# 5.4 BS 4142: 2014 'Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound'

- 5.4.1 BS 4142: 2014<sup>8</sup> provides guidance on the assessment of the likelihood of complaints relating to noise from industrial sources. It replaced the 1997 edition of the Standard in October 2014. The key aspects of the Standard are summarised below.
- 5.4.2 The standard presents a method of assessing potential noise impact by comparing the noise level due to industrial sources (the Rating Level) with that of the existing background noise level at the nearest noise sensitive receiver in the absence of the source (the Background Sound Level).
- 5.4.3 The Specific Noise Level the noise level produced by the source in question at the assessment location is determined and a correction applied for certain undesirable acoustic features such as tonality, impulsivity or intermittency. The corrected Specific Noise Level is referred to as the Rating Level.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sound exposure level or L<sub>AE</sub>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> WHO Night Noise Guidelines for Europe 2009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> BS 4142:2014 Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound

5.4.4 In order to assess the noise impact, the Background Sound Level is arithmetically subtracted from the Rating Level. The standard states the following:

- Typically, the greater this difference, the greater the magnitude of the impact,
- A difference of around +10 dB or more is likely to be an indication of a significant adverse impact, depending on the context,
- A difference of around +5 dB is likely to be an indication of an adverse impact, depending on the context,
- The lower the Rating Level is relative to the measured Background Sound Level, the less likely it is that the specific sound source will have an adverse impact or a significant adverse impact. Where the Rating Level does not exceed the Background Sound Level, this is an indication of the specific sound source having a low impact, depending on the context.
- 5.4.5 In addition to the margin by which the Rating Level of the specific sound source exceeds the Background Sound Level, the 2014 edition places emphasis upon an appreciation of the context, as follows:

An effective assessment cannot be conducted without an understanding of the reason(s) for the assessment and the context in which the sound occurs/will occur. When making assessments and arriving at decisions, therefore, it is essential to place the sound in context.

5.4.6 The 2014 edition of BS 4142 also introduces a requirement to consider and report the uncertainty in the data and associated calculations and to take reasonably practicable steps to reduce the level of uncertainty.

# 6 Impact of Existing Noise Sources on the Development

#### 6.1 Measurements of Existing Noise Sources

6.1.1 Indicative noise measurements were undertaken at one location identified in Appendix 1 in accordance with BS 7445-1: 2003<sup>9</sup> by Steve Maslivec of Miller Goodall Ltd. The calibration of the sound level meter was checked before and after measurements with negligible deviation (<0.1 dB). Details of the equipment used are shown in Table 3, below.

**Table 3: Noise monitoring equipment** 

Equipment Description	Type Number	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Date Calibrated	Calibration Certification Number
Class 1 Integrating Real Time 1/3 Octave Sound Analyser	NOR 140	Norsonic	1406017	23/05/17	03238/2
Microphone	NOR 1225	Norsonic	151206	23/05/17	03238/2

<sup>9</sup> BS 7445-1: 2003 Description and measurement of environmental noise - Part 1: Guide to quantities and procedures

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Class 1 Calibrator <sup>10</sup>	Type 4231	Brüel & Kjær	2478249	18/05/17	03238/1

6.1.2 Specific, background and ambient noise monitoring was undertaken at the times specified in Table 4, below. Weather conditions were determined both at the start and on completion of the survey. It is considered that meteorological conditions were appropriate for environmental noise measurements.

Table 4: Dates, times and weather conditions during noise measurements

Measurement Location	Date	Time	Weather conditions
MP1	06/06/2018	12:00	Sunny, no wind, dry and 15°C

- 6.1.3 At this stage, measurements were taken to establish an estimate of the noise levels in the area. Night-time measurements were not undertaken as part of this indicative screening assessment. Further noise monitoring would be required to support a full noise assessment for the site, which would include night-time monitoring.
- 6.1.4 The measurement locations are detailed below and indicated on Appendix 1.
  - MP1 Approximately 20 m from the railway line, open field setting, railway on embankment about 10
     12 m higher.
- 6.1.5 The noise sources within the vicinity of the measurement locations are summarised in Table 5, below:

Table 5: Description of noise sources affecting the site

Measurement Locations	Noise Sources
MP1	Railway line, distant road traffic, birdsong and children playing within the various schools located around the site.

## 6.2 **Monitoring Results**

6.2.1 A summary of the broadband measurement data is provided in Table 6 below. All data are sound pressure levels in dB re 20  $\mu$ Pa.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> IEC 60942 (2003) Electroacoustics – Sound calibrators

Table 6: Summary of noise measurements

Measurement Location	Start Time	L <sub>Aeq,T, 5</sub> mins (dB)	Overall L <sub>AFmax</sub> (dB)	L <sub>AF10,5</sub> mins (dB)	L <sub>AF90,5</sub> mins (dB)
MP1	12:00:01	57.0	78.5	43.7	31.1
MP1	12:05:01	37.0	62.4	38.9	30.3
MP1	12:10:01	49.0	69.6	45.6	31.4
MP1	12:15:01	60.7	83.9	53.0	32.4
MP1	12:20:01	53.8	74.7	42.5	33.7
MP1	12:25:01	41.2	60.8	44.5	33.5
MP2	12:30:01	42.2	56.0	45.9	33.6
MP2	12:35:01	47.0	67.2	41.3	30.7
MP2	12:40:01	64.1	88.6	48.4	31.0
MP2	12:45:01	52.9	62.4	56.4	44.8

- 6.2.2 Each measurement period consisted of sequential 5 minute samples.
- 6.2.3 An average of the results of the noise monitoring have been assessed against the ProPG noise risk levels to determine the potential effect of noise on the proposed site without mitigation measures. The risk level has been determined based on the measured daytime noise levels at the monitoring position.
- 6.2.4 The results indicate that at the monitoring position the noise levels are within the guideline values for ProPG, although the site is a large site the location of the monitoring position was closest to the railway line and therefore likely to be the loudest location. The monitoring was purely undertaken to obtain a guide of the levels of noise on the site. No night-time noise measurements have been undertaken to date.

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Potential Effect **Noise Risk Assessment Without Noise Pre Planning Application Advice** Mitigation Indicative Indicative Daytime Noise Night-time Noise High noise levels indicate that there is an increased risk that development Levels Laeg, 16hr Levels Laeg,8hr may be refused on noise grounds. This risk may be reduced by following a good acoustic design process that is demonstrated in a detailed ADS. High Applicants are strongly advised to seek expert advice. 70 dB 60 dB As noise levels increase, the site is likely to be less suitable from a noise perspective and any subsequent application may be refused unless a good Medium Increasing risk acoustic design process is followed and is demonstrated in an ADS which of adverse effect confirms how the adverse impacts of noise will be mitigated and minimised, 65 dB 55 dB and which clearly demonstrate that a significant adverse noise impact will be avoided in the finished development. 50 dB 60 dB 57 dB At low noise levels, the site is likely to be acceptable from a noise perspective provided that a good acoustic design process is followed and is demonstrated in an ADS which confirms how the adverse impacts of noise 45 dR 55 dB will be mitigated and minimised in the finished development. 50 dB 40 dB These noise levels indicate that the development site is likely to be Negligible No Adverse acceptable from a noise perspective, and the application need not normally effect be delayed on noise grounds.

Table 7: ProPG Noise Risk Level Assessment

#### Table Notes:

- a. Indicative noise levels should be assessed without inclusion of the acoustic effect of any scheme specific noise mitigation measures.
- b. Indicative noise levels are the combined free-field noise level from all sources of transport noise and may also include industrial/commercial noise where this is present but is not dominant.
- 6.2.5 As can be seen in Table 7 above, the noise levels measured at the site indicate "low adverse effect", where some form of noise mitigation shall be required during the detailed design phase (as specified by a full detailed noise assessment), however as previously stated these levels are a short-term indication of the noise levels for the site and do not include night-time levels.
- 6.2.6 Mitigation specified by a full detailed noise assessment may include:

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- The use of buffer zones between proposed dwellings and noise sources;
- Consideration of the location and orientation of buildings in order to provide screening where necessary;
- A glazing and ventilation strategy in order to achieve appropriate noise levels within bedrooms and living rooms;
- The use of barriers and/or bunds where appropriate.

#### 6.3 **Noise Mapping**

- 6.3.1 Environmental noise mainly consists of noise from transport sources, such as road, rail and aviation. Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) is responsible for creating noise maps and drawing up Action Plans under the Environmental Noise (England) Regulations 2006 (as amended), which requires Defra to:
  - adopt noise maps which show people's exposure to environmental noise;
  - adopt action plans based on the results of noise mapping
  - · aims to preserve environmental noise quality where it is good; and
  - provides information to the public on environmental noise and its effects.
- 6.3.2 Noise mapping has been undertaken by Department of Environment Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) in 2012. Maps have been provided for main noise sources including road traffic noise and railway lines. The noise maps for the area are shown for both road traffic noise and railway noise in Appendix 3a and Appendix 3b respectively. The results show the predicted *L*<sub>Aeq,16hour</sub> results around the site, taken at a grid height of 4 m.

#### 6.4 Road Traffic Noise

- 6.4.1 The main existing road traffic noise source which has the potential to impact on the site is from the A574, located at the south east corner of the site, adjacent to Culcheth Community Campus. At this point road traffic noise levels are likely to exceed 55 dB *L*<sub>Aeq,16hour</sub>. A noise assessment at the full design stage of the development would enable this issue to be addressed and mitigation proposed to enable both internal and external target noise levels to be achieved.
- 6.4.2 For the remainder of the site, road traffic noise is likely to be insignificant in terms of impact and so no further assessments will be necessary.

## 6.5 Railway Noise

- 6.5.1 Results of the noise mapping produced on behalf of DEFRA for the railway are provided in Appendix 3b.
- 6.5.2 The railway line runs horizontally to the north boundary of the site. The railway line consists of the Manchester to Liverpool Railway line. The railway line is approximately 10 12 m higher than the site level.

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- 6.5.3 Based on the England Noise Map, the indicative monitoring data and the proposed site masterplan, the railway line is not likely to cause noise issues at the most northern area of the site marked for residential development by the proposed masterplan. The noise mapping indicates areas where the noise levels are in excess of the guideline value of 55 dB *L*<sub>Aeq,16hours</sub>, these areas are located to the north of the site within the proposed country park area and therefore not impacting on the proposed residential uses.
- 6.5.4 The proposed HS2 railway line runs to the south of the NE Culcheth site and is approximately 1.5 km from the nearest point of the development. We would therefore not envisage that the proposed HS2 line would impact significantly on the site.

#### 6.6 Industrial/Commercial Noise

- 6.6.1 The main commercial/industrial areas and noise sources which have the potential to impact on the development site have been identified from a desktop internet search and observations during a site visit.
- 6.6.2 There is only one likely noise source of concern and this is the Culcheth Community Campus. The campus is located at the south east corner of the development site on the A574 road. The types of noise source associated with the campus include outdoor sports areas, plant and machinery and car parking.
- 6.6.3 There are a number of farmsteads to the west and to the east of the development site, but in terms of noise impact all are considered to be not significant.
- 6.6.4 A detailed noise assessment has not been undertaken in relation to these noise sources and consequently a noise assessment would be prepared and submitted alongside future applications to consider these sources in more detail.

# 7 Impact of Noise from the Proposed Development

## 7.1 Transport Noise

7.1.1 New residential development and infrastructure developments of this size will result in additional vehicles on the local road network. In order to assess whether traffic increases impact on the noise environment, it is useful to determine whether there are any roads increases in traffic flow this may necessitate the requirement for a detailed noise assessment. Design Manual for Roads and Bridges (DMRB) November 2011 section A1.8 (ii) states:

Changes in traffic volume on existing roads or new routes may cause either of the threshold values for noise to be exceeded. A change in noise level of 1 dB  $L_{A10,18h}$  is equivalent to a 25% increase or a 20 % decrease in traffic flow, assuming other factors remain unchanged and a change in noise level of 3 dB  $L_{A10,18h}$  is equivalent to a 100 % increase or a 50 % decrease in traffic flow.

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7.1.2 If there are any roads with a 25% increase in traffic flow this may necessitate the requirement for a detailed noise assessment.

- 7.1.3 The transport appraisal for the proposed development undertaken by i-Transport identifies the proportional impacts of the proposed development in Table 6.8 of the report. The report indicates that there are not any significant impacts as a result of increased road traffic. It is expected that this level of increase will lead to a negligible impact on traffic noise levels, however an assessment is likely to be required by the Local Authority.
- 7.1.4 Although a full detailed assessment of the traffic noise has not as yet been undertaken, it is considered that the impact will be not be significant.

#### 7.2 Construction Noise and Vibration Impacts

- 7.2.1 It is common for the control of construction noise, vibration and dust emission to be addressed by the application of Best Practicable Means (BPM) and detailed within a Construction and Environmental Management Plan (CEMP). The impact of construction noise from a development of this size is likely to be the main noise impacting on existing noise sensitive receptors, albeit over a relatively short period of time.
- 7.2.2 Prior to commencement of works, a quantitative noise impact assessment using guidance in BS 5228<sup>11</sup> on site may also be required but in our experience is usually unnecessary, unless there are nearby high risk or noise sensitive receptors, provided a robust CEMP is in place and agreed upon by the Local Authority.
- 7.2.3 Warrington Borough Council are likely to have their own recommended wording for planning conditions relating to the control of noise and vibration from construction works.

### 7.3 New Commercial and Educational developments

- 7.3.1 Any new commercial, retail and educational developments will need to be considered as part of the planning application for the site, this will include the proposed extension to Culcheth High School. The likely noise sources from these areas will need detailed prediction to ensure their impact is not significant on existing or future residential uses.
- 7.3.2 Good acoustic design incorporated at an early stage in the development of the site will help to reduce the impact of existing noise on these sources along with protecting existing noise sensitive receptors.

## 7.4 Protecting areas from increased noise.

7.4.1 The NPPF recommends protecting areas of tranquillity and areas prized for their recreational and amenity value. No specific areas have been identified close to the proposed site and given the nature of the development it is unlikely that there will be any specific concerns in relation to tranquil areas.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> BS 5228 Noise and Vibration Control on Construction and Open Sites - Part 1: Noise: 2009+A1:2014

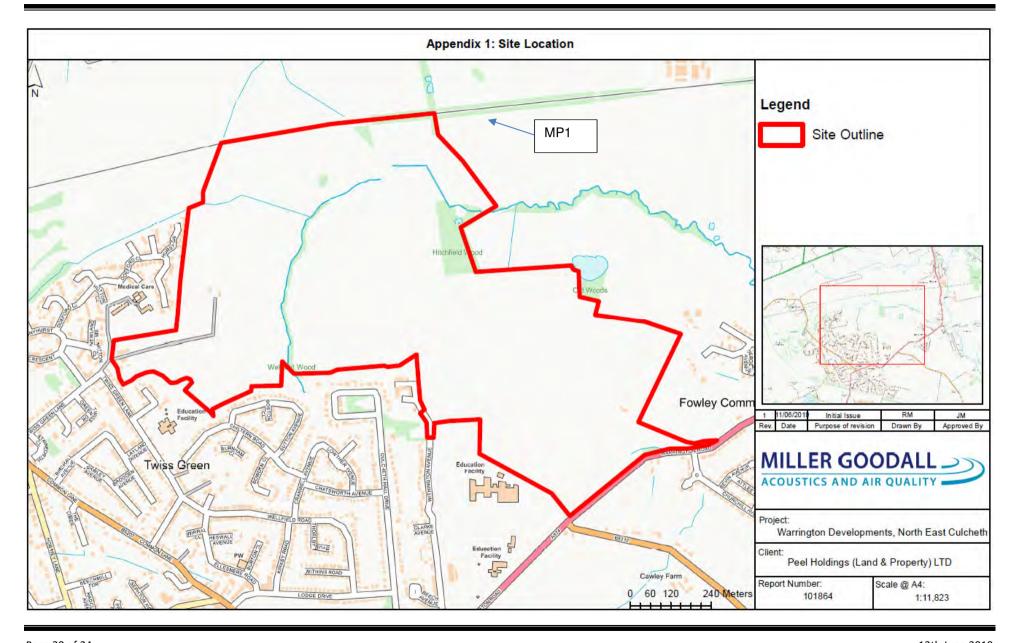
# 8 Summary and Conclusions

- 8.1 A noise screening assessment, site visit and preliminary noise measurements have been undertaken to identify any potential noise sources which are likely to have an impact on the development of a site for a significant housing and infrastructure development. The information indicates that the impact of noise would not be a barrier to residential development on most of the land under consideration.
- 8.2 The current masterplan for the site indicates a large buffer zone of 'natural space' between the railway line and the proposed development. Based on the data within this report, we are of the opinion that the buffer zone will be sufficient to protect any future housing from railway noise.
- 8.3 It is recommended that:
  - Noise from road transportation sources around the site would need to be considered as part of the detailed masterplan for the site and considered as part of the planning submission which is likely to require an Environmental Impact Assessment.
  - Noise from industrial and commercial sources located around the periphery of the site would need to be assessed in more detail as part of a detailed planning submission for the site.
  - There are areas within the site and located close to the site which are considered tranquil areas and careful design of the masterplan should aim to protect the noise environment at these locations.
- 8.4 An assessment of the impact of the development in terms of noise from; transport, new infrastructure, construction noise and commercial and retail sources would be assessed as part of the planning submission for the application site, however it is considered unlikely that the development will have a significantly negative adverse impact on the existing residential accommodation around the site. Good acoustic design should be considered as part of the development of the masterplan to protect existing noise sensitive receptors.
- 8.5 Based on the available data, the site is suitable for development in terms of noise, and the current proposed masterplan incorporates acoustic consideration into its design through the use of a substantial buffer zone between the railway line to the north of the site and proposed residential development.

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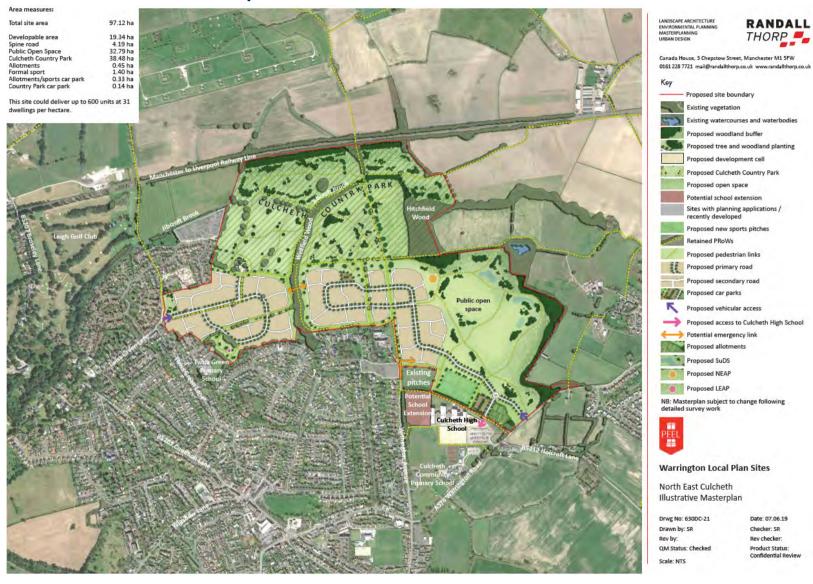
# **APPENDICES**

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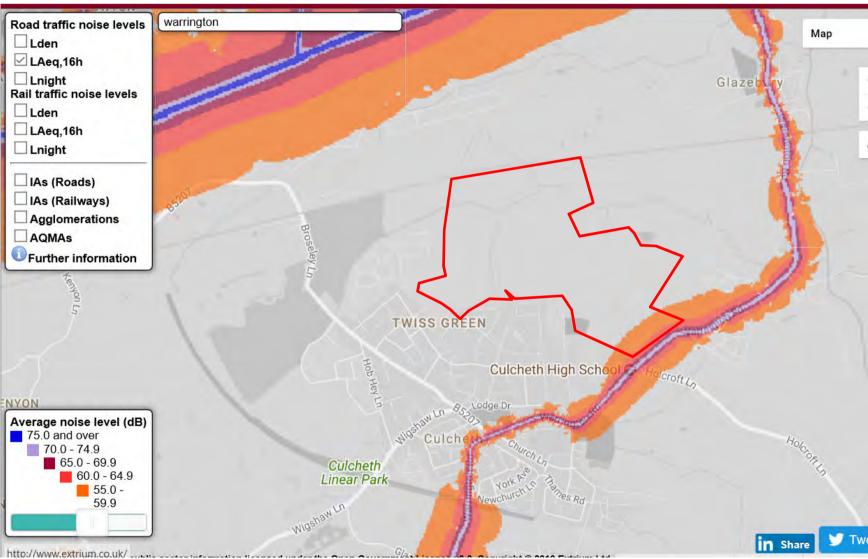
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## **Appendix 2: Draft Illustrative Masterplan**



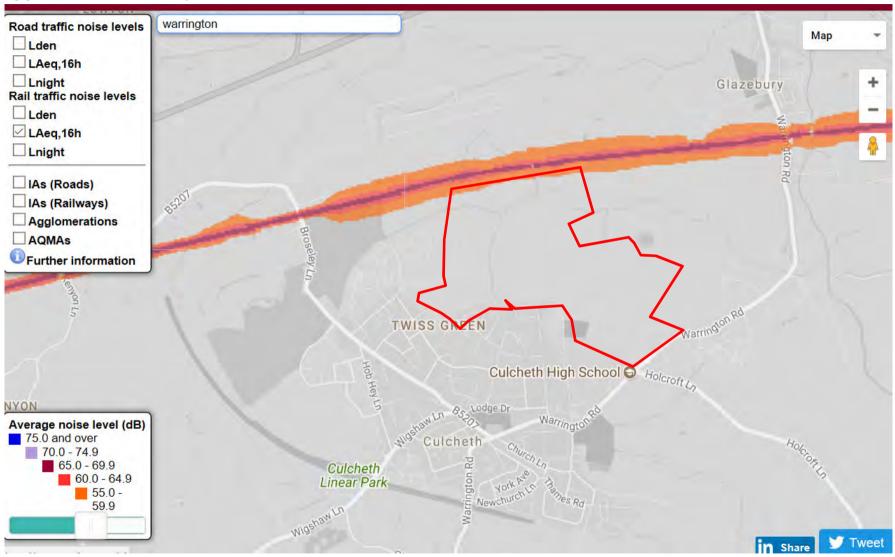
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# Appendix 3a: Road Traffic Predicted Noise Contours LAeq,16hour



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# Appendix 3b: Railway Predicted Noise Contours LAeq,16hour.



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#### **Glossary of Terms**

Decibel (dB) The unit used to quantify sound pressure levels; it is derived from the logarithm of the ratio between the value of a quantity and a reference value. It is used to describe the level of many different quantities. For sound pressure level the reference quantity is 20 μPa, the threshold of normal hearing is in the region of 0 dB, and 140 dB is the threshold of pain. A change of 1 dB is usually only perceptible under controlled conditions.

- dB L<sub>A</sub> Decibels measured on a sound level meter incorporating a frequency weighting (A weighting) which differentiates between sounds of different frequency (pitch) in a similar way to the human ear. Measurements in dB L<sub>A</sub> broadly agree with an individual's assessment of loudness. A change of 3 dB L<sub>A</sub> is the minimum perceptible under normal conditions, and a change of 10 dB L<sub>A</sub> corresponds roughly to halving or doubling the loudness of a sound. The background noise level in a living room may be about 30 dB L<sub>A</sub>; normal conversation about 60 dB L<sub>A</sub> at 1 meter; heavy road traffic about 80 dB L<sub>A</sub> at 10 meters; the level near a pneumatic drill about 100 dB L<sub>A</sub>.
- $L_{A90,T}$  The A weighted noise level exceeded for 90% of the specified measurement period (T). In BS 4142: 1997 it is used to define background noise level.
- $L_{Aeq,T}$  The equivalent continuous sound level. The sound level of a notionally steady sound having the same energy as a fluctuating sound over a specified measurement period (T).  $L_{Aeq,T}$  is used to describe many types of noise and can be measured directly with an integrating sound level meter.
- **L**<sub>Amax</sub> The highest A weighted noise level recorded during the time period. It is usually used to describe the highest noise level that occurred during the event.
- **NOEL** No observed effect level: the level of noise exposure below which no effect at all on health or quality of life can be detected.
- **LOAEL** Lowest observed adverse effect level: the level of noise exposure above which adverse effects on health or quality of life can be detected.
- **SOAEL** Significant observed adverse effect level: the level of noise exposure above which significant adverse effects on health or quality of life can be detected.

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# i-Transport

Warrington Borough Council Local Plan

Land North East of Culcheth

Transport Appraisal

Client: Peel Investments (North) Ltd

i-Transport Ref: SEE/dc/ITM13246-002A R

Date: 11 June 2019

# Land North East of Culcheth

# **Transport Appraisal**

Client: Peel Investments (North) Ltd

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Date: 11 June 2019

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# **Quality Management**

Report No.	Comments	Date Author		Date Author A		Authorised
ITM13246-002R	Draft	27/06/18	Steven Eggleston	Steven Eggleston		
ITM13246-002AR	Revised Draft	11/06/19	Steven Eggleston	Steven Eggleston		



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#### **SECTION 1** Introduction

#### 1.1 Warrington Local Plan Review

- 1.1.1 Warrington Borough Council (WBC) is currently consulting on its Proposed Submission Local Plan (PSLP) which will guide development in the Borough to 2037.
- 1.1.2 WBC's consultation document of March 2019 sets out how the PSLP was developed, including the work undertaken to develop its Preferred Development Option (PDO) which was subject to consultation in 2017. The PDO identified four main areas of growth: the city centre; the Waterfront; a Garden City Suburb in the south east quadrant of the town; and a south west urban extension. Further development is planned throughout the urban area and within Warrington's outlying settlements. The PSLP generally follows the same approach as the PDO.
- 1.1.3 The Local Plan Key Diagram, identifying the main areas proposed for development is included as Figure 3.1 of the PSLP.

#### 1.2 **Peel's Land Interests**

- 1.2.1 Peel is a major North West based investor and development company with a successful track-record in delivering growth and major projects including the Trafford Centre and Media City UK. Peel owns c.1.2million sqm of property and 15,000 hectares of land and water. Peel has significant interests in Warrington Borough including at the Waterfront, south west urban extension and in the outlying settlements.
- 1.2.2 Peel has specific interests at land North East of Culcheth which is capable of delivering a new community, integrated with the existing settlement. It can accommodate up to 600 new homes as well as a range of complementary facilities.
- 1.2.3 The main representations prepared by Turley explain why further development in Culcheth is needed and how the site can make a very significant contribution to meeting the housing needs of Warrington over the plan period.

### 1.3 **Report Structure**

1.3.1 This transport appraisal considers the key transport and highways related aspects of the sustainable development proposals at Culcheth.



1.3.2 The background to the consideration of sites by WBC and the overall policy position, focussing on transport, is set out in Section 2.0. Section 3.0 explains the development proposals including the opportunity that development at Culcheth presents to deliver a sustainable community. The key 'tests' of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) paragraphs 108 and 109 are then considered: Section 4.0 shows that the site will be accessible and sustainable; Section 5.0 demonstrates how access will be provided to the site; and Section 6.0 outlines the traffic impacts of the proposals.

#### 1.4 **Conclusions**

- 1.4.1 A summary of the overall conclusions is presented at Section 7.0. The key conclusions of this appraisal are:
  - i Culcheth has a wide range of existing facilities and services and good public transport services that will support and promote sustainable development and travel patterns, will result in most day-to-day needs being met locally and which confirm its suitability as a location for development.
  - ii The site will meet the transport related objectives of the Council's PSLP; specifically it will meet objective W4 of the PSLP and strongly meet four of the five specific accessibility criteria defined by the Council.
  - Therefore the development of the site will fully accord with the NPPF objective related to sustainable travel, with opportunities for such modes taken up.
  - Feasibility level designs of accesses to the site have been produced and the capacity of these considered. All will operate satisfactorily. Site access is controlled by Peel and is deliverable and achievable. It is therefore also concluded that satisfactory access can be provided in accordance with the NPPF.
  - v There are no constraints on the local highway network infrastructure that will prevent further development and growth in Culcheth.
  - The residual cumulative traffic impacts of development on the site will not be severe and therefore, in accordance with NPPF, development should not be prevented on transport grounds.



1.4.2 Overall, it is therefore concluded that the site at North East Culcheth is suitable for allocation in the Council's Local Plan and will form a sustainable development that can provide much needed housing.



#### **SECTION 2** Background

#### 2.1 **Transport Policy Context**

2.1.1 This section considers both national and local policy related to transport and, in particular, how this frames the consideration of development proposals. Policy aspects of WBC's consideration of the PSLP and allocation of sites are set out in Section 2.2 below and, where relevant, in Sections 4.0, 5.0 and 6.0 related to accessibility, access and traffic impacts.

#### **National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)**

- 2.1.2 Paragraph 11 of the NPPF sets out the presumption in favour of sustainable development noting that at plan-making stage, local planning authorities should positively seek opportunities to meet the development needs of an area.
- 2.1.3 The specific transport policies of the Framework are contained within its Part 9. Paragraph 108 sets out the key 'tests' for the consideration of the transport aspects of development proposals, stating that:

"In assessing sites that may be allocated for development in plans, or specific applications for development, it should be ensured that:

- appropriate opportunities to promote sustainable transport modes can be or have been – taken up, given the type of development and its location;
- safe and suitable access to the site can be achieved for all people; and
- any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, can be cost effectively mitigated to an acceptable degree."
- 2.1.4 Paragraph 109 goes on to confirm:

"Development should only be prevented or refused on highways grounds if there would be an unacceptable impact on highway safety, or the residual cumulative impacts on the road network would be severe."

- 2.1.5 Issues related to the sustainability of the site, access and traffic impacts are set out in Sections 4.0, 5.0 and 6.0 respectively.
- 2.1.6 Paragraph 102 sets out the principal transport matters that should be considered during the preparation of Local Plans:-



"Transport issues should be considered from the earliest stages of plan-making and development proposals, so that:

- a the potential impacts of development on transport networks can be addressed;
- b opportunities from existing or proposed transport infrastructure, and changing transport technology and usage, are realised for example in relation to the scale, location or density of development that can be accommodated;
- opportunities to promote walking, cycling and public transport use are identified and pursued;
- d the environmental impacts of traffic and transport infrastructure can be identified, assessed and taken into account including appropriate opportunities for avoiding and mitigating any adverse effects, and for net environmental gains; and
- e patterns of movement, streets, parking and other transport consideration are integral to the design of schemes, and contribute to making high quality places."

#### 2.1.7 Paragraph 103 goes on to note:

"The planning system should actively manage patterns of growth in support of these objectives. Significant development should be focused on locations which are or can be made sustainable, through limiting the need to travel and offering a genuine choice of transport modes. This can help to reduce congestion and emissions, and improve air quality and public health. However, opportunities to maximise sustainable transport solutions will vary between urban and rural areas, and this should be taken into account in both plan-making and decision making."

- 2.1.8 Paragraph 104 notes that planning policies should, amongst others:
  - "a. support an appropriate mix of uses across an area, and within larger scale sites, to minimise the number and length of journeys needed for employment, shopping, leisure, education and other activities;
  - b. be prepared with the active involvement of local highways authorities, other transport infrastructure providers and operators and neighbouring councils, so that strategies and investments for supporting sustainable transport development patterns are aligned;
  - c. identify and protect, where there is robust evidence, sites and routes which could be critical in developing infrastructure to widen transport choice and realise opportunities for large scale development;
  - d. provide for high quality walking and cycling networks and supporting facilities such as cycle parking (drawing on Local Cycling and Walking Infrastructure Plans);"
- 2.1.9 These submissions will demonstrate that the proposals will facilitate and maximise the use of sustainable travel modes. The proposals at Culcheth are adjacent to the high school and close



to primary schools, allowing local travel, and will be near the extensive range of facilities and services in Culcheth village, including health, retail and leisure facilities, thus minimising journey lengths. This is considered in Section 4.0.

2.1.10 Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) sets out further guidance on how the policies in the Framework should be applied and this has been considered in the preparation of this transport appraisal.

### **Warrington Local Plan**

- 2.1.11 Warrington's Local Plan will provide statutory planning framework for the Borough for the period 2017 to 2037. The Local Plan will replace the 2014 Local Plan Core Strategy.
- 2.1.12 The PSLP has a series of objectives that include:

"W4. To provide new infrastructure and services to support Warrington's growth; address congestion; promote safer and more sustainable travel; and encourage active and healthy lifestyles."

2.1.13 Section 7 of the PSLP sets out policies related to objective W4 and these include:

#### "Policy INF1 - Sustainable Travel and Transport

To deliver the Council objectives of improving the safety and efficiency of the transport network, tackling congestion and improving air quality, promoting sustainable transport options, reducing the need to travel by private car and encouraging healthy lifestyles, the Council will expect development to:

- 1 General Transport Principles:
- a Be located in sustainable and accessible locations, or in locations that can be made sustainable and accessible:
- b Ensure priority is given to walking, cycling and public transport within its design, and reducing the need to travel by private car;
- Provide infrastructure for the charging of plug-in and other ultra-low emission vehicles, in line with the Council's Parking Standards SPD (2015);
- d Support proposals that reduce the level of trips made by single occupancy cars;
- e Consider demand management measures including the effective allocation of road space in favour of public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;
- Mitigate its impact(s) or improve the performance of Warrington's Transport Network, including the Strategic Road Network, by delivering site specific infrastructure which will support the proposed level of development;



- g Ensure traffic generated by development is appropriate to the type and nature of the routes available and that there is no adverse impact on the local community;
- Consider the impacts of the wider region's Strategic Road Network and work with adjoining Local Planning Authorities and wider stakeholders to assess the impacts of the transport initiatives outside the Borough, where impacts have been identified and need to be mitigated; and
- j Consider how development can be futureproofed, through the provision of measures to support new and emerging technologies, such as Autonomous Vehicles.
- 2 <u>Improve Walking and Cycling Facilities (Active Travel) including:</u>
- a Give a high priority to the needs and safety of pedestrians and cyclists in new developments, through the provision of high quality cycling and walking networks that seamlessly integrate with existing networks;
- b Improve way finding (including route signage);
- Enhance and develop integrated networks of continuous, attractive and safe networks for walking and cycling including well designed and improved roads, Rights of Way and the Greenway Network (as shown on the adopted Policies Map). This should include appropriate segregation of users and high priority should be given to users at junctions. Where appropriate, the Council will consider the use of planning conditions or planning obligations to secure the required improvements;
- d Increase accessibility for all members' of society through improvements and the provision of new infrastructure to make the most of potential environmental, social and health benefits;
- e Give priority to routes linking residential areas (especially those in recognised areas of deprivation) with employment areas, transport interchanges and hubs, schools, Warrington Hospital and other local services and facilities; and
- f Provide high quality secure and conveniently located bicycle parking facilities at new developments, at transport interchanges and hubs, the town centre and community facilities.
- 3 Improve Public Transport Including:
- a Secure improvements to public transport infrastructure and services (to include bus, rail, taxi and private hire) in partnership, where appropriate with operators and delivery partners;
- b Be located in areas with easy access to high quality regular public transport services, to ensure public transport is a viable and attractive option by integrating the development with existing public transport infrastructure and services;
- c Providing additional public transport infrastructure and services that are related in scale to the proposed development where existing facilities are not available or are in need of improvement or an appropriate subsidy to help mitigate the impacts of the proposed development;



- d Consider options to enhance Bus Priority at junctions and the provision of dedicated Bus lanes;
- e Support proposals for new public transport networks and services, such as future Mass Transit systems;
- f Support proposals for rail infrastructure and services and the provision of rail facilities appropriate;
- 7 Transport Assessments and Travel Plans

All major development proposals that are likely to generate significant movements will be accompanied by a Transport Assessment and a Travel Plan in line with Council guidance which will address the following requirements:

- a That the proposed development will not result in an unacceptable impact on safety;
- b That trips generated by the development can adequately by served by Warrington's Transport Network, including the Strategic Road Network;
- c Identify where there are any significant effects on Warrington's Transport Network and/or the environment and ensure that appropriate mitigation measures including the required infrastructure are identified and in place before the development is brought into use;
- d Show how the Transport Assessment and associated Travel Plan have demonstrated how the proposed development will link into and enhance walking, cycling or public transport infrastructure;
- e Propose how measures to facilitate and encourage the use of sustainable travel alternatives (such as walking, cycling or public transport use), have been incorporated into development; and
- f Major developments will be required to monitor the effectiveness of the travel plan and the traffic generated by that development and share this data with the Local Authority, on an agreed annual basis."
- 2.1.14 The various aspects of this policy are considered throughout this appraisal and are referenced, where appropriate, in Sections 4.0 6.0.

#### **Warrington Local Transport Plan**

2.1.15 This document sets out the Local Transport Plan (LTP) strategy for the period 2011 – 2030. The objectives of the plan include:-

"To build and manage a transport network that:

- Is integrated and customer focused and reduces the need to travel by car.
- Enables the regeneration of the Borough and supports economic growth.



- Maintains the highway, minimises congestion for all modes of travel and enables Warrington's 'smart growth'.
- Improves everyone's access to health, employment, education, culture, leisure and the natural environment.
- Improves everyone's access to the town centre by all modes of travel.
- Enhances accessibility for those in disadvantaged communities or groups.
- Improves neighbourhoods and residential areas.
- Improves safety and security for all modes of travel.
- Reduces the impact of traffic on air quality in Warrington and helps to reduce carbon emissions and tackle climate change.
- Makes Warrington safer, sustainable and healthier.
- Integrates with transport networks outside Warrington to enhance the sustainability of cross boundary travel."
- 2.1.16 The plan includes seven themes related to different aspects of transport and these are considered in this report: Active Travel, Public Transport and Smarter Choices (Section 4.0 Sustainability and Accessibility); Safety and Security (Section 5.0 Access); and Managing Motorised Travel (Section 6.0 Traffic Impacts).
- 2.1.17 The Council is consulting on its LTP4 alongside the PSLP. This sets out Warrington's transport challenges and the Council's vision and objectives:-

"Vision

Warrington will be a thriving, attractive and well-connected place with popular, high quality walking, cycling, and public transport networks"

And

"Objectives-through LTP4 we will:

- Provide people with a choice about how they travel for each journey
- Encourage a culture change that reduces the need for people to travel by car
- Improve access to the town centre for all sustainable modes
- Develop a resilient and efficient transport network that supports the town's growth
- Reduce traffic congestion
- Reduce emissions from transport



- Maintain and improve all transport infrastructure
- Encourage healthier lifestyles by increasing day-to-day activity
- Improve safety for all highway users
- Make Warrington a more disabled friendly place."

## 2.2 **Growth in Outlying Settlements**

- 2.2.1 Peel's proposals North East of Culcheth comprise the development of up to 600 residential dwellings. The PSLP proposes limited growth in the outlying settlements with only 200 new homes identified at Culcheth (via Policy 0S3).
- 2.2.2 The process adopted by the Council to derive the PSLP does not appear to take account of any detailed numerical analysis of the transport system that would result in a cap on growth in Culcheth or any of the other outlying settlements.
- 2.2.3 The PDO, which included 300 dwellings at Culcheth, was derived using a four-stage process. Stage 1 identified development needs and land requirements and Stage 2 set the objectives for the Local Plan. Stage 3 assesses high level spatial options with option 3 being extension in one or more settlements with the remainder of the growth adjacent to the main urban area. The Council's 'Area Profiles and Options Assessment' Technical Note (July 2017) states:-

"For the outlying settlements, the Council applied the following assumptions in defining the growth scenarios:

- (i) 'Incremental growth' based on a level of development that could be accommodated by existing infrastructure, subject to minor expansion of that infrastructure, up to 10% of settlement size."
- 2.2.4 The process adopted stated that the evidence base for stage 3 included a 'Transport Review'.

  Further detail is given at 4.46 and 4.47 of the PDO document, noting:-

"In order to help inform the options appraisal process, the Council prepared Area Profiles for... each of the outlying settlements" (4.46)

and

"these profiles provide a detailed assessment of the capacity of... the transport network." (4.47)



2.2.5 Examination of the area profile for Culcheth includes consideration of the assessment criteria for objective W4 which relates to the local and strategic road networks, public transport and active travel as well as implications on school and health facilities. This notes:-

"Local Highways Network. Small amount of peak hour congestion in centre of village."

No planned local highways improvements in village."

Other criteria related to the strategic highways network, public transport and active travel do not raise constraints.

- 2.2.6 It is understood that the transport review which was input to the PDO did not include any quantitative analysis. No analysis of the capacity of the existing transport system, the impacts of traffic generated by development and the potential to introduce improvements to facilitate growth had been undertaken. Indeed, the PDO noted that the development numbers in each settlement will depend on detailed assessment including transport impacts.
- 2.2.7 Specifically, it is understood no analysis had been undertaken of the road network in the centre of Culcheth village. Section 6.0 considers off-site traffic impacts and shows that the network will not constrain development of the scale envisaged at North East Culcheth.
- 2.2.8 The Council has now undertaken further transport modelling, reported in the 'PDO: Transport Model Testing of Alternative Scenarios' report. This notes that the model was not available during the consultation stage of the PDO development.
- 2.2.9 The report notes that the purpose of the testing is to demonstrate that the PDO does not result in a breakdown of the Warrington transport network and to demonstrate that the transport impacts of alternative development scenarios are not materially better than the PDO.
- 2.2.10 Six alternative scenarios to the PDO are considered in the report with scenario 3 the only one that tests significant additional growth in the outlying settlements, with dwelling numbers increased from 1,190 (as the PDO) to 4,900. Details are not provided of the specific locations of the additional growth. The results of model testing of the scenarios are presented initially at the aggregate level across the Borough as a whole and this adopts key performance indicators related to travel distances, times and lengths, average speeds and public transport modal share.
- 2.2.11 Considering each of these the report concludes:
  - Total vehicle hours: scenario 3 is the best performing scenario although there is negligible variation between scenarios.



- Total vehicle kilometres: again, scenario 3 is the best performing scenario but there is negligible variation between scenarios.
- Average trip length: the PDO is the best performing scenario but there is limited variation between the scenarios. The average trip length for scenario 3 is only 0.53% greater than the PDO (a distance of only 50m).
- Public Transport trips and mode share: there is negligible variation between the scenarios with scenario 3 having a slightly higher public transport modal share than the PDO (by 0.69%) and slightly lower number of public transport trips than the PDO (by 0.65%).
- Average speed: the report notes that average speed is an indicator of delay / congestion
  and that there is little variation between scenarios at the network wide level (scenario 3
  has a slightly higher average speed than the PDO, by 0.7%).
- Journey times: there is limited variation between scenarios in journey times through the urban area.
- 2.2.12 Overall, the analysis shows that greater levels of development in the outlying settlements do not result in adverse travel characteristics. The report concludes that there is no evidence, from the model, that the transport impacts of other scenarios are materially better than the PDO. By definition, they are not materially worse.
- 2.2.13 The Council has also produced a report 'Transport Model Testing of the PSVLP and Highway Schemes in the IDP'. This does not consider specific locational issues and does not identify any detail of constraints at Culcheth.
- 2.2.14 There is therefore no justification, based on sound evidence of transport capacity, to limit development in Culcheth (or the other outlying settlements) at the level suggested by the Council. This report, which complements the main submissions prepared by Turley, identifies the potential of the site north east of Culcheth to contribute to growth in the borough in a sustainable manner.



## **SECTION 3** Development Proposals

### 3.1 Site Location

- 3.1.1 The site is located adjacent to and immediately to the north-east of the existing built development at Culcheth. It is c.800m from the centre of Culcheth at the Warrington Road/Common Lane junction. The location of the site is shown on Appendix A.
- 3.1.2 Given its position, the site is well related to many and a wide range of facilities and services within the settlement of Culcheth with its western and southern boundaries adjoining residential properties and, on its southern side, Culcheth High School. The site's eastern boundary is partformed by Warrington Road and its northern boundary by the Liverpool to Manchester railway line.
- 3.1.3 The site is 97.12 hectares in size and currently comprises a mix of agricultural land and small pockets of woodland. The site is designated as Green Belt within the Warrington Unitary Development Plan.

# 3.2 **Masterplan**

- 3.2.1 Illustrative masterplans of the site have been developed by Randall Thorp and are included in the main representations prepared by Turley.
- 3.2.2 Two development proposals are presented informed by the appraisal of site opportunities and constraints. These both present viable and deliverable proposals for the site. The first shows development of 300 dwellings coming forwarding during the plan period with a second phase of safeguarded land. The masterplan for the larger area shows residential development of up to 600 dwellings (i.e. with the safeguarded land delivering an additional 300 dwellings). These collectively show how the site can be delivered over two separate phases should the phased release of the site be considered appropriate. The larger option (i.e. 600 dwellings) is considered in this report.
- 3.2.3 Given the presence of Wellfield Wood, it is envisaged that the areas to its east and west will be accessed independently with a pedestrian/cyclist/emergency vehicle connection between the two as shown on the masterplan.



- 3.2.4 Access to the site is considered in detail in Section 5.0 below: the main access to the eastern part of the site will be off Warrington Road with an emergency access via Withington Avenue.
  The western part of the site will be accessed via an extension of Twiss Green Lane.
- 3.2.5 The masterplan shows a large country park and public open space wrapping around the northern and eastern sides of the proposed built development on the site. The proximity of the site to the adjacent Culcheth High School and nearby primary schools will afford opportunities for education trips to be made locally, thus reducing car travel. If necessary, the High School can be expanded using land on the site. The masterplan also shows a new access to the High School, located off the development access road that connects with Warrington Road, providing benefits by relocating the access from its current position close to the Warrington Road / Holcroft Lane junction.
- 3.2.6 Several public rights of way (public footpaths) run through the site connecting the potential development with the existing street network in Culcheth; the PRoW are indicated on the concept masterplan. Existing green links and corridors will be extended through the site and these will connect the green space infrastructure. The green links could also accommodate pedestrian and cycle routes, with an emphasis on safe routes to school. Sustainable urban drainage features will create further amenity for the open space as well as creating a new habitat to promote diversity of wildlife species.
- 3.2.7 The design and layout of transport corridors within the site and connections off it will focus on creating places. Street and place design will start with pedestrians and cyclists having priority with managed car access. Street design will follow the principles of Manual for Streets, 'Living Streets' and modern design guidance such as the Handbook for Cycle Friendly Design; this will result in streets that are destinations worth visiting. Shared surfaces will be encouraged. Speed limits will be low with an appropriate street hierarchy developed, making it the norm to travel slowly within the new community. The site will be designed for the mobility impaired with account taken of 'Inclusive Mobility' requirements.
- 3.2.8 Thus the design philosophy of the masterplan will encourage sustainable travel with local trip making, contributing to the site forming sustainable development in the context of the NPPF.



## 3.3 Locational Benefits of Development in Culcheth

- 3.3.1 Development at Culceth, as proposed by Peel, has many features and advantages which will create sustainable development patterns: the size of the site can support new facilities and sustainable travel modes; and the sites location, adjacent to the existing built area and in close proximity to key facilities and services and public transport networks, will further encourage use of non-car travel modes. Thus Culcheth and the site presents an excellent opportunity to promote sustainable transport and reduce vehicular traffic generations. These matters are explored further in Section 4.0.
- 3.3.2 The location of the site in the northern part of the Borough also has benefits in terms of its proximity to the location of existing and future jobs, in and close to, Warrington Borough. Much of the existing and proposed employment related development in the Borough is located in and north of the town centre. Residential development at Culcheth therefore presents an opportunity to locate workers (in the new households) close to major centres of employment, thus minimising journey lengths and facilitating the use of public transport.
- 3.3.3 Appendix B shows the proximity of the Culcheth site to major areas of employment. Those on the northern side of Warrington include:-
  - Birchwood c.3.5km south of the site with c.17,000 jobs (source: 2011 Census, Journeys to Work to MSOAs) and expansion planned.
  - Omega c.11km south west of the site with c.24,000 jobs (source: <u>www.omegaopportunity.com</u>).
  - Parkside in St Helens c.6km west of the site with c.8,000 jobs (source: www.thisisparkside.co.uk / www.sthelens.gov.uk):
- 3.3.4 Thus locating a 'pool' of workers close to major employment areas will provide opportunities for reduced travel distances. Over time, it is expected that jobs at Birchwood, for example, would be filled by workers in close proximity, such as at Culcheth, with resultant reduced 'in-commuting' from outside the Borough. This follows a 'gravity model' principle with trips more likely to be made to/from nearby areas, all else being equal.
- 3.3.5 At present, the journey to work data for the MSOAs in the Birchwood area indicates that only 32% of workers originate in Warrington Borough with the largest inflows from Wigan (10%), St Helens (6%), Cheshire West and Chester (5%), Halton (4%) and Trafford (4%). Thus locating



development in areas close to Birchwood, at Culcheth and in other nearby settlements, has the potential to reduce travel distances and in-commuting to the Borough as a whole.

3.3.6 Furthermore, the size of the site is such that bespoke bus routes and services focussed on employment areas could be created, with benefits not only for the proposed site but also for the existing community at Culcheth.



# **SECTION 4** Sustainability And Accessibility

## 4.1 The Case for Development at Culcheth

- 4.1.1 Culcheth is a self-contained settlement with many local facilities and services and follows the 'Walkable Neighbourhood' principles there are a range of facilities within walking distance of residential areas which residents can access comfortably on foot.
- 4.1.2 The TEMPRO database has been used to identify the proportions of trips made by residents in Culcheth for different journey purposes by all modes of travel, using data from MSOA 1 and 2:

**Table 4.1: TEMPRO Journey Purposes – Culcheth** 

Journey Purpose	Proportion of All Trips <sup>1</sup>
Education	15.1%
Shopping	24.3%
Personal Business	8.1%
Recreation / Social	11.5%
Visiting Friends & Relatives	9.9%
Holiday / Day Trips	2.9%
Work	24.7%
Employer's Business	3.5%

<sup>1</sup> Average weekday all modes

- 4.1.3 Thus trips are made for a variety of journey purposes, many associated with meeting day-to-day needs such as travel to school (c.15%), shopping (c.24%), personal business (c.8%), recreation and social (c.12%) and visiting friends and relatives (c.10%). The many facilities and services in Culcheth also provide a source of employment, along with the major employment areas nearby.
- 4.1.4 It is important to consider the trips likely to be made for each journey purpose with the availability of local facilities and services; this demonstrates that Culcheth is a sustainable settlement and a suitable location for new development where trips can be made locally by sustainable travel modes.

#### **Education**

4.1.5 Around 15% of daily trips by residents are made for education purposes. There are three primary schools (Culcheth, Twiss Green and Newchurch) and a secondary school (Culcheth High School) in Culcheth, providing for the day-to-day education needs of residents. TEMPRO data indicates



that only 23% of education trips are by a car driver, with these likely to be parents dropping children off at school (the average car occupancy is 2.6 people per car). Thus the majority of trips are made by sustainable modes – walking (28%), cycling (1%), car passenger (37%) and public transport (13%).

4.1.6 The compact size of Culcheth (approximately 1.8km on the east-west axis and 1.2km on the north-south axis) and the location of the schools means that many trips can be made on foot, as evidenced by TEMPRO. The IHT's document 'Providing for Journeys on Foot' suggests a walking distance to school of up to 2km. The distance between residential areas and schools varies by area but the compact nature of the settlement facilities easy trip making and data from the National Travel Survey (NTS) confirms there is a very good prospect of the vast majority of school trips being made locally or adjacent to the site. Information from the NTS demonstrates that trips to local schools (e.g. within one mile of the home address) are predominantly made on foot:-

**Table 4.2: NTS Modal Split of Trips to School** 

Main Mode	Aged 5 – 10 Years		Aged 11 – 16 Years		
	Under 1 mile (1.6km)	All lengths	Under 1 mile (1.6km)	All lengths	
Walk	78%	44%	87%	37%	
Bicycle	2%	1%	3%	2%	
Car/Van	20%	48%	8%	26%	
Bus	-	6%	2%	29%	
Other	-	1%	-	5%	
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	

#### **Shopping and Personal Business**

- 4.1.7 Almost a third, c.32%, of trips are made for shopping or personal business reasons. Culcheth includes a range of facilities that will again satisfy day-to-day needs and facilitate local trip making, particularly on-foot. These include:-
  - Sainsburys' Supermarket and Co-op Foodstore and a wide range of other shops;
  - A library and Post Office;
  - Two GP surgeries (Culcheth Medical Centre and Culcheth Health Centre), three dental practices (The Village, Bhawani's and Hob Hey) and pharmacies (the Well Pharmacy and Tims and Parker);



- A range of cafes, restaurants and pubs.
- 4.1.8 The TEMPRO data shows that less than half (49%) of the journeys for shopping and personal business are made as a car driver. Again, the compact nature of the settlement means that the central location of most of the facilities and services provides the opportunity for residents to walk or cycle for trips to locations nearby and within walking and cycling distance.

#### **Recreation, Visiting Friends and Holidays**

- 4.1.9 These journey purposes account for a significant number of trips around 24% of the daily total. There are opportunities for such trips to be made locally (e.g. Culcheth Linear Park, Culcheth Sports Club, Shaw Street Recreation Ground) whilst recognising that the nature of such trips means that some will be made over longer distances and by car. In this respect Culcheth provides an accessible location close to M6/M62 motorways and A580 but with public transport connections to Warrington to the south-west. Around 46% of these trips are made by car drivers (from TEMPRO) with the majority therefore made by more sustainable modes.
- 4.1.10 Culcheth also benefits from transport networks that fulfil both a place and movement function such as the network of quiet streets, Public Rights of Way and Culcheth Linear Park that provide a range of quality connections and recreational routes.

#### **Working and Employer's Business**

- 4.1.11 Around a quarter (28%) of all trips are made for these purposes. There are jobs available in Culcheth, at the local facilities and services, and at major employment areas close to the settlement. Around 18% of residents of MSOAs 1 and 2 (which include Culcheth) work at home whilst a further 13% work locally. Around 8% work at Birchwood with a further 18% elsewhere in Warrington. Of the work trips made within the MSOAs, over a third are made on foot or by bicycle.
- 4.1.12 The other trips by residents are to a range of destinations including Wigan, Salford, Trafford and Manchester (each around 6%), the remainder of Greater Manchester (c.4%) Cheshire and Halton (c.5%) and Merseyside (c.6%). Bus connections are available to Warrington.

#### **Overall**

**4.1.13** Thus, the combination of the size of the settlement at Culcheth and the range of facilities and services available within it makes for the use of integrated and accessible transport.



Development in Culcheth can be focussed on making walking, cycling and bus the most attractive forms of local transport, with residents able to meet their day-to-day needs locally.

4.1.14 Modal split data from TEMPRO identifies this potential with the following mode shares for all journey purposes combined:-

Table 4.3: TEMPRO Modal Shares – Culcheth

Mode	Proportion of Trips <sup>1</sup>		
Walk	15.1%		
Cycle	1.5%		
Car Driver	51.1%		
Car Passenger	25.2%		
Bus / Train	7.1%		

1Average weekday all journey purposes

- 4.1.15 Locating development in Culcheth close to a range of services schools, shops etc and close to good transport connections bus and walking routes will therefore facilitate increased use of sustainable travel modes.
- 4.1.16 Considering the national and local polices set out earlier in this report:
  - Development in Culcheth will facilitate the use of sustainable modes of transport, given the short-distances involved and availability of buses – meeting NPPF Para 108 PSLP Policy INF1.
  - The need to travel can be minimised and use of suitable modes can be maximised –
     meeting NPPF Para 103.
  - Day-to-day activities and key facilities such as primary schools and local shops will be located within walking distance of properties – meeting NPPF Para 103 and PSLP Policy INF1.
- 4.1.17 Thus Culcheth has many existing characteristics which will support and promote sustainable development and sustainable travel patterns, will result in most day-to-day needs being met locally and which confirm its suitability as a location for development.

# 4.2 Overview of the Site's Accessibility

4.2.1 The previous section of this report has set out the case for development at Culcheth in terms of encouraging and promoting the use of sustainable travel modes. This focuses on the availability



- of a comprehensive range of facilities and services within the settlement, capable of meeting the majority of residents' day-to-day needs and, as a result, with walking, cycling and public transport designed to be the most attractive forms of local transport.
- 4.2.2 Considering the advantages of these factors, the potential development at North East Culcheth is located within the built area of the settlement, close to the centre and nearby schools as well as a comprehensive range of health, retail and leisure uses. Thus the location of the site will promote sustainable travel patterns and the use of sustainable travel modes, reducing car use, particularly that for single occupancy travel.
- 4.2.3 The transport strategy for the site will therefore focus on promoting sustainable travel modes and reducing car use, particularly that for single occupancy travel. Within this context, the travel and transport strategy for the site is to:
  - i Take advantage of the site's existing locational characteristics close to Culcheth village to;
  - ii Maximise opportunities for walking and cycling trips, particularly over shorter distances;
  - iii Encourage external trips to/from the site to be made on foot, by bike, by public transport or through shared transport (e.g. a Car Club);
  - Encourage commuting trips to Warrington and other destinations including nearby major employment destinations such as Birchwood to be made by bus; and
  - v Where absolutely necessary, mitigate the impacts of residual car borne trips by the introduction of highways improvements.
- 4.2.4 As well as achieving modal shift, the travel strategy for the site will assist in creating a coherent new community and will reduce the vehicular traffic flows generated by the site.
- 4.2.5 Strategies and measures for encouraging walking/cycling, public transport and the Travel Plan are included in Sections 4.3 4.5 with the locational characteristics of the site and existing sustainable travel networks also set out. The accessibility of the site is then considered in Section 4.6.
- 4.2.6 The site will provide a range of benefits as outlined in the submissions made by Turley. Specific transport benefits of the proposals will include:-



- Everyday facilities located close to the development in walkable neighbourhoods, thus
  putting place first, enhancing inclusion, promoting sustainable lifestyle choices and
  behavioural change.
- Viable bus services and high quality bus infrastructure that will connect the site with key
  destinations and will also provide enhanced connectivity for existing residents in
  Culcheth.
- Specific and targeted travel plan measures again designed to promote sustainable travel modes.
- Provision of on-plot and on-street electric vehicle charging points and an electric vehicle car club to encourage some vehicular journeys to be made by low emission vehicles.
- Existing access provision off several places on the local road network which can accommodate the traffic generated by the proposals and which will spread traffic around the local networks (considered in Sections 5.0 and 6.0).

## 4.3 Local Connectivity of the Site

- 4.3.1 The sites lies immediately adjacent to the existing built development within Culcheth village thus affording the opportunity to make direct and high quality connections as noted above when considering the site masterplan. The Council's Settlement Profile for Culcheth notes that "Active Travel is clearly beneficial in terms of reducing the impact on the highway network as well as the obvious environmental, health and amenity benefits".
- 4.3.2 All the adjacent streets have footways and the site can connect to these. Most of the roads in Culcheth are identified by the Council as having the top 'cycleability' gradation, with reference to the WBC Cycle Map that is included in Appendix C.
- 4.3.3 Several PRoW cross the site and these can be enhanced as set out at 3.2 above, also enabling the opportunity (alongside the proposed footway network within the new community) for existing residents of Culcheth village to easily and safely access the proposed country park.
- 4.3.4 Improvements to the pedestrian/cyclist environment will be investigated in detail and, where appropriate, implemented in line with development coming forward. At this stage it is envisaged these could include:
  - i Improvements to the several PRoW that run across the site and their connections to the external street network. Such improvements could include widening, better surfacing /



- drainage, signing and lighting. Sensitivity will be needed where PRoW access the proposed country park.
- Delivery of a high quality pedestrian and cycle route from the site to Culcheth centre via Withington Avenue which is lightly trafficked and has good quality footways. FP113a also offers a connection from Withington Avenue to Culcheth Hall Drive and on to Lodge Drive to access the village centre uses.
- iii Provision of a widened footway along Warrington Road.
- iv A potential direct pedestrian connection between the site and Culcheth High School and/or improvement of FP125.
- v Subject to the availability of land, provision of cycle parking within the centre of Culcheth, close to the cluster of shops and leisure premises at Lodge Drive/Common Lane.
- 4.3.5 The above will be complemented by measures included in the Travel Plan for the site (see Section 4.5 below).
- 4.3.6 The Council's Settlement Profile notes that Culcheth has poor cycling and walking connections to Warrington, Birchwood and Winwick and that any transport strategies developed to support development must allow for this transport mode and provide the appropriate facilities and schemes.
- 4.3.7 The connections to Warrington, Birchwood and Winwick are largely a function of distance. All are outside walking distance from Culcheth but, whilst trips to employment locations are important, many trips can be made locally for other purposes within Culcheth (education, health, retail, leisure etc) with a whole range of day-to-day facilities within an easy walk or cycle ride. Similarly, cycle connectivity is largely a function of distance: the locations noted are at the limit of cycling distance and such trips may be better made by bus (see 4.4 below). Nevertheless, Peel will work with WBC to investigate the provision of a high quality cycle route between Culcheth and Birchwood, connecting with the strategic cycle routes at the latter (3- Woolston to Birchwood; B2S Birchwood to Sankey Way).
- 4.3.8 The accessibility of the site is considered at 4.6 below but the location of the site, proximity to many every-day facilities in Culcheth village and the short-distances involved affords a real opportunity to focus movement on slow modes of travel and thereby reduce car use.



# 4.4 Maximising Use of Public Transport

## **Existing Provision**

4.4.1 There are existing bus routes and services in the vicinity of the site as summarised on Appendix D and in the table below.

**Table 4.1 Existing Bus Services** 

Service	Route / Destinations Served	Frequency					
No.		Mon – Fri		Saturday		Sunday	
		Day	Eve	Day	Eve	Day	Eve
28/28A/ 28E	Leigh – Culcheth – Padgate – Warrington	60 <sup>1</sup>	60	60	60	60	-
19	Leigh – Culcheth – Croft – Winwick – Warrington	60 <sup>1</sup>	60 <sup>2</sup>	60	-	60	-
587	Culcheth – Glazebury – Leigh	60	-	60	-	-	-
192	Rixton – Culcheth – Croft – Birchwood	1 service					
193	Birchwood – Croft – Culcheth – Glazebury	4 services (MWF)					

<sup>1</sup> Additional peak service; 2 Early Evening

- 4.4.2 Thus these are half-hourly bus services between Culcheth and Warrington (and also Leigh) and hourly services to Birchwood (28/28A/28E) and Winwick (19) but with an additional bus service in the peak hours. The 192 and 193 provide additional connections to and from Birchwood. The closest bus stops to the site are: in the southern direction on Warrington Road opposite the high school and c.170m from the site; and in the northbound direction on Warrington Road to the east of Churchill Avenue, c300m from the site. Bus stops could be provided along the site frontage.
- 4.4.3 The closest railway station to the site is at Birchwood, connected by the 28 bus service.

## **Potential Improvements**

4.4.4 The size of the site is such that it may support improved bus services, creating a revenue stream and providing enhanced connectivity for the site and existing residents and businesses in Culcheth. If necessary, the development can provide a subsidy to cover any short-fall between additional bus operating costs and the revenues generated along the new/improved routes, the latter from both the dwellings on the site and increased 'background' patronage and revenues.



- 4.4.5 There are several options available which can be developed as the proposals are progressed, housing delivery rates are established, travel patterns are monitored and the position is established more fully regarding external attractions e.g. development at Omega and Parkside. Several options are available:
  - i Improve the frequency of existing bus services, the 28/28A/28E and/or the 19 improving services to Warrington, Birchwood and Winwick as well as destinations outside the Borough such as Leigh.
  - ii Develop a bespoke new bus service from the site and Culcheth to Warrington town centre via Birchwood, with potential connections to Birchwood and/or Padgate railway stations.
  - iii Develop a new service to Warrinton town centre via Parkside and Winwick Quay.
  - iv New bus service between the site/Culcheth and Omega via Parkside, Winwick Quay and Gemini retail park.
  - Combinations of the above e.g. a 'loop' service serving Culcheth Birchwood town centre – Winwick Quay – Parkside – Culcheth.
- 4.4.6 In practice bus provision will be phased and be responsive to both development completions and actual bus usage, the latter monitored by the bus operator(s) and the Travel Plan Coordinator (see 4.5 below). A package of funded bus improvements can be agreed with WBC and 'Warrington's Own Buses'.
- 4.4.7 Given the current uncertainty of the allocation of the site and timescales over which development will be phased, then the delivery of specific proposals cannot be identified in detail at this stage. However, it is considered that it will be possible to deliver viable improved bus services bringing benefits to the site and the existing community at Culcheth.
- 4.4.8 It is therefore proposed that, subject to the confirmation of an allocation in the Local Plan, further liaison is undertaken with the Council and 'Warrington's Own Buses' with the aim of establishing a framework for the provision of bus services and a mechanism to fund such services.
- 4.4.9 The 'framework' (effectively a service specification) will include details of destinations to be served, operating times (first and last buses by day of the week), service frequencies/headways (again by day of the week and time of the day), size and quality (e.g. age) of the buses to be used along the routes.



- 4.4.10 The 'mechanism' will include details of the costs of such services, how fare revenues will be collected and allocated to the site, how background revenues will be identified and allocated to the services and how any revenues in excess of costs will be apportioned. The mechanism will need to determine (through liaison with the Council and 'Warrington's Own Buses') whether bus services are provided solely by the developer(s) or whether funds are paid by the developer to an appropriate collecting authority who will provide and deliver the bus services. The latter will allow better co-ordination and potentially economies of scale.
- **4.4.11** Further measures to promote bus (and rail) use can be delivered as part of the Travel Plan, see 4.5 below.
- 4.4.12 In conclusion, the size of the site is such that it could support new or enhanced existing bus services ensuring the site is accessible by bus and is sustainable, in line with the NPPF and Local Policy aspirations. Improved bus services will also bring enhanced connectivity for existing residents at Culcheth.

## 4.5 **Promoting Sustainable Travel Choices**

### **Overview**

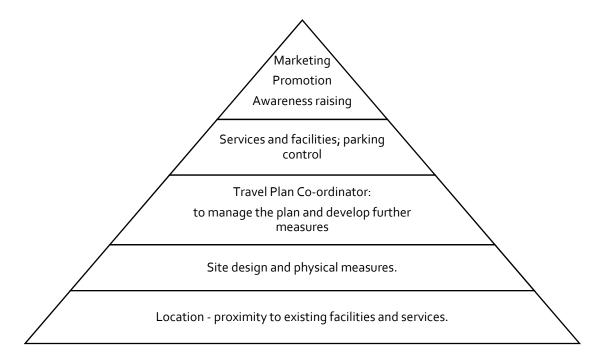
4.5.1 As well as the physical measures to promote walking, cycling and public transport set out above in Sections 4.3 and 4.4, the development of the site will include the production of a comprehensive travel plan to support the proposals. This will primarily identify the delivery of 'soft' measures to encourage the use of sustainable modes, to complement the physical measures, mix of uses and high quality design approach.



#### **Travel Plan Philosophy**

### Travel Plan Pyramid

4.5.2 The DfT document 'Making residential travel plans work: guidelines for new development' notes that the travel plan can be viewed as a pyramid of measures and actions:



- 4.5.3 At the base of the pyramid is the location of the site. The proposals are adjacent to Culcheth High School and close to primary schools. There is a range of other facilities and services available within Culcheth including health, retail and leisure uses. The location of the site itself will therefore encourage active travel.
- 4.5.4 The DfT note that the next stage should include the fundamental characteristics that need to be incorporated into the design of the site to support the use of sustainable modes. The design approach will focus on creating a sense of place, integrating the site with the existing community and promoting sustainable travel making, particularly active travel within the site.
- 4.5.5 The next tier is the Travel Plan Co-ordinator who will develop and manage the travel plan process, be responsible for the delivery of the plan and liaison with the Council, organise monitoring and reviews of the plan and ensure that travel plan targets are achieved.
- 4.5.6 The next level is the services and facilities that will be delivered at the site such as the bus services described above but also a range of other measures outlined below.



4.5.7 The final top tier is the promotion and marketing of the travel plan and services, raising awareness of the plan through various information initiatives and delivered by the travel plan co-ordinator.

#### **Travel Plan Objectives and Targets**

- 4.5.8 The detailed objectives and targets for the travel plan will be discussed and agreed with the Council and other key stakeholders, at the appropriate time. Broad objectives have been considered at this stage:
  - Bring together the design of the site and travel plan measures such that the need to travel is reduced.
  - Provide measures and initiatives that are inclusive, promote cohesion and provide alternatives for all residents and other users on the site.
  - iii Promote 'hard' and 'soft' measures such that sustainable modes are the first mode(s) of choice, rather than the car.
  - iv Minimise the traffic generated by the development proposals.
  - v Assist in developing a sense of place within the site.
  - vi Promote healthy lifestyle choices through the use of non-car modes with emphasis on active travel.
- 4.5.9 Specific SMART targets will be developed for the plan focusing on two key aspects:
  - First, meeting modal share targets and a maximum proportion of car driver trips; and
  - Secondly, ensuring that the actual traffic flows generated by the site are consistent with those adopted in future transport assessments, such that there is no severe impact from additional car trips.
- 4.5.10 Formal monitoring arrangements will be agreed to assess the achievement of objectives and targets on an on-going basis.

#### **Travel Plan Measures**

4.5.11 Detailed assessment and evaluation will be undertaken to establish the most appropriate measures for the site should the site be allocated. The size of the site is such that a comprehensive package of initiatives will be needed to achieve objectives and targets. There will be general measures to be applied across the site and all modes, specific measures to promote



walking and cycling and public transport, measures to reduce residual vehicular trips and information/awareness raising that can be rolled out across the whole site. The measures are summarised below.

#### **Generic Measures**

#### 4.5.12 These will include:

- Travel Plan Co-ordinator: the TPC will be responsible for the overall delivery of the plan including liaison with WBC. They will monitor the plan against objectives and targets and identify measures to promote sustainable travel.
- Personalised travel planning: the TPC will liaise with individual householders to plan specific journeys and show how these can be undertaken by sustainable modes.
- Welcome Packs: these will be provided to every new household on first occupation and will set out the benefits of travel plan measures, details of sustainable travel modes (e.g. bus maps), the initiatives available on the site and contact details for any further information.
- Broadband: all homes will be equipped with broadband, enabling working from home etc.

#### Measures to Promote Walking and Cycling

- 4.5.13 Physical measures, including new footway/cycleways to connect the site with Culcheth village centre, are considered above. Additional measures will include:-
  - Bicycle user group: the TPC will investigate the potential for a BUG to be established at the site to encourage residents to meet and exchange tips on cycle routes and maintenance. The TPC will forge links with cycle shops to arrange discounts on purchases and repairs, if possible.
  - Travel voucher: a voucher will be offered to each new household which can be used to purchase equipment or part purchase a bicycle.
  - Cycle storage and stands: secure weather protected cycle storage and/or stands will be provided throughout the site.



- Safe routes to school and walking bus: the main pedestrian routes on the site towards
  the local schools will be designed and audited using 'Safe Routes to School' principles
  with funding for the advertising of walking bus schemes and the provision of fluorescent
  vests for children and walking bus 'drivers'.
- Cycling proficiency schemes at local primary schools: funded for a period to be agreed with the Council.
- Cycle training: this will be offered to residents who are less confident regarding the use
  of a bike. The BUG can co-ordinate this.
- Bike buddy: volunteers will be sought to 'buddy-up' with less confident cyclists and the TPC will promote this and seek recruits.

### **Measures to Promote Public Transport**

- 4.5.14 New bus services and supporting infrastructure may be delivered using the framework as set out above. Further measures will promote the use of buses including:
  - Travel vouchers/travel cards/bus tickets: a monthly bus pass will be supplied to each household on first occupation. The TPC will seek to obtain discounts from bus operators for these tickets or tickets for extended periods.
  - Bus buddying: this is used in other towns where trained volunteers provide one-to-one support to older people, learning disabled people, people with physical and sensory impairments etc. to aid their understanding of using public transport and to help them gain confidence.

### **Reducing Car Use**

- 4.5.15 Residents will make some journeys by car and the following can be delivered on the site to reduce the impacts of travel:
  - The proposed development may be of a sufficient size to sustain a viable Car Club. Car clubs provide their members with convenient access to newer, cleaner (low emission) vehicles without the expense of ownership. Car clubs also enable communities to share assets and can improve accessibility and support sustainable travel initiatives.
  - Car sharing schemes: car sharing will be promoted from first occupation of the dwellings by the TPC. A bespoke car sharing scheme could be developed or existing car sharing initiatives could be used.



#### **Information and Awareness**

- 4.5.16 Raising awareness of the measures and initiatives that will be available at the site is important and therefore information will be provided as follows:-
  - Site specific travel guide: a foldable map, setting out the details of bus services and walk
    and cycle routes, will be developed. It will be included in sales literature and updated
    regularly for distribution by the TPC. A digital version will be considered.
  - Website: a Travel Plan website will be developed for the site giving residents access to up-to-date travel information.
  - Notice boards: these will be located within sales offices and at strategic points around
    the development, displaying up-to-date information on sustainable modes and setting
    out the benefits of these and other travel plan measures.
  - Campaigns: the TPC will hold events and campaigns related to national and local initiatives such as 'Bike to Work' day and local organised cycle rides.
- **4.5.17** The TPC and travel plan measures will be funded by the developer and/or their successors in title.
- 4.5.18 The Travel Plan measures will thus encourage both active travel and the use of public transport, consistent with the NPPF and the transport related objectives and policies of the PSLP.

# 4.6 Accessibility of the Site

#### **Overview**

- 4.6.1 Strategic objective W4 of the PSLP includes the promotion of sustainable travel with the Sustainability Appraisal objectives including those related to reducing the need to travel and enhancing accessibility for essential services and facilities.
- 4.6.2 As set out at 4.1 above, there are many facilities in Culcheth that provide for day-to-day needs. Local facilities and services within the vicinity of the site are shown on Appendix E and the distance from the closest of the site accesses (with pedestrian/cycle connections) to the key destinations in the local area are set out in the table below.



**Table 4.5 Distance to Key Facilities and Services** 

Use	Name	Distance
	Culcheth Community Primary School	0.4km
	Newchurch Community Primary School	1.5km
	Twiss Green Community Primary School	
Secondary School	Culcheth High School	0.3km
Health	Culcheth Medical Centre	1.1km
	Well Pharmacy	1.0km
	Culcheth Health Centre	1.3km
	The Village Dental Practice	0.4km
Retail and Leisure Sainsbury's		1.1km
	Culcheth Post Office	1.1km
	Culcheth Library	1.0km
	BP Garage & Convenience Store	0.7km
	Shops in Culcheth	1.0km
	Country park on the site	On-site
	Culcheth Sports Club	1.0km

- 4.6.3 Manual for Streets (MfS) notes that walkable neighbourhoods are typically characterised by having a range of facilities within 10 minutes' (c.800m) walking distance of residential areas which residents may access comfortably on foot. It does however go on to note that this is not an upper limit and quotes (the now superseded) PPS13 which stated walking has the greatest potential to replace short car trips, particularly those under 2km.
- 4.6.4 The IHT document 'Providing for Journeys on Foot' includes suggested acceptable walking distances. The preferred maximum distances for commuting / school / sight-seeing are 2km with 1,200m suggested elsewhere. It is concluded 2km represents an appropriate distance for the consideration of walk distances between households and facilities and services.
- 4.6.5 In terms of cycle distances, DfT Local Transport note 2/08 'Cycle Infrastructure Design' notes that many utility cycle journeys under three miles (c.5km) but that for commuter journeys a trip distance over 5 miles (c.8km) is not uncommon.
- 4.6.6 Thus consideration of Table 4.5 confirms that the many day-to-day facilities close to the site and within Culcheth are within walking and cycling distance, ensuring that the site will form a walkable neighbourhood within the existing built area of Culcheth.



#### **Accessibility to Education**

- 4.6.7 There are three primary schools within Culcheth, two very close to the site. Twiss Green CPS is located off Twiss Green Lane, only c.300m from the proposed western site access. Culcheth CPS is located off Warrington Road, only c.400m from the proposed eastern site access also off Warrington Road.
- 4.6.8 The site lies adjacent to Culcheth High School with connections available from Warrington Road and Withington Avenue and potentially a new access direct from the site. Pupils from the western part of the site can either walk through the site or along the quiet residential roads between the site and the school such as Wellfield Road and Chatsworth Avenue.
- 4.6.9 All of the residential dwellings will easily be within one mile (1.6km) of the nearby primary schools and Culcheth High School, the vast majority at distances much less than this. School aged children will therefore be able to walk to their local schools with very few car trips likely to be made.
- 4.6.10 Both primary and secondary schools are therefore within a very short walking distance of the site. Considering the picture of travel to school set out at Table 4.2, it is concluded that the accessibility to education facilities is excellent.

#### **Accessibility to Health Facilities**

- 4.6.11 There are two medical centres within Culcheth, at Thompson Avenue and Jackson Avenue, both within an easy walk of the site. There is a pharmacy at Lodge Drive and the Village Dental Practice is located off Warrington Road, close to Culcheth CPS. There are other dental practices within walking distance.
- **4.6.12** The accessibility to local health facilities is therefore excellent with these clearly catering for 'day-to-day' needs of residents on the site.

#### **Accessibility to Retail and Leisure Facilities**

4.6.13 The centre of Culcheth, around Lodge Drive/ Common Lane/ Wigshaw Lane/ Warrington Road includes several retail and leisure facilities including Sainsbury's food store, Post Office, library and several other shops as well as cafes and public houses. There is a convenience store at the BP garage on Warrington Road. Culcheth Sports Club, at Charnock Road off Warrington Road, provides a range of sporting and social activities for the community and the play areas and



country park on the site will be readily accessible. These are all within walking or cycling distance of the site.

4.6.14 Thus a range of retail and leisure facilities will be available locally, encouraging active travel. The accessibility of the site to these facilities is also concluded to be excellent.

### **Summary**

- 4.6.15 The Council's Sustainability Appraisal Accessibility Objective related to Accessibility includes criteria as follows, with commentary given on the site:
  - ACC1: How accessible is the site to the nearest primary school on foot schools located nearby within a short walk. Therefore significant positive effects likely.
  - ACC2: How accessible is the site to the nearest Secondary School site adjacent to Culcheth High School. Therefore significant positive effects likely.
  - ACC3: How well served is the site by a bus service existing bus services run along the site frontage which are regular (using WBC's definition) in the peak hours with potential to improve. Therefore significant positive effects likely.
  - ACC4: How accessible is the site to the nearest train station the nearest station at
    Birchwood is some distance away albeit it is connected by bus. Therefore significant
    negative effects likely using WBC's definition which is simply distance based.
  - ACC5: What is the overall distance to a GP service or health centre three GP practices located within walking distance in Culcheth. Therefore significant positive/positive effects likely.
- 4.6.16 In conclusion, a range of facilities and services will be available locally within walking and/or cycling distance. These include: primary schools, the adjacent Culcheth High School, play areas and Country Park on the site, health facilities including doctors, dentist and pharmacy in Culcheth and shops and leisure facilities in Culcheth village centre.
- 4.6.17 Buses already serve Culcheth and travel along the site's Warrington Road frontage. The bus strategy can provide enhanced connections to various destinations including Warrington and Birchwood and offer the potential to connect the site to a range of job opportunities as well as Birchwood railway station.



- 4.6.18 The location of the site close to these many facilities and also to bus stops provides an opportunity for achieving modal shift, with increased use of active travel modes and public transport.
- 4.6.19 It is therefore concluded that the site is sustainable and accessible via a range of travel modes and will therefore be in accordance with the NPPF and PSLP's policies and objectives.



# **SECTION 5 Site Access Arrangements**

### 5.1 **Overview**

- 5.1.1 The concept masterplan shows that the site will be delivered in two parts delivering up to 600 dwellings in total.
- 5.1.2 The site has frontage on to Warrington Road and connections to both Withington Avenue and Twiss Green Lane. It is therefore proposed that access provision will be as follows:
  - East of Wellfield Wood
- access provided off Warrington Road.
- additional emergency access via Withington Avenue.
- West of Wellfield Wood
- access via a new connection to Twiss Green Lane
- Emergency access via a combined pedestrian/ cycle/emergency vehicle route from the eastern site.
- 5.1.3 It is concluded that this approach is consistent with design guidance, including Manual for Streets (MfS) and the Council's Residential and Industrial Estates Road Design Guide.

## 5.2 Access Proposals

## **Warrington Road**

- 5.2.1 A single access is proposed to serve the site off Warrington Road. Options include a priority controlled junction or a roundabout as an alternative. Both will allow for provision of a drop-off zone within the site for the school, resulting in benefits that will be material and significant. The detailed access arrangements can be determined at planning application stage including through discussions with the Council.
- 5.2.2 Appendix F (drawing number ITM13246-GA-008) shows a priority 'T' junction with a ghost-island right turn lane providing access to the site. The junction is located c.80m from the site boundary with FP125/Culcheth High School. The right-turn lane is shown as being 3.5m wide and 35m long, consistent with the speed limit. Two 3.5m running lanes are maintained for the main Warrington Road ahead traffic movements. Visibility is shown based on the posted speed limit and MfS with greater visibility achievable if observed speeds are higher than 30mph, albeit measures could be considered to reduce speeds if necessary.



5.2.3 A widened footway will be provided along the site side of Warrington Road, connecting with existing footways at the extremities of the site frontage.

### **Withington Avenue**

- 5.2.4 Withington Avenue is a typical residential street that serves mainly residential properties including those off Beech Avenue and Clarke Avenue. For the majority of its length it is straight with a width of c.5.5m. It has footways and is street-lit. North of Clarke Avenue, the road becomes 'windy' with a combination of footways provided alongside the carriageway and/or through the adjacent landscaped areas.
- 5.2.5 Near the access to Culcheth Hall Farm, Withington Avenue provides a potential connection to the site. At this stage it is envisaged that an emergency vehicle access is provided to the site combined with a pedestrian/cyclist connection. The potential emergency access option is shown on Appendix G (drawing number ITM13246-GA-004).

#### **Twiss Green Lane**

- 5.2.6 Twiss Green Lane provides a potential connection to the western part of the site and connects with Common Lane at two places. It is a typical residential street, generally of c.5.5m width with footways on both sides and with street lighting. As well as serving residential properties, it also provides access to Twiss Green Community Primary School.
- 5.2.7 Peel controls number 76 Twiss Green Lane and this can be used to access the site, with the road network re-configured as shown on Appendix H (drawing number ITM13246-GA-005). A footway would be provided on the southern side of the new access road with a 1m wide verge on the northern side. Visibility splays of 2.4m x 25m are shown, based on MfS and consistent with the 20mph speed limit.
- 5.2.8 Vehicles currently park on-street outside numbers 85 97 Twiss Green Lane and these could block the visibility splay from Twiss Green Lane. MfS notes that parking in visibility splays in built-up areas is quite common but it does not appear to create significant problems in practice. Speeds are expected to be very low and vehicles will not be over taking and therefore this is not considered to significantly affect the proposed access.

#### **Summary**

5.2.9 All of the access designs will be subject to refinement and road safety audit at the appropriate time. At this stage it is concluded that access is deliverable and therefore achievable.



## 5.3 Capacity of the Accesses

5.3.1 Traffic surveys have been undertaken to assess the capacity of the proposed access arrangements. Details are given in Section 6.0. Peak hour traffic flows have been derived and converted to passenger car units (PCU) for use in traffic capacity assessment. The peak hours are 08:00-09:00 and 17:00 – 19:00. The peak hour traffic flows at Warrington Road and Twiss Green Lane (noting that the latter are taken as the flows at Common Lane and therefore represent a worst case) are as follows:

**Table 5.1 Existing Peak Hour Traffic Flows – Warrington Road** 

Peak Hour	Direction				
	Northbound	Southbound	Total		
AM Peak Hour	545	922	1,467		
PM Peak Hour	835	494	1,329		

Table 5.2: Existing Peak Hour Traffic Flows – Twiss Green Lane

Peak Hour	Direction				
	Eastbound	Westbound	Total		
AM Peak Hour	55	109	164		
PM Peak Hour	83	55	138		

- 5.3.2 Traffic has been growthed to the 2037 end of plan year using factors from TEMPRO, adjusted to account for the exclusion of land-use related growth. The growth factors are c.10%. These have been used to assess the capacity of the site access junctions. Development traffic has been derived using the approach set out in Section 6.0. For the purposes of this appraisal, it has been assumed that 300 dwellings dwellings would be served off each of the Warrington Road and Twiss Green Lane accesses as indicated on the masterplan. The effects of re-assigned school traffic will be considered at planning application stage.
- 5.3.3 The results of the capacity assessment of the priority junction site accesses are summarised in the table below.



**Table 5.3: Site Access Capacity Assessment Results** 

Access	Movement	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	
Warrington	Site Access Left Turn	0.03	0	0.01	0	
Road	Site Access Right Turn	0.48	1	0.22	1	
	Warrington Road Right Turn	0.01	0	0.02	0	
Twiss Green Lane	Site Access	0.25	0	0.19	0	
	Twiss Green Lane Right Turn	0.12	0	0.17	0	

- 5.3.4 The assessment results demonstrate that the site accesses will comfortably operate within capacity and it is concluded that the potential priority junction site accesses off Warrington Road and Twiss Green Lane will operate satisfactorily in conformity with the NPPF.
- 5.3.5 Withington Avenue will act as an emergency access and it is considered its junction with Warrington Road will operate satisfactorily.

### **Conclusions**

5.3.6 It is concluded that the site accesses will operate within capacity, confirming that satisfactory access to the land north east of Culcheth can be provided in accordance with the NPPF.



## **SECTION 6** Traffic Impacts

## 6.1 The Case for Development in Culcheth

- 6.1.1 It is understood the Council has not published any detailed assessment of the potential traffic impacts resulting from development in the outlying settlements, including the proposed development at North East Culcheth. The modelling work reported at Section 2.2 noted that the aggregate level model results published by the Council do not show adverse travel conditions as a result of further development in the outlying settlements compared to the (then) PDO. Peel is keen to engage with WBC to assess the site and demonstrate how the traffic flows generated by the development can be accommodated on the surrounding highway network.
- 6.1.2 In terms of traffic conditions in Culcheth, WBC's Settlement Profile notes with respect to the local road network:

"Small amount of peak hour congestion in centre of village. No planned local highways improvements in village."

The profile also notes that Culcheth is in close proximity to M6(J22) and M62(J11).

- 6.1.3 It is understood the Council's above conclusion is not based on detailed analysis of the road network but it does suggest that traffic congestion should not act as a significant constraint on development. An initial indication of peak hour traffic conditions has been obtained from Google traffic maps with these given in Appendix I for the AM and PM peak hours. Google uses four gradations to define traffic speeds from fast to slow: green, orange, red and dark red. These are relative to the speed limits with 'fast' indicating little delay.
- 6.1.4 The traffic maps indicate that many roads in and around Culcheth have 'fast' traffic speeds. In the AM peak, the A574 towards Birchwood through Culcheth village is graded orange, as is the southbound route between Glazebury and Holcroft Lane. In the PM peak hour, the routes through Culcheth are graded orange in the northbound direction as is Warrington Road to Glazebury. Parts of the northbound A574 both south of Glazebury and north of Glazebury towards A580 are graded red. These indicated there is limited congestion in the peak hours, with this resulting from delays at junctions as is typical of urban road networks in the peak hours.
- 6.1.5 The traffic conditions through Culcheth village partly reflect peak hour traffic movements to and from Birchwood. Analysis of journey to work data indicates that a significant proportion of trips to Birchwood could use A574, with some of these possibly choosing this route as an alternative



to the motorway network. The analysis identifies c.12% of workers are likely to use this route and up to 25% in total could use A574 through Culcheth. Improvements to the motorway network (e.g. the smart motorway at M60) including those in the longer term (e.g. North West Quadrant) could reduce traffic flows through Culcheth. Furthermore, many of the trips to Birchwood originate outside the Borough. With a better balancing of local workers and jobs (by locating workers in households in Culcheth), there is the potential for existing trips to be reduced along A574.

- 6.1.6 Existing traffic conditions in Culcheth have been assessed in more detail using traffic survey data collected specifically for this assessment. The survey data has been obtained to provide a picture of existing traffic conditions in Culcheth, focussing on locations close to Peel's site where traffic impacts of the proposals will be highest.
- 6.1.7 Traffic surveys, comprising traffic counts and queue length surveys, were undertaken at the following junctions on Thursday 19 October 2017:
  - A574 Warrington Road / Holcroft Lane
  - A574 Warrington Road / Withington Avenue
  - A574 Warrington Road / Common Lane
  - A574 Warrington Road / Twiss Green Lane East
  - A574 Warrington Road / Twiss Green Lane West
  - Daten Avenue / Warrington Road / Birchwood Park Avenue
- 6.1.8 The traffic data has been processed to obtain the peak hour flows and the data has been converted to Passenger Car Units (PCU) for use in traffic capacity assessments. The peak hours are 08:00 09:00 and 17:00 18:00. The peak hour surveyed traffic flows are given on Appendix J. The 2017 observed traffic flows have been growth to the end of the plan period (2037) as set out above. The 2037 baseline traffic flows are given in Appendix K.
- 6.1.9 These 2037 traffic flows have been adopted as a worst case assessment as it is anticipated that peak hour traffic growth is unlikely to materialise. Data from a DfT traffic count on A574 south of Culcheth (<a href="www.dft.gov.uk/traffic-counts">www.dft.gov.uk/traffic-counts</a>) has been analysed to assess the long-term trends in traffic on the A574. The count only provides 24 hour AADT traffic flow data but this identifies the following:



**Table 6.1: Observed Traffic Flows on A574** 

Year	Two-Way AADT Flow	Change Since 2000
2000	14,244	-
2005	13,940	-2.1%
2010	12,273	-13.8%
2015	12,005	-15.7%

- 6.1.10 Thus the DfT traffic flow data indicates that traffic flows along the A574 corridor have reduced with no observed growth over a 15 year period.
- 6.1.11 The 2037 baseline traffic flows have been input to the ARCADY and PICADY programs contained within JUNCTIONS 9 and used to assess the performance of the local highway network. At the mini-roundabout junctions of Holcroft Lane and Common Lane with Warrington Road, intercept corrections have been included in the models and flat traffic profiles used (based on analysis of existing traffic data) such that the outputs from the traffic models validate against queue survey data. A flat traffic profile has also been used at the junction of Daten Avenue with Birchwood Park Avenue. The results are summarised in the table below.

**Table 6.2: 2037 Baseline Capacity Assessment Results** 

Junction	Movement	AM Pe	eak Hour	PM Peak Hour	
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue
	Warrington Road North	0.94	13	0.46	1
Warrington Road / Holcroft Lane	Holcroft Lane	0.94	10	0.70	2
Holcroft Lane	Warrington Road South	0.74	3	0.89	7
	Shaw Street	0.53	1	0.59	1
Warrington Road / Withington Avenue	Warrington Road East Right Turn	0.04	0	0.01	0
	Withington Avenue	0.18	0	0.08	0
	Warrington Road West Right Turn	0.06	0	0.05	0
	Warrington Road East	0.83	5	0.55	1
Warrington Road / Common Lane	Warrington Road West	0.40	1	0.89	8
Common Lane	Common Lane	0.84	5	0.58	1
Common Lane /	Twiss Green Lane Left Turn	0.10	0	0.06	0
Twiss Green Lane	Twiss Green Lane Right Turn	0.04	0	0.04	0
East	Common Lane Right Turn	0.05	0	0.06	0
	Twiss Green Lane	0.30	0	0.13	0



Junction	Movement	AM Pe	ak Hour	PM Peak Hour		
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	
Common Lane / Twiss Green Lane West	Common Lane Right Turn	0.09	0	0.14	0	
	Daten Avenue	0.26	0	0.46	1	
Daten Avenue /	Warrington Road South	0.04	0	0.44	1	
Birchwood Park Avenue	Birchwood Park Avenue	0.42	1	0.50	1	
	Warrington Road North	0.79	4	0.24	0	

6.1.12 The results demonstrate that the road network in Culcheth is generally expected to operate within capacity. The two mini-roundabout junctions are predicted to be approaching capacity, largely as a result of the traffic growth applied which is considered to be onerous (given the analysis presented in Table 6.1). The assessments for these two junctions have therefore been re-run without peak hour traffic growth applied and the results are summarised below, showing that they will operate within capacity.

**Table 6.3: 2017 Baseline Capacity Assessment Results** 

Junction	Movement	AM Pe	ak Hour	PM Peak Hour		
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	
Warrington Road /	Warrington Road North	0.84	5	0.42	1	
Holcroft Lane	Holcroft Lane Holcroft Lane			0.61	2	
	Warrington Road South	0.66	2	0.79	4	
Warrington Road /	Warrington Road East	0.73	3	0.50	1	
Holcroft Lane / Common Lane	Warrington Road West	0.36	1	0.79	4	
Common Edite	Common Lane	0.75	3	0.51	1	

- 6.1.13 The analysis confirms WBC's general conclusion that there is a small amount of peak hour congestion in the centre of Culcheth. It is therefore concluded that there are no existing highways infrastructure constraints that should prevent development in the settlement.
- **6.1.14** The next sections consider the specific impacts of the development proposals at North East Culcheth.



#### 6.2 **Development Traffic Flows**

**6.2.1** Traffic flows have been calculated for 600 residential dwellings.

#### **Trip Generation**

- 6.2.2 Trip generation rates for the proposed development have been derived from the TRICS database using the 'Houses Privately Owned' category for sites with at least 100 dwellings. At this stage, no allowance has been made for lower trip rates associated with affordable housing on the site.
- 6.2.3 The trip generation rates and the resultant generated traffic flows are shown in the table below for the morning and evening peak hours for both development options.

**Table 6.4: North East Culcheth – Trip Generation** 

Peak Hour	Direction	Trip Rate (per unit)	No. Trips
AM Peak	Arrival	0.127	76
	Departure	0.377	226
	Total	0.504	302
PM Peak	Arrival	0.309	185
	Departure	0.164	98
	Total	0.473	283

- 6.2.4 Thus the full development of 600 dwellings could generate up to 280 300 vehicular trips in each of the peak hours.
- 6.2.5 TEMPRO has been used to identify the potential journey purposes travelled by residents. In the peak periods this identifies for the Culcheth area:-



**Table 6.5: North East Culcheth – Journey Purposes of Car Travel** 

Trip Purpose	Proportio	on of Trips
	AM Peak Period	PM Peak Period
Work	56%	41%
Employer's business	7%	6%
Education	11%	5%
Shopping	15%	19%
Personal business	5%	7%
Recreation/Social	3%	9%
Visiting friends/relatives	1%	10%
Holiday/day trips	2%	3%

6.2.6 Considering the above, and the analysis presented earlier in this report related to the availability of local facilities and services, there is potential for some of the peak hour trips to be made locally and by active travel modes rather than the car: to the primary schools or high school nearby; and to the facilities and services within Culcheth village. In the AM and PM peak periods, 37% and 53% of trips respectively are made for reasons other than journeys to work or on employer's business.

#### **Trip Distribution and Assignment**

- 6.2.7 The potential routes of car trips within and out of Culcheth have been derived using 2011 Census journey to work patterns from the local area. This will over-estimate trips on the surrounding highway network as, as noted above, there is potential for many journeys to be made locally whereas work related trips tend to be made over longer distances.
- 6.2.8 The Census data shows the following general distribution of trips:

**Table 6.6: North East Culcheth – Overall Trip Distribution** 

Destination/District	Proportion of Trips
Warrington Borough	41%
Salford	8%
Trafford	7%
Manchester	7%
Wigan	9%
Halton	3%
Cheshire West & Chester	2%
Cheshire East	2%



Destination/District	Proportion of Trips
Other	21%
Total	100%

- 6.2.9 Of the trips to 'other' destinations, larger proportions are made to the rest of Greater Manchester (5%) and Merseyside (9%). The above does not take account of new job opportunities in the area (e.g. at Parkside, Omega).
- 6.2.10 Trips have been assigned to destinations using the fastest routes based on Google mapping.

  Account has been taken of the different access points serving parts of the site. The resultant destination points on the road network surrounding the site are as follows:

**Table 6.7: North East Culcheth – Trip Assignment** 

Location	Proportion
M62 East via Birchwood Way	12.9%
Glazebrook Lane	16.6%
M62 West via Birchwood Way	5.5%
Birchwood Park Avenue	26.6%
Southworth Lane	13.3%
A579 Winwick Lane	4.3%
B5207 Church Lane	2.3%
A580 West	4.2%
Warrington Road N of A580	3.2%
A580 East	6.8%
Within Culcheth	4.2%
Total	100.0%

6.2.11 The traffic flows generated by 600 dwellings and assigned to the road network surrounding the site are given on Appendix L, noting these are considered to be an over-estimate for the reasons set out above.

### 6.3 **Traffic Impacts**

6.3.1 The local highway network in the vicinity of the site is shown on Appendix M. A574 runs through Culcheth, connecting with A580 East Lancs Road to the north of Glazebury and running through Birchwood Park to the south. Holcroft Lane joins A574 at a mini-roundabout close to the site and runs to the south-east towards the A57 at Cadishead. Common Lane runs through Culcheth



and joins A574 in the village centre, also at a mini-roundabout. Connections to the motorway network are available at Birchwood (M6J11) and north-east of Winwick, via Winwick Lane (M6J22).

6.3.2 The development generated traffic flows derived at 6.2 above (and shown in Appendix L) have been compared with the 2037 baseline traffic flows derived at 6.1 above (shown in Appendix K). The resultant total traffic flows at junctions on the local road network close to the site are given in the table below:-

**Table 6.8: Proportional Impacts of Development Generated Traffic** 

Junction		AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Ho	ur
	2037 Baseline	Development Flow	Proportional Impact	2037 Baseline	Development Flow	Proportional Impact
	Flow	600 Units	600 Units	Flow	600 Units	600 Units
Warrington Road / Holcroft Lane	2,111	176	8.3%	1,808	164	9.1%
Warrington Road / Withington Avenue	1,818	151	8.3%	1,653	142	8.6%
Warrington Road / Common Lane	2,045	219	10.7%	1,895	206	10.9%
Common Lane / Twiss Green Lane East	752	125	16.6%	616	117	19.0%
Common Lane / Twiss Green Lane West	863	103	11.9%	702	96	13.7%
Daten Avenue / Birchwood Park Avenue	2,862	136	4.8%	2,588	128	4.9%

- 6.3.3 The Guidelines for Environmental Assessment of Road Traffic state that the day-to-day variation of traffic on a road is frequently at least some + or 10%. The above table demonstrates that the generated traffic flows associated with a development of 600 dwellings will be within typical daily variations at most locations. Impacts are therefore unlikely to be discernible.
- 6.3.4 The detailed impacts of the traffic flows generated by the proposals have been assessed at junctions on the local road network surrounding the site by comparing the base 2037 assessment results (as set out in Table 6.2) with those when the development traffic is added. The results are summarised in the table below for the 600 unit development.



**Table 6.9: Impacts of Development Generated Traffic at Junctions** 

Junction	Movement	2037 Baseline			2037 with Development				
		AM Pe	eak Hour	PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue
Warrington	Warrington Road North	0.94	13	0.46	1	1.05	67	0.51	1
Road / Holcroft	Holcroft Lane	0.94	10	0.70	2	1.05	28	0.78	3
Lane	Warrington Road South	0.74	3	0.89	7	0.80	4	0.99	25
	Shaw Street	0.53	1	0.59	1	0.63	2	0.66	2
Warrington Road /	Warrington Road East Right Turn	0.04	0	0.01	0	0.05	0	0.01	0
Withington Avenue	Withington Avenue	0.18	0	0.08	0	0.21	0	0.10	0
	Warrington Road West Right Turn	0.06	0	0.05	0	0.07	0	0.06	0
Warrington	Warrington Road East	0.83	5	0.55	1	0.95	13	0.61	2
Road / Common Lane	Warrington Road West	0.40	1	0.89	8	0.45	1	1.01	35
	Common Lane	0.84	5	0.58	1	0.96	13	0.68	2
	Twiss Green Lane Left Turn	0.10	0	0.06	0	0.19	0	0.09	0
Common Lane / Twiss Green Lane East	Twiss Green Lane Right Turn	0.04	0	0.04	0	0.04	0	0.04	0
	Common Lane Right Turn	0.05	0	0.06	0	0.08	0	0.14	0
Common Lane	Twiss Green Lane	0.30	0	0.13	0	0.47	1	0.19	0
/ Twiss Green Lane West	Common Lane Right Turn	0.09	0	0.14	0	0.13	0	0.25	1
	Daten Avenue	0.26	0	0.46	1	0.28	0	0.48	1
Daten Avenue	Warrington Road South	0.04	0	0.44	1	0.04	0	0.46	1
/ Birchwood Park Avenue	Birchwood Park Avenue	0.42	1	0.50	1	0.43	1	0.54	1
	Warrington Road North	0.79	4	0.24	0	0.84	5	0.26	0



- 6.3.5 The analysis demonstrates that all junctions will operate within capacity other than the miniroundabout junctions of Holcroft Lane and Common Lane with Warrington Road.
- 6.3.6 Given the analysis of existing traffic growth set out above (Table 6.1), and that the inclusion of traffic growth clearly represents a worst case and very onerous assumption, assessments have been re-run without the application of background traffic growth to observed traffic flows. The results are summarised in the table below.

**Table 6.10: Capacity Assessment Results: No Traffic Growth** 

Junction	Movement	Movement 2017 Baseline					With Development				
		AM Pe	eak Hour	PM Pe	eak Hour	AM Pe	eak Hour	PM Pe	ak Hour		
		Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue	Max RFC	Max Queue		
Warrington Road /	Warrington Road North	0.84	5	0.42	1	0.94	14	0.47	1		
Holcroft Lane	Holcroft Lane	0.76	3	0.61	2	0.89	7	0.69	2		
	Warrington Road South	0.66	2	0.79	4	0.72	3	0.89	8		
Warrington Road /	Warrington Road East	0.73	3	0.50	1	0.85	5	0.56	1		
Holcroft Lane / Common Lane	Warrington Road West	0.36	1	0.79	4	0.41	1	0.91	9		
Laric	Common Lane	0.75	3	0.51	1	0.86	5	0.61	2		

- 6.3.7 With the addition of the traffic generated by 600 dwellings, both junctions operate within capacity. Queues increase but it is concluded that the impacts, in terms of increases in queue lengths, are not severe.
- 6.3.8 On this basis it is concluded that, in accordance with the NPPF, development should not be prevented on transport grounds as the residual cumulative impacts of development will not be severe.



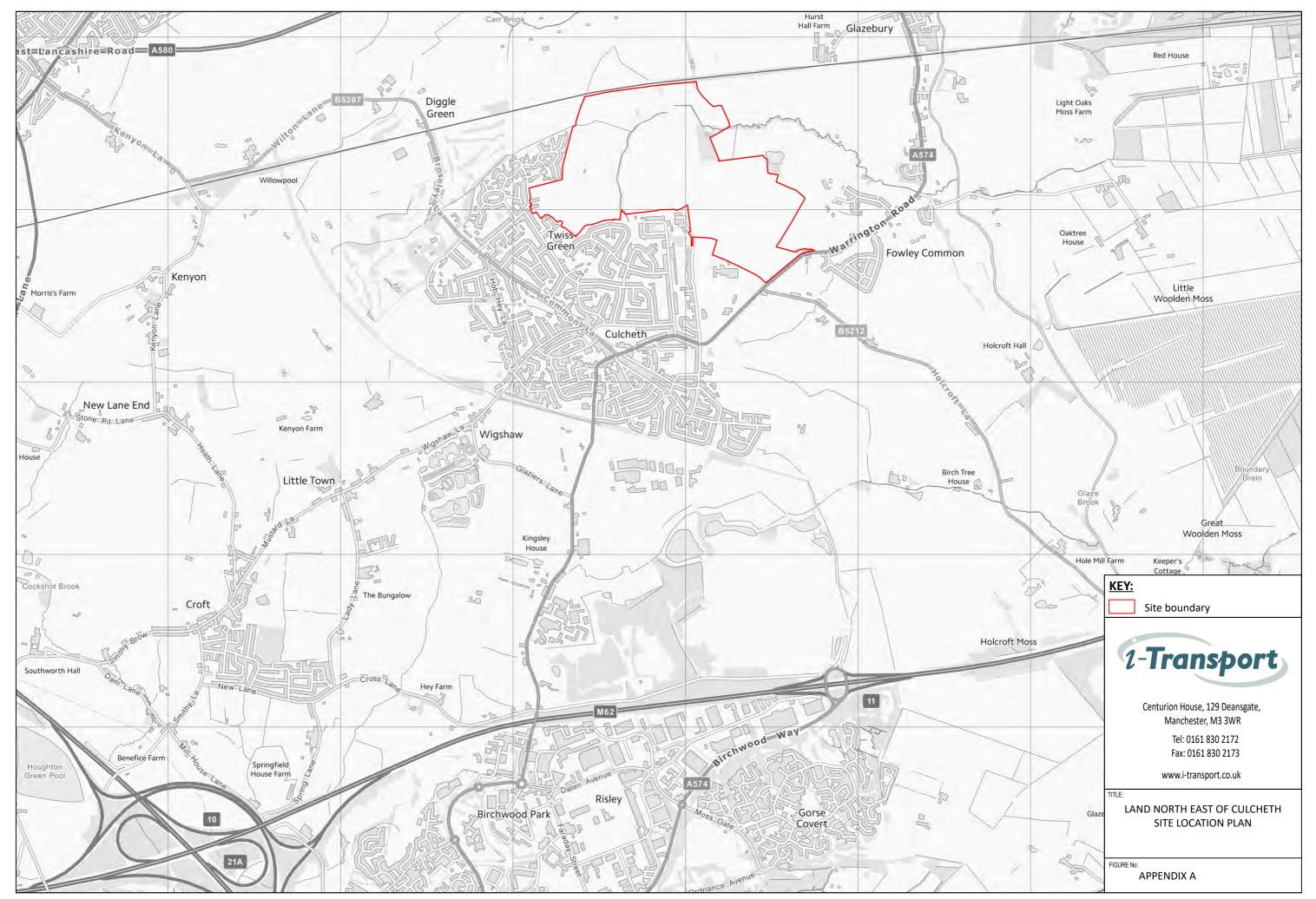
#### **SECTION 7** Conclusions

- 7.1 This report has considered the transport and highways implications of Peel's land interests north east of Culcheth. These are capable of accommodating a new community, integrated with the existing settlement, of up to 600 dwellings.
- 7.2 The Council's proposed allocation at Culcheth is for an additional 200 dwellings. No detailed quantitative analysis has been published which analyses the capacity of the transport system and the impacts of higher levels of development other than at an aggregate level which concludes there is no material difference to what was the PDO. There is therefore no justification, based on sound evidence, to limit development in Culcheth on transport grounds.
- 7.3 Culcheth is a self-contained settlement with many local facilities and services providing for day-to-day needs. These will help to create sustainable development and travel patterns. Development in Culcheth can therefore be focused on making walking, cycling and bus the most attractive means of transport. In this respect the settlement is a suitable location for development.
- 7.4 Similarly, detailed analysis of existing traffic conditions identifies that there are no significant highway capacity constraints that should prevent land in Culcheth being allocated for development.
- 7.5 A transport strategy for the site is outlined which will promote sustainable travel modes and provide benefits for both the development and existing residents in Culcheth. The strategy will include improvements to existing PRoW and the delivery of new pedestrian/cycle connections with the size of the site creating a 'critical mass' that will support bus services. These will be complemented by a Travel Plan.
- 7.6 A range of facilities and services will be available locally within walking and cycling distance of the site. These include: country park on the site; the adjacent Culcheth high school; nearby primary schools and health, shopping and leisure facilities in Culcheth including those at the nearby centre.
- 7.7 The site will therefore meet the transport related objectives of the PSLP. Furthermore, it will strongly meet four of the five specific accessibility criteria defined by the Council.



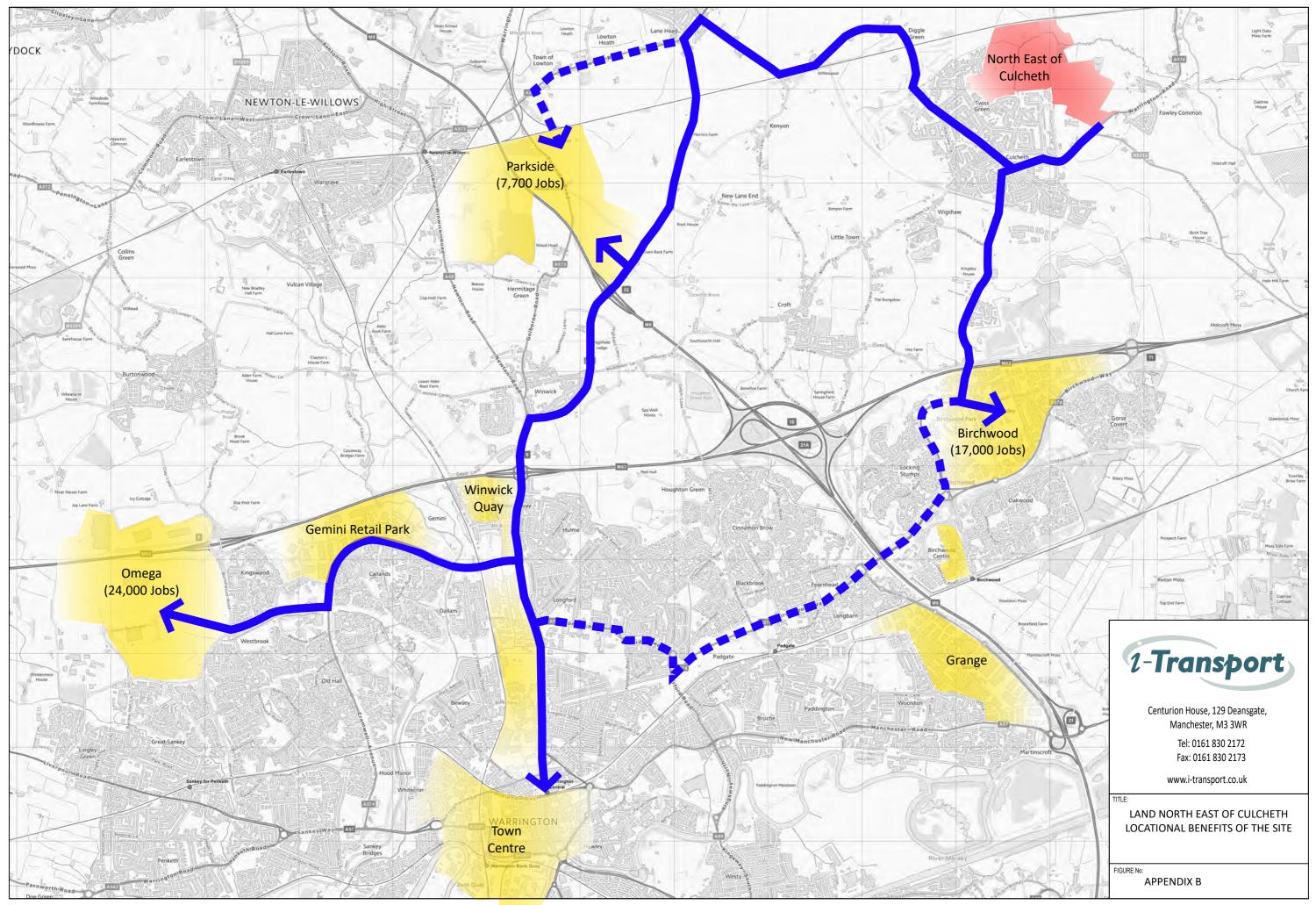
- 7.8 It is therefore concluded that the development of the site will fully accord with the NPPF objective related to sustainable travel, with opportunities for such modes taken up.
- 7.9 Access to the site is proposed in several locations and feasibility level designs have been produced and the capacity of these considered. All will operate satisfactorily. Site access is controlled by Peel and is deliverable and achievable. It is therefore also concluded that satisfactory access can be provided in accordance with the NPPF.
- 7.10 The impacts on the surrounding road network of the traffic increases as a result of the development have been assessed in detail and this shows that traffic impacts are not significant. On this basis it is concluded that, in accordance with the NPPF, development should not be prevented on transport grounds as the residual cumulative impacts of development will not be severe.
- 7.11 Overall, it is therefore concluded that the site at North East Culcheth is suitable for allocation in the Council's Local Plan and will form a sustainable development that can provide much needed housing.

# **APPENDIX A.** Site Location Plan

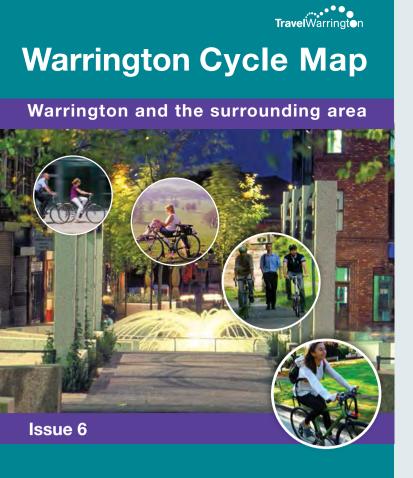


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# **APPENDIX B.** Locational Benefits Of The Site



# **APPENDIX C.** Warrington Cycle Map



WARRINGTON Borough Council

Produced by Warrington Cycle Forum, a partnership between Warrington Borough Council, Warrington Cycle Campaign and other interested parties. Funded by the Department for Transport's Local Sustainable Transport Fund.

# WARRINGTON Borough Council

Every effort has been taken to provide an accurate and useful guide. If you have any comments on the guide please contact us:

Transport For Warrington
New Town House
Buttermarket Street
Warrington WA1 2NH
travelwarrington@warrington.gov.uk

Cartography © Sustrans FourPoint Mapping for Warrington Borough Council www.sustrans.org.uk

J.Bewley, Sustrans

How to use this guide...

# The Warrington Cycle Map has been created to assist

all cyclists with planning the best route for your journey.

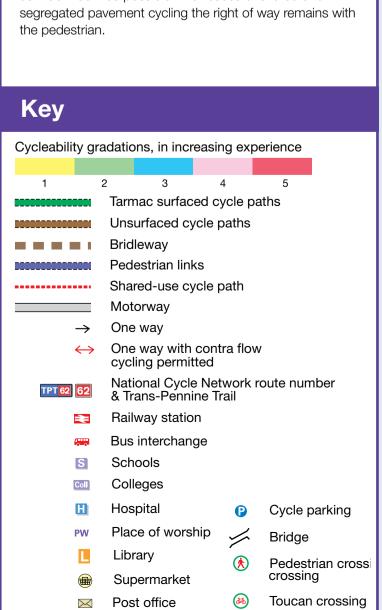
Roads graded Increasing difficulty

Cycleability gradations, in increasing experience

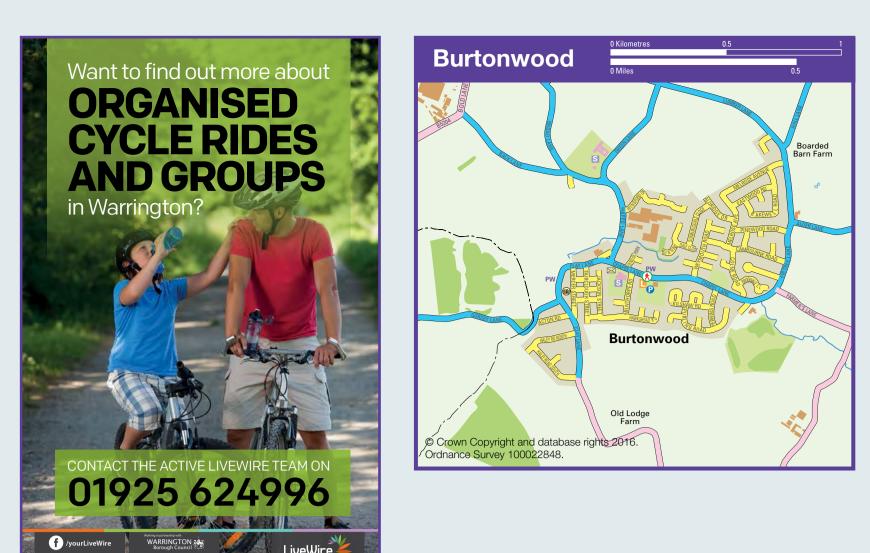
The road network shown on the map is graded according to the degree of skill and experience needed to cycle each route. If you are a beginner or haven't cycled for some time, you should build up your confidence and basic skills on the yellow roads where traffic is lighter and speeds are low.

As your cycling skills increase, so you can explore the green roads. When you are able to deal with heavier and faster traffic you can venture onto the blue and pink routes.

Pavement cycle paths, in particular, still require caution and low speed, especially at junctions. Wherever paths are shared with pedestrians, please be considerate; make sure that others are aware of you, and pass slowly leaving as much room as possible. In all cases of shared and segregated pavement cycling the right of way remains with







Cycle shops

Raleigh Cyclelife

Buckley Street WA2 7NS

Alban Retail Park WA2 8TW

186 Orford Lane WA2 7BE

53 Norris Street, Orford WA2 7RL

**2** Cyclehouse

B D & M Cycles

**5** Cheshire Cycle

**7** Ron Spencer Cycles

8 S.R Electrical & Cycles

6 Decathlon

4 Halfords

They are:

There are various cycle shops across the town,

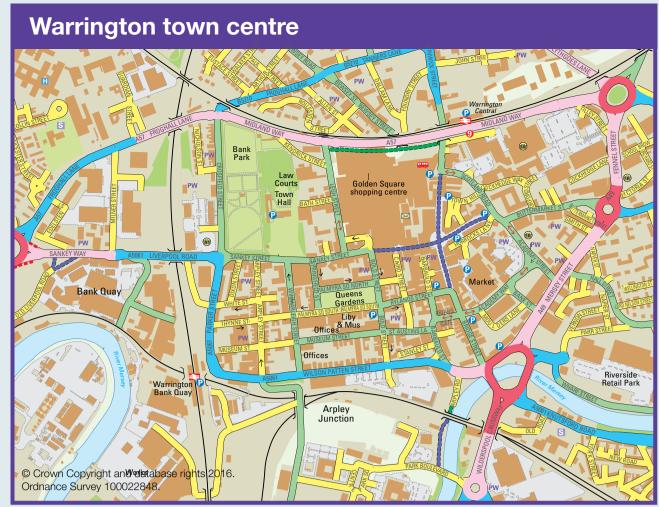
most offer at least a partial maintenance service.

1 Birchbrook Road, Heatley, Lymn WA13 9RR

Burley Lane, Appleton Thorn, Warrington WA4 4F

Hood Lane, Sankey Bridges WA5 1EJ





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# continuous and rhythmical manner producing beneficial changes in the respiratory and circulatory systems. In other words it's fantastic for your heart and lungs. Regular cycling at a comfortable exertion will make your heart stronger and your lungs more efficient.

# Cycling is enjoyable

**Cycling for health** 

Here are a few reasons why: Cycling is good for your heart

People who cycle regularly not only enjoy the

Cycling belongs to the type of exercise known as aerobic, meaning that it uses large muscles in a

fitness levels of non cyclists ten years their junior but research has shown that they usually live many years more too. In fact research has shown cycling to be the most effective way to increase longevity!

Remember as a child how long you would spend on your bike? Why? It's because it was great fun. Warrington has many parks and open spaces where you too can relive those fun times in a safe environment and get some great exercise as well.

Cycling on a regular basis will help to turn your body into a fat burning machine! The more often the body gets exercise the more fat burning enzymes it produces and burns greater amount of calories even when you are resting. A 15-minute cycle to and from work five times a week will burn the equivalent of 3/4 stone in fat alone over the course of one year.



## Cycling is no sweat

Ever been to a gym and sat on the bike pedaling away drenched in sweat? It isn't nice. But when cycling outside you get air movement around your body and this keeps you cooler. Ensure you choose an area that has few or no hills to keep the exertion at a comfortable pace for you and still be rewarded with all the benefits for your body.

## Cycling will make you green

Do your bit for the environment if you can by cycling regularly, especially for those short journeys when you don't really need to take the car. Think about going to work on your bike a few times per week saving you pounds over the year and help to cut down on damaging emissions. Hours wasted sat in traffic jams could be a thing of the past for you.

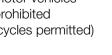
With all these things and more in mind now is the time to get on yer bike!

#### Common road signs and markings that you may come across when cycling through the borough.

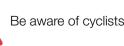




Motor vehicles prohibited (cycles permitted)











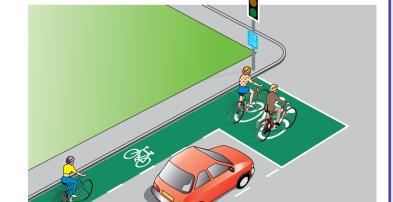
Shared route



for cyclists and pedestrians



Cycle lane





Central and Birchwood railway stations. The bikes are a great way to get around town, or if you're going further afield you can pop the folded bike in your car boot, or take it on trains or buses.

Hiring a bike is simple, once you've registered online,



# **Cycle safety**

Lights for night riding must be used - dynamos are greener and cheaper than batteries in the long term (some flashing LED lights are now allowed but check to make sure yours are acceptable).

It is also a legal requirement to have front and rear reflectors on your bike.

Consider wearing reflective and bright clothing to make you more visible.

A cycle helmet is optional but can help to protect you against head injury.

Another way to help improve your cycling skills and safety is through cycle training.

# **Cycle training**

Warrington has a full programme of free cycle training in schools. The scheme delivers high quality Bikeability training

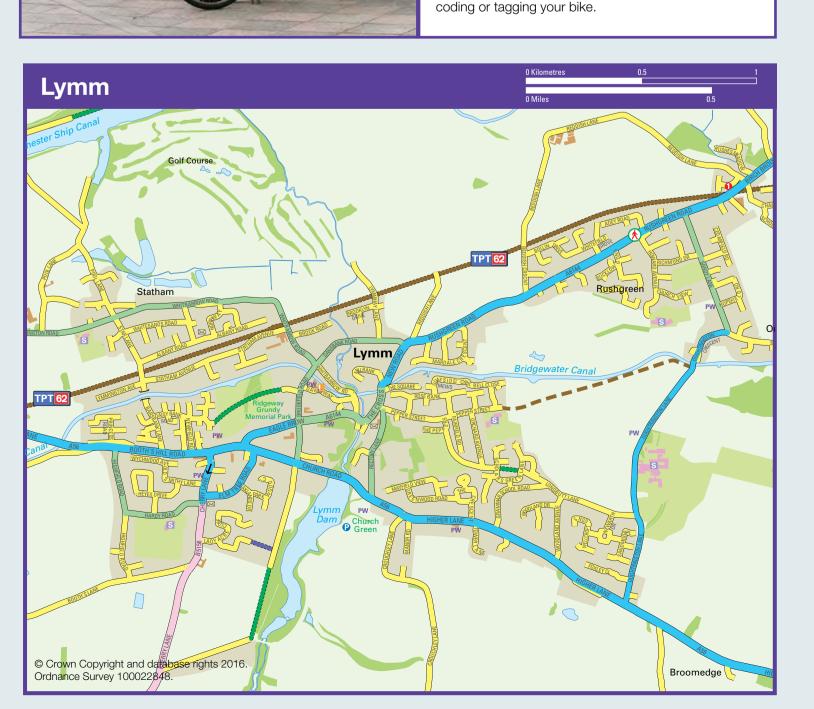
to all 10 year olds in the Borough. Free adult cycle training is also available to anyone over 16 who lives, works or studies in Warrington. The **FREEWHEELING** courses are for absolute beginners through to experienced riders and give you the skills and confidence to cycle safely

Training is delivered informally by friendly but fully accredited instructors and courses are available during daytime, evenings and weekends.

Apply at www.bikeright.co.uk/freewheeling or call

# Cycle parking

Cycle parking can be found across Warrington, with at least 9 locations around the town centre. These are shown on the map by a P. Whenever you leave your bike in a public place, always lock it by securing the frame to a permanent fixture. It is best to use a D lock, though even these can vary in quality, so choose a sturdy one. Crime Prevention Officers say that if all cyclists used high quality D locks, theft could fall by up to 90%! Remember to remove any quick release parts such as lights. It's a good idea to note your bike's make, colour and frame number and make sure that you add it o your household insurance policy. It's also worth post-



## Woolston to Town Centre (Warrington Waters) Latchford to Westy Sankey Way



# **Highways maintenance**

#### To report a fault or pothole complete the web form on www.warrington.gov.uk

How long to cycle a mile?

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Warrington Borough Council maintains approximately 1144km of roads and 1068km of footways making this our largest valued asset. The council is investing £40 million between 2015 and 2020 to provide essential maintenance to the highway and footway/cycleway network, which will provide a smoother ride for cyclists.

# Streetlighting

#### To report a fault complete the web form on www.warrington.gov.uk

The council maintains the majority of the 26,000 streetlights and 4,000 lit signs and bollards across the road network. Between 2015 and 2017 the council is investing £35 million to replace 18,000 street lights, columns and lanterns, which is essential to maintaining lighting across the authority for all users.

# Advice to motorists & cyclists

## Motorists should..

5 minutes at moderate pace

 Be aware of cyclists and take extra care at junctions, traffic lights and roundabouts.

 Give cycles plenty of room when overtaking, usually 2m (6 feet) - if there isn't room to overtake, be patient.

 Obey speed limits. Obey Advanced Stop Lines (green boxes at traffic

signals designed to give cyclists a head start). Not park in or obstruct cycle lanes.

 Expect cyclists to leave cycle lanes at certain times for manoeuvres such as right turns.



# Cyclists should..

3 minutes at speed

 Ensure the cycle is in good working order and appropriately lit at night. Not cycle on the footway unless it is signed as a

shared access route. Be considerate and give priority when sharing with pedestrians, especially alongside canals and

dissecting Warrington, from Fiddlers

Ferry to Lymm.

 Never cycle through red lights. On road, cycle at least 1m from the kerb where cars

can see you and away from grids and gullies. Take care passing alongside slow moving traffic.

Watch out for left turning vehicles as you could be in

their blind spot. Get and read a copy of "Cyclecraft" - considered the definitive guide to safe and confident cycling.

# Signs & symbols

■ ■ ■ ■ Bridleway

Key

**Birchwood** 

Cycleability gradations, in increasing experience

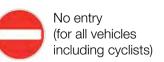
Unsurfaced cycle paths

Shared-use cycle path

Pedestrian links

← One way with contra flow

Tarmac surfaced cycle paths















## Advanced stop lines

# Advanced stop lines enable cyclists to negotiate junctions

National Cycle Network route number

& Trans-Pennine Trail

Railway station

Bus interchange

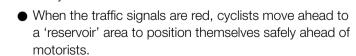
Pw Place of worship

Colleges

Hospital

Library

Supermarket











Cycle route forming part of the National Cycle Network

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Post office

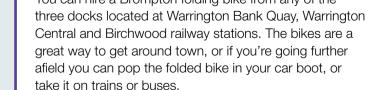
Bridge

Cycle parking

Pedestrian crossing

Toucan crossing

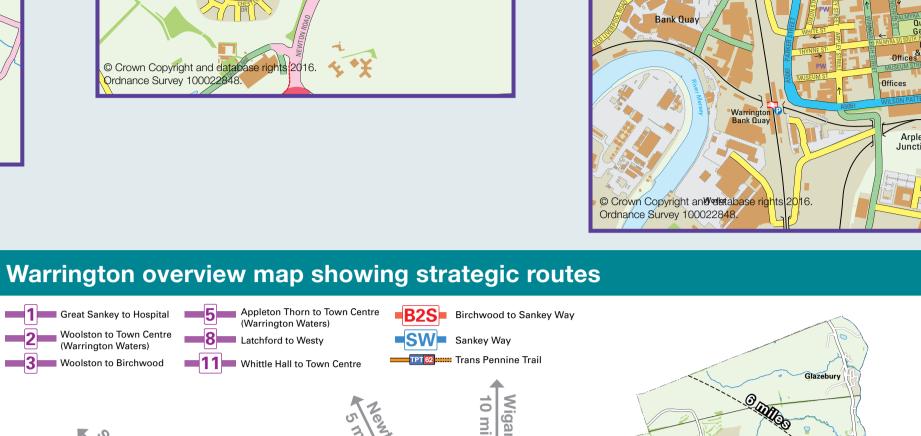
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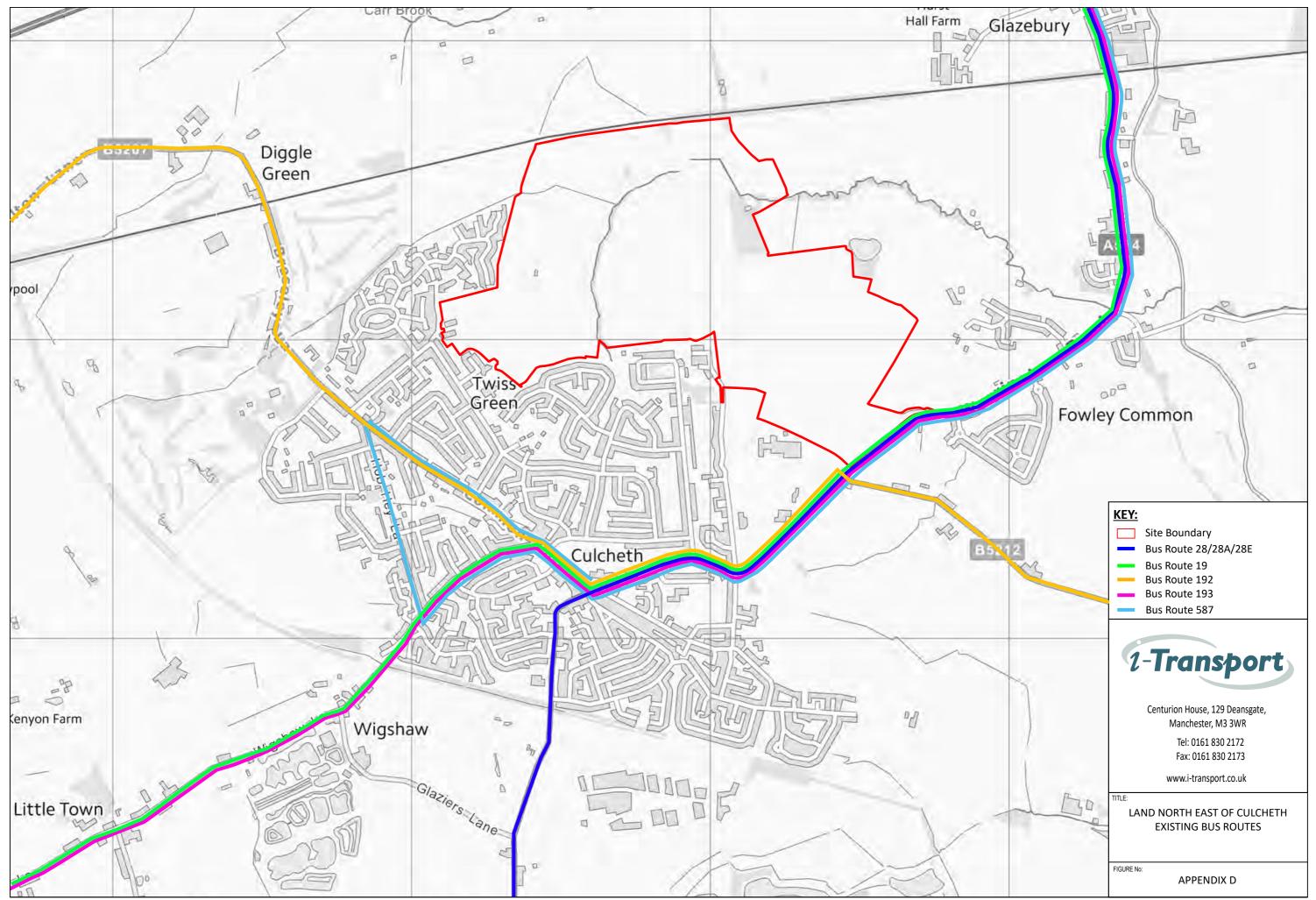
bikes can be reserved online or by text message. You can keep the bike for as long as you like, from hours to weeks at a time, and return it to any of the docks.





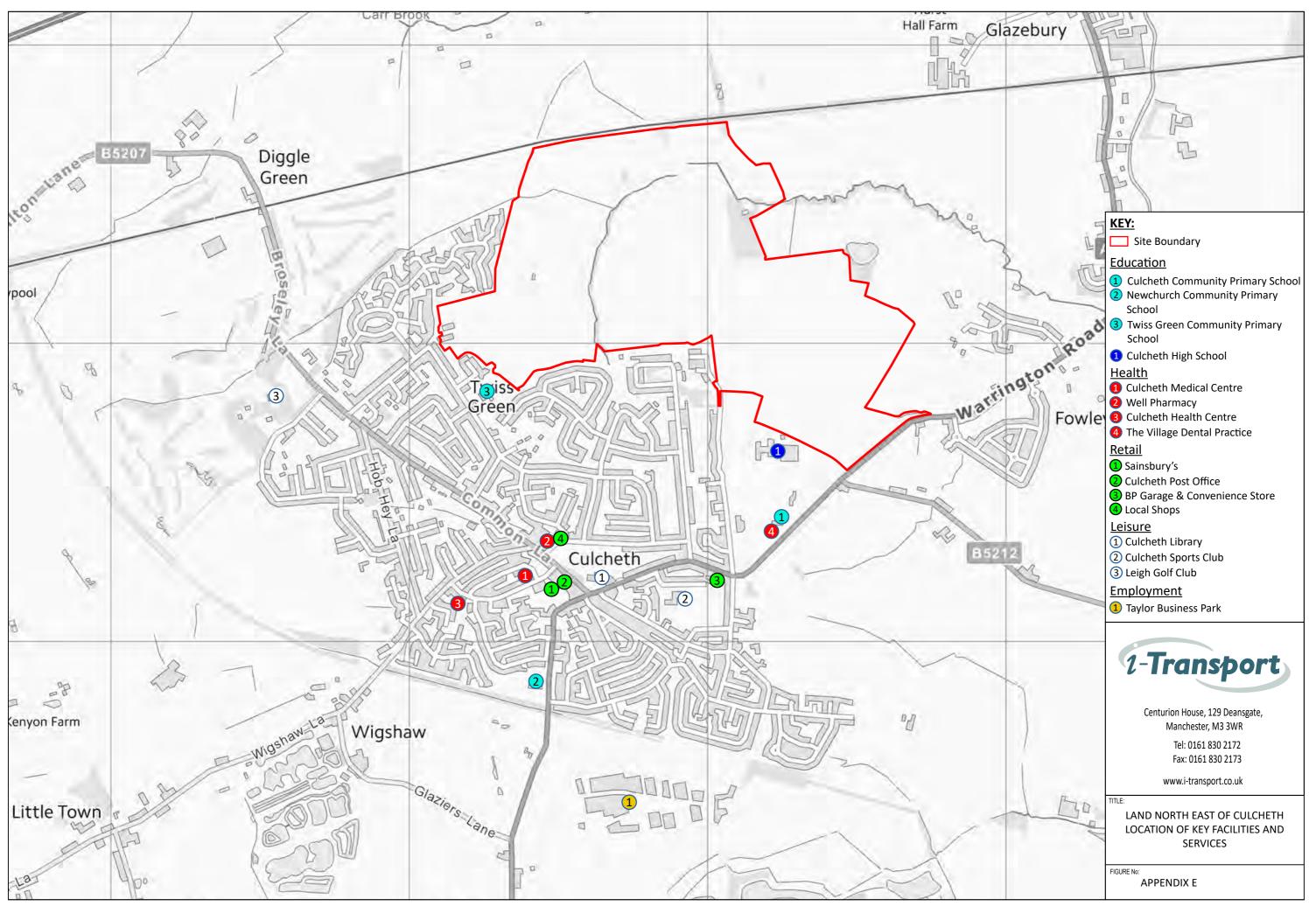


# **APPENDIX D.** Existing Bus Routes



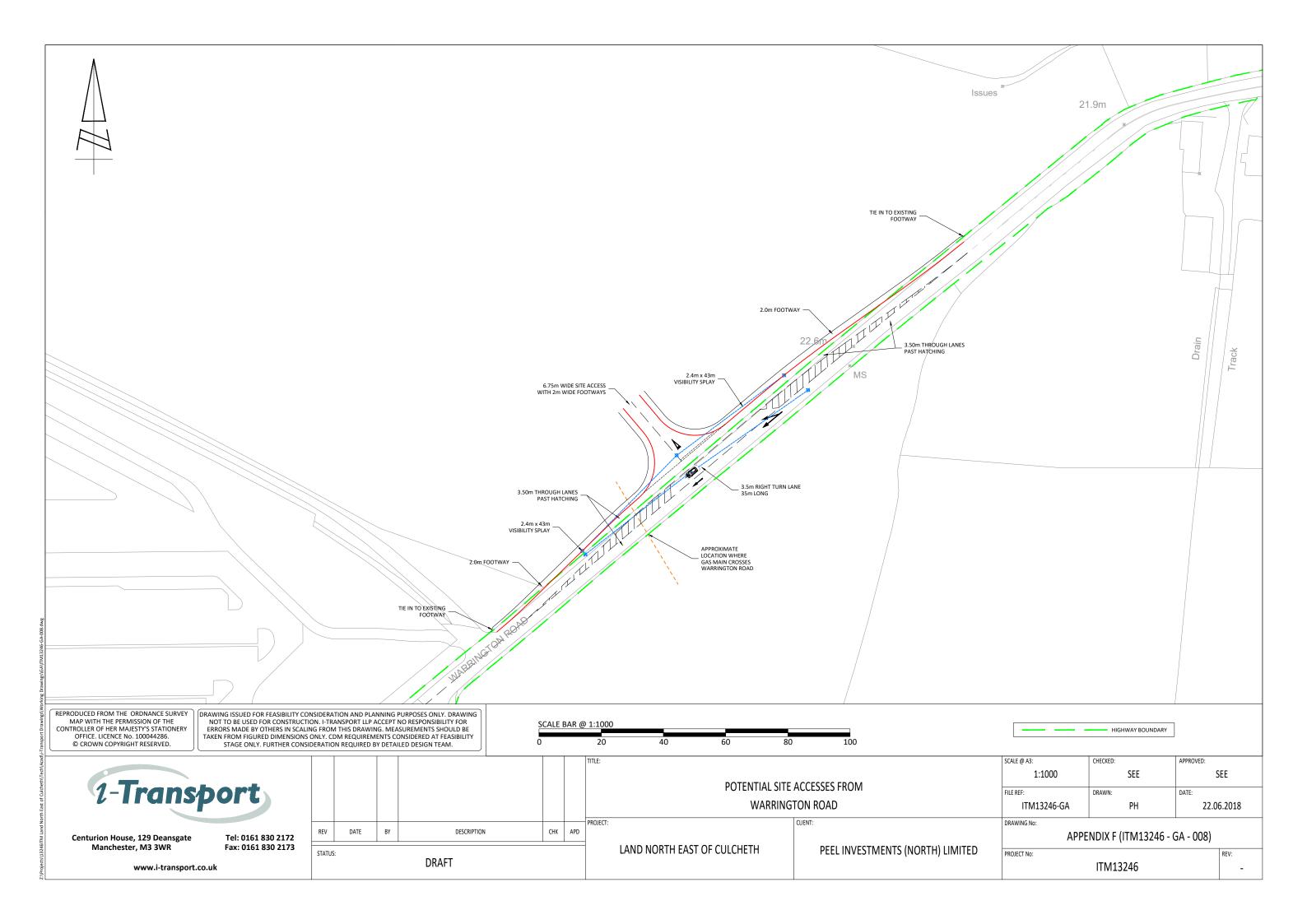
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# **APPENDIX E.** Location Of Key Facilities And Services

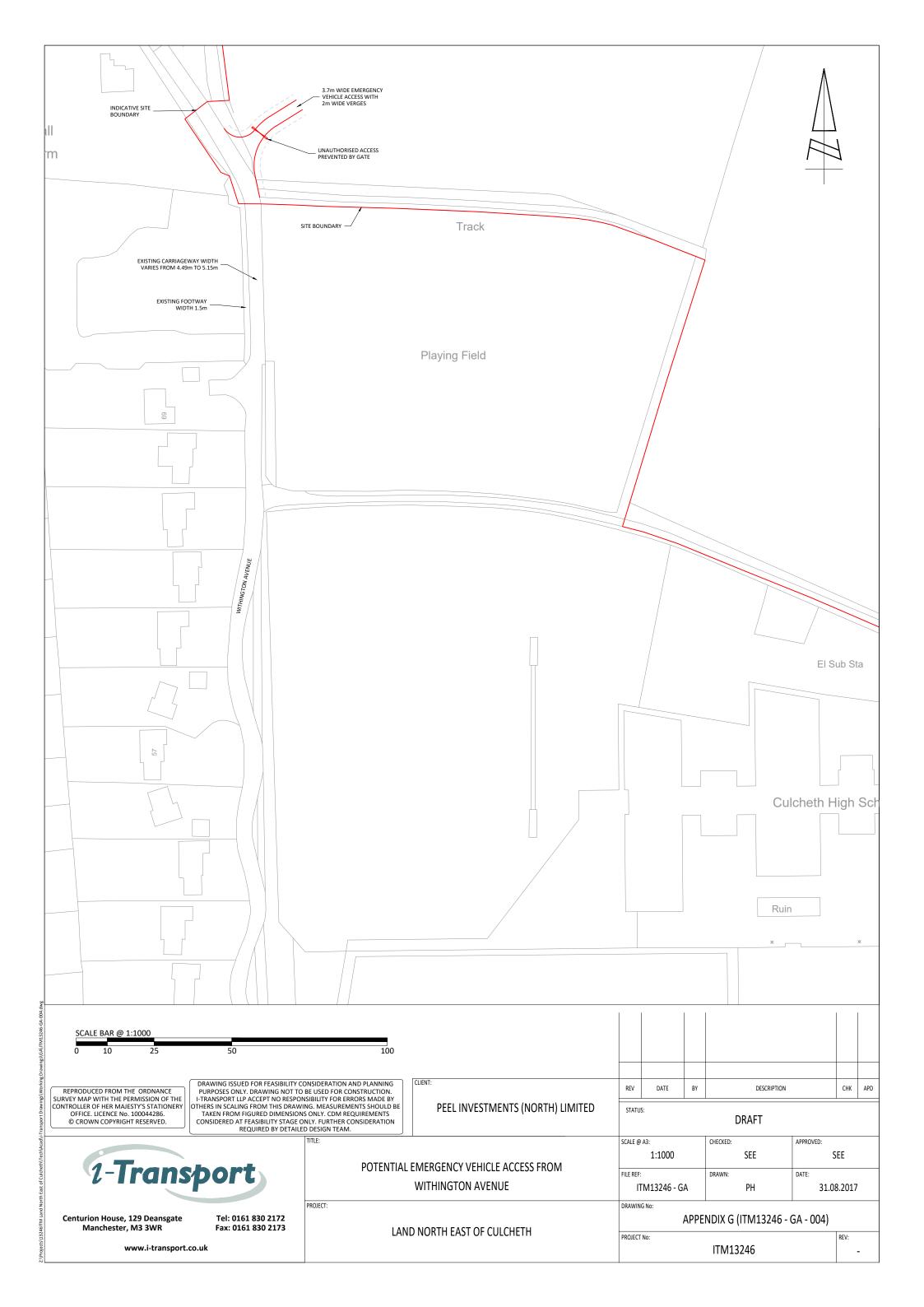


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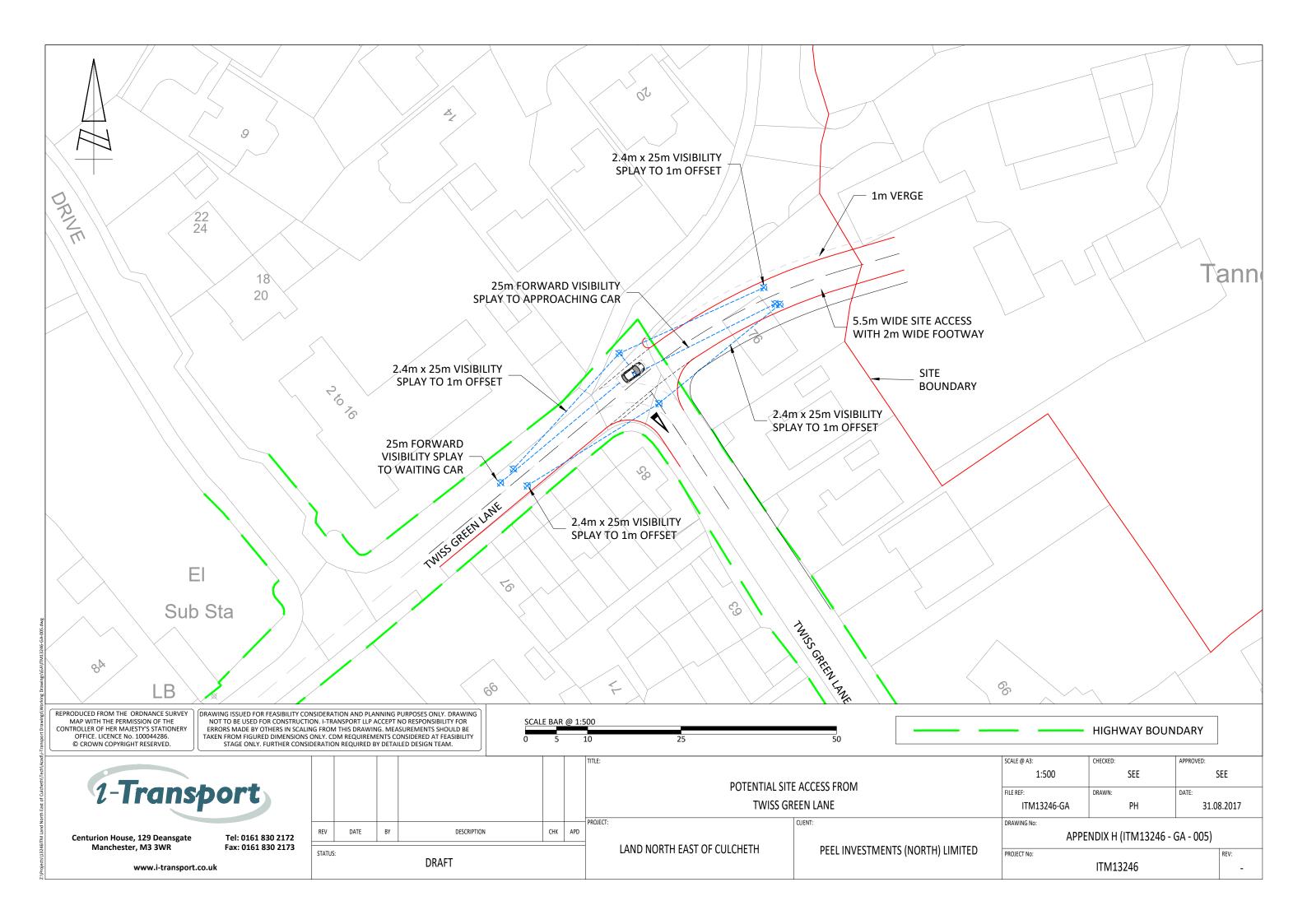
# **APPENDIX F.** Potential Site Access From Warrington Road



# **APPENDIX G.** Potential Emergency Vehicle Access From Withington Avenue

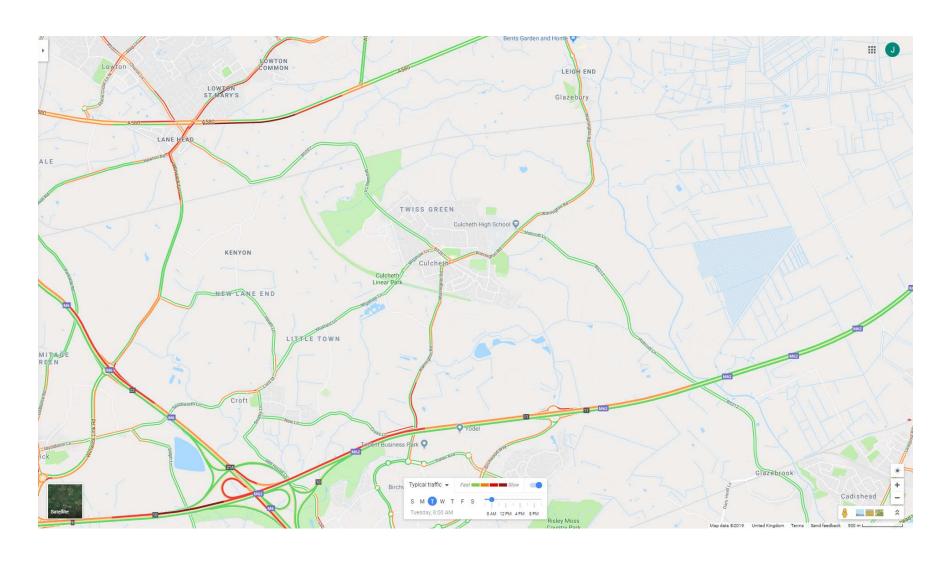


# **APPENDIX H.**Potential Site Access From Twiss Green Lane

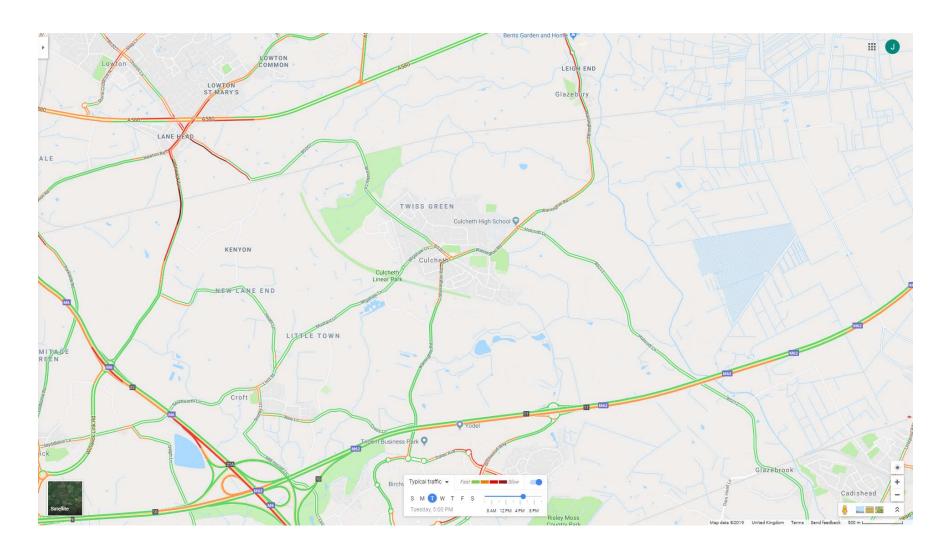


# **APPENDIX I.** Google Traffic Maps

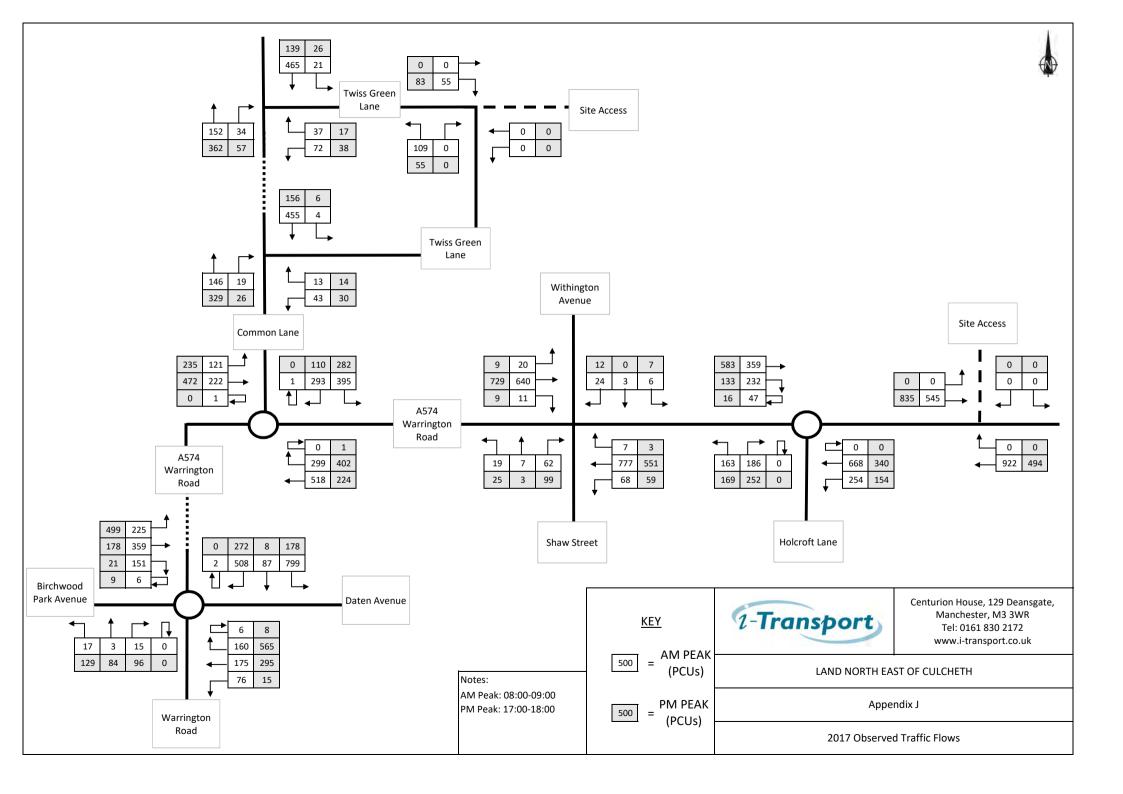
#### Culcheth – AM Peak (08:00)



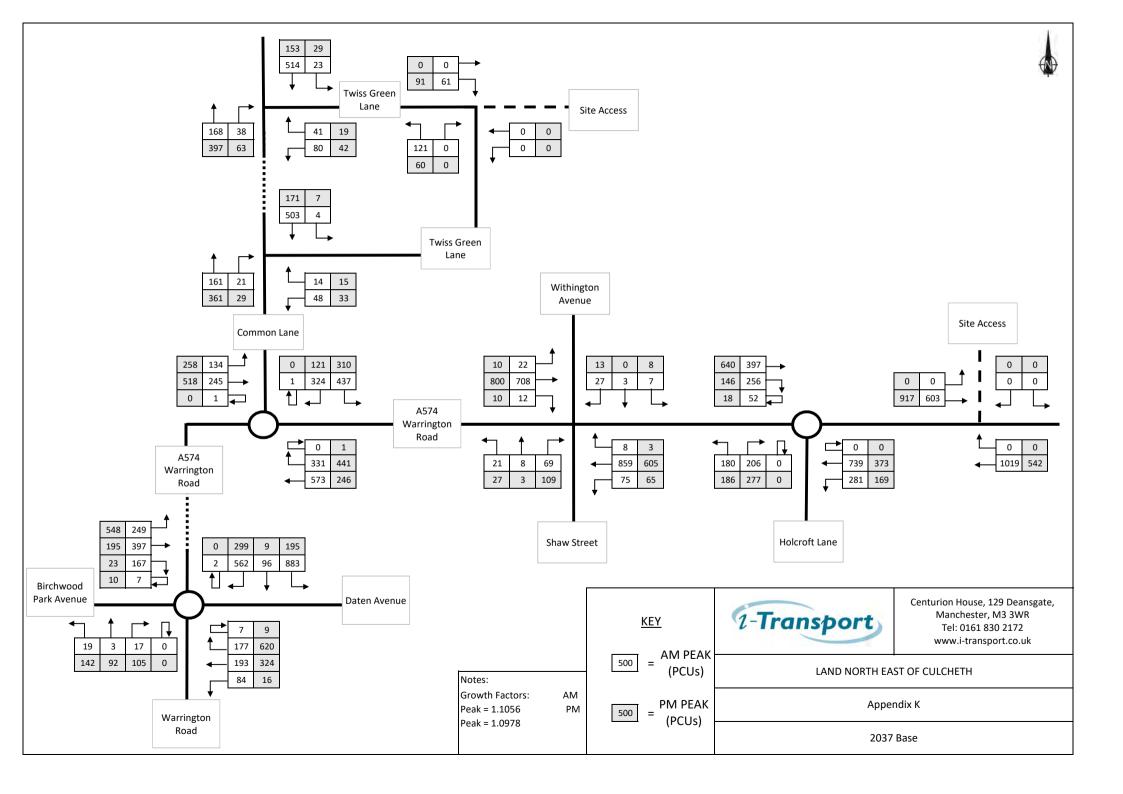
#### Culcheth – PM Peak (17:00)



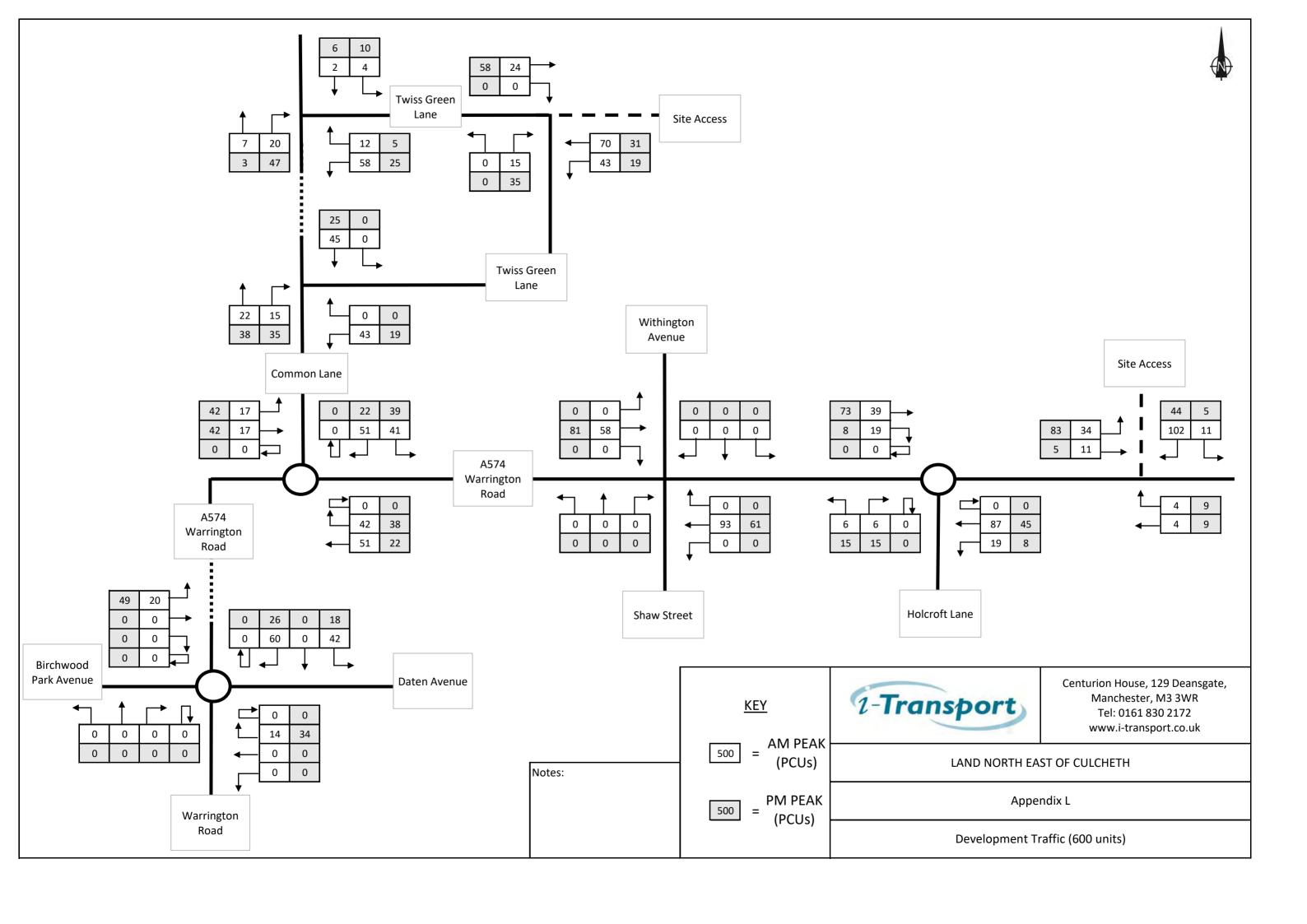
# **APPENDIX J.** 2017 Baseline Traffic Flows



# **APPENDIX K.** 2037 Baseline Traffic Flows



# **APPENDIX L.** Development Traffic Flows



# **APPENDIX M.** Local Highway Network Plan

